

Description

The VSM65P06 uses advanced trench technology and design to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$ with low gate charge. This device is well suited for high current load applications.

General Features

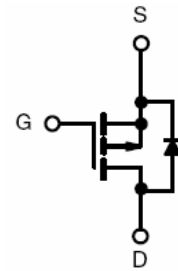
- $V_{DS} = -60V, I_D = -65A$
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 18m\Omega @ V_{GS} = -10V$
- High density cell design for ultra low R_{dson}
- Fully characterized avalanche voltage and current
- Good stability and uniformity with high E_{AS}
- Excellent package for good heat dissipation

Application

- Load switch



TO-252



Schematic Diagram

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Device Package	Reel Size	Tape width	Quantity
VSM65P06-T2	VSM65P06	TO-252	-	-	-

Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_C = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	-60	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V
Drain Current-Continuous	I_D	-65	A
Drain Current-Continuous($T_C = 100^\circ C$)	$I_D (100^\circ C)$	-42.3	A
Pulsed Drain Current	I_{DM}	-260	A
Maximum Power Dissipation	P_D	130	W
Derating factor		0.87	W/ $^\circ C$
Single pulse avalanche energy ^(Note 5)	E_{AS}	722	mJ
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 To 175	$^\circ C$

Thermal Characteristic

Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case ^(Note 2)	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.15	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$
--	-----------------	------	----------------------

Electrical Characteristics ($T_C=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

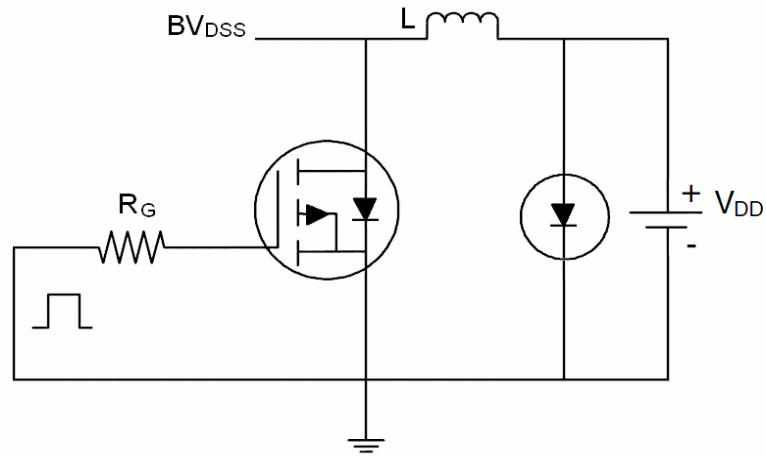
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Off Characteristics						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	BV _{DSS}	V _{GS} =0V I _D =-250μA	-60	-	-	V
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I _{DSS}	V _{DS} =-60V, V _{GS} =0V	-	-	-1	μA
Gate-Body Leakage Current	I _{GSS}	V _{GS} =±20V, V _{DS} =0V	-	-	±100	nA
On Characteristics ^(Note 3)						
Gate Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(th)}	V _{DS} =V _{GS} , I _D =-250μA	-2.0	-2.6	-3.5	V
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	R _{DS(ON)}	V _{GS} =-10V, I _D =-20A	-	13	18	mΩ
Forward Transconductance	g _{FS}	V _{DS} =-5V, I _D =-20A	-	25	-	S
Dynamic Characteristics ^(Note4)						
Input Capacitance	C _{ISS}	V _{DS} =-25V, V _{GS} =0V, F=1.0MHz	-	5814	-	PF
Output Capacitance	C _{OSS}		-	483	-	PF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C _{rss}		-	234	-	PF
Switching Characteristics ^(Note 4)						
Turn-on Delay Time	t _{d(on)}	V _{DD} =-30V, R _L =1.5Ω, V _{GS} =-10V, R _G =3Ω	-	18	-	nS
Turn-on Rise Time	t _r		-	20	-	nS
Turn-Off Delay Time	t _{d(off)}		-	55	-	nS
Turn-Off Fall Time	t _f		-	35	-	nS
Total Gate Charge	Q _g	V _{DS} =-30, I _D =-20A, V _{GS} =-10V	-	75		nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q _{gs}		-	16		nC
Gate-Drain Charge	Q _{gd}		-	19		nC
Drain-Source Diode Characteristics						
Diode Forward Voltage ^(Note 3)	V _{SD}	V _{GS} =0V, I _S =-20A	-		-1.2	V
Diode Forward Current ^(Note 2)	I _S		-	-	-65	A
Reverse Recovery Time	t _{rr}	TJ = 25°C, I _F =-20A	-	49		nS
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q _{rr}	di/dt = -100A/μs ^(Note3)	-	71		nC
Forward Turn-On Time	t _{on}	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD)				

Notes:

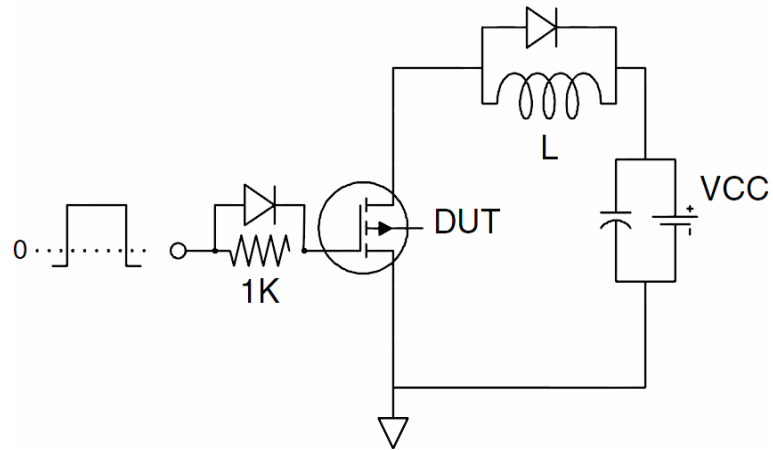
1. Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
2. Surface Mounted on FR4 Board, $t \leq 10$ sec.
3. Pulse Test: Pulse Width $\leq 300\mu s$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$.
4. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production
5. E_{AS} condition: $T_J=25^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{DD}=-30V, V_G=-10V, L=0.5mH, R_G=25\Omega$

Test Circuit

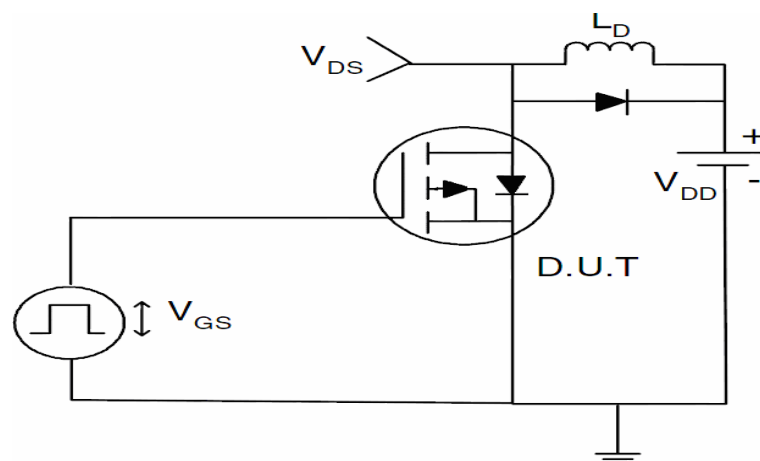
1) E_{AS} Test Circuit



2) Gate Charge Test Circuit



3) Switch Time Test Circuit



Typical Electrical and Thermal Characteristics (Curves)

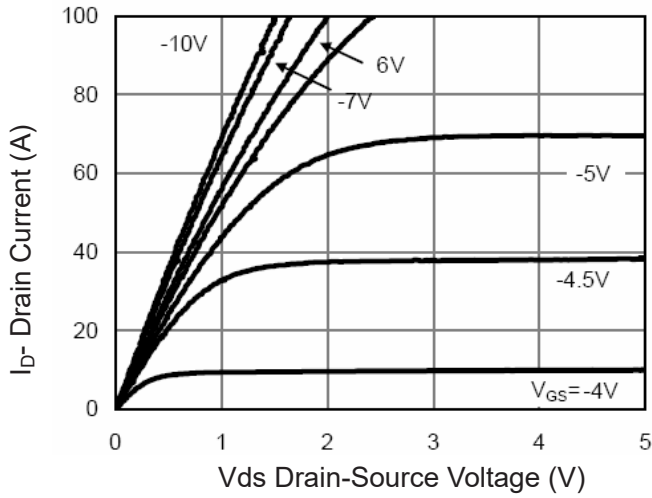


Figure 1 Output Characteristics

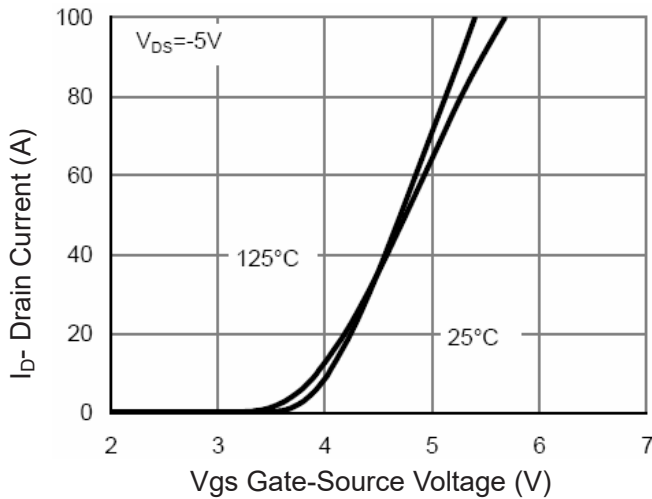


Figure 2 Transfer Characteristics

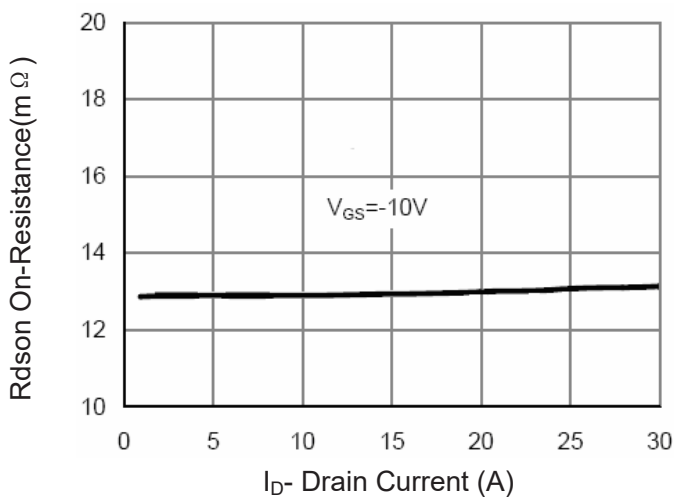


Figure 3 Rdson- Drain Current

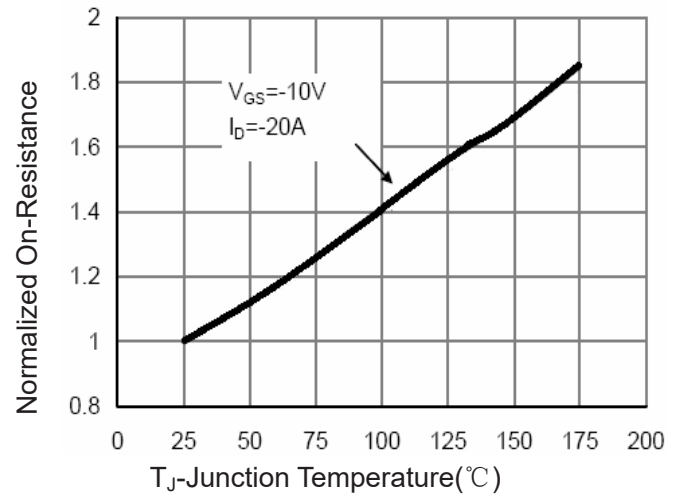


Figure 4 Rdson-Junction Temperature

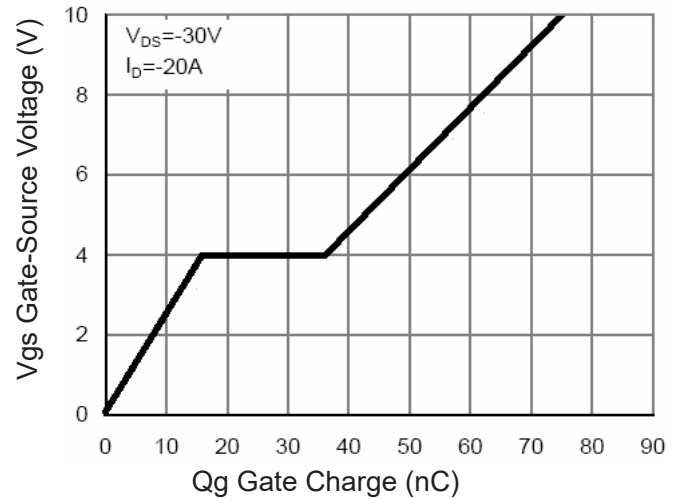


Figure 5 Gate Charge

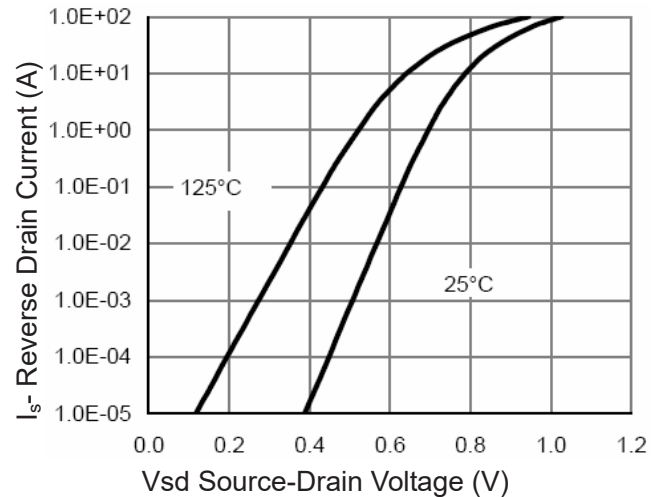
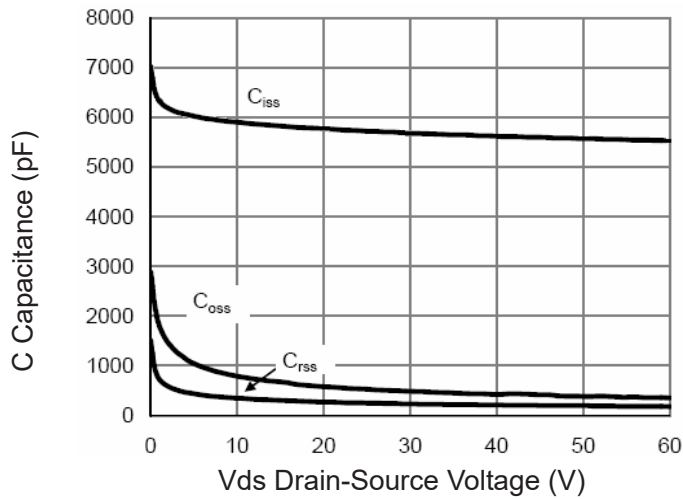
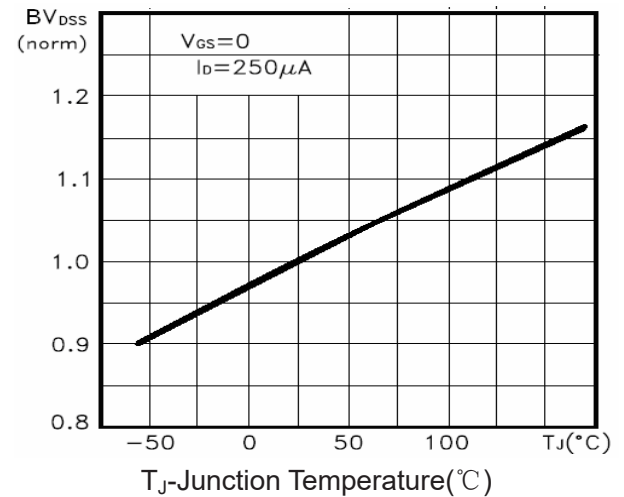
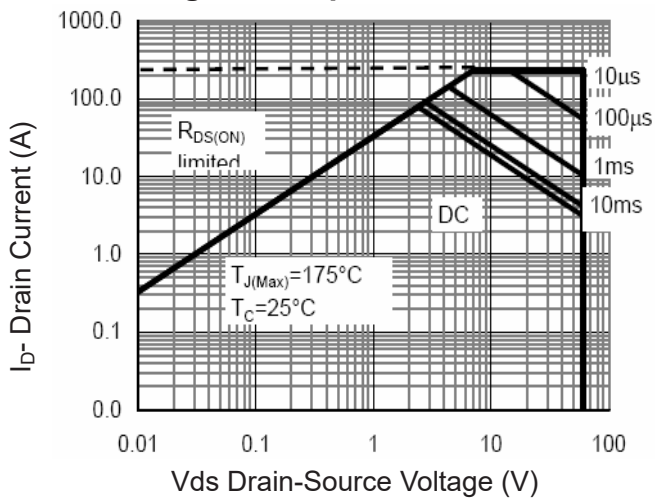
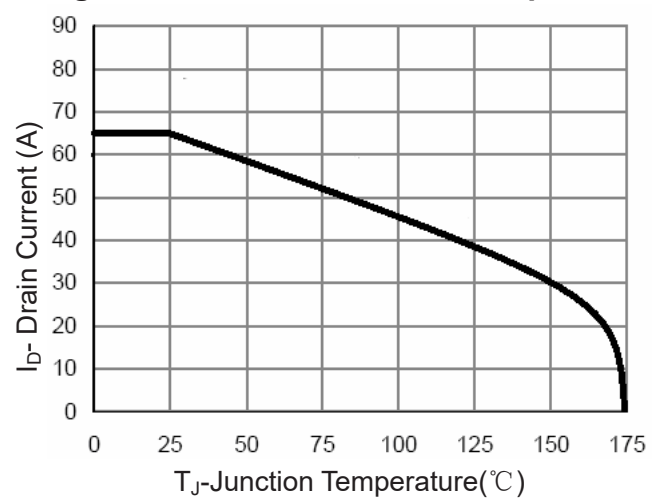
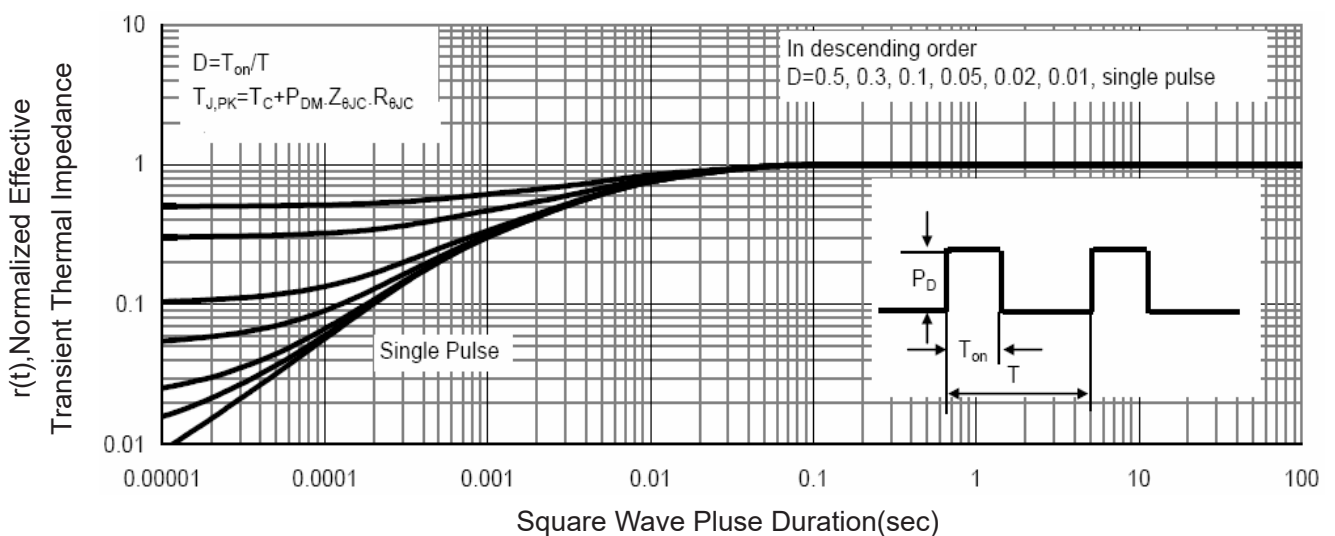


Figure 6 Source- Drain Diode Forward


Figure 7 Capacitance vs Vds

Figure 9 BV_{DSS} vs Junction Temperature

Figure 8 Safe Operation Area

Figure 10 I_D Current Derating vs Junction Temperature

Figure 11 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance