

VERTVES

AN INTEGRATED PACKAGE FOR DESIGN, DRAFTING & M.T.O OF VERTICAL VESSEL FOUNDATION

Version 6.0.0-evaluation-1

VALIDATION REPORT

B	02-09-2022	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	VS	RS	DA
A	02-09-2022	ISSUED FOR COMMENTS	VS	RS	DA
Rev. No.	Date	Description	Prepared by	Approved by	Review by

Contents

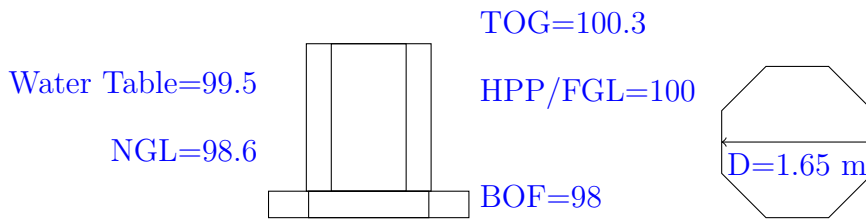
1	Default Values	3
2	Inputs	4
3	Computed Wind Forces	6
4	Computed Seismic Forces	7
5	Load combinations	8
6	Base Pressure Calculations	9
7	Final Base Pressure Calculations	22
8	Moment R/F Calculations	32
9	Shear R/F Calculations	38
10	Pedestal Design	41

1 Default Values

Following values are taken as default by the software, unless user changes them in the interface.

Common Parameters	
Concrete Grade (f_{ck})	M30
Steel Grade (f_y)	Fe 500
Code	Indian(LSD)
Shape of Pedestal	Octagon
Shape of Footing / Pile Cap	Octagon
Minimum Thickness of Footing	300
Minimum Thickness of Pile Cap	500
Density	
Concrete (γ_{conc})	2.5 T/m ³
Soil Density (γ_{dry})	1.8 T/m ³
Soil Excl. Water (γ_{sat})	0.8 T/m ³
Grout Thickness (C_{grt})	30 mm
Concrete Clear Covers	
Top (C_{top})	50 mm
Side (Pedestal / Footing / Pile Cap) (C_{sid})	50 mm
Bottom (Footing)(C_{bot})	50 mm
Factor of Safety	
Factor of Safety Sliding (FOSS)	2.0
Factor of Safety Overturning (FOSO)	1.5
Partial Safety Factor for LSD	
Without Wind / Seismic	1.5
With Wind Seismic	1.2
Pile Foundation	
Min. Pile Diameter	300 mm
Min. Pile to Pile Distance	300 mm
Max. Pile to Pile Distance	2000 mm
Min. Distance from Pile Edge to Pile-Cap edge	250 mm
Min. Pile Cap bottom Reinforcement	!

2 Inputs



Levels

Top of Pedestal =100.3 m
 Finished Ground =100 m
 Natural Ground =98.6 m
 Bottom of Foundation =98 m
 Water Table =99.5 m

Minimum Thickness of Footing / Pile Cap (mm)=0.35
 Shape of Pedestal =Octagon
 Minimum Size of Pedestal (m) =1.65
 Shape of Footing / Pile Cap =Octagon
 Grout Thickness (C_{grt}) =30 mm

Concrete Clear Covers

Top (C_{top}) =50 mm
 Side (Pedestal / Footing / Pile Cap) (C_{sid}) =50 mm
 Bottom (Footing)(C_{bot}) =50 mm

Concrete Grade (f_{ck}) =M30 ($30N/mm^2$)
 Steel Grade (f_y) =Fe 500 ($500N/mm^2$)
 Code =Indian(LSD)

Density

Concrete (γ_{conc}) =2.5 T/m³
 Soil Density (γ_{dry}) =1.8 T/m³
 Soil Excl. Water (γ_{sat}) =0.8 T/m³

Allowable Net Bearing Pressure =16 T/m²

Net SBC Increase (DBE) =50.0 %
 Net SBC Increase (MCE) =100.0 %
 Net SBC Increase (Wind) =25.0 %
 Coefficient of friction between soil and concrete (μ) =0.32

Factor of Safety

Refer load combination details for FOSO, FOSS specific to each Load Combination.
 Partial Safety Factor for LSD =
 Without Wind / Seismic =1.5
 With Wind Seismic =1.2

Inputs for Vertves generated Equipment Loads

Wind

Basic Wind Speed (V_b) = 44 T/m2

$K_1 = 1$

K_2 (Terrain Category) = 1

$K_3 = 1$

$K_4 = 1$

$K_d = 1$

$K_a = \text{NA}$

$K_c = \text{NA}$

Seismic

Seismic Coeff (DBE) = 0.25

Seismic Coeff (MCE) = 0.35

Vessel Segment Information

Seismic C.G. of the Vessel = 104 m

No.	Vessel Diameter	Shape Factor	Top Level	Bottom Level
1	1.5	0.85	112.10	105.5
2	1.8	0.9	105.5	103.5
3	2.1	0.95	103.5	100.3

Equipment Weights

Empty (W_e) = 3.5 T

Operating (W_o) = 11 T

Hydrotest (W_h) = 13.2 T

Equipment Lateral Loads	Shear	Moment
Wind	$H_w = 1.54 \text{ T}$	$M_w = 5.73 \text{ Tm}$
Seismic DBE	$H_{dbe} = 2.54 \text{ T}$	$M_{dbe} = 9.26 \text{ Tm}$
Seismic MCE	$H_{mce} = 5.69 \text{ T}$	$M_{mce} = 10.54 \text{ Tm}$

3 Computed Wind Forces

Number of Segments (N_{segments}) = 3

Top most Point ($\text{Point}_{\text{top}}$) = 112.1

Bottom most Point ($\text{Point}_{\text{bottom}}$) = 100.3

Height of vessel (H_{vessel}) = 12.1

BreakPoints :

0. 0.3

1. 3.5

2. 5.5

3. 10

4. 12.1

Wind Calculation Factors

Basic Wind Speed (V_b) = 44

Factor 1 (K_1) = 1

Terrain Category = 1

Factor 3 (K_3) = 1

Factor 4 (K_4) = 1

Factor (K_d) = 1

Calculation for part : from 0.3 to 3.5

Factor 2 (K_2) = 1.05

Design Speed (V_{wind}) = $V_b * K_1 * K_2 * K_3 * K_4 = 44 * 1 * 1.05 * 1 * 1 = 46.2 \text{ m/s}$

Design Pressure (P_{wind}) = $0.6 * V_{\text{wind}}^2 * K_d = 0.6 * 46.2^2 * 1 = 1280.664 \text{ N/m}^2$

Calculation for part : from 3.5 to 5.5

Factor 2 (K_2) = 1.05

Design Speed (V_{wind}) = $V_b * K_1 * K_2 * K_3 * K_4 = 44 * 1 * 1.05 * 1 * 1 = 46.2 \text{ m/s}$

Design Pressure (P_{wind}) = $0.6 * V_{\text{wind}}^2 * K_d = 0.6 * 46.2^2 * 1 = 1280.664 \text{ N/m}^2$

Calculation for part : from 5.5 to 10

Factor 2 (K_2) = 1.05

Design Speed (V_{wind}) = $V_b * K_1 * K_2 * K_3 * K_4 = 44 * 1 * 1.05 * 1 * 1 = 46.2 \text{ m/s}$

Design Pressure (P_{wind}) = $0.6 * V_{\text{wind}}^2 * K_d = 0.6 * 46.2^2 * 1 = 1280.664 \text{ N/m}^2$

Calculation for part : from 10 to 12.1

Factor 2 (K_2) = 1.067

Design Speed (V_{wind}) = $V_b * K_1 * K_2 * K_3 * K_4 = 44 * 1 * 1.067 * 1 * 1 = 46.939 \text{ m/s}$

Design Pressure (P_{wind}) = $0.6 * V_{\text{wind}}^2 * K_d = 0.6 * 46.939^2 * 1 = 1321.973 \text{ N/m}^2$

Breakpoints-wise Calculations for all the Segments

Segment no : 1 from 0.3 to 3.5

Height (H_{segment}) = $3.5 - 0.3 = 3.2 \text{ m}$

Diameter (D_{segment}) = 2.1m

Shape Factor (S_{segment}) = 0.95

Area (A_{segment}) = $S_{\text{segment}} * D_{\text{segment}} * H_{\text{segment}} = 0.95 * 2.1 * 3.2 = 6.384 \text{ m}^2$

Wind Shear on segment ($\text{Shear}_{\text{seg}}$) = $A_{\text{segment}} * P_{\text{wind}} = 6.384 * 1280.664 / 9810 = 0.833 \text{ T}$

Lever arm (L_{segment}) = 1.6m

Wind moment on segment (M_{seg}) = $\text{Shear}_{\text{wind}} * L_{\text{segment}} = 0.833 * 1.6 = 1.333\text{T-m}$

Segment no : 2 from 3.5 to 5.5

Height (H_{segment}) = $5.5 - 3.5 = 2\text{m}$

Diameter (D_{segment}) = 1.8m

Shape Factor (S_{segment}) = 0.9

Area (A_{segment}) = $S_{\text{segment}} * D_{\text{segment}} * H_{\text{segment}} = 0.9 * 1.8 * 2 = 3.24\text{m}^2$

Wind Shear on segment ($\text{Shear}_{\text{seg}}$) = $A_{\text{segment}} * P_{\text{wind}} = 3.24 * 1280.664 / 9810 = 0.423\text{T}$

Lever arm (L_{segment}) = 4.2m

Wind moment on segment (M_{seg}) = $\text{Shear}_{\text{wind}} * L_{\text{segment}} = 0.423 * 4.2 = 1.776\text{T-m}$

Segment no : 3 from 5.5 to 10

Height (H_{segment}) = $10 - 5.5 = 4.5\text{m}$

Diameter (D_{segment}) = 1.5m

Shape Factor (S_{segment}) = 0.85

Area (A_{segment}) = $S_{\text{segment}} * D_{\text{segment}} * H_{\text{segment}} = 0.85 * 1.5 * 4.5 = 5.738\text{m}^2$

Wind Shear on segment ($\text{Shear}_{\text{seg}}$) = $A_{\text{segment}} * P_{\text{wind}} = 5.738 * 1280.664 / 9810 = 0.749\text{T}$

Lever arm (L_{segment}) = 7.45m

Wind moment on segment (M_{seg}) = $\text{Shear}_{\text{wind}} * L_{\text{segment}} = 0.749 * 7.45 = 5.58\text{T-m}$

Segment no : 4 from 10 to 12.1

Height (H_{segment}) = $12.1 - 10 = 2.1\text{m}$

Diameter (D_{segment}) = 1.5m

Shape Factor (S_{segment}) = 0.85

Area (A_{segment}) = $S_{\text{segment}} * D_{\text{segment}} * H_{\text{segment}} = 0.85 * 1.5 * 2.1 = 2.678\text{m}^2$

Wind Shear on segment ($\text{Shear}_{\text{seg}}$) = $A_{\text{segment}} * P_{\text{wind}} = 2.678 * 1321.973 / 9810 = 0.361\text{T}$

Lever arm (L_{segment}) = 10.75m

Wind moment on segment (M_{seg}) = $\text{Shear}_{\text{wind}} * L_{\text{segment}} = 0.361 * 10.75 = 3.879\text{T-m}$

Total Wind Shear ($\text{Shear}_{\text{wind}}$) = $\sum \text{Shear}_{\text{seg}} = 2.366\text{T}$

Total Wind Moment ($\text{Moment}_{\text{wind}}$) = $\sum M_{\text{seg}} = 12.569\text{T-m}$

Factored Wind Shear ($\text{Shear}_{\text{wind}} * 1.2 = 2.839\text{T}$

Factored Wind Moment ($\text{Moment}_{\text{wind}} * 1.2 = 15.083\text{T-m}$

4 Computed Seismic Forces

Lever arm (L_{seis}) = CG - TOP = $104 - 100.3 = 3.7\text{m}$

Factored Seismic Shear DBE = $\text{Seis Coeff DBE} * \text{Dead Wt} * 1.05 = 0.25 * 11 = 2.888\text{T}$

Factored Seismic Shear MCE = $\text{Seis Coeff MCE} * \text{Dead Wt} * 1.05 = 0.35 * 11 = 4.043\text{T}$

Factored Seismic Moment DBE = $L_{\text{seis}} * \text{Seismic Shear DBE} = 3.7 * 2.888 = 10.684\text{T-m}$

Factored Seismic Moment MCE = $L_{\text{seis}} * \text{Seismic Shear MCE} = 3.7 * 4.043 = 14.957\text{T-m}$

5 Load combinations

Load combinations generated from Input data.
All loadings at top of pedestal.

Load Combination No. 1 : 1 * Operating

Vertical Load (p)= 11

Horizontal Load (v)= 0

Moment (m)= 0

Factor of Safety Overturning (FOSO) =1.5

Factor of Safety Sliding (FOSO) =2.0

Load Combination No. 2 : 1 * Operating + 1 * Wind

Vertical Load (p)= 11

Horizontal Load (v)= 1.54

Moment (m)= 5.73

Factor of Safety Overturning (FOSO) =1.5

Factor of Safety Sliding (FOSO) =2.0

Load Combination No. 3 : 1 * Empty + 1 * Wind

Vertical Load (p)= 3.5

Horizontal Load (v)= 1.54

Moment (m)= 5.73

Factor of Safety Overturning (FOSO) =1.5

Factor of Safety Sliding (FOSO) =2.0

Load Combination No. 4 : 1 * Hydrotest (Field) + 0.25 * Wind

Vertical Load (p)= 13.20

Horizontal Load (v)= 0.3850

Moment (m)= 1.4325

Factor of Safety Overturning (FOSO) =1.5

Factor of Safety Sliding (FOSO) =2.0

Load Combination No. 5 : 1 * Operating + 1 * Seismic DBE

Vertical Load (p)= 11

Horizontal Load (v)= 2.54

Moment (m)= 9.26

Factor of Safety Overturning (FOSO) =1.5

Factor of Safety Sliding (FOSO) =2.0

Load Combination No. 6 : 1 * Operating + 1 * Seismic MCE

Vertical Load (p)= 11

Horizontal Load (v)= 5.69

Moment (m)= 10.54

Factor of Safety Overturning (FOSO) =1

Factor of Safety Sliding (FOSO) =1

6 Base Pressure Calculations

(Note : D_f specified here is medium diagonal but as longest diagonal is used for base pressure calculations . D has been adjusted at various places by multiplying by 1.0824 to get the required dimension.)

Footing

Area factor(F_{area}) = 0.828427

Section Modulus factor (n-n axis)(F_{smnn}) = 0.101142

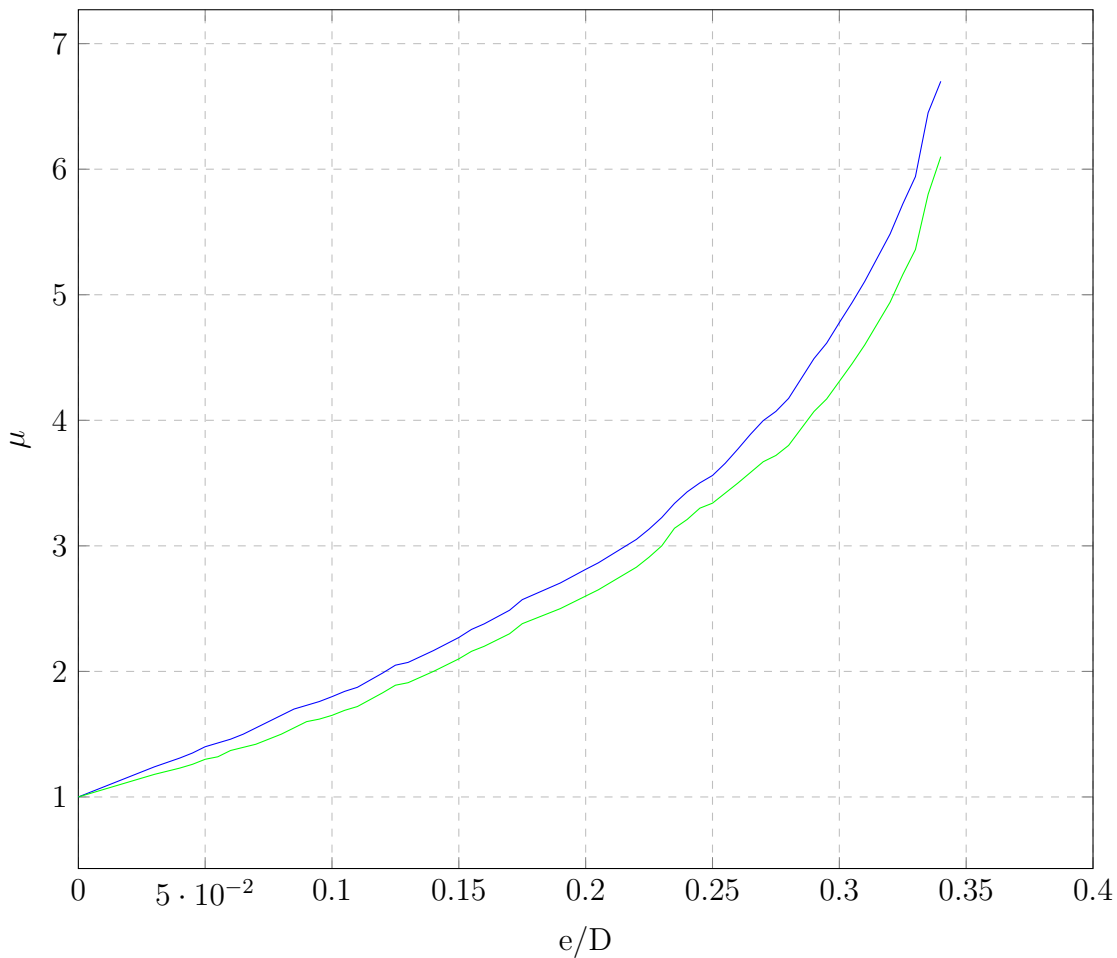
Section Modulus factor (m-m axis)(F_{smmm}) = 0.093443

Pedestal

Area factor (P_{area})= 0.828427

Section Modulus factor (P_{sm}) = 0.101142

OCTAGON NOMOGRAPH



Design calculation for Load Combinations No. = 1

Net Bearing Pressure (σ_{net}) = $16T/m^2$

Load Combination Classification: Normal

Gross Bearing Pressure (σ_{gross}) = $\sigma_{\text{net}} + h_n * \gamma_{\text{dry}} = 16 + 0.6 * 1.8 = 17.08T/m^2$

Water Table elevation > Bottom of Foundation => Water table effects shall be checked.

Pedestal size (D_p) = $1.65m$

Initial Footing Size = $Pedestalsize(D_f) = 1.65m$

Incremental Footing Size = $1.65 m$

Area of Footing (A_f) = $(F_{\text{area}}) * (D_f)^2 = 0.828 * 1.65^2 = 2.255m^2$

Section Modulus of Footing (Z_f) = $(F_{\text{smmm}}) * (D_f)^3 = 0.093 * 1.65^3 = 0.42m^3$

Shear Force at BOF (V) = $0 T$

Moment at BOF (M) = $Moment + Shear * (TOG - BOF) = 0 + 0 * (100.3 - 98) = 0T - m$

Without Water Table

Weight of Footing (W_f) = $(A_f) * \gamma_{\text{conc}} * FdnDepth = 2.255 * 2.5 * 0.35 = 1.973T$

Weight of Pedestal (W_p) = $(A_p) * \gamma_{\text{conc}} * (TOG - BOF - FdnDepth) = 0.828 * 1.65^2 * 2.5 * (100.3 - 98 - 0.35) = 10.995T$

Weight of Soil above Footing (W_s) = $(0.828 * 1.65^2 - 0.828 * 1.65^2) * 1.8 * (100 - 98 - 0.35) = 0T$

Total Structural Weight (W) = $W_f + W_p + W_s = 1.973 + 10.995 + 0 = 12.969T$

Total Vertical Load at BOF (P) = $axialLoad + W = 11 + 12.969 = 23.969T$

Eccentricity (e) = $M/P = 0/23.969 = 0m$

Eccentricity Ratio (e/D_f) = $0/1.65 = 0$

Long Diagonal Adjustment - Eccentricity Ratio (e/D_f) = $0/1.0824 = 0$

Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph (μ_{nomo}) = 1

$P_{\text{max}} = P/A + M/Z = 23.969/2.255 + 0/0.42 = 10.627T/m^2$

$P_{\text{min}} = P/A - M/Z = 23.969/2.255 - 0/0.42 = 10.627T/m^2$

Moment at BOF value too small. Skipping Overturning Check.

Shear at BOF value too small. Skipping Sliding Check.

Contact Area = $2.255 m^2$.

Percentage Contact Area = $2.255 / 2.255 * 100 = 100\%$.

With Water Table

Footing upper level = $98 + 0.35 = 98.35$

Water table level = 99.5

Water table above footing

Weight of Footing (W_{fwt}) = $0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * (2.5 * (0) + (2.5 - 1.0) * \text{Math.Min}((99.5 - 98), 0.35)) = 1.184T$

Weight of Pedestal (W_{pwt}) = $0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * (2.5 * (100.3 - 99.5) + (2.5 - 1.0) * (99.5 - 98 - 0.35)) = 8.401T$

Weight of Soil above Footing (W_{swt}) = $(0.828 * (1.65 * 1.65) - 0.828 * (1.65 * 1.65)) * ((100 - 99.5) * 1.8 + (99.5 - 98 - 0.35) * 0.8) = 0T$

Total Structural Weight (W_{wt}) = $(W_{\text{swt}}) + (W_{\text{pwt}}) + (W_{\text{fwt}}) = 1.184 + 8.401 + 0 = 9.585T$

Total Vertical Load at BOF (P_{wt}) = axialLoad + (W_{wt}) = 11 + 9.585 = 20.585T

Eccentricity (e_{wt}) = $M_{wt}/P_{wt} = 0 / 20.585 = 0$ m

Eccentricity Ratio (e_{wt}/D_f) = $0 / 1.65 = 0$

Long Diagonal Adjustment – Eccentricity Ratio (e/D_f) = $0/1.0824 = 0$

Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph (μ_{nomo}) = 1

$P_{max} = P/A + M/Z = 20.585 / 2.255 + 0 / 0.42 = 9.127$ T/m²

$P_{min} = P/A - M/Z = 20.585 / 2.255 - 0 / 0.42 = 9.127$ T/m²

Moment at BOF value too small. Skipping Overturning Check.

Shear at BOF value too small. Skipping Sliding Check.

Contact Area = 2.255 m².

Percentage Contact Area = $2.255 / 2.255 * 100 = 100\%$.

Bearing Check Calculation Finished with Finalized foundation size **1.65 m**

Design calculation for Load Combinations No. = 2

Net Bearing Pressure (σ_{net}) = $16T/m^2$

Load Combination Classification: Wind

Gross Bearing Pressure (σ_{gross}) = $(1 + 25.0/100) * \sigma_{\text{net}} + h_n * \gamma_{\text{dry}} = (1 + 25.0/100)16 + 0.6 * 1.8 = 21.08T/m^2$

Water Table elevation > Bottom of Foundation => Water table effects shall be checked.

Pedestal size (D_p) = $1.65m$

Initial Footing Size = $Pedestalsize(D_f) = 1.65m$

Incremental Footing Size = $1.955 m$

Area of Footing (A_f) = $(F_{\text{area}}) * (D_f)^2 = 0.828 * 1.955^2 = 3.166m^2$

Section Modulus of Footing (Z_f) = $(F_{\text{smmm}}) * (D_f)^3 = 0.093 * 1.955^3 = 0.698m^3$

Shear Force at BOF (V) = $1.54 T$

Moment at BOF (M) = $Moment + Shear * (TOG - BOF) = 5.73 + 1.54 * (100.3 - 98) = 9.272T - m$

Without Water Table

Weight of Footing (W_f) = $(A_f) * \gamma_{\text{conc}} * FdnDepth = 3.166 * 2.5 * 0.35 = 2.77T$

Weight of Pedestal (W_p) = $(A_p) * \gamma_{\text{conc}} * (TOG - BOF - FdnDepth) = 0.828 * 1.65^2 * 2.5 * (100.3 - 98 - 0.35) = 10.995T$

Weight of Soil above Footing (W_s) = $(0.828 * 1.955^2 - 0.828 * 1.65^2) * 1.8 * (100 - 98 - 0.35) = 2.705T$

Total Structural Weight (W) = $W_f + W_p + W_s = 2.77 + 10.995 + 2.705 = 16.471T$

Total Vertical Load at BOF (P) = $axialLoad + W = 11 + 16.471 = 27.471T$

Eccentricity (e) = $M/P = 9.272/27.471 = 0.338m$

Eccentricity Ratio (e/D_f) = $0.338/1.955 = 0.173$

Long Diagonal Adjustment - Eccentricity Ratio (e/D_f) = $0.173/1.0824 = 0.16$

Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph (μ_{nomo}) = 2.379

$P_{\text{max}} = P/A + M/Z = 27.471/3.166 + 9.272/0.698 = 21.956T/m^2$

$P_{\text{min}} = P/A - M/Z = 27.471/3.166 - 9.272/0.698 = -4.604T/m^2$

P_{min} is Negative, Pressure values shall updated using Nomograph coefficients.

$P_{\text{max}} = \mu_{\text{nomo}} * P/A = 2.379 * 27.471/3.166 = 20.638T/m^2$

$P_{\text{min}} = 0 T/m^2$

Overturnign FOS = $(P * D/2)/M = (27.471 * 1.955/2)/9.272 = 2.896$.

Sliding FOS = $(\mu * P)/H = 27.471 * 0.32/1.54 = 5.708$.

Contact Area = $3.053 m^2$.

Percentage Contact Area = $3.053 / 3.166 * 100 = 96.407\%$.

With Water Table

Footing upper level = $98 + 0.35 = 98.35$

Water table level = 99.5

Water table above footing

Weight of Footing (W_{fwt}) = $0.828 * 1.955 * 1.955 * (2.5 * (0) + (2.5 - 1.0) * \text{Math.Min}((99.5 -$

$$98), 0.35)) = 1.662T$$

$$\text{Weight of Pedestal } (W_{\text{pwt}}) = 0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * (2.5 * (100.3 - 99.5) + (2.5 - 1.0) * (99.5 - 98 - 0.35)) = 8.401T$$

$$\text{Weight of Soil above Footing } (W_{\text{swt}}) = (0.828 * (1.955 * 1.955) - 0.828 * (1.65 * 1.65)) * ((100 - 99.5) * 1.8 + (99.5 - 98 - 0.35) * 0.8) = 1.658T$$

$$\text{Total Structural Weight } (W_{\text{wt}}) = (W_{\text{swt}}) + (W_{\text{pwt}}) + (W_{\text{fwt}}) = 1.662 + 8.401 + 1.658 = 11.721T$$

$$\text{Total Vertical Load at BOF } (P_{\text{wt}}) = \text{axialLoad} + (W_{\text{wt}}) = 11 + 11.721 = 22.721T$$

$$\text{Eccentricity } (e_{\text{wt}}) = M_{\text{wt}}/P_{\text{wt}} = 9.272 / 22.721 = 0.408 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Eccentricity Ratio } (e_{\text{wt}}/D_f) = 0.408 / 1.955 = 0.209$$

$$\text{Long Diagonal Adjustment - Eccentricity Ratio } (e/D_f) = 0.209/1.0824 = 0.209$$

$$\text{Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph } (\mu_{\text{nomo}}) = 2.927$$

$$P_{\text{max}} = P/A + M/Z = 22.721 / 3.166 + 9.272 / 0.698 = 20.456 \text{ T/m}^2$$

$$P_{\text{min}} = P/A - M/Z = 22.721 / 3.166 - 9.272 / 0.698 = -6.104 \text{ T/m}^2$$

P_{min} is Negative, Pressure values shall updated using Nomograph coefficients.

$$P_{\text{max}} = \mu_{\text{nomo}} * P/A = 2.927 * 22.721/3.166 = 21.005T/m^2$$

$$P_{\text{min}} = 0 \text{ T/m}^2$$

$$\text{Overturnign FOS} = (P * D/2)/M = 22.721 * 1.955/2/9.272 = 2.395.$$

$$\text{Sliding FOS} = (\mu * P)/H = 22.721 * 0.32/1.54 = 4.721.$$

$$\text{Contact Area} = 2.356 \text{ m}^2.$$

$$\text{Percentage Contact Area} = 2.356 / 3.166 * 100 = 74.413\% .$$

Bearing Check Calculation Finished with Finalized foundation size **1.955 m**

Design calculation for Load Combinations No. = 3

Net Bearing Pressure (σ_{net}) = $16T/m^2$

Load Combination Classification: Wind

Gross Bearing Pressure (σ_{gross}) = $(1 + 25.0/100) * \sigma_{\text{net}} + h_n * \gamma_{\text{dry}} = (1 + 25.0/100)16 + 0.6 * 1.8 = 21.08T/m^2$

Water Table elevation > Bottom of Foundation => Water table effects shall be checked.

Pedestal size (D_p) = $1.65m$

Initial Footing Size = $Pedestalsize(D_f) = 1.65m$

Incremental Footing Size = $2.035 m$

Area of Footing (A_f) = $(F_{\text{area}}) * (D_f)^2 = 0.828 * 2.035^2 = 3.431m^2$

Section Modulus of Footing (Z_f) = $(F_{\text{smmm}}) * (D_f)^3 = 0.093 * 2.035^3 = 0.787m^3$

Shear Force at BOF (V) = $1.54 T$

Moment at BOF (M) = $Moment + Shear * (TOG - BOF) = 5.73 + 1.54 * (100.3 - 98) = 9.272T - m$

Without Water Table

Weight of Footing (W_f) = $(A_f) * \gamma_{\text{conc}} * FdnDepth = 3.431 * 2.5 * 0.35 = 3.002T$

Weight of Pedestal (W_p) = $(A_p) * \gamma_{\text{conc}} * (TOG - BOF - FdnDepth) = 0.828 * 1.65^2 * 2.5 * (100.3 - 98 - 0.35) = 10.995T$

Weight of Soil above Footing (W_s) = $(0.828 * 2.035^2 - 0.828 * 1.65^2) * 1.8 * (100 - 98 - 0.35) = 3.491T$

Total Structural Weight (W) = $W_f + W_p + W_s = 3.002 + 10.995 + 3.491 = 17.488T$

Total Vertical Load at BOF (P) = $axialLoad + W = 3.5 + 17.488 = 20.988T$

Eccentricity (e) = $M/P = 9.272/20.988 = 0.442m$

Eccentricity Ratio (e/D_f) = $0.442/2.035 = 0.217$

Long Diagonal Adjustment - Eccentricity Ratio (e/D_f) = $0.217/1.0824 = 0.201$

Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph (μ_{nomo}) = 2.865

$P_{\text{max}} = P/A + M/Z = 20.988/3.431 + 9.272/0.787 = 17.892T/m^2$

$P_{\text{min}} = P/A - M/Z = 20.988/3.431 - 9.272/0.787 = -5.657T/m^2$

P_{min} is Negative, Pressure values shall updated using Nomograph coefficients.

$P_{\text{max}} = \mu_{\text{nomo}} * P/A = 2.865 * 20.988/3.431 = 17.526T/m^2$

$P_{\text{min}} = 0 T/m^2$

Overturnign FOS = $(P * D/2)/M = (20.988 * 2.035/2)/9.272 = 2.303$.

Sliding FOS = $(\mu * P)/H = 20.988 * 0.32/1.54 = 4.361$.

Contact Area = $2.726 m^2$.

Percentage Contact Area = $2.726 / 3.431 * 100 = 79.446\%$.

With Water Table

Footing upper level = $98 + 0.35 = 98.35$

Water table level = 99.5

Water table above footing

Weight of Footing (W_{fwt}) = $0.828 * 2.035 * 2.035 * (2.5 * (0) + (2.5 - 1.0) * \text{Math.Min}((99.5 -$

$$98), 0.35)) = 1.801T$$

$$\text{Weight of Pedestal } (W_{\text{pwt}}) = 0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * (2.5 * (100.3 - 99.5) + (2.5 - 1.0) * (99.5 - 98 - 0.35)) = 8.401T$$

$$\text{Weight of Soil above Footing } (W_{\text{swt}}) = (0.828 * (2.035 * 2.035) - 0.828 * (1.65 * 1.65)) * ((100 - 99.5) * 1.8 + (99.5 - 98 - 0.35) * 0.8) = 2.139T$$

$$\text{Total Structural Weight } (W_{\text{wt}}) = (W_{\text{swt}}) + (W_{\text{pwt}}) + (W_{\text{fwt}}) = 1.801 + 8.401 + 2.139 = 12.342T$$

$$\text{Total Vertical Load at BOF } (P_{\text{wt}}) = \text{axialLoad} + (W_{\text{wt}}) = 3.5 + 12.342 = 15.842T$$

$$\text{Eccentricity } (e_{\text{wt}}) = M_{\text{wt}} / P_{\text{wt}} = 9.272 / 15.842 = 0.585 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Eccentricity Ratio } (e_{\text{wt}} / D_f) = 0.585 / 2.035 = 0.288$$

$$\text{Long Diagonal Adjustment - Eccentricity Ratio } (e / D_f) = 0.288 / 1.0824 = 0.288$$

$$\text{Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph } (\mu_{\text{nomo}}) = 4.491$$

$$P_{\text{max}} = P / A + M / Z = 15.842 / 3.431 + 9.272 / 0.787 = 16.392 \text{ T/m}^2$$

$$P_{\text{min}} = P / A - M / Z = 15.842 / 3.431 - 9.272 / 0.787 = -7.157 \text{ T/m}^2$$

P_{min} is Negative, Pressure values shall updated using Nomograph coefficients.

$$P_{\text{max}} = \mu_{\text{nomo}} * P / A = 4.491 * 15.842 / 3.431 = 20.739 \text{ T/m}^2$$

$$P_{\text{min}} = 0 \text{ T/m}^2$$

$$\text{Overturnign FOS} = (P * D / 2) / M = 15.842 * 2.035 / 2 / 9.272 = 1.738.$$

$$\text{Sliding FOS} = (\mu * P) / H = 15.842 * 0.32 / 1.54 = 3.292.$$

$$\text{Contact Area} = 3.004 \text{ m}^2.$$

$$\text{Percentage Contact Area} = 3.004 / 3.431 * 100 = 87.566\% .$$

Bearing Check Calculation Finished with Finalized foundation size **2.035 m**

Design calculation for Load Combinations No. = 4

Net Bearing Pressure (σ_{net}) = $16T/m^2$

Load Combination Classification: ServiceWind

Gross Bearing Pressure (σ_{gross}) = $(1 + 25.0/100)\sigma_{\text{net}} + h_n * \gamma_{\text{dry}} = (1 + 25.0/100)16 + 0.6 * 1.8 = 21.08T/m^2$

Water Table elevation > Bottom of Foundation => Water table effects shall be checked.

Pedestal size (D_p) = $1.65m$

Initial Footing Size = $Pedestalsize(D_f) = 1.65m$

Incremental Footing Size = $1.65 m$

Area of Footing (A_f) = $(F_{\text{area}}) * (D_f)^2 = 0.828 * 1.65^2 = 2.255m^2$

Section Modulus of Footing (Z_f) = $(F_{\text{smmm}}) * (D_f)^3 = 0.093 * 1.65^3 = 0.42m^3$

Shear Force at BOF (V) = $0.385 T$

Moment at BOF (M) = $Moment + Shear * (TOG - BOF) = 1.433 + 0.385 * (100.3 - 98) = 2.318T - m$

Without Water Table

Weight of Footing (W_f) = $(A_f) * \gamma_{\text{conc}} * FdnDepth = 2.255 * 2.5 * 0.35 = 1.973T$

Weight of Pedestal (W_p) = $(A_p) * \gamma_{\text{conc}} * (TOG - BOF - FdnDepth) = 0.828 * 1.65^2 * 2.5 * (100.3 - 98 - 0.35) = 10.995T$

Weight of Soil above Footing (W_s) = $(0.828 * 1.65^2 - 0.828 * 1.65^2) * 1.8 * (100 - 98 - 0.35) = 0T$

Total Structural Weight (W) = $W_f + W_p + W_s = 1.973 + 10.995 + 0 = 12.969T$

Total Vertical Load at BOF (P) = $axialLoad + W = 13.2 + 12.969 = 26.169T$

Eccentricity (e) = $M/P = 2.318/26.169 = 0.089m$

Eccentricity Ratio (e/D_f) = $0.089/1.65 = 0.054$

Long Diagonal Adjustment - Eccentricity Ratio (e/D_f) = $0.054/1.0824 = 0.05$

Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph (μ_{nomo}) = 1.4

$P_{\text{max}} = P/A + M/Z = 26.169/2.255 + 2.318/0.42 = 17.125T/m^2$

$P_{\text{min}} = P/A - M/Z = 26.169/2.255 - 2.318/0.42 = 6.08T/m^2$

Overturnign FOS = $(P * D/2)/M = (26.169 * 1.65/2)/2.318 = 9.314$.

Sliding FOS = $(\mu * P)/H = 26.169 * 0.32/0.385 = 21.75$.

Contact Area = $2.255 m^2$.

Percentage Contact Area = $2.255 / 2.255 * 100 = 100\%$.

With Water Table

Footing upper level = $98 + 0.35 = 98.35$

Water table level = 99.5

Water table above footing

Weight of Footing (W_{fwt}) = $0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * (2.5 * (0) + (2.5 - 1.0) * \text{Math.Min}((99.5 - 98), 0.35)) = 1.184T$

Weight of Pedestal (W_{pwt}) = $0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * (2.5 * (100.3 - 99.5) + (2.5 - 1.0) * (99.5 - 98 - 0.35)) = 8.401T$

Weight of Soil above Footing (W_{swt}) = $(0.828 * (1.65 * 1.65) - 0.828 * (1.65 * 1.65)) * ((100 - 99.5) * 1.8 + (99.5 - 98.35) * 1.8) = 0T$

$$- 98 - 0.35) * 0.8) = 0T$$

$$\text{Total Structural Weight (W}_{wt}) = (W_{swt}) + (W_{pwt}) + (W_{fwt}) = 1.184 + 8.401 + 0 = 9.585T$$

$$\text{Total Vertical Load at BOF (P}_{wt}) = \text{axialLoad} + (W_{wt}) = 13.2 + 9.585 = 22.785T$$

$$\text{Eccentricity (e}_{wt}) = M_{wt}/P_{wt} = 2.318 / 22.785 = 0.102 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Eccentricity Ratio (e}_{wt}/D_f) = 0.102 / 1.65 = 0.062$$

$$\text{Long Diagonal Adjustment - Eccentricity Ratio (e/D}_f) = 0.062/1.0824 = 0.062$$

$$\text{Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph } (\mu_{\text{nomo}}) = 1.5$$

$$P_{\text{max}} = P/A + M/Z = 22.785 / 2.255 + 2.318 / 0.42 = 15.625 \text{ T/m}^2$$

$$P_{\text{min}} = P/A - M/Z = 22.785 / 2.255 - 2.318 / 0.42 = 4.58 \text{ T/m}^2$$

$$\text{Overturnign FOS} = (P * D/2)/M = 22.785 * 1.65/2/2.318 = 8.11.$$

$$\text{Sliding FOS} = (\mu * P)/H = 22.785 * 0.32/0.385 = 18.939.$$

$$\text{Contact Area} = 2.255 \text{ m}^2.$$

$$\text{Percentage Contact Area} = 2.255 / 2.255 * 100 = 100\% .$$

Bearing Check Calculation Finished with Finalized foundation size **1.65 m**

Design calculation for Load Combinations No. = 5

Net Bearing Pressure (σ_{net}) = $16T/m^2$

Load Combination Classification: DBE

Gross Bearing Pressure (σ_{gross}) = $(1 + 50.0/100)\sigma_{\text{net}} + h_n * \gamma_{\text{dry}} = (1 + 50.0/100)16 + 0.6 * 1.8 = 25.08T/m^2$

Water Table elevation > Bottom of Foundation => Water table effects shall be checked.

Pedestal size (D_p) = $1.65m$

Initial Footing Size = $Pedestalsize(D_f) = 1.65m$

Incremental Footing Size = $2.215 m$

Area of Footing (A_f) = $(F_{\text{area}}) * (D_f)^2 = 0.828 * 2.215^2 = 4.064m^2$

Section Modulus of Footing (Z_f) = $(F_{\text{smmm}}) * (D_f)^3 = 0.093 * 2.215^3 = 1.015m^3$

Shear Force at BOF (V) = $2.54 T$

Moment at BOF (M) = $Moment + Shear * (TOG - BOF) = 9.26 + 2.54 * (100.3 - 98) = 15.102T - m$

Without Water Table

Weight of Footing (W_f) = $(A_f) * \gamma_{\text{conc}} * FdnDepth = 4.064 * 2.5 * 0.35 = 3.556T$

Weight of Pedestal (W_p) = $(A_p) * \gamma_{\text{conc}} * (TOG - BOF - FdnDepth) = 0.828 * 1.65^2 * 2.5 * (100.3 - 98 - 0.35) = 10.995T$

Weight of Soil above Footing (W_s) = $(0.828 * 2.215^2 - 0.828 * 1.65^2) * 1.8 * (100 - 98 - 0.35) = 5.373T$

Total Structural Weight (W) = $W_f + W_p + W_s = 3.556 + 10.995 + 5.373 = 19.924T$

Total Vertical Load at BOF (P) = $axialLoad + W = 11 + 19.924 = 30.924T$

Eccentricity (e) = $M/P = 15.102/30.924 = 0.488m$

Eccentricity Ratio (e/D_f) = $0.488/2.215 = 0.22$

Long Diagonal Adjustment - Eccentricity Ratio (e/D_f) = $0.22/1.0824 = 0.204$

Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph (μ_{nomo}) = 2.865

$P_{\text{max}} = P/A + M/Z = 30.924/4.064 + 15.102/1.015 = 22.48T/m^2$

$P_{\text{min}} = P/A - M/Z = 30.924/4.064 - 15.102/1.015 = -7.263T/m^2$

P_{min} is Negative, Pressure values shall updated using Nomograph coefficients.

$P_{\text{max}} = \mu_{\text{nomo}} * P/A = 2.865 * 30.924/4.064 = 21.798T/m^2$

$P_{\text{min}} = 0 T/m^2$

Overturnign FOS = $(P * D/2)/M = (30.924 * 2.215/2)/15.102 = 2.268$.

Sliding FOS = $(\mu * P)/H = 30.924 * 0.32/2.54 = 3.896$.

Contact Area = $3.153 m^2$.

Percentage Contact Area = $3.153 / 4.064 * 100 = 77.585\%$.

With Water Table

Footing upper level = $98 + 0.35 = 98.35$

Water table level = 99.5

Water table above footing

Weight of Footing (W_{fwt}) = $0.828 * 2.215 * 2.215 * (2.5 * (0) + (2.5 - 1.0) * Math.Min((99.5 -$

$$98), 0.35)) = 2.134T$$

$$\text{Weight of Pedestal } (W_{\text{pwt}}) = 0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * (2.5 * (100.3 - 99.5) + (2.5 - 1.0) * (99.5 - 98 - 0.35)) = 8.401T$$

$$\text{Weight of Soil above Footing } (W_{\text{swt}}) = (0.828 * (2.215 * 2.215) - 0.828 * (1.65 * 1.65)) * ((100 - 99.5) * 1.8 + (99.5 - 98 - 0.35) * 0.8) = 3.292T$$

$$\text{Total Structural Weight } (W_{\text{wt}}) = (W_{\text{swt}}) + (W_{\text{pwt}}) + (W_{\text{fwt}}) = 2.134 + 8.401 + 3.292 = 13.828T$$

$$\text{Total Vertical Load at BOF } (P_{\text{wt}}) = \text{axialLoad} + (W_{\text{wt}}) = 11 + 13.828 = 24.828T$$

$$\text{Eccentricity } (e_{\text{wt}}) = M_{\text{wt}} / P_{\text{wt}} = 15.102 / 24.828 = 0.608 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Eccentricity Ratio } (e_{\text{wt}} / D_f) = 0.608 / 2.215 = 0.275$$

$$\text{Long Diagonal Adjustment - Eccentricity Ratio } (e / D_f) = 0.275 / 1.0824 = 0.275$$

$$\text{Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph } (\mu_{\text{nomo}}) = 4.071$$

$$P_{\text{max}} = P / A + M / Z = 24.828 / 4.064 + 15.102 / 1.015 = 20.98 \text{ T/m}^2$$

$$P_{\text{min}} = P / A - M / Z = 24.828 / 4.064 - 15.102 / 1.015 = -8.763 \text{ T/m}^2$$

P_{min} is Negative, Pressure values shall updated using Nomograph coefficients.

$$P_{\text{max}} = \mu_{\text{nomo}} * P / A = 4.071 * 24.828 / 4.064 = 24.868T/m^2$$

$$P_{\text{min}} = 0 \text{ T/m}^2$$

$$\text{Overturnign FOS} = (P * D / 2) / M = 24.828 * 2.215 / 2 / 15.102 = 1.821.$$

$$\text{Sliding FOS} = (\mu * P) / H = 24.828 * 0.32 / 2.54 = 3.128.$$

$$\text{Contact Area} = 3.955 \text{ m}^2.$$

$$\text{Percentage Contact Area} = 3.955 / 4.064 * 100 = 97.3\% .$$

Bearing Check Calculation Finished with Finalized foundation size **2.215 m**

Design calculation for Load Combinations No. = 6

Net Bearing Pressure (σ_{net}) = $16T/m^2$

Load Combination Classification: MCE

Gross Bearing Pressure (σ_{gross}) = $(1 + 100.0/100)\sigma_{\text{net}} + h_n * \gamma_{\text{dry}} = (1 + 100.0/100)16 + 0.6 * 1.8 = 33.08T/m^2$

Water Table elevation > Bottom of Foundation => Water table effects shall be checked.

Pedestal size (D_p) = $1.65m$

Initial Footing Size = $Pedestalsize(D_f) = 1.65m$

Incremental Footing Size = $2.565 m$

Area of Footing (A_f) = $(F_{\text{area}}) * (D_f)^2 = 0.828 * 2.565^2 = 5.45m^2$

Section Modulus of Footing (Z_f) = $(F_{\text{smmm}}) * (D_f)^3 = 0.093 * 2.565^3 = 1.577m^3$

Shear Force at BOF (V) = $5.69 T$

Moment at BOF (M) = $Moment + Shear * (TOG - BOF) = 10.54 + 5.69 * (100.3 - 98) = 23.627T - m$

Without Water Table

Weight of Footing (W_f) = $(A_f) * \gamma_{\text{conc}} * FdnDepth = 5.45 * 2.5 * 0.35 = 4.769T$

Weight of Pedestal (W_p) = $(A_p) * \gamma_{\text{conc}} * (TOG - BOF - FdnDepth) = 0.828 * 1.65^2 * 2.5 * (100.3 - 98 - 0.35) = 10.995T$

Weight of Soil above Footing (W_s) = $(0.828 * 2.565^2 - 0.828 * 1.65^2) * 1.8 * (100 - 98 - 0.35) = 9.489T$

Total Structural Weight (W) = $W_f + W_p + W_s = 4.769 + 10.995 + 9.489 = 25.253T$

Total Vertical Load at BOF (P) = $axialLoad + W = 11 + 25.253 = 36.253T$

Eccentricity (e) = $M/P = 23.627/36.253 = 0.652m$

Eccentricity Ratio (e/D_f) = $0.652/2.565 = 0.254$

Long Diagonal Adjustment - Eccentricity Ratio (e/D_f) = $0.254/1.0824 = 0.235$

Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph (μ_{nomo}) = 3.338

$P_{\text{max}} = P/A + M/Z = 36.253/5.45 + 23.627/1.577 = 21.635T/m^2$

$P_{\text{min}} = P/A - M/Z = 36.253/5.45 - 23.627/1.577 = -8.332T/m^2$

P_{min} is Negative, Pressure values shall updated using Nomograph coefficients.

$P_{\text{max}} = \mu_{\text{nomo}} * P/A = 3.338 * 36.253/5.45 = 22.2T/m^2$

$P_{\text{min}} = 0 T/m^2$

Overturnign FOS = $(P * D/2)/M = (36.253 * 2.565/2)/23.627 = 1.968$.

Sliding FOS = $(\mu * P)/H = 36.253 * 0.32/5.69 = 2.039$.

Contact Area = $5.436 m^2$.

Percentage Contact Area = $5.436 / 5.45 * 100 = 99.744\%$.

With Water Table

Footing upper level = $98 + 0.35 = 98.35$

Water table level = 99.5

Water table above footing

Weight of Footing (W_{fwt}) = $0.828 * 2.565 * 2.565 * (2.5 * (0) + (2.5 - 1.0) * \text{Math.Min}((99.5 -$

$$98), 0.35)) = 2.861T$$

$$\text{Weight of Pedestal } (W_{\text{pwt}}) = 0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * (2.5 * (100.3 - 99.5) + (2.5 - 1.0) * (99.5 - 98 - 0.35)) = 8.401T$$

$$\text{Weight of Soil above Footing } (W_{\text{swt}}) = (0.828 * (2.565 * 2.565) - 0.828 * (1.65 * 1.65)) * ((100 - 99.5) * 1.8 + (99.5 - 98 - 0.35) * 0.8) = 5.815T$$

$$\text{Total Structural Weight } (W_{\text{wt}}) = (W_{\text{swt}}) + (W_{\text{pwt}}) + (W_{\text{fwt}}) = 2.861 + 8.401 + 5.815 = 17.078T$$

$$\text{Total Vertical Load at BOF } (P_{\text{wt}}) = \text{axialLoad} + (W_{\text{wt}}) = 11 + 17.078 = 28.078T$$

$$\text{Eccentricity } (e_{\text{wt}}) = M_{\text{wt}} / P_{\text{wt}} = 23.627 / 28.078 = 0.841 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Eccentricity Ratio } (e_{\text{wt}} / D_f) = 0.841 / 2.565 = 0.328$$

$$\text{Long Diagonal Adjustment - Eccentricity Ratio } (e / D_f) = 0.328 / 1.0824 = 0.328$$

$$\text{Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph } (\mu_{\text{nomo}}) = 5.941$$

$$P_{\text{max}} = P/A + M/Z = 28.078 / 5.45 + 23.627 / 1.577 = 20.135 \text{ T/m}^2$$

$$P_{\text{min}} = P/A - M/Z = 28.078 / 5.45 - 23.627 / 1.577 = -9.832 \text{ T/m}^2$$

P_{min} is Negative, Pressure values shall updated using Nomograph coefficients.

$$P_{\text{max}} = \mu_{\text{nomo}} * P/A = 5.941 * 28.078 / 5.45 = 30.606 \text{ T/m}^2$$

$$P_{\text{min}} = 0 \text{ T/m}^2$$

$$\text{Overturnign FOS} = (P * D/2) / M = 28.078 * 2.565 / 2 / 23.627 = 1.524.$$

$$\text{Sliding FOS} = (\mu * P) / H = 28.078 * 0.32 / 5.69 = 1.579.$$

$$\text{Contact Area} = 5.45 \text{ m}^2.$$

$$\text{Percentage Contact Area} = 5.45 / 5.45 * 100 = 100\% .$$

Bearing Check Calculation Finished with Finalized foundation size **2.565 m**

7 Final Base Pressure Calculations

Maximum footing size across all load combinations = 2.565 m

Area of Footing (A_f) = (F_{area}) * (D_f)² = 0.828 * 2.565² = 5.45m²

Section Modulus of Footing (Z_f) = (F_{smmm}) * (D_f)³ = 0.101 * 2.565³ = 0.42m³

Design calculation for Load Combinations No. = 1

Shear Force at BOF (V) = 0 T

Moment at BOF (M) = *Moment* + *Shear* * (*TOG* - *BOF*) = 0 + 0 * (100.3 - 98) = 0T - m

Without Water Table

Weight of Footing (W_f) = (A_f) * γ_{conc} * *FdnDepth* = 5.45 * 2.5 * 0.35 = 4.769T

Weight of Pedestal (W_p) = (A_p) * γ_{conc} * (*TOG* - *BOF* - *FdnDepth*) = 0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * 2.5 * (100.3 - 98 - 0.35) = 10.995T

Weight of Soil above Footing (W_s) = (0.828 * 2.565² - 0.828 * 1.65²) * 1.8 * (100 - 98 - 0.35) = 9.489T

Total Structural Weight (W) = W_f + W_p + W_s = 4.769 + 10.995 + 9.489 = 25.253T

Total Vertical Load at BOF (P) = *axialLoad* + W = 11 + 25.253 = 36.253T

Eccentricity (e) = M/P = 0/36.253 = 0m

Eccentricity Ratio (e/D_f) = 0/2.565 = 0

Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph (μ_{nomo}) = 1

Contact Area = 5.45.

Percentage Contact Area = 100.

P_{max} = $P/A + M/Z$ = 36.253/5.45 + 0/1.707 = 6.651T/m²

P_{min} = $P/A - M/Z$ = 36.253/5.45 - 0/1.707 = 6.651T/m²

Moment at BOF value too small. FOS: Infinite.

Shear at BOF value too small. FOS: Infinite.

With Water Table

Footing upper level = 98 + 0.35 = 98.35

Water table level = 99.5

Water table above footing

Weight of Footing (W_{fwt}) = 0.828 * 2.565 * 2.565 * (2.5 * (0) + (2.5 - 1.0) * *Math.Min*((99.5 - 98), 0.35)) = 2.861T

Weight of Pedestal (W_{pwt}) = 0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * (2.5 * (100.3 - 99.5) + (2.5 - 1.0) * (99.5 - 98 - 0.35)) = 8.401T

Weight of Soil above Footing (W_{swt}) = (0.828*(2.565 * 2.565)-0.828*(1.65 * 1.65))*((100 - 99.5)*1.8+(99.5 - 98 - 0.35)*0.8) = 5.815T

Total Structural Weight (W_{wt}) = (W_{swt}) + (W_{pwt}) + (W_{fwt}) = 2.861 + 8.401 + 5.815 = 21.579T

Total Vertical Load at BOF (P_{wt}) = *axialLoad* + (W_{wt}) = 11 + 21.579 = 32.579T

Eccentricity (e_{wt}) = M_{wt}/P_{wt} = 0 / 32.579 = 0 m

Eccentricity Ratio (e_{wt}/D_f) = 0 / 2.565 = 0

Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph = 1

Contact Area = 5.45.

Percentage Contact Area = 100.

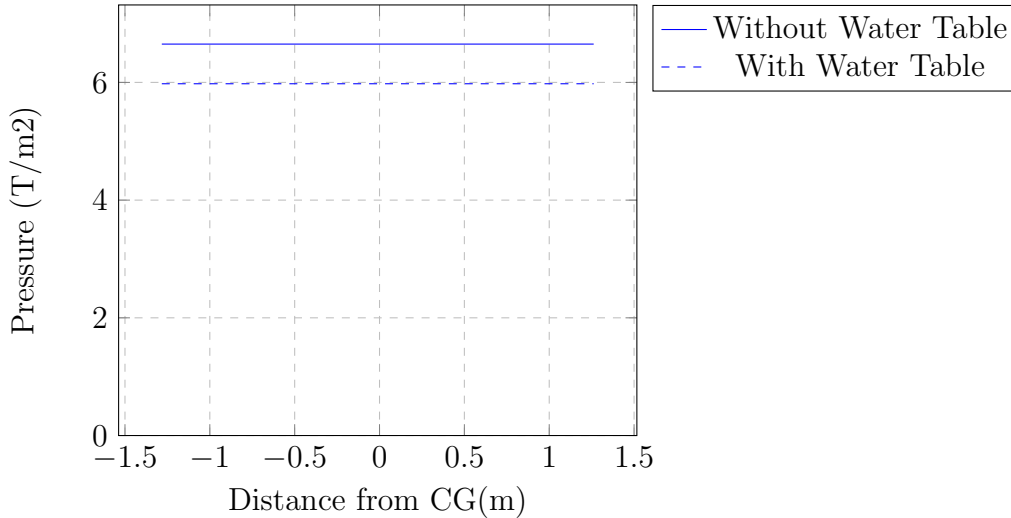
$$P_{\max} = P/A + M/Z = 32.579 / 5.45 + 0 / 1.707 = 5.977 \text{ T/m}^2$$

$$P_{\min} = P/A - M/Z = 32.579 / 5.45 - 0 / 1.707 = 5.977 \text{ T/m}^2$$

Moment at BOF value too small. FOS: Infinite.

Shear at BOF value too small. FOS: Infinite.

Calculated Pressure Diagram



Design calculation for Load Combinations No. = 2

Shear Force at BOF (V) = 1.54 T

$$\text{Moment at BOF (M)} = \text{Moment} + \text{Shear} * (\text{TOG} - \text{BOF}) = 5.73 + 1.54 * (100.3 - 98) = 9.272T - m$$

Without Water Table

$$\text{Weight of Footing (W}_f) = (A_f) * \gamma_{\text{conc}} * \text{FdnDepth} = 5.45 * 2.5 * 0.35 = 4.769T$$

$$\text{Weight of Pedestal (W}_p) = (A_p) * \gamma_{\text{conc}} * (\text{TOG} - \text{BOF} - \text{FdnDepth}) = 0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * 2.5 * (100.3 - 98 - 0.35) = 10.995T$$

$$\text{Weight of Soil above Footing (W}_s) = (0.828 * 2.565^2 - 0.828 * 1.65^2) * 1.8 * (100 - 98 - 0.35) = 9.489T$$

$$\text{Total Structural Weight (W)} = W_f + W_p + W_s = 4.769 + 10.995 + 9.489 = 25.253T$$

$$\text{Total Vertical Load at BOF (P)} = \text{axialLoad} + W = 11 + 25.253 = 36.253T$$

$$\text{Eccentricity (e)} = M/P = 9.272/36.253 = 0.256m$$

$$\text{Eccentricity Ratio (e/D}_f) = 0.256/2.565 = 0.1$$

$$\text{Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph } (\mu_{\text{nomo}}) = 1.65$$

Contact Area = 5.45.

Percentage Contact Area = 100.

$$P_{\max} = P/A + M/Z = 36.253/5.45 + 9.272/1.707 = 12.084T/m^2$$

$$P_{\min} = P/A - M/Z = 36.253/5.45 - 9.272/1.707 = 1.219T/m^2$$

$$\text{Overturnign FOS} = (P * D/2)/M = (36.253 * 2.565/2)/9.272 = 5.015.$$

$$\text{Sliding FOS} = (\mu * P)/H = 36.253 * 0.32/1.54 = 7.533.$$

With Water Table

Footing upper level = $98 + 0.35 = 98.35$

Water table level = 99.5

Water table above footing

Weight of Footing (W_{fwt}) = $0.828 * 2.565 * 2.565 * (2.5 * (0) + (2.5 - 1.0) * \text{Math.Min}((99.5 - 98), 0.35)) = 2.861T$

Weight of Pedestal (W_{pwt}) = $0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * (2.5 * (100.3 - 99.5) + (2.5 - 1.0) * (99.5 - 98 - 0.35)) = 8.401T$

Weight of Soil above Footing (W_{swt}) = $(0.828 * (2.565 * 2.565) - 0.828 * (1.65 * 1.65)) * ((100 - 99.5) * 1.8 + (99.5 - 98 - 0.35) * 0.8) = 5.815T$

Total Structural Weight (W_{wt}) = (W_{swt}) + (W_{pwt}) + (W_{fwt}) = $2.861 + 8.401 + 5.815 = 21.579T$

Total Vertical Load at BOF (P_{wt}) = $\text{axialLoad} + (W_{wt}) = 11 + 21.579 = 32.579T$

Eccentricity (e_{wt}) = $M_{wt} / P_{wt} = 9.272 / 32.579 = 0.285 \text{ m}$

Eccentricity Ratio (e_{wt} / D_f) = $0.285 / 2.565 = 0.111$

Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph = 1.775

Contact Area = 5.45.

Percentage Contact Area = 100.

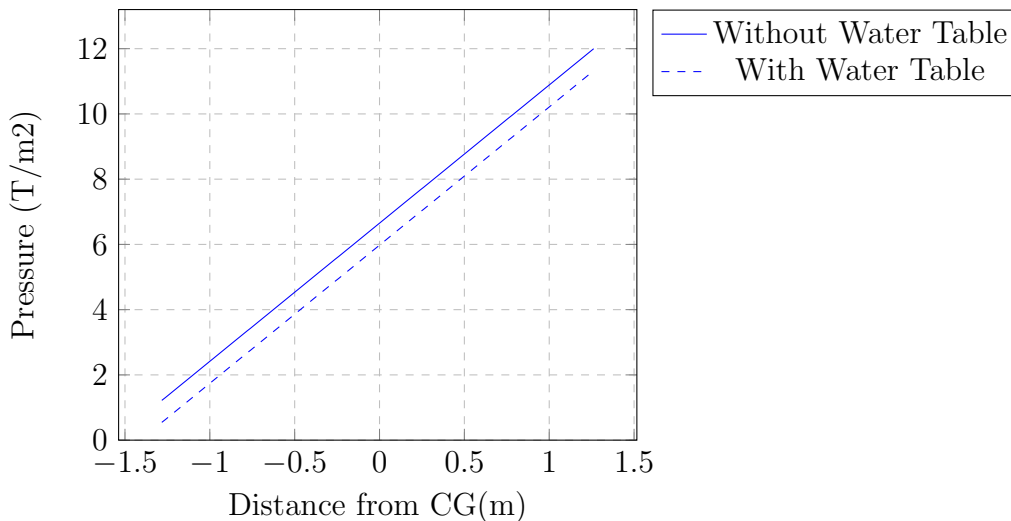
$P_{\max} = P/A + M/Z = 32.579 / 5.45 + 9.272 / 1.707 = 11.41 \text{ T/m}^2$

$P_{\min} = P/A - M/Z = 32.579 / 5.45 - 9.272 / 1.707 = 0.545 \text{ T/m}^2$

Overturign FOS = $(P * D/2) / M = 32.579 * 2.565 / 2 / 9.272 = 4.506$.

Sliding FOS = $(\mu * P) / H = 32.579 * 0.32 / 1.54 = 6.77$.

Calculated Pressure Diagram



Design calculation for Load Combinations No. = 3

Shear Force at BOF (V) = 1.54 T

Moment at BOF (M) = $\text{Moment} + \text{Shear} * (\text{TOG} - \text{BOF}) = 5.73 + 1.54 * (100.3 - 98) = 9.272T - m$

Without Water Table

Weight of Footing (W_f) = $(A_f) * \gamma_{\text{conc}} * \text{FdnDepth} = 5.45 * 2.5 * 0.35 = 4.769T$

Weight of Pedestal (W_p) = $(A_p) * \gamma_{\text{conc}} * (\text{TOG} - \text{BOF} - \text{FdnDepth}) = 0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 *$

$$2.5 * (100.3 - 98 - 0.35) = 10.995T$$

$$\text{Weight of Soil above Footing } (W_s) = (0.828 * 2.565^2 - 0.828 * 1.65^2) * 1.8 * (100 - 98 - 0.35) = 9.489T$$

$$\text{Total Structural Weight } (W) = W_f + W_p + W_s = 4.769 + 10.995 + 9.489 = 25.253T$$

$$\text{Total Vertical Load at BOF } (P) = \text{axialLoad} + W = 3.5 + 25.253 = 28.753T$$

$$\text{Eccentricity } (e) = M/P = 9.272/28.753 = 0.322m$$

$$\text{Eccentricity Ratio } (e/D_f) = 0.322/2.565 = 0.126$$

$$\text{Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph } (\mu_{\text{nomo}}) = 1.91$$

$$\text{Contact Area} = 5.444.$$

$$\text{Percentage Contact Area} = 99.885.$$

$$P_{\text{max}} = P/A + M/Z = 28.753/5.45 + 9.272/1.707 = 10.708T/m^2$$

$$P_{\text{min}} = P/A - M/Z = 28.753/5.45 - 9.272/1.707 = -0.157T/m^2$$

P_{min} is Negative, Pressure values shall updated using Nomograph coefficients.

$$P_{\text{max}} = \mu_{\text{nomo}} * P/A = 1.91 * 28.753/5.45 = 10.076T/m^2$$

$$P_{\text{min}} = 0 T/m^2$$

$$\text{Overturnign FOS} = (P * D/2)/M = (28.753 * 2.565/2)/9.272 = 3.977.$$

$$\text{Sliding FOS} = (\mu * P)/H = 28.753 * 0.32/1.54 = 5.975.$$

With Water Table

$$\text{Footing upper level} = 98 + 0.35 = 98.35$$

$$\text{Water table level} = 99.5$$

$$\text{Water table above footing}$$

$$\text{Weight of Footing } (W_{\text{fwt}}) = 0.828 * 2.565 * 2.565 * (2.5 * (0) + (2.5 - 1.0) * \text{Math.Min}((99.5 - 98), 0.35)) = 2.861T$$

$$\text{Weight of Pedestal } (W_{\text{pwt}}) = 0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * (2.5 * (100.3 - 99.5) + (2.5 - 1.0) * (99.5 - 98 - 0.35)) = 8.401T$$

$$\text{Weight of Soil above Footing } (W_{\text{swt}}) = (0.828 * (2.565 * 2.565) - 0.828 * (1.65 * 1.65)) * ((100 - 99.5) * 1.8 + (99.5 - 98 - 0.35) * 0.8) = 5.815T$$

$$\text{Total Structural Weight } (W_{\text{wt}}) = (W_{\text{swt}}) + (W_{\text{pwt}}) + (W_{\text{fwt}}) = 2.861 + 8.401 + 5.815 = 21.579T$$

$$\text{Total Vertical Load at BOF } (P_{\text{wt}}) = \text{axialLoad} + (W_{\text{wt}}) = 3.5 + 21.579 = 25.079T$$

$$\text{Eccentricity } (e_{\text{wt}}) = M_{\text{wt}}/P_{\text{wt}} = 9.272 / 25.079 = 0.37 m$$

$$\text{Eccentricity Ratio } (e_{\text{wt}}/D_f) = 0.37 / 2.565 = 0.144$$

$$\text{Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph} = 2.05$$

$$\text{Contact Area} = 5.339.$$

$$\text{Percentage Contact Area} = 97.947.$$

$$P_{\text{max}} = P/A + M/Z = 25.079 / 5.45 + 9.272 / 1.707 = 10.034 T/m^2$$

$$P_{\text{min}} = P/A - M/Z = 25.079 / 5.45 - 9.272 / 1.707 = -0.831 T/m^2$$

P_{min} is Negative, Pressure values shall updated using Nomograph coefficients.

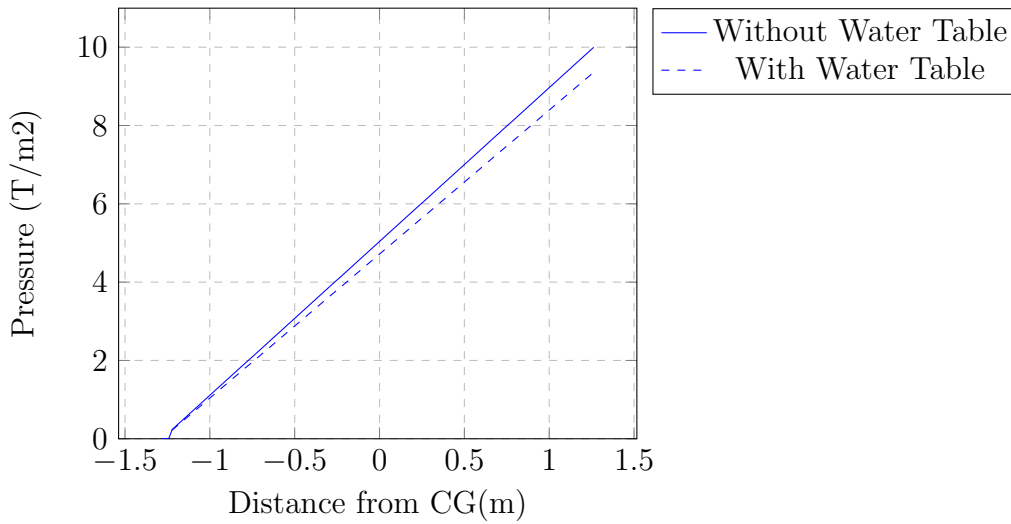
$$P_{\text{max}} = \mu_{\text{nomo}} * P/A = 2.05 * 25.079/5.45 = 9.433T/m^2$$

$$P_{\text{min}} = 0 T/m^2$$

$$\text{Overturnign FOS} = (P * D/2)/M = 25.079 * 2.565/2/9.272 = 3.469.$$

$$\text{Sliding FOS} = (\mu * P)/H = 25.079 * 0.32/1.54 = 5.211.$$

Calculated Pressure Diagram



Design calculation for Load Combinations No. = 4

Shear Force at BOF (V) = 0.385 T

Moment at BOF (M) = $Moment + Shear * (TOG - BOF) = 1.433 + 0.385 * (100.3 - 98) = 2.318T - m$

Without Water Table

Weight of Footing (W_f) = $(A_f) * \gamma_{conc} * FdnDepth = 5.45 * 2.5 * 0.35 = 4.769T$

Weight of Pedestal (W_p) = $(A_p) * \gamma_{conc} * (TOG - BOF - FdnDepth) = 0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * 2.5 * (100.3 - 98 - 0.35) = 10.995T$

Weight of Soil above Footing (W_s) = $(0.828 * 2.565^2 - 0.828 * 1.65^2) * 1.8 * (100 - 98 - 0.35) = 9.489T$

Total Structural Weight (W) = $W_f + W_p + W_s = 4.769 + 10.995 + 9.489 = 25.253T$

Total Vertical Load at BOF (P) = $axialLoad + W = 13.2 + 25.253 = 38.453T$

Eccentricity (e) = $M/P = 2.318/38.453 = 0.06m$

Eccentricity Ratio (e/D_f) = $0.06/2.565 = 0.024$

Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph (μ_{nomo}) = 1.15

Contact Area = 5.45.

Percentage Contact Area = 100.

$P_{max} = P/A + M/Z = 38.453/5.45 + 2.318/1.707 = 8.413T/m^2$

$P_{min} = P/A - M/Z = 38.453/5.45 - 2.318/1.707 = 5.697T/m^2$

Overturnign FOS = $(P * D/2)/M = (38.453 * 2.565/2)/2.318 = 21.275$.

Sliding FOS = $(\mu * P)/H = 38.453 * 0.32/0.385 = 31.961$.

With Water Table

Footing upper level = $98 + 0.35 = 98.35$

Water table level = 99.5

Water table above footing

Weight of Footing (W_{fwt}) = $0.828 * 2.565 * 2.565 * (2.5 * (0) + (2.5 - 1.0) * Math.Min((99.5 - 98), 0.35)) = 2.861T$

Weight of Pedestal (W_{pwt}) = $0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * (2.5 * (100.3 - 99.5) + (2.5 - 1.0) * (99.5 -$

$$98 - 0.35) = 8.401T$$

$$\text{Weight of Soil above Footing } (W_{\text{swt}}) = (0.828 * (2.565 * 2.565) - 0.828 * (1.65 * 1.65)) * ((100 - 99.5) * 1.8 + (99.5 - 98 - 0.35) * 0.8) = 5.815T$$

$$\text{Total Structural Weight } (W_{\text{wt}}) = (W_{\text{swt}}) + (W_{\text{pwt}}) + (W_{\text{fwt}}) = 2.861 + 8.401 + 5.815 = 21.579T$$

$$\text{Total Vertical Load at BOF } (P_{\text{wt}}) = \text{axialLoad} + (W_{\text{wt}}) = 13.2 + 21.579 = 34.779T$$

$$\text{Eccentricity } (e_{\text{wt}}) = M_{\text{wt}} / P_{\text{wt}} = 2.318 / 34.779 = 0.067 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Eccentricity Ratio } (e_{\text{wt}} / D_f) = 0.067 / 2.565 = 0.026$$

$$\text{Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph} = 1.18$$

$$\text{Contact Area} = 5.45.$$

$$\text{Percentage Contact Area} = 100.$$

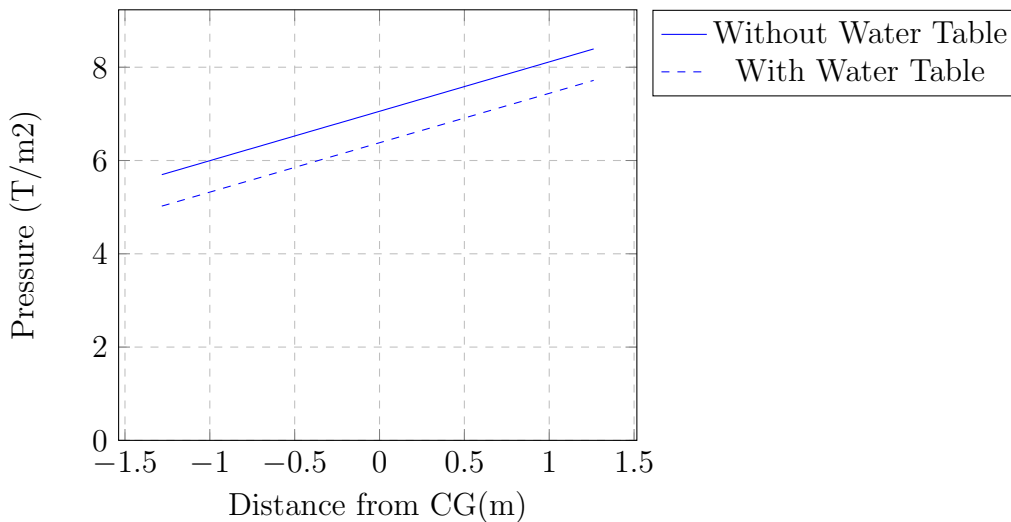
$$P_{\text{max}} = P/A + M/Z = 34.779 / 5.45 + 2.318 / 1.707 = 7.739 \text{ T/m}^2$$

$$P_{\text{min}} = P/A - M/Z = 34.779 / 5.45 - 2.318 / 1.707 = 5.023 \text{ T/m}^2$$

$$\text{Overturning FOS} = (P * D/2) / M = 34.779 * 2.565 / 2 / 2.318 = 19.243.$$

$$\text{Sliding FOS} = (\mu * P) / H = 34.779 * 0.32 / 0.385 = 28.907.$$

Calculated Pressure Diagram



Design calculation for Load Combinations No. = 5

$$\text{Shear Force at BOF } (V) = 2.54 \text{ T}$$

$$\text{Moment at BOF } (M) = \text{Moment} + \text{Shear} * (\text{TOG} - \text{BOF}) = 9.26 + 2.54 * (100.3 - 98) = 15.102T - m$$

Without Water Table

$$\text{Weight of Footing } (W_f) = (A_f) * \gamma_{\text{conc}} * \text{FdnDepth} = 5.45 * 2.5 * 0.35 = 4.769T$$

$$\text{Weight of Pedestal } (W_p) = (A_p) * \gamma_{\text{conc}} * (\text{TOG} - \text{BOF} - \text{FdnDepth}) = 0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * 2.5 * (100.3 - 98 - 0.35) = 10.995T$$

$$\text{Weight of Soil above Footing } (W_s) = (0.828 * 2.565^2 - 0.828 * 1.65^2) * 1.8 * (100 - 98 - 0.35) = 9.489T$$

$$\text{Total Structural Weight } (W) = W_f + W_p + W_s = 4.769 + 10.995 + 9.489 = 25.253T$$

$$\text{Total Vertical Load at BOF } (P) = \text{axialLoad} + W = 11 + 25.253 = 36.253T$$

$$\text{Eccentricity } (e) = M/P = 15.102/36.253 = 0.417m$$

$$\text{Eccentricity Ratio } (e/D_f) = 0.417/2.565 = 0.162$$

Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph (μ_{nomo}) = 2.25

Contact Area = 5.105.

Percentage Contact Area = 93.665.

$$P_{\text{max}} = P/A + M/Z = 36.253/5.45 + 15.102/1.707 = 15.499T/m^2$$

$$P_{\text{min}} = P/A - M/Z = 36.253/5.45 - 15.102/1.707 = -2.196T/m^2$$

P_{min} is Negative, Pressure values shall updated using Nomograph coefficients.

$$P_{\text{max}} = \mu_{\text{nomo}} * P/A = 2.25 * 36.253/5.45 = 14.966T/m^2$$

$$P_{\text{min}} = 0 T/m^2$$

$$\text{Overturnign FOS} = (P * D/2)/M = (36.253 * 2.565/2)/15.102 = 3.079.$$

$$\text{Sliding FOS} = (\mu * P)/H = 36.253 * 0.32/2.54 = 4.567.$$

With Water Table

$$\text{Footing upper level} = 98 + 0.35 = 98.35$$

$$\text{Water table level} = 99.5$$

Water table above footing

$$\text{Weight of Footing } (W_{\text{fwt}}) = 0.828 * 2.565 * 2.565 * (2.5 * (0) + (2.5 - 1.0) * \text{Math.Min}((99.5 - 98), 0.35)) = 2.861T$$

$$\text{Weight of Pedestal } (W_{\text{pwt}}) = 0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * (2.5 * (100.3 - 99.5) + (2.5 - 1.0) * (99.5 - 98 - 0.35)) = 8.401T$$

$$\text{Weight of Soil above Footing } (W_{\text{swt}}) = (0.828 * (2.565 * 2.565) - 0.828 * (1.65 * 1.65)) * ((100 - 99.5) * 1.8 + (99.5 - 98 - 0.35) * 0.8) = 5.815T$$

$$\text{Total Structural Weight } (W_{\text{wt}}) = (W_{\text{swt}}) + (W_{\text{pwt}}) + (W_{\text{fwt}}) = 2.861 + 8.401 + 5.815 = 21.579T$$

$$\text{Total Vertical Load at BOF } (P_{\text{wt}}) = \text{axialLoad} + (W_{\text{wt}}) = 11 + 21.579 = 32.579T$$

$$\text{Eccentricity } (e_{\text{wt}}) = M_{\text{wt}}/P_{\text{wt}} = 15.102 / 32.579 = 0.464 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Eccentricity Ratio } (e_{\text{wt}}/D_f) = 0.464 / 2.565 = 0.181$$

Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph = 2.46

Contact Area = 4.742.

Percentage Contact Area = 87.01.

$$P_{\text{max}} = P/A + M/Z = 32.579 / 5.45 + 15.102 / 1.707 = 14.825 T/m^2$$

$$P_{\text{min}} = P/A - M/Z = 32.579 / 5.45 - 15.102 / 1.707 = -2.871 T/m^2$$

P_{min} is Negative, Pressure values shall updated using Nomograph coefficients.

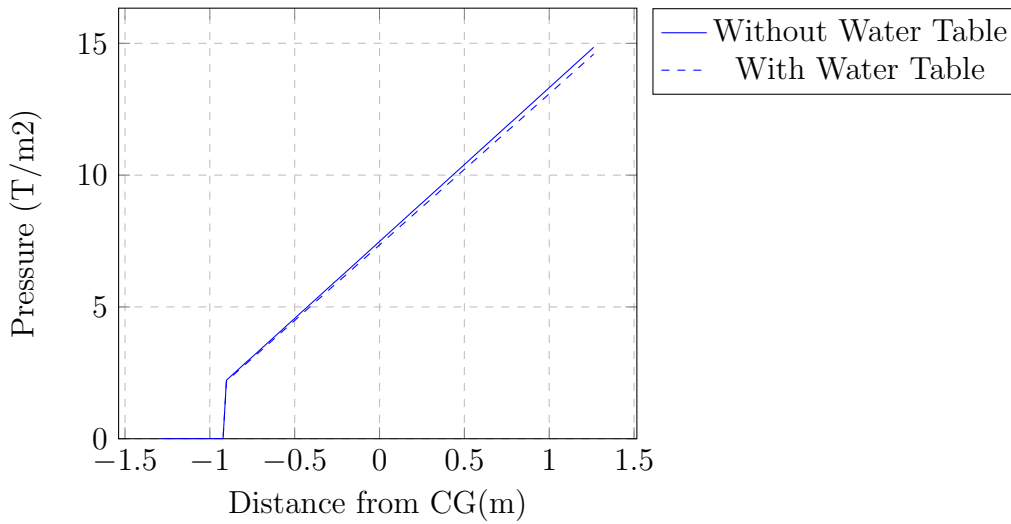
$$P_{\text{max}} = \mu_{\text{nomo}} * P/A = 2.46 * 32.579/5.45 = 14.704T/m^2$$

$$P_{\text{min}} = 0 T/m^2$$

$$\text{Overturnign FOS} = (P * D/2)/M = 32.579 * 2.565/2/15.102 = 2.767.$$

$$\text{Sliding FOS} = (\mu * P)/H = 32.579 * 0.32/2.54 = 4.104.$$

Calculated Pressure Diagram



Design calculation for Load Combinations No. = 6

Shear Force at BOF (V) = 5.69 T

Moment at BOF (M) = $Moment + Shear * (TOG - BOF) = 10.54 + 5.69 * (100.3 - 98) = 23.627T - m$

Without Water Table

Weight of Footing (W_f) = $(A_f) * \gamma_{conc} * FdnDepth = 5.45 * 2.5 * 0.35 = 4.769T$

Weight of Pedestal (W_p) = $(A_p) * \gamma_{conc} * (TOG - BOF - FdnDepth) = 0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * 2.5 * (100.3 - 98 - 0.35) = 10.995T$

Weight of Soil above Footing (W_s) = $(0.828 * 2.565^2 - 0.828 * 1.65^2) * 1.8 * (100 - 98 - 0.35) = 9.489T$

Total Structural Weight (W) = $W_f + W_p + W_s = 4.769 + 10.995 + 9.489 = 25.253T$

Total Vertical Load at BOF (P) = $axialLoad + W = 11 + 25.253 = 36.253T$

Eccentricity (e) = $M/P = 23.627/36.253 = 0.652m$

Eccentricity Ratio (e/D_f) = $0.652/2.565 = 0.254$

Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph (μ_{nomo}) = 3.42

Contact Area = 5.416.

Percentage Contact Area = 99.366.

$P_{max} = P/A + M/Z = 36.253/5.45 + 23.627/1.707 = 20.494T/m^2$

$P_{min} = P/A - M/Z = 36.253/5.45 - 23.627/1.707 = -7.191T/m^2$

P_{min} is Negative, Pressure values shall updated using Nomograph coefficients.

$P_{max} = \mu_{nomo} * P/A = 3.42 * 36.253/5.45 = 22.748T/m^2$

$P_{min} = 0 T/m^2$

Overturnign FOS = $(P * D/2)/M = (36.253 * 2.565/2)/23.627 = 1.968$.

Sliding FOS = $(\mu * P)/H = 36.253 * 0.32/5.69 = 2.039$.

With Water Table

Footing upper level = $98 + 0.35 = 98.35$

Water table level = 99.5

Water table above footing

Weight of Footing (W_{fwt}) = $0.828 * 2.565 * 2.565 * (2.5 * (0) + (2.5 - 1.0) * \text{Math.Min}((99.5 - 98), 0.35)) = 2.861T$

Weight of Pedestal (W_{pwt}) = $0.828 * 1.65 * 1.65 * (2.5 * (100.3 - 99.5) + (2.5 - 1.0) * (99.5 - 98 - 0.35)) = 8.401T$

Weight of Soil above Footing (W_{swt}) = $(0.828 * (2.565 * 2.565) - 0.828 * (1.65 * 1.65)) * ((100 - 99.5) * 1.8 + (99.5 - 98 - 0.35) * 0.8) = 5.815T$

Total Structural Weight (W_{wt}) = (W_{swt}) + (W_{pwt}) + (W_{fwt}) = $2.861 + 8.401 + 5.815 = 21.579T$

Total Vertical Load at BOF (P_{wt}) = $\text{axialLoad} + (W_{\text{wt}}) = 11 + 21.579 = 32.579T$

Eccentricity (e_{wt}) = $M_{\text{wt}} / P_{\text{wt}} = 23.627 / 32.579 = 0.725 \text{ m}$

Eccentricity Ratio (e_{wt} / D_f) = $0.725 / 2.565 = 0.283$

Pressure Coefficient from Nomograph = 3.935

Contact Area = 5.079.

Percentage Contact Area = 93.188.

$P_{\text{max}} = P/A + M/Z = 32.579 / 5.45 + 23.627 / 1.707 = 19.82 \text{ T/m}^2$

$P_{\text{min}} = P/A - M/Z = 32.579 / 5.45 - 23.627 / 1.707 = -7.865 \text{ T/m}^2$

P_{min} is Negative, Pressure values shall updated using Nomograph coefficients.

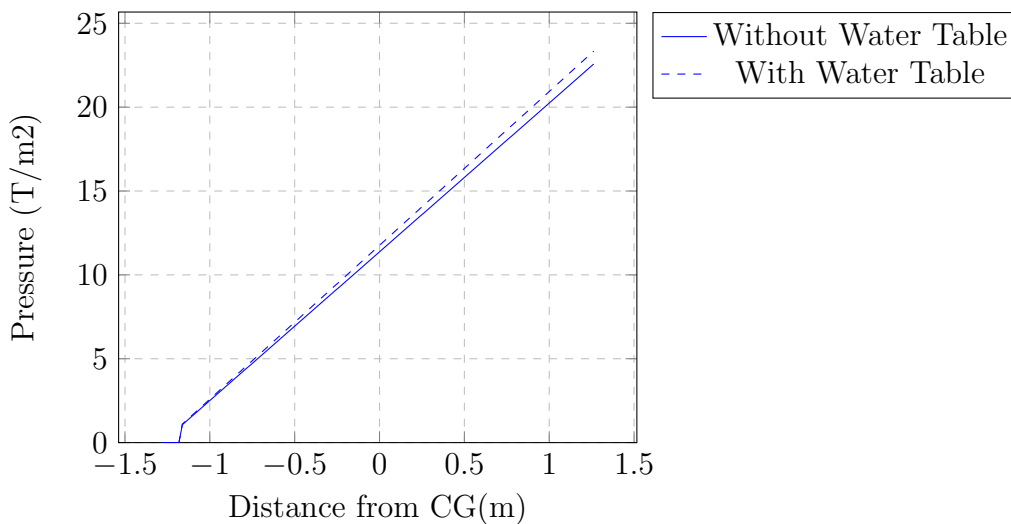
$P_{\text{max}} = \mu_{\text{nomo}} * P/A = 3.935 * 32.579 / 5.45 = 23.521T/m^2$

$P_{\text{min}} = 0 \text{ T/m}^2$

Overturnign FOS = $(P * D/2) / M = 32.579 * 2.565 / 2 / 23.627 = 1.768$.

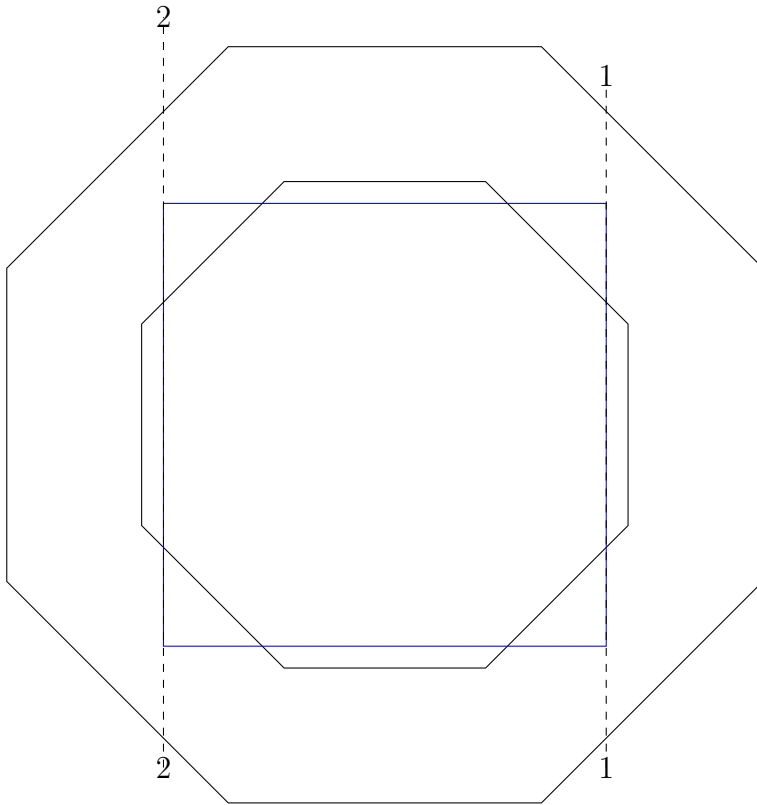
Sliding FOS = $(\mu * P) / H = 32.579 * 0.32 / 5.69 = 1.832$.

Calculated Pressure Diagram



Section Used to cal-

culate the moment for reinforcement design.



8 Moment R/F Calculations

Calculation for Footing Reinforcements

Calculation for Load Combination 1

For Reinforcement Steel of Grade 500N/mm², $X_{u\max}/d$ (From IS456)= 0.46
Reinforcement design Depth (for Bottom R/f) = 0.27 m
Reinforcement design Depth (for Top R/f) = 0.27 m
Footing edge Length (a) = 0.751 m
Pedestal Size > Footing size edge Length.
Reinforcement design Width = 1.666 m
Mulim (Bottom R/f) = 119.982 Tm
Mulim (Top R/f) = 119.982 Tm

Without Water Table Case

Moment Pmin side = 0.79 Tm
Moment Pmax side = 0.79 Tm
Design Moment = 0.79 Tm
Design moment is less than MuLim. = Singly R/f design shall be performed.
 $M_u / bd^2 = 0.001$
Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = 0.022
Minimum R/f required as per User Input. Providing Top R/f = 0.12

With Water Table Case

Moment Pmin side = 0.79 Tm
Moment Pmax side = 0.79 Tm
Design Moment = 0.79 Tm
 $M_u / bd^2 = 0.001$
Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = 0.022
Minimum R/f required . Providing Bottom R/f = 0.12
Minimum R/f required as per User Input. Providing Top R/f = 0.12
Bottom R/f = 0.12
Top R/f = 0.12
Bottom R/f (WT)= 0.12
Top R/f (WT)= 0.12

Calculation for Load Combination 2

Without Water Table Case

Moment Pmin side = -0.114 Tm
Moment Pmax side = 1.693 Tm
Design Moment = 1.693 Tm
Design moment is less than MuLim. = Singly R/f design shall be performed.
 $M_u / bd^2 = 0.002$
Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = 0.048
Minimum R/f provided at Bottom. = 0.12
Minimum R/f required as per User Input. Providing Top R/f = 0.12
Design moment Top is less than MuLim. = Singly R/f design shall be performed.
 $M_u / bd^2 = 0$
Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = 0.003
Minimum R/f provided at Top. = 0

Bottom R/f = max (Bottom R/f due to +ve Moment in Pmax side, Bottom R/f due to -ve Moment doubly R/f on Pmin side) = 0.12

Top R/f = max (Top R/f due to +ve Moment doubly R/f in Pmax side, Top R/f due to -ve Moment on Pmin side) = 0.12

With Water Table Case

Moment Pmin side = -0.114 Tm

Moment Pmax side = 1.693 Tm

Design moment is less than MuLim. = Singly R/f design shall be performed.

Mu / bd² = 0.002

Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = 0.048

Minimum R/f provided at Bottom. = 0.12

Minimum R/f required as per User Input. Providing Top R/f = 0.12

Design moment Top is less than MuLim. = Singly R/f design shall be performed.

Mu / bd² = 0

Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = 0.003

Minimum R/f provided at Top. = 0.12

Bottom R/f = max (Bottom R/f due to +ve Moment in Pmax side, Bottom R/f due to -ve Moment doubly R/f on Pmin side) = 0.12

Top R/f = max (Top R/f due to +ve Moment doubly R/f in Pmax side, Top R/f due to -ve Moment on Pmin side) = 0.12

Bottom R/f = 0.12

Top R/f = 0.12

Bottom R/f (WT) = 0.12

Top R/f (WT) = 0.12

Calculation for Load Combination 3

Without Water Table Case

Moment Pmin side = -0.624 Tm

Moment Pmax side = -2.298 Tm

Design Moment = -2.298 Tm

Design moment is less than MuLim. = Singly R/f design shall be performed.

Mu / bd² = -0.003

Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = -0.063

Minimum R/f provided at Bottom. = 0.12

Minimum R/f required as per User Input. Providing Top R/f = 0.12

Design moment Top is less than MuLim. = Singly R/f design shall be performed.

Mu / bd² = 0.001

Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = 0.017

Minimum R/f provided at Top. = 0

Bottom R/f = max (Bottom R/f due to +ve Moment in Pmax side, Bottom R/f due to -ve Moment doubly R/f on Pmin side) = 0.12

Top R/f = max (Top R/f due to +ve Moment doubly R/f in Pmax side, Top R/f due to -ve Moment on Pmin side) = 0.12

With Water Table Case

Moment Pmin side = -0.245 Tm

Moment Pmax side = 1.327 Tm

Design moment is less than MuLim. = Singly R/f design shall be performed.

Mu / bd² = -0.003

Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = 0.037

Minimum R/f provided at Bottom. = 0.12

Minimum R/f required as per User Input. Providing Top R/f = 0.12

Design moment Top is less than MuLim. = Singly R/f design shall be performed.

$\mu / bd^2 = 0.001$

Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = 0.017

Minimum R/f provided at Top. = 0.12

Bottom R/f = max (Bottom R/f due to +ve Moment in Pmax side, Bottom R/f due to -ve Moment doubly R/f on Pmin side) = 0.12

Top R/f = max (Top R/f due to +ve Moment doubly R/f in Pmax side, Top R/f due to -ve Moment on Pmin side) = 0.12

Bottom R/f = 0.12

Top R/f = 0.12

Bottom R/f (WT)= 0.12

Top R/f (WT)= 0.12

Calculation for Load Combination 4

Without Water Table Case

Moment Pmin side = 0.643 Tm

Moment Pmax side = 1.095 Tm

Design Moment = 1.095 Tm

Design moment is less than MuLim. = Singly R/f design shall be performed.

$\mu / bd^2 = 0.001$

Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = 0.031

Minimum R/f required as per User Input. Providing Top R/f = 0.12

With Water Table Case

Moment Pmin side = 0.643 Tm

Moment Pmax side = 1.095 Tm

Design Moment = 1.095 Tm

$\mu / bd^2 = 0.001$

Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = 0.031

Minimum R/f required . Providing Bottom R/f = 0.12

Minimum R/f required as per User Input. Providing Top R/f = 0.12

Bottom R/f = 0.12

Top R/f = 0.12

Bottom R/f (WT)= 0.12

Top R/f (WT)= 0.12

Calculation for Load Combination 5

Without Water Table Case

Moment Pmin side = -0.517 Tm

Moment Pmax side = -2.789 Tm

Design Moment = -2.789 Tm

Design moment is less than MuLim. = Singly R/f design shall be performed.

$\mu / bd^2 = -0.004$

Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = -0.077

Minimum R/f provided at Bottom. = 0.12

Minimum R/f required as per User Input. Providing Top R/f = 0.12

Design moment Top is less than MuLim. = Singly R/f design shall be performed.

$M_u / bd^2 = 0.001$

Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = 0.014

Minimum R/f provided at Top. = 0

Bottom R/f = max (Bottom R/f due to +ve Moment in Pmax side, Bottom R/f due to -ve Moment doubly R/f on Pmin side) = 0.12

Top R/f = max (Top R/f due to +ve Moment doubly R/f in Pmax side, Top R/f due to -ve Moment on Pmin side) = 0.12

With Water Table Case

Moment Pmin side = -0.337 Tm

Moment Pmax side = 2.282 Tm

Design moment is less than MuLim. = Singly R/f design shall be performed.

$M_u / bd^2 = -0.004$

Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = 0.064

Minimum R/f provided at Bottom. = 0.12

Minimum R/f required as per User Input. Providing Top R/f = 0.12

Design moment Top is less than MuLim. = Singly R/f design shall be performed.

$M_u / bd^2 = 0.001$

Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = 0.014

Minimum R/f provided at Top. = 0.12

Bottom R/f = max (Bottom R/f due to +ve Moment in Pmax side, Bottom R/f due to -ve Moment doubly R/f on Pmin side) = 0.12

Top R/f = max (Top R/f due to +ve Moment doubly R/f in Pmax side, Top R/f due to -ve Moment on Pmin side) = 0.12

Bottom R/f = 0.12

Top R/f = 0.12

Bottom R/f (WT) = 0.12

Top R/f (WT) = 0.12

Calculation for Load Combination 6

Without Water Table Case

Moment Pmin side = -0.674 Tm

Moment Pmax side = -4.422 Tm

Design Moment = -4.422 Tm

Design moment is less than MuLim. = Singly R/f design shall be performed.

$M_u / bd^2 = -0.006$

Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = -0.121

Minimum R/f provided at Bottom. = 0.12

Minimum R/f required as per User Input. Providing Top R/f = 0.12

Design moment Top is less than MuLim. = Singly R/f design shall be performed.

$M_u / bd^2 = 0.001$

Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = 0.019

Minimum R/f provided at Top. = 0

Bottom R/f = max (Bottom R/f due to +ve Moment in Pmax side, Bottom R/f due to -ve Moment doubly R/f on Pmin side) = 0.12

Top R/f = max (Top R/f due to +ve Moment doubly R/f in Pmax side, Top R/f due to -ve Moment on Pmin side) = 0.12

With Water Table Case

Moment Pmin side = -0.071 Tm

Moment Pmax side = 3.878 Tm

Design moment is less than MuLim. = Singly R/f design shall be performed.

$\mu / bd^2 = -0.006$

Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = 0.11

Minimum R/f provided at Bottom. = 0.12

Minimum R/f required as per User Input. Providing Top R/f = 0.12

Design moment Top is less than MuLim. = Singly R/f design shall be performed.

$\mu / bd^2 = 0.001$

Reinforcement received from Quadratic Solver = 0.019

Minimum R/f provided at Top. = 0.12

Bottom R/f = max (Bottom R/f due to +ve Moment in Pmax side, Bottom R/f due to -ve Moment doubly R/f on Pmin side) = 0.12

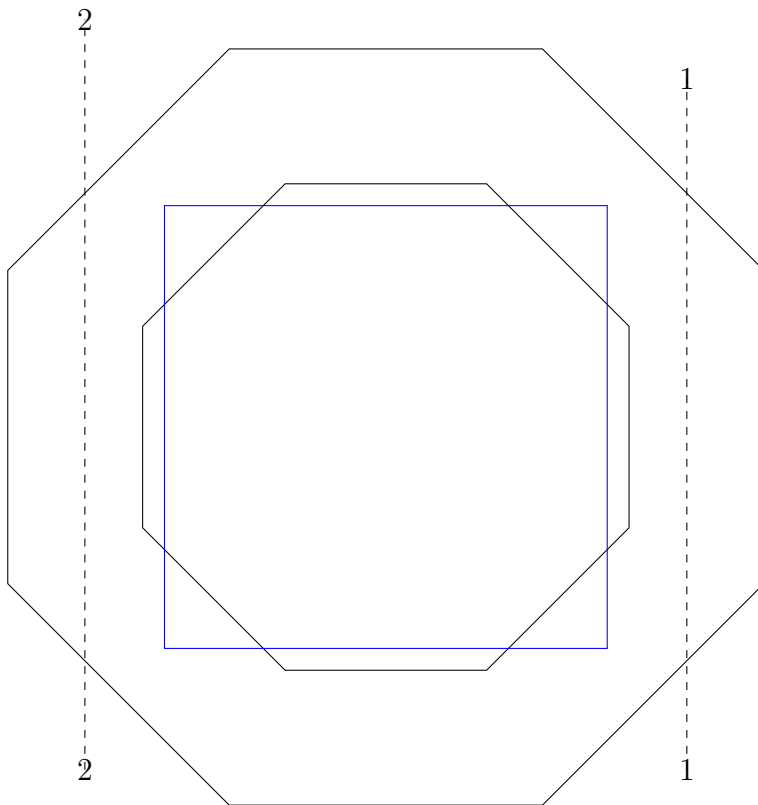
Top R/f = max (Top R/f due to +ve Moment doubly R/f in Pmax side, Top R/f due to -ve Moment on Pmin side) = 0.12

Bottom R/f = 0.12

Top R/f = 0.12

Bottom R/f (WT) = 0.12

Top R/f (WT) = 0.12 Section Used to calculate the Shear for reinforcement design.



9 Shear R/F Calculations

T_{kscmax} based on Concrete Grade (Table 20 IS456) = 3.5 N/mm^2

Final Pt (Bottom) (Without Water Table) received from Moment Design = 0.12%

Final Pt (Bottom) (With Water Table) received from Moment Design = 0.12%

Final Pt (Top) (Without Water Table) received from Moment Design = 0.12%

Final Pt (Top) (With Water Table) received from Moment Design = 0.12%

Bottom Reinforcement Shear Check

Without Water Table

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 1

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = 0.047 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < T_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For Pt = 0.12% $T_c = 0.265 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 2

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = 0.103 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < T_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For Pt = 0.12% $T_c = 0.265 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 3

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = -0.138 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < T_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For Pt = 0.12% $T_c = 0.265 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 4

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = 0.065 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < T_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For Pt = 0.12% $T_c = 0.265 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 5

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = -0.169 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < T_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For Pt = 0.12% $T_c = 0.265 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 6

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = -0.267 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < T_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For Pt = 0.12% $T_c = 0.265 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

With Water Table

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 1

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = 0.047 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < t_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For Pt = 0.12% $T_c = 0.265 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 2

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = 0.103 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < t_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For $P_t = 0.12\%T_c = 0.265 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 3

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = 0.081 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < t_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For $P_t = 0.12\%T_c = 0.265 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 4

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = 0.065 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < t_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For $P_t = 0.12\%T_c = 0.265 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 5

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = 0.139 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < t_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For $P_t = 0.12\%T_c = 0.265 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 6

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = 0.235 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < t_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For $P_t = 0.12\%T_c = 0.265 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v < T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

Top T/f Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 1 need not be checked.

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 2

Without Water Table

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = 0.009 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v \leq t_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For $P_t = 0.12\%T_c = 0.265 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v \leq T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 3

Without Water Table

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = 0.034 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v \leq t_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For $P_t = 0.12\%T_c = 0.265 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v \leq T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

Top T/f Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 4 need not be checked.

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 5

Without Water Table

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = 0.03 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v \leq t_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For $P_t = 0.12\%T_c = 0.265 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v \leq T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 6

Without Water Table

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = 0.034 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v \leq t_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For $P_t = 0.12\%T_c = 0.265 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v \leq T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 2

With Water Table

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = 0.009 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v \leq t_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For $P_t = 0.12T_c = 0.265$

$T_v < T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 3

With Water Table

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = 0.017 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v \leq t_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For $P_t = 0.12T_c = 0.265$

$T_v < T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 5

With Water Table

$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = 0.022 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v \leq t_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For $P_t = 0.12T_c = 0.265$

$T_v < T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

Shear Design for Load Combination No. = 6

With Water Table

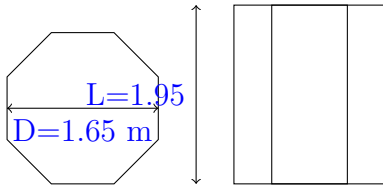
$T_v = \text{Shear Force} / (\text{Width} * \text{depth}) = 0.01 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$T_v \leq t_{cmax}$. Go ahead for shear check / design.

For $P_t = 0.12T_c = 0.265$

$T_v < T_c$ = Shear Check Pass.

10 Pedestal Design



Pedestal Length (L)= 1.95 m

Effective Pedestal Length $L_{ex} = 2 * L = 2 * 1.95 = 3.9 \text{ m}$

Slenderness Ratio = $L_{ex}/D = 3.9/1.65 = 2.364$

Gross area = 2.255 m²

Slenderness Ratio smaller than 3

Designed as Pedestal 0.15

Pt column % = 0.15