

## **Description**

These N-Channel enhancement mode power field effect transistors are using split gate trench DMOS technology. This advanced technology has been especially tailored to minimize on-state resistance, provide superior switching performance, and with stand high energy pulse in the avalanche and commutation mode. These devices are well suited for high efficiency fast switching applications.

#### **Features**

- 100V,80A,  $R_{DS(on),max} = 8.0 \text{m}\Omega @V_{GS} = 10V$
- Improved dv/dt capability
- Fast switching
- ♦ 100% EAS Guaranteed
- Green device available

## **Applications**

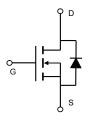
- Motor Drives
- UPS
- ◆ DC-DC Converter

## **Product Summary**

 $\begin{array}{ll} V_{DSS} & 100V \\ R_{DS(on),max} @ V_{GS} {=} 10V & 8.0 m\Omega \\ I_D & 80A \end{array}$ 

## **Pin Configuration**





TO-252

Schematic

### Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V <sub>DSS</sub>	100	V
Continuous drain current ( T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C )	ID	80	Α
Continuous drain current ( T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C )		56	Α
Pulsed drain current <sup>1)</sup>	I <sub>DM</sub>	320	Α
Gate-Source voltage	V <sub>GSS</sub>	±20	V
Avalanche energy <sup>2)</sup>	Eas	132	mJ
Power Dissipation ( T <sub>C</sub> = 25°CO) C C TO-220	P <sub>D</sub>	113	W
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to +150	°C
Operating Junction Temperature Range	TJ	-55 to +150	°C

#### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-CaSeC C TO-220	R <sub>eJC</sub>	1.1	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambien€ C TO-220	Reja	62	°C/W

## **Package Marking and Ordering Information**

Device	Device Package	Marking	Units/Reel
VST10N080-T2	TO-252	VST10N080-T2	2500



# **Electrical Characteristics** T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Static characteristics	'					,
Drain-source breakdown voltage	BV <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0 V, I <sub>D</sub> =250uA	100			V
Gate threshold voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> =V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> =250uA	2	3	4	V
Drain-source leakage current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> =100 V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C			1	μA
Gate leakage current, Forward	I <sub>GSSF</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =20 V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0 V			100	nA
Gate leakage current, Reverse	I <sub>GSSR</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =-20 V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0 V			-100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =10 V, I <sub>D</sub> =30 A		7.1	8.0	mΩ
Forward transconductance	g <sub>fs</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> =5V , I <sub>D</sub> =30A		65		S
Dynamic characteristics	'					,
Input capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>			1895		
Output capacitance	Coss	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V},$		572.5		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>	- F = 1MHz		11.8		
Turn-on delay time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			16.6		ns
Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD} = 50V, V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 30A$		20		
Turn-off delay time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>			68		
Fall time	t <sub>f</sub>			20.8		
Gate resistance	Rg	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, F=1MHz		1.7		Ω
Gate charge characteristics						
Gate to source charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>			10		
Gate to drain charge	$Q_{gd}$	V <sub>DS</sub> =50 V, I <sub>D</sub> =50A,		4.2		nC
Gate charge total	Qg	- V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V		28.3		
Drain-Source diode characteris	stics and Maxi	mum Ratings				
Continuous Source Current	Is				80	А
Pulsed Source Current <sup>3)</sup>	Ism				320	А
Diode Forward Voltage	V <sub>SD</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, I <sub>S</sub> =30A, T <sub>J</sub> =25℃		0.9		V
Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rr</sub>	I <sub>S</sub> =30A, di/dt=100A/us,		50		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>			72		nC

#### Notes:

- 1: Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- 2:  $V_{DD}$ =50V,  $V_{GS}$ =10V, L=0.5mH,  $I_{AS}$ =23A,  $R_G$ =25 $\Omega$ , Starting  $T_J$ =25 $^{\circ}$ C.
- 3: Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leqslant\!300\mu\text{s},$  Duty Cycle  $\!\leqslant\!2\%.$



## **Electrical Characteristics Diagrams**

Figure 1.On-Region Characteristics

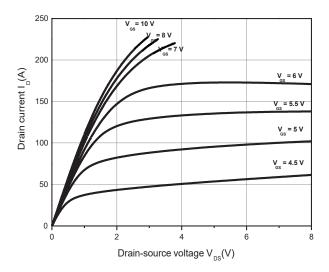


Figure 3.Body-Diode Characteristics

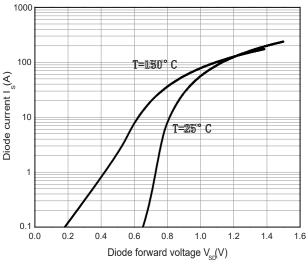


Figure 5.Rds(on) vs. Gate Voltage

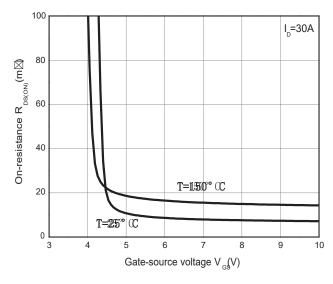


Figure 2. Transfer Characteristics

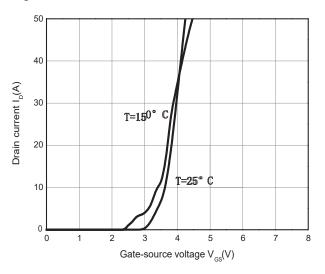


Figure 4.On-Resistance Variation vs.Drain Current

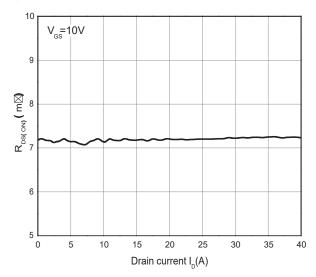


Figure 6.On-Resistance vs.Temperature

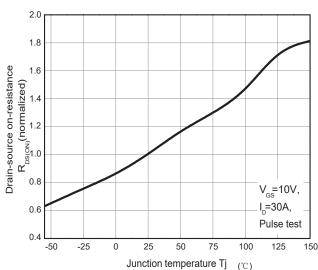




Figure 7. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

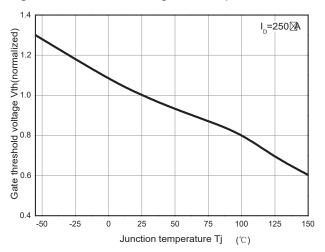


Figure 8. Breakdown Voltage vs. Temperature

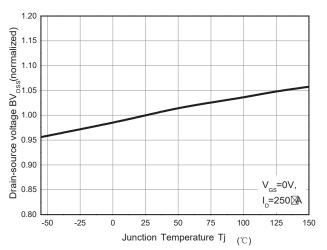


Figure 9. Capacitance Characteristics

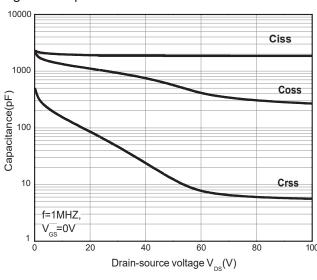


Figure 10. Gate Charge Characteristics

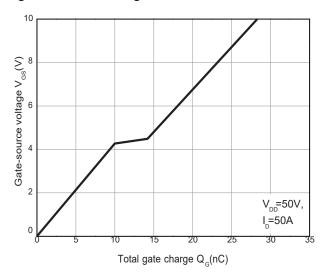


Fig 11: Drain Current Derating

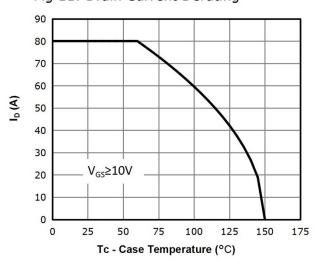
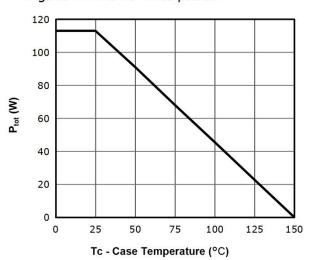
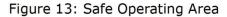


Figure 12: Power Dissipation







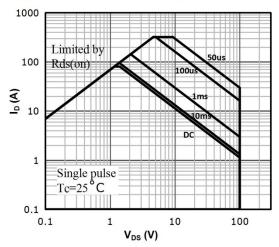
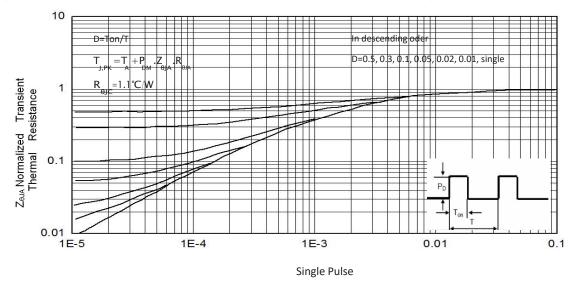


Figure 14. Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (RthJC)





## **Test Circuit & Waveform**

Figure 15. Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform

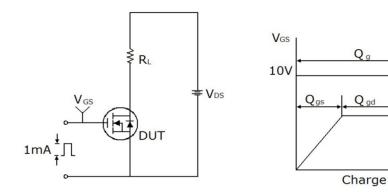


Figure 16. Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveform

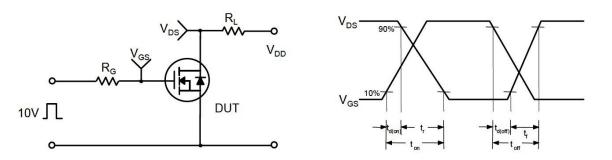


Figure 17. Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveform

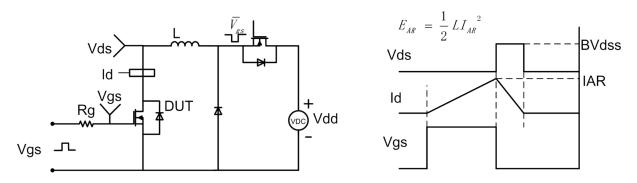


Figure 18. Diode Recovery Circuit & Waveform

