



NCID

Description

NCID allows to identify the cipher type, given only a piece of ciphertext. For that, NCID uses several multiple neural networks from which you can select one or more. With the 55 classical ciphers standardized by the <u>American Cryptogram Association (ACA)</u>, the following neural networks were trained: feedforward neural network (FFNN), long short-term memory (LSTM), Transformer, and Naive Bayes network (NB). Selecting an ensemble of multiple neural network architectures normally leads to a better accuracy. Further details can be found in the "Description" tab.

Cipriertext:	length: 39
PEVVROHBI - EE EEO TENR YRLVLSSUST IITI	
Architecture: ?	//
7 Hormooda o	
Transformer, FFNN, LSTM, RF, NB	•
Filter: 2	
10%	*
<u>IIII</u> Analyze	

Results

Substitution 68.85%		
Cipher	Probability	
<u>Checkerboard</u>	68.85%	

Uncategorized Ciphers 19.73% Print page	
Cipher	Probability
key_phrase	19.73%