

1 Gradient Descent

$$C'(w) = \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{C(w + \epsilon) - C(w)}{\epsilon} \quad (1)$$

1.1 "Twice"

$$C(w) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i w - y_i)^2 \quad (2)$$

$$C'(w) = \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i w - y_i)^2 \right)' = \quad (3)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i w - y_i)^2 \right)' = \quad (4)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \left((x_0 w - y_0)^2 + (x_1 w - y_1)^2 + \dots \right)' = \quad (5)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n ((x_i w - y_i)^2)' = \quad (6)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n ((x_i w - y_i)^2)' (x_i w - y_i)' = \quad (7)$$

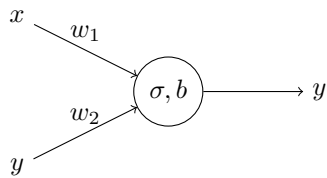
$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(x_i w - y_i)(x_i w - y_i)' = \quad (8)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(x_i w - y_i)(x_i)' = \quad (9)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(x_i w - y_i)x_i = \quad (10)$$

$$(11)$$

1.2 One Neuron Model with 2 inputs



$$z = \sigma(xw_1 + yw_2 + b) \tag{12}$$

$$\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}} \tag{13}$$

$$\sigma'(x) = \sigma(x)(1 - \sigma(x)) \tag{14}$$

$$\tag{15}$$

1.3 Cost

$$a_i = \sigma(x_i w + y_i w + b) \quad (16)$$

$$\partial_{w_1} a_i = \partial_{w_1} (\sigma(x_i w + y_i w + b)) = \quad (17)$$

$$= \partial_{w_1} \sigma(x_i w + y_i w + b) \partial_w (x_i w + y_i w + b) = \quad (18)$$

$$= \sigma(x_i w + y_i w + b) (1 - \sigma(x_i w + y_i w + b)) \partial_w (x_i w + y_i w + b) = \quad (19)$$

$$= a_i (1 - a_i) \partial_{w_1} (x_i w + y_i w + b) = \quad (20)$$

$$= a_i (1 - a_i) x_i \quad (21)$$

$$\partial_{w_2} a_i = a_i (1 - a_i) y_i \quad (22)$$

$$\partial_b a_i = a_i (1 - a_i) \quad (23)$$

$$C = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (\sigma(x_i w + b) - z_i)^2 \quad (24)$$

$$\partial_{w_1} C = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \partial_{w_1} ((a_i - z_i)^2) = \quad (25)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \partial_{w_1} (a_i - z_i)^2 \partial_{w_1} (a_i - z_i) = \quad (26)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(a_i - z_i) \partial_{w_1} (a_i - z_i) = \quad (27)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(a_i - z_i) \partial_{w_1} a_i = \quad (28)$$

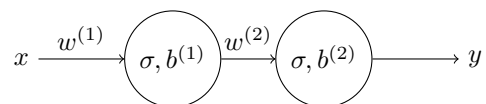
$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(a_i - z_i) a_i (1 - a_i) x_i \quad (29)$$

$$\partial_{w_2} C = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(a_i - z_i) a_i (1 - a_i) y_i \quad (30)$$

$$\partial_b C = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(a_i - z_i) a_i (1 - a_i) \quad (31)$$

$$(32)$$

1.4 Two Neurons Model with 1 input



$$a^{(1)} = \sigma(xw^{(1)} + b^{(1)}) \tag{33}$$

$$y = \sigma(a^{(1)}w^{(2)} + b^{(2)}) \tag{34}$$

$$\tag{35}$$

1.5 Cost

$$C^{(2)} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (a_i^{(2)} - y_i)^2 \quad (36)$$

$$a_i^{(1)} = \sigma(x_i w^{(1)} + b^{(1)}) \quad (37)$$

$$\partial_{w^{(1)}} a_i^{(1)} = a_i^{(1)} (1 - a_i^{(1)}) x_i \quad (38)$$

$$\partial_{b^{(1)}} a_i^{(1)} = a_i^{(1)} (1 - a_i^{(1)}) \quad (39)$$

$$a_i^{(2)} = \sigma(a_i^{(1)} w^{(2)} + b^{(2)}) \quad (40)$$

$$\partial_{a_i^{(1)}} a_i^{(2)} = a_i^{(2)} (1 - a_i^{(2)}) w^{(2)} \quad (41)$$

$$\partial_{w^{(2)}} a_i^{(2)} = a_i^{(2)} (1 - a_i^{(2)}) a_i^{(1)} \quad (42)$$

$$\partial_{w^{(2)}} a_i^{(2)} = a_i^{(2)} (1 - a_i^{(2)}) \quad (43)$$

$$\partial_{w^{(2)}} C^{(2)} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(a_i^{(2)} - y_i) a_i^{(2)} (1 - a_i^{(2)}) a_i^{(1)} \quad (44)$$

$$\partial_{b^{(2)}} C^{(2)} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(a_i^{(2)} - y_i) a_i^{(2)} (1 - a_i^{(2)}) \quad (45)$$

$$\partial_{a_i^{(1)}} C^{(2)} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(a_i^{(2)} - y_i) a_i^{(2)} (1 - a_i^{(2)}) w^{(1)} \quad (46)$$

$$e_i = a_i^{(1)} - \partial_{a_i^{(1)}} C^{(2)} \quad (47)$$

$$C^{(1)} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (a_i^{(1)} - e_i)^2 \quad (48)$$

$$\partial_{w^{(1)}} C^{(1)} = \partial_{w^{(1)}} \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (a_i^{(1)} - e_i)^2 \right) = \quad (49)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \partial_{w^{(1)}} \left((a_i^{(1)} - e_i)^2 \right) = \quad (50)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(a_i^{(1)} - e_i) \partial_{w^{(1)}} (a_i^{(1)} - e_i) = \quad (51)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(a_i^{(1)} - e_i) \partial_{w^{(1)}} a_i^{(1)} = \quad (52)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(a_i^{(1)} - (a_i^{(1)} - \partial_{a_i^{(1)}} C^{(2)})) \partial_{w^{(1)}} a_i^{(1)} = \quad (53)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(a_i^{(1)} - a_i^{(1)} + \partial_{a_i^{(1)}} C^{(2)}) \partial_{w^{(1)}} a_i^{(1)} = \quad (54)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2 \partial_{a_i^{(1)}} C^{(2)} \partial_{w^{(1)}} a_i^{(1)} = \quad (55)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2 \partial_{a_i^{(1)}} C^{(2)} a_i^{(1)} (1 - a_i^{(1)}) x_i \quad (56)$$

$$\partial_{b^{(1)}} C^{(1)} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(\partial_{a_i^{(1)}} C^{(2)}) \partial_{b^{(1)}} a_i^{(1)} = \quad (57)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(\partial_{a_i^{(1)}} C^{(2)}) a_i^{(1)} (1 - a_i^{(1)}) \quad (58)$$

1.6 Arbitrary Neurons Model with 1 input

Let's assume that we have m layers.

1.6.1 Feed-Forward

Let's assume that $a_i^{(0)}$ is x_i .

$$a_i^{(l)} = \sigma(a_i^{(l-1)}w^{(l)} + b^{(l)}) \quad (60)$$

$$\partial_{w^{(l)}} a_i^{(l)} = a_i^{(l)}(1 - a_i^{(l)})a_i^{(l-1)} \quad (61)$$

$$\partial_{b^{(l)}} a_i^{(l)} = a_i^{(l)}(1 - a_i^{(l)}) \quad (62)$$

$$\partial_{a_i^{(l-1)}} a_i^{(l)} = a_i^{(l)}(1 - a_i^{(l)})w^{(l)} \quad (63)$$

$$(64)$$

1.6.2 Back-Propagation

Let's denote $a_i^{(m)} - y_i$ as $\partial_{a_i^{(m)}} C^{(m-1)}$.

$$C^{(l)} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (a_i^{(l)} - y_i)^l + 1 \quad (65)$$

$$\partial_{w^{(l)}} C^{(l)} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(\partial_{a_i^{(l)}} C^{(l+1)})a_i^{(l)}(1 - a_i^{(l)})a_i^{(l-1)} \quad (66)$$

$$\partial_{b^{(l)}} C^{(l)} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(\partial_{a_i^{(l)}} C^{(l+1)})a_i^{(l)}(1 - a_i^{(l)}) \quad (67)$$

$$\partial_{a_i^{(l-1)}} C^{(l)} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 2(\partial_{a_i^{(l)}} C^{(l+1)})a_i^{(l)}(1 - a_i^{(l)})w^{(l-1)} \quad (68)$$

$$(69)$$