Capstone Project - The Battle of Neighborhoods (Week 2)

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Introduction

- Many reports and rankings about city life quality are currently available on books, internet and other sources.
- But do not always provide a clear evidence of how these scores are affected by the actual city structure.
- The aim of this work is to provide and early analysis about the distribution of ten main service categories, among the neighbourhoods of two main EU cities as Rome and Berlin, to extend the quality analysis provided by the Teleport Company^a

ahttps://teleport.org/

Dataset

Data

- Venue-Dataset: data about 10 venue categories for each city retrieved on Foursquare;
- Neighbourhoods Dataset: two datasets providing the latitude and the longitude of each postal code for both Rome ^a and Berlin ^b;

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ahttp://download.geonames.org/export/zip/
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bhttps://gist.githubusercontent.com/

iteufel/af379872bbc3bf5261e2fd09b681ff7e/raw/

²⁰⁵e9a5f1a9f2fb70b58bf9022cab3cf6cc13a19/zipcodes.germany.sql

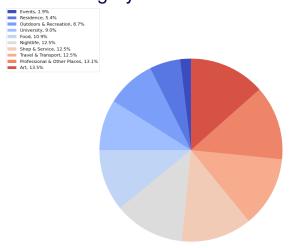
Data Analysis

Main points

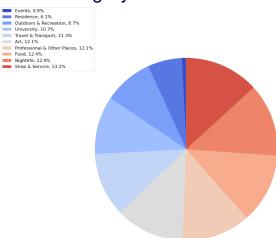
- Analysis the venue category distribution within the overall city area and within the city districts;
- Clustering of similar districts;



Results - Venue Category Distribution - Rome



Results - Venue Category Distribution - Berlin

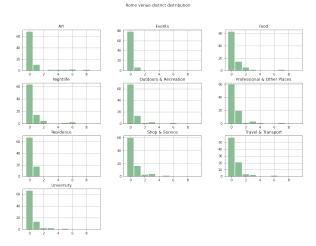


Results - Venue Category Distribution - Final Thoughts

Venue Category Distribution

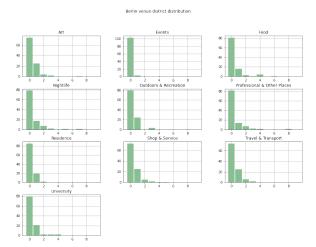
Both Rome and Berlin are characterized by same venue categories distribution over the city area

Results - Venue Category District Distribution - Rome



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Results - Venue Category District Distribution - Berlin

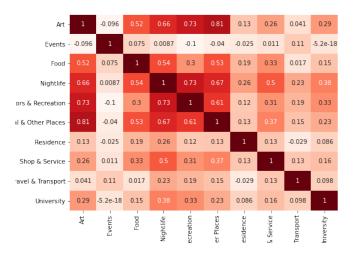


Results - Venue Category District Distribution - Final Thoughts

Venue Category District Distribution

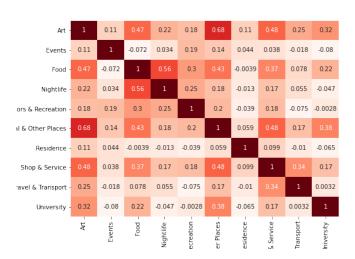
- Both Rome and Berlin are characterized by same venue categories distribution over the city districts as well;
- Each district has in average less than one venue for every category;

Results - Venue Category District Distribution - Rome



10 0.8 0.6 - 0.4 - 0.2 -0.0

Results - Venue Category District Distribution - Berlin



10 0.8 - 0.6 - 0.4 - 0.2 -0.0

Results - Venue Category District Distribution - Final Thoughts

Venue Category District Distribution

- Only few categories show a stronger correlation, especially for Rome;
- Berlin districts do not provide any clear evidence about categories correlation;



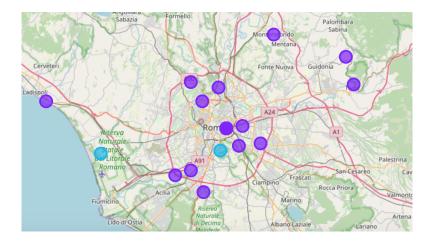
District Clustering

District clustering

- We grouped similar districts in terms of the venue categories;
- We used the K-Means algorithm and we estimated the optimal k by means of the Elbow Method
- For both cities the number of optimal cluster is k = 5

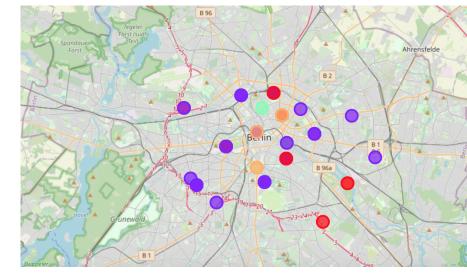


Results - District clustering - Rome





Results - District clustering - Berlin



Conclusion

Take home messages

- We provide some insights about how to start a territorial analysis about the city services and how to use the outcome of such study.
- This work represent an early analysis about the city quality score, is not a comprehensive study;
- All the results must be extensively mastered with further elaborations to be considered as a real support for the city evaluation;



Thank You!

