#### TSA - Meteorological forcing: Some information

Meteorological forcing data are read in every hour (oldbc, newbc) and the fields are interpolated in time to get values for the current time step nt (oldbc < "nt" < newbc):

- Temperature, wind, moisture, surface pressure are interpolated linearly (see chapter 1)
- Precipitation is required as rate for TSA; the average rate of the (1hour) period is taken for every time step of this interval (for details see chapter 2)
- Solar and thermal radiation at the ground (sobs, thbs, net fluxes) are needed for TSA, time average fluxes are read in (ASOB\_S/ATHB\_S) for both times oldbc and newbc and the average is done for this time interval (chapter 3)
- Some remarks for ICON input are in blue.

# 1. "Atmospheric" forcing

The NL(METFORCING) parameter ntype\_atminput controls the atmospheric forcing, .e. g. which fields are read in (read\_Imgrib) for temperature (t\_in), wind (u\_in, v\_in), surface humidity (qv\_in) and surface pressure (ps\_in); see also TSA TABLE,  $\rightarrow$  means conversion:

ntype_atminput = 1	ntype_atminput = 2	ntype_atminput = 3	Input	TSA
			name	name
U,V (ke:ke+1) $\rightarrow$ SP (ke:ke+1)	SP_10M - nudging	SP_10M - analysis	u_in	u
T(ke:ke+1)	T_2M - nudging	T_2M - analysis	t_in	t
QV(ke:ke+1)	TD_2M − nudging →	RELHUM_2M – analysis	qv_in	qv
	QV_2M	→ QV_2M		
PS	PS	PS	ps_in	ps

ntype\_atminput=2 not possible for ICON (atmospheric fields should be analysis of forecast fields).

Input varibales are stored in ...\_bd arrays:

```
IF (ntype_atminput<=3) THEN

IF (lcrop) THEN

u_bd(:,:,ke,nx) = u_in (i0_crop:i0_crop+ie-1,j0_crop:j0_crop+je-1)

t_bd(:,:,ke,nx) = t_in (i0_crop:i0_crop+ie-1,j0_crop:j0_crop+je-1)

qv_bd(:,:,ke,nx) = qv_in(i0_crop:i0_crop+ie-1,j0_crop:j0_crop+je-1)

! qv_bd(:,:,ke) = qv_in(i0_crop:i0_crop+ie-1,j0_crop:j0_crop+je-1) !XYZ> in TSA, qv is 4 dimensional

ps_bd(:,:,nx) = ps_in(i0_crop:i0_crop+ie-1,j0_crop:j0_crop+je-1)

ELSE

..... (spatial interpolation)
```

In read\_metforc (after read\_lmgrib/read\_icongrib): linear interpolation to current time step

<sup>!</sup> Section 5: Temporal Interpolation

```
fac = (date_delta(actual_date*100,oldbc_date*100) &
    + (acthour-INT(acthour))*60.0_wp) / REAL(delta_bc)
 fac1=1.0-fac
 ! Atmospheric variables at the reference level
 IF (ntype_atminput<=4) THEN
  u(:,:,ke,nnew) = fac1*u_bd(:,:,ke,n1) + fac*u_bd(:,:,ke,n2)
  t(:,:,ke,nnew) = fac1*t\_bd(:,:,ke,n1) + fac*t\_bd(:,:,ke,n2)
  qv(:,:,ke,nnew)= fac1*qv_bd(:,:,ke,n1) + fac*qv_bd(:,:,ke,n2)
! qv(:,:,ke)= fac1*qv_bd(:,:,ke) + fac*qv_bd(:,:,ke)
                                                 !XYZ> uncommented qv non-tracer is 4 dimentional
  ps(:,:,nnew) = fac1*ps_bd(:,:,n1) + fac*ps_bd(:,:,n2)
 ELSE
  WRITE(6,*) "Invalid ntype_atminput! (Time interpolation)"
  STOP
 ENDIF
IF (lcalc) THEN
  ! Section 6: Conversions
  ! Copy time levels
  u(:,:,ke,nnow) = u(:,:,ke,nnew)
  t(:,:,ke,nnow) = t(:,:,ke,nnew)
  qv(:,:,ke,nnow) = qv(:,:,ke,nnew)
  ps(:,:,nnow) = ps(:,:,nnew)
  pO(:,:,ke) = ps(:,:,nnew) * EXP(-g*dz/(r_d*t(:,:,ke,nnew)))
!\ diagnosis\ of\ T\_2m\ and\ u\_10m
  IF ( ABS(dz\_u-10.0\_wp) < 1.0E-6\_wp ) THEN
    u_10m(:,:) = u(:,:,ke,nnew)
   lu10m=.FALSE.
  ELSE IF ( dz_u>10.0_wp) THEN
```

```
lu10m=.TRUE.
  ELSE
    WRITE(6,*) "dz_u lower than 10m is not allowed!"
  ENDIF
  IF (ABS(dz-2.0\_wp) < 1.0E-6\_wp) THEN
   t_2m(:,:) = t(:,:,ke,nnew)
   lt2m=.FALSE.
  ELSE IF ( dz > 2.0_wp ) THEN
   It2m=.TRUE.
  FISF
    WRITE(6,*) "dz lower than 2m is not allowed!"
  ENDIF
  IF ( lt2m .OR. lu10m) THEN
   CALL near_surface(nnew,lt2m,lu10m)
  ENDIF
QUESTIONS:
u_10m? Seems to be SP_10M?!
In SR init_variables: v=0,pp=0. Where is pp computed? Only p0 needed?
```

### 2. Precipitation

Input for "Terra" or TSA are precipitation <u>rates</u>, e. g. the <u>average</u> rainfall and snowfall <u>rate</u> of the time interval oldbc  $\rightarrow$  newbc is taken for every time step. It has to be checked, if there are precipitation amounts over one hour (Ihourly\_data = .true. is set in the NL METFORCING, but not checked in the code) or accumulated values since start of nudging (forecast) run.

Here are the corresponding lines of the code:

```
snow_gsp_in=snow_gsp_in/3600.0
                        snow_con_in=snow_con_in/3600.0
                        tot_prec_in=tot_prec_in/3600.0_wp
                       * The sum of (rain_gsp_in + rain_con_in) rsp. (snow_gsp_in + snow_con_in) is stored in
                         prr_gsp_bd rsp. prs_gsp_bd (or tot_prec_in in prr_gsp_bd with prs_gsp_bd=0.0)
                       IF (Itot_prec) THEN
                         prr_gsp_bd(:,:,nx) = tot_prec_in
                         prs_gsp_bd(:,:,nx) = 0.0_wp
                       ELSE
                          prr_gsp_bd(:,:,nx) = (rain_gsp_in + rain_con_in)
                          prs_gsp_bd(:,:,nx) = (snow_gsp_in + snow_con_in)
                       ENDIF
                       IF (Icrop) THEN
                                prr_gsp_bd(:,:,nx) =(rain_gsp_in(i0_crop:i0_crop+ie-1,j0_crop:j0_crop+je-1)+ &
                                          rain_con_in(i0_crop:i0_crop+ie-1,j0_crop:j0_crop+je-1))
                                prs_gsp_bd(:,:,nx) =(snow_gsp_in(i0_crop:i0_crop+ie-1,j0_crop:j0_crop+je-1)+ &
                                          snow_con_in(i0_crop:i0_crop+ie-1,j0_crop:j0_crop+je-1))
                       ELSE
! Section 5: Temporal Interpolation
! Rain data
IF (ntype_raininput==1) THEN
  IF (Inew_Imana) THEN
   IF (Ihourly_data) THEN
     prr_gsp(:,:)= prr_gsp_bd(:,:,n2)
     prs_gsp(:,:)= prs_gsp_bd(:,:,n2)
   ELSE IF (nave_new>nave_old) THEN
     prr_gsp(:,:)= (prr_gsp_bd(:,:,n2)-prr_gsp_bd(:,:,n1)) / FLOAT(nave_new-nave_old)
     prs\_gsp(:,:) = (prs\_gsp\_bd(:,:,n2) - prs\_gsp\_bd(:,:,n1)) \ \ / \ FLOAT(nave\_new-nave\_old)
   ELSE
     prr_gsp(:,:)= prr_gsp_bd(:,:,n2)/FLOAT(nave_new)
```

```
prs_gsp(:,:)= prs_gsp_bd(:,:,n2)/FLOAT(nave_new)
   ENDIF
 ENDIF
ELSEIF ((ntype_raininput==2).OR.(ntype_raininput==4)) THEN
 IF (Inew rado) THEN
   WHERE (t(:,:,ke,nnew)>273.15)
    prr_gsp(:,:)=prr_gsp_bd(:,:,nrain2)
    prs_gsp(:,:)=0.0_wp
   ELSEWHERE
    prr_gsp(:,:)=0.0_wp
    prs_gsp(:,:)=prr_gsp_bd(:,:,nrain2)
   END WHERE
 ENDIF
ELSE
 WRITE(6,*) "Invalid ntype_raininput! (Time interpolation)"
ENDIF
```

- Take care for time units in COSMO and ICON, normally ICON output is in minutes and COSMO in hours; in the code it is assumed, that the time stamps are in hours
- prr\_gsp/prs\_gsp are then used as average rates in the terra MODULE src\_soil\_multlay (new: sfc\_terra) with SUBROUTINE terra\_multlay (new: terra) for every time step in the time interval [oldbc, new\_bc].
- SUBROUTINE init\_variables (terra\_lmenv.f90): Presettings prr\_con, prs\_con, prs\_gsp mit 0.0. Why not prr\_gsp?
- Attention: There could be a division by zero, if nave new=0!!
- QUESTIONS: What about graupel, hail if available? Why no splitting convective/grid scale prep.?

# 3. Radiation

Net radiation fluxes are required by TSA (?), although Julian Tödter (GUF) states that the radiation forcing data are longwave and shortwave downward radiation fluxes at the surface (so\_down\_bd, th\_down\_bd).

• Here are the corresponding lines of the code:

```
read_metforc

|
>>>>> call read_lmgib

* read in ASOB_S/ATHB_S and store sobs2_in/thbs2_in
```

- \* NEW: in case of missing the fields are set to zero!! Or should there be an abort??
- \* NEW: if only the instant values SOBS\_RAD/THBS\_RAD are available they will be taken
- \*! convert net radiation to downwelling radiation

```
sobs2\_in(:,:) = sobs2\_in(:,:) / (1.0\_wp-albrad\_in(:,:)/100.0\_wp) \\ thbs2\_in(:,:) = (thbs2\_in(:,:) + (1.0\_wp-ctalb)*sigma*t\_g\_in(:,:)**4)/(1.0\_wp-ctalb)
```

\* Downwelling radiation is stored in xx\_down\_bd (:,:,nx) for two time levels

! check domains and if simple croping is possible

```
IF (lcrop) THEN so\_down\_bd(:,:,nx) = sobs2\_in \ (i0\_crop:i0\_crop+ie-1,j0\_crop:j0\_crop+je-1) th\_down\_bd(:,:,nx) = thbs2\_in \ (i0\_crop:i0\_crop+ie-1,j0\_crop:j0\_crop+je-1) pabs\_bd \ \ (:,:,nx) = pabs\_in \ (i0\_crop:i0\_crop+ie-1,j0\_crop:j0\_crop+je-1)
```

### | (read\_metfor)

.....

ELSEIF (ntype\_radinput==4) THEN

```
! Section 5: Temporal Interpolation
! Radiation
IF (ntype_radinput<=2) THEN
           IF (Inew_Imana) THEN
                    IF (Ihourly_data) THEN
                              so_down_bd(:,:,n1) = so_down_bd(:,:,n2)
                              th_down_bd(:,:,n1) = th_down_bd(:,:,n2)
                              pabs = pabs_bd(:,:,n2)
                     ELSE IF (nave_new>nave_old) THEN
                              so\_down\_bd(:,:,n1) = (nave\_new*so\_down\_bd(:,:,n2) - nave\_old*so\_down\_bd(:,:,n1)) / FLOAT(nave\_new-nave\_old) / FLOAT(nave\_new*so\_down\_bd(:,:,n2) - nave\_old*so\_down\_bd(:,:,n2) / FLOAT(nave\_new*so\_down\_bd(:,:,n2) / FLOAT(nave\_new*so\_down\_bd(:,:,n2
                              th\_down\_bd(:,:,n1) = (nave\_new*th\_down\_bd(:,:,n2) - nave\_old*th\_down\_bd(:,:,n1)) / FLOAT(nave\_new-nave\_old) / FLOAT(nave\_new*th\_down\_bd(:,:,n2) - nave\_old*th\_down\_bd(:,:,n2) / FLOAT(nave\_new*th\_down\_bd(:,:,n2) / FLOAT(nave\_new*th\_down\_bd(:,:,n2
                              pabs = (nave_new*pabs_bd(:,:,n2) - nave_old*pabs_bd(:,:,n1)) / FLOAT(nave_new-nave_old)
                     ELSE
                              so\_down\_bd(:,:,n1) = so\_down\_bd(:,:,n2)
                              th_down_bd(:,:,n1) = th_down_bd(:,:,n2)
                              pabs = pabs_bd(:,:,n2)
                     ENDIF
           ENDIF
```

```
IF (Inew_rad) THEN
   so_down_bd(:,:,n1)=so_down_bd(:,:,n2)
   th_down_bd(:,:,n1)=th_down_bd(:,:,n2)
  ENDIF
 ELSE
  WRITE(6,*) "Invalid ntype_radinput! (Time interpolation)"
  STOP
 ENDIF
IF (lcalc) THEN
                !!!! lcalc = .true. (default in NL RUN_TERRA) set in read_namelist
  ! Section 6: Conversions
  ! diagnosis of net radiation from down-welling fluxes
  DO i=1,ie
   DO j=1,je
    IF (Ilandmask(i,j)) THEN
      CALL calc_albedo(i,j,nnow,also,alth)
      sobs(i,j)=so\_down\_bd(i,j,n1)*(1.0\_wp-also)
      thbs(i,j)=th\_down\_bd(i,j,n1)-(1.0\_wp-alth)*sigma*t\_g(i,j,nnow)**4
    ENDIF
   ENDDO
  ENDDO
  IF (ntype_radinput==4) THEN
   pabs=0.5_wp*sobs
  ENDIF
```

**ENDIF** 

• sobs and thbs are used in MODULE src\_soil\_multlay (new; sfc\_terra) with SUBROUTINE terra\_multlay (new: terra) for every time step in the time interval [oldbc, new\_bc].

## **Questions:**

Why sob2\_in → so\_down\_bd → sobs and thbs2\_in → th\_down\_bd → thbs?
 Why are input ASOB\_S/ATHB\_S not used directly??

- albrad\_in is not used for second conversion, but SUBROUTINE calc\_albedo is used (→ also, alth; includes bare soil, snow, vegetation). May be it is more precise to compute it again??
- If ALB\_RAD is missing, what should be taken as default? Use calc\_albedo?? Set to csalb\_p=0.15?
- Remarks to SUBROUTINE calc\_albedo: csalb\_p is replaced by vegalb(im,jm). NL parameter of RUN\_TERRA lconstvegalb (default: .true.) controls setting of vegalb in read\_const\_fields:
  - o lconstvegalb=.true.: vegalb=csalb p (for lhomosoil=.true. and .false.)
  - o lconstvegalb=.false.: vegalb=vegalb\_const (= NL input in EXTPARA for lhomosoil=.true.)
  - o lconstvegalb=.false.: vegalb=vegalb\_in (lhomosoil=.false.)
  - → Iconstvegalb=.true. AND Ihomosoil =.false. (default is .true.!!!! should be changed!!!)

"vegalb" will not be read in as Iconstvegalb=.true.; so vegalb=csalb p will be uses in calc albedo

- Julian Tödter has found an error concerning longwave net radiation, which seems to be not corrected!? Old: <a href="lwdown">lwnet = lwdown (1-a) \* sigma \*T\*\*4">lwnet = lwdown (1-a) \* sigma \*T\*\*4</a> (a=0.004=ctalb(?))
   New: <a href="lwdown-lwup=lwdown-(a\*lwdown+(1+a)\*sigma\*T\*\*4">lwdown-sigma\*T\*\*4</a>.
   See here parts of the code:
  - 1. read\_lm/icongrib:
    - (1) thbs2\_in is read in
    - (2) thbs2\_in(:,:) = (thbs2\_in(:,:)+(1.0\_wp-ctalb)\*sigma\*t\_g\_in(:,:)\*\*4)/(1.0\_wp-ctalb)
    - (3) th\_down\_bd(:,:,nx) = thbs2\_in
  - 2. read metforc
    - (1) time average
    - (2) CALL calc albedo(i,j,nnow,also,alth)
    - (3) thbs(i,j)= th down bd(i,j,n1)-(1.0 wp-alth)\*sigma\*t g(i,j,nnow)\*\*4