BEAM Mode Choice Algorithms

Algorithm 1 Algorithm for Determining Mode Choice Alternatives in BEAM

Require:

$i : origin$
$j : destination$
$n : agent$
$N : population$
$t : trip$
$P : plan$
$\vec{R}(i,j) : Router\ alternatives$
$\vec{RH}(i,j) : Ridehail\ alternatives$
$\vec{H}(i,j) : HOV\ alternatives$
$\vec{M}(i,j) : Final\ modal\ alternatives$
$C : Current\ Mode$
$I : Trip\ Index$

$\vec{R} \equiv \vec{R}(i,j)$
$\vec{RH} \equiv \vec{RH}(i,j)$
$\vec{H} \equiv \vec{H}(i,j)$
$\vec{M} \equiv \vec{M}(i,j)$
for $n \in N$ **do**
    for $t \in P$ **do**
        procedure DETERMINEHOVALTERNATIVES($\vec{R}$, C)
            if $C = None$ **then**
                if $\vec{R} \ni CAR$ **then**
                    $\vec{H} \leftarrow (HOV2, HOV3)$
                else if $\vec{R} \ni HOV2$ **then**
                    $\vec{H} \leftarrow (HOV3)$
                else if $\vec{R} \ni HOV3$ **then**
                    $\vec{H} \leftarrow (HOV2)$
                else if $\vec{R} \ni WALK$ **then**
                    $\vec{H} \leftarrow (HOV2\_TELEPORT, HOV3\_TELEPORT)$
                end if
            else
                $\vec{H} \leftarrow None$
            end if
        end procedure

Algorithm 1 continued

```
        procedure DetermineFinalModalAlternatives(R⃗, RH⃗, H⃗, C, I)
            if C = DRIVE_TRANSIT ∨ BIKE_TRANSIT then
                if I = 0 then
                    if C = DRIVE_TRANSIT then
                        M⃗ ← (DRIVE_TRANSIT)
                    else
                        M⃗ ← (BIKE_TRANSIT)
                    end if
                else
                    M⃗ ← (WALK_TRANSIT, RIDEHAIL_TRANSIT)
                end if
            else if C = WALK_TRANSIT ∨ RIDEHAIL_TRANSIT then
                if C = WALK_TRANSIT then
                    M⃗ ← (WALK_TRANSIT)
                else
                    M⃗ ← (RIDEHAIL_TRANSIT)
                end if
            else if C = HOV2_TELEPORT ∨ HOV3_TELEPORT then
                if C = HOV2_TELEPORT then
                    M⃗ ← (HOV2_TELEPORT)
                else
                    M⃗ ← (HOV3_TELEPORT)
                end if
            else if C = CAR then
                M⃗ ← (CAR)
            else
                M⃗ ← R⃗ + RH⃗ + H⃗
            end if
        end procedure
    end for
end for
```

Algorithm 2 Algorithm for Selecting Final Modal Alternative in BEAM

Require:

i : *origin*
j : *destination*
n : *agent*
N : *population*
t : *trip*
P : *plan*
$\vec{A}$: *attributes of agent*
a : *attribute value*
$\vec{M}(i,j)$: *Modal alternatives*
m : *alternative* $\in M(i,j)$
$\vec{U}(\vec{M}(i,j),\vec{A})$: *Utilities for alternatives*
u : *utility* $\in \vec{U}(\vec{M}(i,j),\vec{A})$
$\vec{c}$: *attribute coefficients*
$\mathbb{P}$: *probability*
$Mode$: *chosen mode for agent* (n) *on trip* (t)
$f(\vec{X})$: This function takes a vector of modes and their probabilities of being chosen. With those probabilities it builds them into a cumulative distribution function, generates a random number and then drops the mode with the closest probability. This process continues until only one mode is left.

$\vec{M} \equiv \vec{M}(i,j)$
$\vec{U} \equiv \vec{U}(\vec{M},\vec{A})$
for $n \in N$ **do**
  for $t \in P$ **do**
    procedure DETERMINEFINALMODALALTERNATIVE($\vec{M}$, $\vec{A}$, $\vec{c}$)
      for $m \in \vec{M}$ **do**
        $u \leftarrow \sum_{a \in \vec{A}} a \times c_a$
        $\vec{U} += [m,u]$
      end for
      $S \leftarrow \sum_{u \in \vec{U}} e^u$
      for $u \in \vec{U}$ **do**
        $\mathbb{P}(u) \leftarrow e^u/S$
        $\vec{B} += [m,\mathbb{P}(u)]$
      end for
      $Mode \leftarrow f(\vec{B})$
    end procedure
  end for
end for