

# Chapter 1

## Installation

### 1.1 GitHub

#### 1.1.1 Setup

<code>sudo apt-get install git</code>	Install git
<code>git init</code>	Setup as git capable repository
<code>git config --global user.name "name"</code>	Configure machine to have an author
<code>git config --global user.email "email"</code>	Configure machine to have an author
	<code>git remote -v</code>

### 1.2 Emacs Shortcuts

#### 1.2.1 Motion

line:	<code>C-a</code>	<code>C-e</code>	(beginning/end)
character:	<code>C-f</code>	<code>C-b</code>	(forward/backward)
word:	<code>ESC-f</code>	<code>ESC-b</code>	(forward/backward)

# Chapter 2

## Current System

### 2.1 Software

#### 2.1.1 Techniques

These are some of the general techniques that are being used in the structure/implementation of the WormTracker

1. Logging
2. Passing execution parameters through the command line
3. Qt (User Interface)
4. GitHub for versioning and code distribution. Current branch being used is iss20

#### 2.1.2 Classes/Files

- `install-opencv-2_4_8.sh`: shell script to have identical OpenCV installations across machines
- `tracker.py`: the master class executed for functionality of tracker. Defines `Tracker` class. Initializes Qt Windows, passes arguments to the `finder`.
- `easyEBB.py`: management class for the EiBotBoard (motor control board)
- `eggbot_scanlinux.py`: class used to search USB devices connected for the EiBotBoard. Modified from Inkscape Python extension for EiBotBoard.
- `finder.py`: class containing all of the methods used to locate the worm in an image and make decisions about whether or not it needs to move.
- `managers.py`: management class for the Qt display and recording
- `imgProc.py`: depreciated

#### 2.1.3 Command line arguments

NOTE: some of the execution methods and logging levels have certain UI behaviors attached to them.

Sample execution of the tracker program is as follows: `sudo python tracker.py -m lazyc -l warning -s 0`

NOTE: `sudo` needed to be able to interact with the stepper motors

## Source (-s)

These are numbered as follows:

0. Camera source 0 (webcam on laptop or USB camera on Intel NUC)
1. Camera source 1 (USB camera on laptop)
2. `led_move1.avi`
3. `screencast.avi`
4. `shortNoBox.avi`
5. `longNoBox.avi`
6. `H299.avi`

Sources 2-7 are useful to test execution of tracker without using live worms. An improvement in the tracker from a previous version can be obvious when running it on

## Execution Methods (-m)

These are 4-5 letter specifications (command line `-m` flag) specifying certain elements of operation of the

1. `surf`
2. `sift`
3. `lazy`
4. `lazyc`
5. `lazyd`
6. `full`
7. `test`

The default method is specified line 208 in `tracker.py` as is currently `lazy`

## Logging Levels (-l)

These are standard and will impact what information is seen in the console. There are also UI considerations and dependencies on the execution method.

- `critical` associated with value 50.
- `error`
- `warning`
- `info`
- `debug`

Recommended combinations of `-m -l` and `-s` depending on goals

# Chapter 3

## Improvements

### 3.1 Hardware

### 3.2 Software

Overall important things to change:

1. Make the system multithreaded. The findworm

#### 3.2.1 findworm

#### 3.2.2 Interactions with hardware

It is important to remember that any time the stepper motors are engaged there is about a 1s recovery time to return to the

1. Camera: due to OpenCV issues with the camera delivering video in **GRAY-8** part of the OpenCV C class

#### Specification of the camera solution

The file to change is located at the following path (on LT-Valerie)

home\install\opencv-2.4.8\modules\highgui\bin\cap\_libv4l.cpp

The lines to change and how to change them are outlined in the table below:

724	capture->form.fmt.pix.pixelformat = V4L2_PIX_FMT_BGR24;
724	capture->form.fmt.pix.pixelformat = V4L2_PIX_FMT_GREY;
734	if (V4L2_PIX_FMT_BGR24 != capture->form.fmt.pix.pixelformat) {
734	if (V4L2_PIX_FMT_GREY != capture->form.fmt.pix.pixelformat) {
845	IPL_DEPTH_8U, 3, IPL_ORIGIN_TL, 4 );
845	IPL_DEPTH_8U, 1, IPL_ORIGIN_TL, 4 );
931	capture->imageProperties.palette = VIDEO_PALETTE_RGB24;
931	capture->imageProperties.palette = VIDEO_PALETTE_GREY;
943	if (capture->imageProperties.palette != VIDEO_PALETTE_RGB24) {
943	if (capture->imageProperties.palette != VIDEO_PALETTE_GREY) {
982	IPL_DEPTH_8U, 3, IPL_ORIGIN_TL, 4 );
982	IPL_DEPTH_8U, 1, IPL_ORIGIN_TL, 4 );
1258	IPL_DEPTH_8U, 3, IPL_ORIGIN_TL, 4 );
1258	IPL_DEPTH_8U, 1, IPL_ORIGIN_TL, 4 );
1271	IPL_DEPTH_8U, 3, IPL_ORIGIN_TL, 4 );
1271	IPL_DEPTH_8U, 1, IPL_ORIGIN_TL, 4 );

### 3.2.3 Ideal execution