# CONIC

Carrier Optimization for Noisy and Interference Channels

EE3701- COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS LAB

EE23BTECH11063 - Vemula Siddhartha

EE23BTECH11017 - E Mihir Divyansh

# REFERENCES

- A Channel-Aware Adaptive Modem for Underwater Acoustic Communications S. Mangione, G. E. Galioto, D. Croce, I. Tinnirello and C. Petrioli.
- <u>Prediction-based Adaptation (PRADA) Algorithm for Modulation and Coding-</u> Shou-Pon Lin, Jhesyong Jiang, Wei-Ting Lin, Ping-Cheng Yeh, Hsuan-Jung Su





## PS



### Implement OFDM and tune for different media

Need to tune the OFDM parameters to match different acoustic media. The idea is to come up with a self sustaining mechanism which then automatically changes some parameters, say padding length.

P2

#### **Create a simulation tool for waves**

For checking funcitoning of P1 across different media, we need data points, which we will generate by simulating the media. Aim to do basic sim interface, not accounting for interfaces.

**P3** 

### **Implement Channel Estimation**

Need to create ML based Channel estimation, and create metrics to encode in CSI, and implement a backwards control path



### **Reduce feedback frequency**

To minimise the power consumption, we can use ML based methods to figure out the least number of times we transmit the CSI / update the modulation while keeping the SNR Optimal.



### Implementation on SDR/USRP

Finally, we will implement this on an hardware peripheral, for the final presentation.



### **Testing and Validation**

The hardware will be tested against real-time inputs and the outputs will be validated. Relevant changes will be made to improve the performance of the device.



## Foundation & Literature Review

### Weeks 1-2

Study OFDM fundamentals and underwater acoustics

Deep dive into the original paper

Set up MATLAB/Python development environment

Research multi-medium acoustic propagation



# **Adaptive Modem Core**

Weeks 5-6

Implement adaptive rate and power control
Channel quality assessment algorithms
JANUS standard integration
Performance optimization

# Risk Assessment

### Potential Challenges

### **Technical Risks**

### **Complex Channel Modeling**

Risk: Difficulty in accurately modeling different acoustic mediums

Possible Solution: Start with simplified models, use existing literature, implement incrementally

### **Real-time Processing Requirements**

Risk: Computational complexity may exceed available processing power

**Possible Solution:** Try to implement proof-of-concept w/o real time, and optimise later.

#### **Limited Validation Data**

Risk: Lack of real-world data for some acoustic mediums

Possible Solution: Rely on simulation framework

## **Timeline Risks**

### **Learning Curve**

Risk: Steep learning curve for communication systems concepts

Possible Solution: Weeks 1-4 spent for studying properly about what we are implementing.

### **Implementation Complexity**

**Risk:** Underestimating implementation time for adaptive algorithms

Mitigation: Build incrementally, focus on core functionality first, have backup simplified versions

### **Contingency Plan**

If full multi-medium implementation proves too ambitious, focus on perfecting one additional medium (air acoustics) with comprehensive analysis and comparison to underwater scenario.