Tache 7 Partie 1

File contour.h:

```
Bezier3 approx_bezier3(Contour c, int j1, int j2);

double distance_point_bezier3(Point P1, Bezier3 b3, double ti);

Contour simplification_douglas_peucker_bezier3(Contour C, int j1, int j2,double d);

void create_postscript_contours_bezier3(Liste_Contours c, char *file_name, int hauteur, int largeur);
...
```

Source code de contour.c modifié:

```
void contours_data_bezier3(Liste_Contours c)
    Cellule_Liste_Contours *el;
    el = c.first;
    int nb = 0;
    int nb_beziers = 0;
    while (el != NULL)
        nb++;
        Cellule_Liste_Point *e;
        e = (el->data).first;
        while (e != NULL)
            e = e -> suiv;
            e = e -> suiv;
            e = e->suiv;
            e = e->suiv;
            nb_beziers++;
        el = el->suiv;
    printf("Nombre des contours: %d\n", nb);
    printf("Nombre des bezier totals: %d\n", nb_beziers);
    printf("\n");
Bezier3 approx_bezier3(Contour c, int j1, int j2)
    Bezier3 b3;
    int n = j2 - j1;
```

```
Tableau_Point T = sequence_points_liste_vers_tableau(c);
           Point C0, C3;
           C0 = T.tab[j1];
           C3 = T.tab[j2];
           if (n == 1)
                     Point C1, C2;
                     C1 = set_point((2 * C0.x + C3.x) / 3, (2 * C0.y + C3.y) / 3);
                     C2 = set_point((C0.x + 2 * C3.x) / 3, (C0.y + 2 * C3.y) / 3);
                     // Declaration de la courbe bezier
                     b3.A = C0;
                     b3.B = C1;
                     b3.C = C2;
                     b3.D = C3:
                     return b3;
           else if (n == 2)
                     Point C1, C2, P1;
                     P1 = T.tab[j1 + 1];
                     C1 = set_point((4 * P1.x - C3.x) / 3, (4 * P1.y - C3.y) / 3);
                     C2 = set_point((4 * P1.x - C0.x) / 3, (4 * P1.y - C0.y) / 3);
                     b3.A = C0;
                     b3.B = C1;
                     b3.C = C2;
                     b3.D = C3;
                     return b3;
           else if (n > 2)
                     double n_double;
                     n_double = (double)(n);
                     // Calcul a et b
                     double a, b, lambda;
                     a = (-15 * n_double * n_double * n_double + 5 * n_double * n_double + 2 *
n_{double} + 4) / (3 * (n_{double} + 2) * (3 * n_{double} * n_{double} + 1));
                     b = ((10 * n_double * n_double * n_double - 15 * n_double * n_double +
n_{double} + 2) / (3 * (n_{double} + 2) * (3 * n_{double} * n_{double} + 1)));
                      lambda = (70 * n_double) / (3 * (n_double * n_double - 1) * (n_double * n_double - 1) * (n_double * n_double + n_double - 1) * (n_double * n_double + n_double - 1) * (n_double - 1) * (n_double - 1) * (n_double + n_double - 1) * (n_double - 1) * (
n_{double} - 4) * (3 * n_{double} * n_{double} + 1));
                     // définir la fonction alpha(i) a faire
                     double x = 0.0;
                     double y = 0.0;
                     Point id;
                     double i_dbl, alpha;
                     for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
                                i dbl = (double)(i);
```

```
alpha = (6 * i_dbl * i_dbl * i_dbl * i_dbl) - (8 * n_double * i_dbl * i_dbl)
 i_dbl * i_dbl) + (6 * i_dbl * i_dbl) - (4 * n_double * i_dbl) + (n_double * i_dbl) + (n_dou
n_double * n_double * n_double) - (n_double * n_double);
                                                  //FIXED
                                                  id = T.tab[j1 + i];
                                                  x = x + alpha * (id.x);
                                                  y = y + alpha * (id.y);
                                 double res_x, res_y;
                                 res_x = a * ((double)C0.x) + lambda * x + b * (double)(C3.x);
                                 res_y = a * ((double)C0.y) + lambda * y + b * (double)(C3.y);
                                 Point C1, C2;
                                 C1 = set_point(res_x, res_y);
                                 x = 0;
                                 y = 0;
                                 for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
                                                  i_dbl = n_double - (double)(i);
                                                  alpha = (6 * i_dbl * i_dbl * i_dbl * i_dbl) - (8 * n_double * i_dbl * i_dbl)
 i_dbl * i_dbl) + (6 * i_dbl * i_dbl) - (4 * n_double * i_dbl) + (n_double * i_dbl) + (n_dou
 n_double * n_double * n_double) - (n_double * n_double);
                                                  id = T.tab[j1 + i];
                                                  x = x + alpha * ((double)id.x);
                                                  y = y + alpha * ((double)id.y);
                                 res_x = b * ((double)C0.x) + lambda * x + a * (double)(C3.x);
                                 res_y = b * ((double)C0.y) + lambda * y + a * (double)(C3.y);
                                 C2 = set_point(res_x, res_y);
                                 b3.A = C0;
                                 b3.B = C1;
                                 b3.C = C2;
                                b3.D = C3;
                                return b3;
                 else
                                 printf("Error with the approximation to courbe Bezier3");
                                return b3;
double distance_point_bezier3(Point P1, Bezier3 b3, double ti)
                double result;
                 Point A;
                 A = calcul_ct_bezier3(b3, ti);
                 result = distance(P1, A);
                 return result:
```

```
Contour simplification_douglas_peucker_bezier3(Contour C, int j1, int j2, double d)
   int n = j2 - j1;
   Bezier3 b3;
   b3 = approx_bezier3(C, j1, j2);
   Tableau_Point T = sequence_points_liste_vers_tableau(C);
   // Variable initialisations
   double distance, ti;
   double max_distance = 0; // dmax
   int far_away, j;
   for (int i = j1 + 1; i < j2; i++)
       j = i - j1;
       ti = (double)(j) / (double)(n);
        distance = distance_point_bezier3(T.tab[i], b3, ti);
        if (max_distance < distance)</pre>
            max_distance = distance;
            far_away = i;
   if (max_distance <= d)</pre>
       Contour L;
       L = creer_liste_Point_vide();
        ajouter_element_liste_Point(&L, b3.A);
        ajouter_element_liste_Point(&L, b3.B);
        ajouter_element_liste_Point(&L, b3.C);
        ajouter_element_liste_Point(&L, b3.D);
       return L;
   else
        Contour L1;
        L1 = creer_liste_Point_vide();
        L1 = simplification_douglas_peucker_bezier3(C, j1, far_away, d);
        Contour L2;
        L2 = creer_liste_Point_vide();
        L2 = simplification_douglas_peucker_bezier3(C, far_away, j2, d);
        return concatener liste Point(L1, L2):
```

```
void create_postscript_contours_bezier3(Liste_Contours c, char *file_name, int
hauteur, int largeur) // Mode remplisage uniquement
    char *no_extension = strtok(file_name, ".");
    char *with_extension = malloc(strlen(no_extension) + 4);
    strcpy(with_extension, no_extension);
    strcat(with_extension, ".eps"); // concantenation
    FILE *fptr;
    fptr = fopen(with_extension, "w");
    if (fptr == NULL)
        printf("EPS File Error!");
       exit(1);
    fprintf(fptr, "%!PS-Adobe-3.0 EPSF-3.0\n");
    fprintf(fptr, "%%%BoundingBox: %d %d %d\n", 0, 0, largeur,
hauteur);
    fprintf(fptr, "\n");
    Cellule_Liste_Contours *al;
    al = c.first;
    while (al != NULL)
        Cellule Liste Point *el;
        el = (al->data).first;
       Bezier3 b3;
        b3.A = el->data;
       el = el->suiv;
       b3.B = el->data;
        el = el->suiv;
        b3.C = el->data;
        el = el->suiv;
        b3.D = el->data;
        fprintf(fptr, "%.3f %.3f moveto ", b3.A.x, hauteur - b3.A.y);
        fprintf(fptr, "%.3f %.3f %.3f %.3f %.3f curveto ", b3.B.x, hauteur -
b3.B.y, b3.C.x, hauteur - b3.C.y, b3.D.x, hauteur - b3.D.y);
        el = el->suiv;
        while (el != NULL)
            b3.A = el->data;
            el = el->suiv;
            b3.B = el->data;
            el = el->suiv;
            b3.C = el->data;
            el = el->suiv;
           b3.D = el->data:
```

Source code de partie 2.1 (test program : test approx3.c) :

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include "contour.h"
#include "image.h"
int main(int argc, char **argv)
    //Test no 11
    printf("Starting Test 11\n");
    printf("For n = 1 \setminus n");
    Contour c;
    c = creer_liste_Point_vide();
    int i = 0;
    while (i <= 1)
        Point A;
        double x, y;
        printf("x pour point A:\n");
        scanf("%lf", &x);
        printf("y pour point A:\n");
        scanf("%lf", &y);
        A = set_point(x, y);
        ajouter_element_liste_Point(&c,A);
        printf("=======
        i++;
    Bezier3 b3;
    int j1, j2;
    printf("j1:\n");
    scanf("%d", &j1);
    printf("j2:\n");
```

```
scanf("%d", &j2);
b3 = approx_bezier3(c, j1, j2);
printf("-----
printf("C0: (%f, %f)\n", b3.A.x, b3.A.y);
printf("C1: (%f, %f)\n", b3.B.x, b3.B.y);
printf("C2: (%f, %f)\n", b3.C.x, b3.C.y);
printf("C3: (%f, %f)\n", b3.D.x, b3.D.y);
printf("\n\n");
printf("Starting Test 12\n");
printf("For n = 2 n");
c = creer_liste_Point_vide();
i = 0;
while (i<=2)
   Point A;
   double x, y;
    printf("x pour point A:\n");
    scanf("%lf", &x);
   printf("y pour point A:\n");
    scanf("%lf", &y);
    A = set_point(x, y);
    ajouter_element_liste_Point(&c,A);
    printf("========
    i++;
printf("j1:\n");
scanf("%d", &j1);
printf("j2:\n");
scanf("%d", &j2);
b3 = approx_bezier3(c, j1, j2);
printf("-----
printf("C0: (%f, %f)\n", b3.A.x, b3.A.y);
printf("C1: (%f, %f)\n", b3.B.x, b3.B.y);
printf("C2: (%f, %f)\n", b3.C.x, b3.C.y);
printf("C3: (%f, %f)\n", b3.D.x, b3.D.y);
printf("\n\n");
printf("Starting Test 13\n");
printf("For n = >= 3 \setminus n");
c = creer_liste_Point_vide();
i = 0;
while (i <= 8)
   Point A;
   double x, y;
    printf("x pour point A:\n");
    scanf("%lf", &x);
   printf("v pour point A:\n");
```

```
scanf("%lf", &y);
   A = set_point(x, y);
   ajouter_element_liste_Point(&c,A);
                                             ======\n");
   i++;
printf("j1:\n");
scanf("%d", &j1);
printf("j2:\n");
scanf("%d", &j2);
b3 = approx_bezier3(c, j1, j2);
printf("-----
printf("C0: (%f, %f)\n", b3.A.x, b3.A.y);
printf("C1: (%f, %f)\n", b3.B.x, b3.B.y);
printf("C2: (%f, %f)\n", b3.C.x, b3.C.y);
printf("C3: (%f, %f)\n", b3.D.x, b3.D.y);
return 0;
```

Nouveau Makefile:

```
# Fichier Makefile
# UE MAP401 - DLST - UGA - 2022/2023
# compilateur C
CC = clang
INCDIR = .
# chemin d'acces aux librairies (binaires)
LIBDIR = .
# options pour l'@dition des liens
LDOPTS = -L\$(LIBDIR) - lm
# options pour la recherche des fichiers .o et .h
INCLUDEOPTS = -I\$(INCDIR)
# options de compilation
COMPILOPTS = -g -Wall $(INCLUDEOPTS)
# liste des executables
EXECUTABLES = test_image test_geom test_contour test_postscript test_mask
test simplification test approx test degree2 test degree3 test approx3
```

```
# definition des regles
# la r@gle par d@faut
all : $(EXECUTABLES)
# regle generique :
 remplace les regles de compilation separee de la forme
    $(CC) -c $(COMPILOPTS) module.c
%.o: %.c %.h
  @echo ""
  @echo "------"
  @echo "Compilation du module "$*
  @echo "-----_"
  $(CC) -c $(COMPILOPTS) 
# regles explicites de compilation separee de modules
# n'ayant pas de fichier .h ET/OU dependant d'autres modules
image.o : image.c image.h types_macros.h
  @echo ""
  @echo "----
  @echo "Compilation du module image"
  @echo "-----"
  $(CC) -c $(COMPILOPTS) $<</pre>
test_image.o : test_image.c image.h types_macros.h
  @echo ""
  @echo "-----
  @echo "Compilation du module test_image"
  @echo "-----
  $(CC) -c $(COMPILOPTS) $<</pre>
geom2d.o : geom2d.c geom2d.h contour.h
  @echo ""
  @echo "----
  @echo "Compilation du geom2d"
  @echo "-----"
  $(CC) -c $(COMPILOPTS) $<</pre>
test_geom.o : test_geom.c geom2d.h
  @echo ""
  @echo "-----
  @echo "Compilation du module test geom"
  @echo "-----
```

```
$(CC) -c $(COMPILOPTS) $<</pre>
contour.o : contour.c contour.h image.h geom2d.h
  @echo ""
  @echo "-----"
  @echo "Compilation du module contour"
  @echo "-----_"
  $(CC) -c $(COMPILOPTS) $<</pre>
sequence_point.o : sequence_point.c sequence_point.h geom2d.h
  @echo ""
  @echo "-----"
  @echo "Compilation du module sequence_point"
  @echo "-----"
  $(CC) -c $(COMPILOPTS) $<</pre>
test_contour.o : test_contour.c contour.h image.h
  @echo ""
  @echo "-----"
  @echo "Compilation du module test_contour"
  @echo "------"
  $(CC) -c $(COMPILOPTS) $<</pre>
test_postscript.o : test_postscript.c contour.h image.h
  @echo ""
  @echo "-----"
  @echo "Compilation du module test_postscript"
  @echo "-----_"
  $(CC) -c $(COMPILOPTS) $<</pre>
test_mask.o : test_mask.c contour.h image.h
  @echo ""
  @echo "----
  @echo "Compilation du module test_mask"
  @echo "----
  $(CC) -c $(COMPILOPTS) $<</pre>
test_simplification.o : test_simplification.c contour.h image.h
  @echo ""
  @echo "Compilation du module test simplification"
  @echo "------"
  $(CC) -c $(COMPILOPTS) $<
test_approx.o : test_approx.c contour.h image.h
  @echo "-----_"
  @echo "Compilation du module test_approx"
  @echo "------
  $(CC) -c $(COMPILOPTS) $<</pre>
```

```
test_approx3.o : test_approx3.c contour.h image.h
  @echo ""
  @echo "----
   @echo "Compilation du module test_approx3"
   @echo "-----"
   $(CC) -c $(COMPILOPTS) $<
test_degree2.o : test_degree2.c contour.h image.h
  @echo ""
   @echo "Compilation du module test_degree2"
   @echo "-----
   $(CC) -c $(COMPILOPTS) $<</pre>
test degree3.o : test degree3.c contour.h image.h
  @echo ""
   @echo "-----
   @echo "Compilation du module test_degree3"
   @echo "-----"
   $(CC) -c $(COMPILOPTS) $<</pre>
# regles explicites de creation des executables
test_image : test_image.o image.o
  @echo ""
   @echo "-----"
   @echo "Creation de l'executable "$@
  @echo "------"
   $(CC) $^ $(LDOPTS) -o $@
test_geom : test_geom.o geom2d.o
  @echo ""
   @echo "-----"
  $(CC) $^ $(LDOPTS) -o $@
test_contour: test_contour.o contour.o image.o geom2d.o sequence_point.o
  @echo ""
   @echo "-----
   @echo "Creation de l'executable "$@
   @echo "-----""
   $(CC) $^ $(LDOPTS) -o $@
test_postscript : test_postscript.o contour.o image.o geom2d.o sequence_point.o
  @echo ""
   @echo "----
   @echo "Creation de l'executable "$@
   @echo "-----
  $(CC) $^ $(LDOPTS) -o $@
```

```
test_mask : test_mask.o contour.o image.o geom2d.o sequence_point.o
   @echo ""
   @echo "----
   @echo "Creation de l'executable "$@
@echo "-----"
   @echo "-----
   $(CC) $^ $(LDOPTS) -o $@
test_simplification : test_simplification.o contour.o image.o geom2d.o
sequence_point.o
   @echo ""
   @echo "-----
   @echo "Creation de l'executable "$@
   @echo "-----
   $(CC) $^ $(LDOPTS) -o $@
test_approx : test_approx.o contour.o image.o geom2d.o sequence_point.o
   @echo ""
   @echo "----
   @echo "Creation de l'executable "$@
   @echo "-----
   $(CC) $^ $(LDOPTS) -o $@
test_approx3 : test_approx3.o contour.o image.o geom2d.o sequence_point.o
   @echo ""
   @echo "-----"
   @echo "Creation de l'executable "$@
   @echo "-----"
   $(CC) $^ $(LDOPTS) -o $@
test_degree2 : test_degree2.o contour.o image.o geom2d.o sequence_point.o
   @echo ""
   @echo "----
   @echo "Creation de l'executable "$@
   @echo "----
   $(CC) $^ $(LDOPTS) -o $@
test_degree3 : test_degree3.o contour.o image.o geom2d.o sequence_point.o
   @echo ""
   @echo "Creation de l'executable "$@
   @echo "-----"
   $(CC) $^ $(LDOPTS) -o $@
# regle pour "nettoyer" le r@pertoire
clean:
   rm -fR $(EXECUTABLES) *.o
```

Results of the test approx3:

```
Starting Test 11
For n = 1
x pour point A:
y pour point A:
0
x pour point A:
y pour point A:
0
j1:
0
j2:
1
C0: (0.000000, 0.000000)
C1: (0.333333, 0.000000)
C2: (0.666667, 0.000000)
C3: (1.000000, 0.000000)
Starting Test 12
For n = 2
x pour point A:
y pour point A:
x pour point A:
y pour point A:
x pour point A:
y pour point A:
j1:
0
j2:
C0: (0.000000, 0.000000)
C1: (1.000000, -0.333333)
C2: (1.333333, 0.000000)
C3: (1.000000, 1.000000)
```

```
Starting Test 13
For n = >=3
x pour point A:
y pour point A:
 -----
x pour point A:
y pour point A:
_____
x pour point A:
y pour point A:
______
x pour point A:
y pour point A:
x pour point A:
y pour point A:
x pour point A:
y pour point A:
j1:
```

j2: 8 -----C0: (0.000000, 0.000000) C1: (1.737287, 0.929380)

C1: (1.737287, 0.929380) C2: (1.844176, 3.489158) C3: (5.000000, 3.000000

Partie 2.2 :

Table:

Original	D=1	D=3	D=10	D=30
Asterix3	Nombre des	Nombre des	Nombre des	Nombre des
Nombre des contours: 32	bezier totals: 648	bezier totals: 242	bezier totals: 135	bezier totals: 58
Nombre des	040	242	133	
segments totals:				
12926				
2	2	2	2	8
lettre-L-cursive	Nombre des	Nombre des	Nombre des	Nombre des
Nombre des contours: 3	bezier totals: 157	bezier totals: 32	bezier totals: 22	bezier totals: 13
Nombre des	15/			
segments totals:				
4228				
ColombesDeLaPa	Nombre des	Nombre des	Nombre des	Nombre des
ix Nombra das	bezier totals: 1155	bezier totals: 451	bezier totals:	bezier totals: 138
Nombre des contours: 106	1133	431	230	138
contours. 100				

Nombre des		
segments totals:		
21764		