

II Year – I SEMESTER

T	P	C
3+1	0	3

BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**Preamble:**

This course covers the topics related to analysis of various electrical circuits, operation of various electrical machines, various electronic components to perform well in their respective fields.

Learning Objectives:

- To learn the basic principles of electrical law's and analysis of networks.
- To understand the principle of operation and construction details of DC machines.
- To understand the principle of operation and construction details of transformer.
- To understand the principle of operation and construction details of alternator and 3-Phase induction motor.
- To study the operation of PN junction diode, half wave, full wave rectifiers and OP-AMPs.
- To learn the operation of PNP and NPN transistors and various amplifiers.

UNIT - I

ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS: Basic definitions, Types of network elements, Ohm's Law, Kirchhoff's Laws, inductive networks, capacitive networks, series, parallel circuits and star-delta and delta-star transformations.

UNIT - II

DC MACHINES : Principle of operation of DC generator – emf equation – types – DC motor types – torque equation – applications – three point starter, swinburn's Test, speed control methods.

UNIT - III

TRANSFORMERS: Principle of operation of single phase transformers – e.m.f equation – losses – efficiency and regulation.

UNIT - IV

AC MACHINES: Principle of operation of alternators – regulation by synchronous impedance method – principle of operation of 3-Phase induction motor – slip-torque characteristics - efficiency – applications.

UNIT V

RECTIFIERS & LINEAR ICs: PN junction diodes, diode applications (Half wave and bridge rectifiers). Characteristics of operation amplifiers (OP-AMP) - application of OP-AMPs (inverting, non inverting, integrator and differentiator).

UNIT VI

TRANSISTORS: PNP and NPN junction transistor, transistor as an amplifier, single stage CE Amplifier, frequency response of CE amplifier, concepts of feedback amplifier.

Outcomes:

- i. Able to analyse the various electrical networks.
- ii. Able to understand the operation of DC generators, 3-point starter and conduct the Swinburne's Test.
- iii. Able to analyse the performance of transformer.
- iv. Able to explain the operation of 3-phase alternator and 3-phase induction motors.
- v. Able to analyse the operation of half wave, full wave rectifiers and OP-AMPs.
- vi. Able to explain the single stage CE amplifier and concept of feedback amplifier.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Electronic Devices and Circuits, R.L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, 9th edition, PEI/PHI 2006.
2. Electrical Technology by Surinder Pal Bali, Pearson Publications.
3. Electrical Circuit Theory and Technology by John Bird, Routledge Taylor & Francis Group

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Basic Electrical Engineering by M.S. Naidu and S. Kamakshiah, TMH Publications.
2. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering by Rajendra Prasad, PHI Publications, 2nd edition.
3. Basic Electrical Engineering by Nagsarkar, Sukhija, Oxford Publications, 2nd edition.
4. Industrial Electronics by G.K. Mittal, PHI.

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PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS**(Common to CE, CSE, IT, Chemical, PE, PCE, Civil Branches)****UNIT I Random variables and Distributions:**

Introduction- Random variables- Distribution function- Discrete distributions (Review of Binomial and Poisson distributions)

Continuous distributions: Normal, Normal approximation to Binomial distribution, Gamma and Weibull distributions.

Subject Category

ABET Learning Objectives a b e k

ABET internal assessments 1 2 6

JNTUK External Evaluation A B E

UNIT II Moments and Generating functions:

Introduction-Mathematical expectation and properties - Moment generating function - Moments of standard distributions (Binomial, Poisson and Normal distributions) – Properties.

Subject Category

ABET Learning Objectives a e

ABET internal assessments 1 2 6

JNTUK External Evaluation A B E

UNIT III Sampling Theory:

Introduction - Population and samples- Sampling distribution of mean for large and small samples (with known and unknown variance) - Proportion sums and differences of means -Sampling distribution of variance -Point and interval estimators for means and proportions.

Subject Category

ABET Learning Objectives a e k

ABET internal assessments 1 2 6

JNTUK External Evaluation A B E

UNIT IV Tests of Hypothesis:

Introduction - Type I and Type II errors - Maximum error - One tail, two-tail tests- Tests concerning one mean and proportion, two means- Proportions

and their differences using Z-test, Student's t-test - F-test and Chi -square test - ANOVA for one-way and two-way classified data.

Subject Category

ABET Learning Objectives a b d e h k

ABET internal assessments 1 2 6 7 10

JNTUK External Evaluation A B D E F

UNIT V Curve fitting and Correlation:

Introduction - Fitting a straight line –Second degree curve-exponential curve-power curve by method of least squares.

Simple Correlation and Regression - Rank correlation - Multiple regression

Subject Category

ABET Learning Objectives a d e h k

ABET internal assessments 1 2 6 10

JNTUK External Evaluation A B E

UNIT VI Statistical Quality Control Methods:

Introduction - Methods for preparing control charts – Problems using \bar{x} -bar, p, R charts and attribute charts

Subject Category

ABET Learning Objectives a e k

ABET internal assessments 1 2 6

JNTUK External Evaluation A B E F

Books:

1. Probability and Statistics for Engineers: Miller and John E. Freund, Prentice Hall of India.
2. Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists: Ronald E. Walpole, Sharon L. Mayers and Keying Ye: Pearson.
3. Probability, Statistics and Random Processes, Murugesan, Anuradha Publishers, Chennai.

Subject Category	ABET Learning Objectives	ABET Internal Assessments	JNTUK External Evaluation	Remarks
Theory Design Analysis Algorithms Drawing Others	a) Apply knowledge of math, science, & engineering b) Design & conduct experiments, analyze & interpret data c) Design a system/process to meet desired needs within economic, social, political, ethical, health/safety, manufacturability, & sustainability constraints d) Function on multidisciplinary teams e) Identify, formulate, & solve engineering problems f) Understand professional & ethical responsibilities g) Communicate effectively h) Understand impact of engineering solutions in global,	1. Objective tests 2. Essay questions 3. Peer tutoring based 4. Simulation based 5. Design oriented 6. Problem based 7. Experiential (project based) based 8. Lab work or field work based 9. Presentation based 10. Case Studies based 11. Role-play based 12. Portfolio based	A. Questions should have: B. Definitions, Principle of operation or philosophy of concept. C. Mathematical treatment, derivations, analysis, synthesis, numerical problems with inference. D. Design oriented problems E. Trouble shooting type of questions F. Applications related questions G. Brain storming questions	

	<p>economic, environmental , & societal context</p> <p>i) Recognize need for & be able to engage in lifelong learning</p> <p>j) Know contemporary issues</p> <p>k) Use techniques, skills, modern tools for engineering practices</p>			
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STRENGTH OF MATERIALS-I**Course Learning Objectives:**

1. To give preliminary concepts of Strength of Material and Principles of Elasticity and Plasticity Stress strain behavior of materials and their governing laws. Introduce student the moduli of Elasticity and their relations.
2. To impart concepts of Bending Moment and Shear force for beams with different boundary and loading conditions and to draw the diagrams of variation across the length.
3. To give concepts of stresses developed in the cross section and bending equations calculation of section modulus of sections with different cross sections.
4. The concepts above will be utilized in measuring deflections in beams under various loading and support conditions.
5. To classify cylinders based on their thickness and to derive equations for measurement of stresses across the cross section when subjected to external pressure.

Course Outcomes:

1. The student will be able to understand the basic materials behavior under the influence of different external loading conditions and the support conditions.
2. The student will be able to draw the diagrams indicating the variation of the key performance features like bending moment and shear forces.
3. The student will have knowledge of bending concepts and calculation of section modulus and for determination of stressed developed in the beans due to various loading conditions.
4. The student will be able to assess stresses across section of the thin and thick cylinders to arrive at optimum sections to withstand the internal pressure.

Syllabus :

UNIT – I: SIMPLE STRESSES AND STRAINS and STRAIN ENERGY: Elasticity and plasticity – Types of stresses and strains – Hooke's law – stress – strain diagram for mild steel – Working stress – Factor of

safety – Lateral strain, Poisson's ratio and volumetric strain – Elastic moduli and the relationship between them – Bars of varying section – composite bars – Temperature stresses.

STRAIN ENERGY – Resilience – Gradual, sudden, impact and shock loadings – simple applications.

UNIT – II:

SHEAR FORCE AND BENDING MOMENT: Definition of beam – Types of beams – Concept of shear force and bending moment – S.F and B.M diagrams for cantilever, simply supported and overhanging beams subjected to point loads, u.d.l., uniformly varying loads and combination of these loads – Point of contraflexure – Relation between S.F., B.M and rate of loading at a section of a beam.

UNIT – III:

FLEXURAL STRESSES: Theory of simple bending – Assumptions – Derivation of bending equation: $M/I = f/y = E/R$ Neutral axis – Determination bending stresses – section modulus of rectangular and circular sections (Solid and Hollow), I, T, Angle and Channel sections – Design of simple beam sections.

UNIT –IV:

SHEAR STRESSES: Derivation of formula – Shear stress distribution across various beam sections like rectangular, circular, triangular, I, T angle sections, built up beams, shear centre.

UNIT – V:

DEFLECTION OF BEAMS: Bending into a circular arc – slope, deflection and radius of curvature – Differential equation for the elastic line of a beam – Double integration and Macaulay's methods – Determination of slope and deflection for cantilever and simply supported beams subjected to point loads, - U.D.L. Uniformly varying load.-Mohr's theorems – Moment area method – application to simple cases including overhanging beams.

UNIT – VI:

THIN AND THICK CYLINDERS: Thin seamless cylindrical shells – Derivation of formula for longitudinal and circumferential stresses – hoop, longitudinal and Volumetric strains – changes in diameter, and volume of thin cylinders – Thin spherical shells.

THICK CYLINDERS: Introduction Lamé's theory for thick cylinders – Derivation of Lamé's formulae – distribution of hoop and radial stresses

across thickness – design of thick cylinders – compound cylinders – Necessary difference of radii for shrinkage – Thick spherical shells.

TEXT BOOKS:

Strength of Materials by S. S. Bhavakatti

REFERENCES:

1. Strength of Materials by S.S. Rattan, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt., Ltd.,
2. Strength of materials by R.K. Rajput, S. Chand & Co, New Delhi

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BUILDING MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION**UNIT.I : STONES, BRICKS AND TILES**

Properties of building stones – relation to their structural requirements, classification of stones – stone quarrying – precautions in blasting, dressing of stone, composition of good brick earth, various methods of manufacturing of bricks. Characteristics of good tile - manufacturing methods, types of tiles. Uses of materials like Aluminium, Gypsum, Glass and Bituminous materials – their quality.

UNIT. II MASONRY

Types of masonry, English and Flemish bonds, Rubble and Ashlar Masonry. Cavity and partition walls.

WOOD: Structure – Properties- Seasoning of timber- Classification of various types of woods used in buildings- Defects in timber. Alternative materials for wood – Galvanized Iron, Fiber – Reinforced Plastics, Steel, Aluminium.

UNIT. III: LIME AND CEMENT

Lime: Various ingredients of lime – Constituents of lime stone – classification of lime – various methods of manufacture of lime.

Cement: Portland cement- Chemical Composition – Hydration, setting and fineness of cement. Various types of cement and their properties. Various field and laboratory tests for Cement. Various ingredients of cement concrete and their importance – various tests for concrete.

UNIT. IV: BUILDING COMPONENTS

Lintels, arches, vaults, stair cases – types. Different types of floors – Concrete, Mosaic, Terrazzo floors, Pitched, flat roofs. Lean to roof, Coupled Roofs. Trussed roofs – King and Queen post Trusses. R.C.C Roofs, Madras Terrace and Pre fabricated roofs.

UNIT.V : FINISHINGS

Damp Proofing and water proofing materials and uses – Plastering Pointing, white washing and distempering –

Paints: Constituents of a paint – Types of paints – Painting of new/old wood- Varnish.

Form Works and Scaffoldings.

UNIT. VI: AGGEGATES

Classification of aggregate – Coarse and fine aggregates- particle shape and texture – Bond and Strength of aggregate – Specific gravity – Bulk Density, porosity and absorption – Moisture content of Aggregate- Bulking of sand – Sieve analysis.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Building Materials by S.S. Bhavikatti, Vices publications House private ltd.
2. Building Construction by S.S. Bhavikatti, Vices publications House private ltd.
3. Building Materials by B.C. Punmia, Laxmi Publications private ltd.
4. Building Construction by B.C. Punmia, Laxmi Publications (p) ltd.

References:

1. Building Materials by S.K.Duggal, New Age International Publications.
2. Building Materials by P.C.Vergheese, PHI learning (P) ltd.
3. Building Materials by M.L.Gambhir, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi.
4. Building construction by P.C.Vergheese, PHI Learning (P) Ltd.

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SURVEYING**Course Learning Objectives:**

To introduce the students to basic principles of surveying, various methods of linear and angles measuring instruments and enable the students to use surveying equipments.

Course Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able:

- To demonstrate the basic surveying skills
- To use various surveying instruments.
- To perform different methods of surveying
- To compute various data required for various methods of surveying.
- To integrate the knowledge and produce topographical map.

Syllabus :**UNIT – I**

INTRODUCTION: definition-Uses of surveying- overview of plane surveying (chain, compass and plane table), Objectives, Principles and classifications – Errors in survey measurements

UNIT – II

DISTANCES AND DIRECTION: Distance measurement conventions and methods; use of chain and tape, Electronic distance measurements (EDM)-principles of electro optical EDM-errors and corrections to linear measurements - compass survey - Meridians, Azimuths and Bearings, declination, computation of angle.

Traversing - Purpose-types of traverse-traverse computation - traverse adjustments - omitted measurements.

UNIT – III

LEVELING AND CONTOURING: Concept and Terminology, Levelling Instruments and their Temporary and permanent adjustments- method of levelling. Characteristics and Uses of contours- methods of conducting contour surveys and their plotting.

UNIT – IV

THEODOLITE: Theodolite, description, principles-uses and adjustments – temporary and permanent, measurement of horizontal and vertical angles. Principles of Electronic Theodolite - Trigonometrical leveling,.

TACHEOMETRIC SURVEYING: Stadia and tangential methods of Tacheometry. Distance and Elevation formulae for Staff vertical position.

UNIT – V

Curves: Types of curves, design and setting out – simple and compound curves- transition curves. Introduction to geodetic surveying, Total Station and Global positioning system.

UNIT – VI

COMPUTATION OF AREAS AND VOLUMES: Area from field notes, computation of areas along irregular boundaries and area consisting of regular boundaries. Embankments and cutting for a level section and two level sections with and without transverse slopes, determination of the capacity of reservoir, volume of barrow pits.

Text books:

1. Surveying (Vol No.1, 2 &3) by B.C.Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain – Laxmi Publications (P)ltd, New Delhi.
2. Advance Surveying by Satish Gopi, R. Sathi Kumar and N. Madhu, Pearson Publications.
3. Text book of Surveying by C. Venkataramaiah, University press, India (P) limited.
4. Surveying and levelling by R. Subramanian, Oxford University press.

References:

1. Text book of Surveying by S.K. Duggal (Vol No. 1&2), Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi.
2. Text book of Surveying by Arora (Vol No. 1&2), Standard Book House, Delhi.
3. Higher Surveying by A.M. Chandra, New Age International Pvt ltd.
4. Fundamentals of surveying by S.K. Roy – PHI learning (P) Ltd.
5. Plane Surveying by Alak de, S. Chand & Company, New Delhi.

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FLUID MECHANICS**UNIT I**

INTRODUCTION : Dimensions and units – Physical properties of fluids specific gravity, viscosity, surface tension, vapor pressure and their influences on fluid motion, pressure at a point, Pascal's law, Hydrostatic law - atmospheric, gauge and vacuum pressure- measurement of pressure. Pressure gauges, Manometers: Differential and Micro Manometers.

UNIT – II

HYDROSTATICS: Hydrostatic forces on submerged plane, Horizontal, Vertical, inclined and curved surfaces – Center of pressure. Derivations and problems.

FLUID KINEMATICS: Description of fluid flow, Stream line, path line and streak lines and stream tube. Classification of flows: Steady, unsteady, uniform, non-uniform, laminar, turbulent, rotational and irrotational flows – Equation of continuity for one, two , three dimensional flows – stream and velocity potential functions, flow net analysis.

UNIT – III

FLUID DYNAMICS: Surface and body forces – Euler's and Bernoulli's equations for flow along a stream line for 3-D flow, Navier – Stokes equations (Explanatory) Momentum equation and its application – forces on pipe bend.

UNIT – IV

BOUNDARY LAYER THEORY: Boundary layer – concepts, Prandtl contribution, Characteristics of boundary layer along a thin flat plate, Vonkarmen momentum integral equation, laminar and turbulent Boundary layers, no deviations BL in transition, separation of BL, Control of BL, flow around submerged objects-Drag and Lift- Magnus effect.

UNIT – V

LAMINAR FLOW: Reynold's experiment – Characteristics of Laminar & Turbulent flows. Flow between parallel plates, Flow through long tubes, flow through inclined tubes.

CLOSED CONDUIT FLOW: Laws of Fluid friction – Darcy's equation, Minor losses – pipes in series – pipes in parallel – Total energy line and

hydraulic gradient line. Pipe network problems, variation of friction factor with Reynold's number – Moody's Chart.

UNIT – VI

MEASUREMENT OF FLOW: Pitot tube, Venturi meter and Orifice meter – classification of orifices, small orifice and large orifice, flow over rectangular, triangular and trapezoidal and Stepped notches - –Broad crested weirs.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Fluid Mechanics by Modi and Seth, TEXT BOOKS house.
2. Introduction to Fluid Machines by S.K. Som & G. Biswas, Tata Mc Graw Hill Pvt. Ltd.
3. A text of Fluid mechanics and hydraulic machines by Dr. R.K. Bansal - Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd., New Delhi

REFERENCES:

1. Fluid Mechanics by Merie C. potter and David C. Wiggert, Cengage learning
2. Introduction to Fluid Machines by Edward J. Shaughnessy, Jr, Ira M. Katz and James P. Schaffer, Oxford University Press, New Delhi
3. Fluid Mechanics by A.K. Mohanty, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

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SURVEYING FIELD WORK-I**List of Field Works:**

1. Survey by chain survey of road profile with offsets in case of road widening .
2. Survey in an area by chain survey (Closed circuit).
3. Determination of distance between two inaccessible points by using compass.
4. Finding the area of the given boundary using compass (Closed Traverse).
5. Plane table survey : finding the area of a given boundary by the method of Radiation.
6. Plane table survey : finding the area of a given boundary by the method of intersection.
7. Two Point Problem by the plane table survey.
8. Fly levelling : Height of the instrument method (differential levelling) .
9. Fly levelling : rise and fall method.
10. Fly levelling : closed circuit/ open circuit.
11. Fly levelling : Longitudinal Section and Cross sections of a given road profile.

Note: Any 10 field work assignments must be completed.

II Year – I SEMESTER**T P C**
0 3 2**STRENGTH OF MATERIALS LAB****List of Experiments**

1. Tension test on Steel bar
2. Bending test on (Steel / Wood) Cantilever beam.
3. Bending test on simple support beam.
4. Torsion test
5. Hardness test
6. Spring test
7. Compression test on wood or concrete
8. Impact test
9. Shear test
10. Verification of Maxwell's Reciprocal theorem on beams.
11. Use of Electrical resistance strain gauges
12. Continuous beam – deflection test.

List of Major Equipment:

1. UTM for conducting tension test on rods
2. Steel beam for flexure test
3. Wooden beam for flexure test
4. Torsion testing machine
5. Brinnell's / Rock well's hardness testing machine
6. Setup for spring tests
7. Compression testing machine
8. Izod Impact machine
9. Shear testing machine
10. Beam setup for Maxwell's theorem verification.
11. Continuous beam setup
12. Electrical Resistance gauges.
