



NCID

Description

NCID allows to identify the cipher type, given only a piece of ciphertext. For that, NCID uses several multiple neural networks from which you can select one or more. With the 55 classical ciphers standardized by the <u>American Cryptogram Association (ACA)</u>, the following neural networks were trained: feedforward neural network (FFNN), long short-term memory (LSTM), Transformer, and Naive Bayes network (NB). Selecting an ensemble of multiple neural network architectures normally leads to a better accuracy. Further details can be found in the "Description" tab.

Ciphertext:	length: 32
PEVVROHBIEEEEOTENRYRLVLSSUSTIITI	
	//
Architecture: ?	
Transformer, FFNN, LSTM, RF, NB	•
Filter: ?	
10%	•
<u>IIII</u> Analyze	

Results

Substitution 68.85%		
Cipher	Probability	
<u>Checkerboard</u>	68.85%	

Uncategorized Ciphers 19.73%		
Cipher	Print page Probability	
key_phrase	19.73%	

