```
// Illustrating ref cursor for a function with a parameter
import java.sql.*;
import oracle.idbc.*;
import java.math.*;
import java.io.*;
import java.awt.*;
import oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleDataSource;
//
      This program shows how to get a record set from an Oracle stored
      procedure or function.
      Suppose we have a table students(sid, firstname, lastname, status,
//
      gpa, email), and a stored function called getstudents in a package,
//
      which returns students records with gpa higher than a given value.
//
      To return a result set from a stored procedure, you must use a
//
//
      cursor variable. Cursor variables are basically pointers to cursors,
      and you use them to pass around references to cursors, such as a
//
      parameter to a stored procedure. This PL/SQL type of a cursor variable
//
//
      is REF CURSOR.
//
      create a type of ref cursor and a function that returns a
//
        result of ref cursor:
//
//
//
      create or replace package refcursor jdbc as
//
      type ref cursor is ref cursor;
      function getstudents(vgpa in number)
      return ref cursor;
//
      end;
//
      /
      show errors
//
//
//
      create or replace package body refcursor jdbc as
//
      function getstudents(vgpa in number)
//
      return ref cursor is
//
      rc ref_cursor;
//
      begin
      /* Open a ref cursor for a given query */
//
//
      open rc for
//
      select * from students2
//
      where gpa > vgpa;
//
      return rc;
      end;
//
      end;
//
      /
//
      show errors
public class mydemo4 {
   public static void main (String args []) throws SQLException {
    try
    {
        //Connecting to Oracle server.
        OracleDataSource ds = new oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleDataSource();
        ds.setURL("jdbc:oracle:thin:@castor.cc.binghamton.edu:1521:acad111");
        Connection conn = ds.getConnection("username", "password");
        //Prepare to call stored procedure:
        CallableStatement cs = conn.prepareCall("begin ? := refcursor jdbc.getstudents(?);
end;");
        //register the out parameter (the first parameter)
        cs.registerOutParameter(1, OracleTypes.CURSOR);
        // Input gpg threshold from keyboard
        BufferedReader readKeyBoard;
```

```
double
        readKeyBoard = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
        System.out.print("Please enter GPA threshold: ");
        tgpa = Double.parseDouble(readKeyBoard.readLine());
        cs.setDouble(2, tgpa);
        // execute and retrieve the result set
        cs.execute();
        ResultSet rs = (ResultSet)cs.getObject(1);
        // print the results
        while (rs.next()) {
            System.out.println(rs.getString(1) + "\t" +
                rs.getString(2) + "\t" + rs.getString(3) +
                rs.getString(4) +
                "\t" + rs.getDouble(5) + "\t" +
                rs.getString(6));
        }
        //close the result set, statement, and the connection
        cs.close();
        conn.close();
   }
   catch (SQLException ex) { System.out.println ("\n*** SQLException caught ***\n" +
ex.getMessage());}
  catch (Exception e) {System.out.println ("\n*** other Exception caught ***\n");}
 }
}
```