ETL & ELT with SSIS

Day 3 - Recap

Subjects of day 2

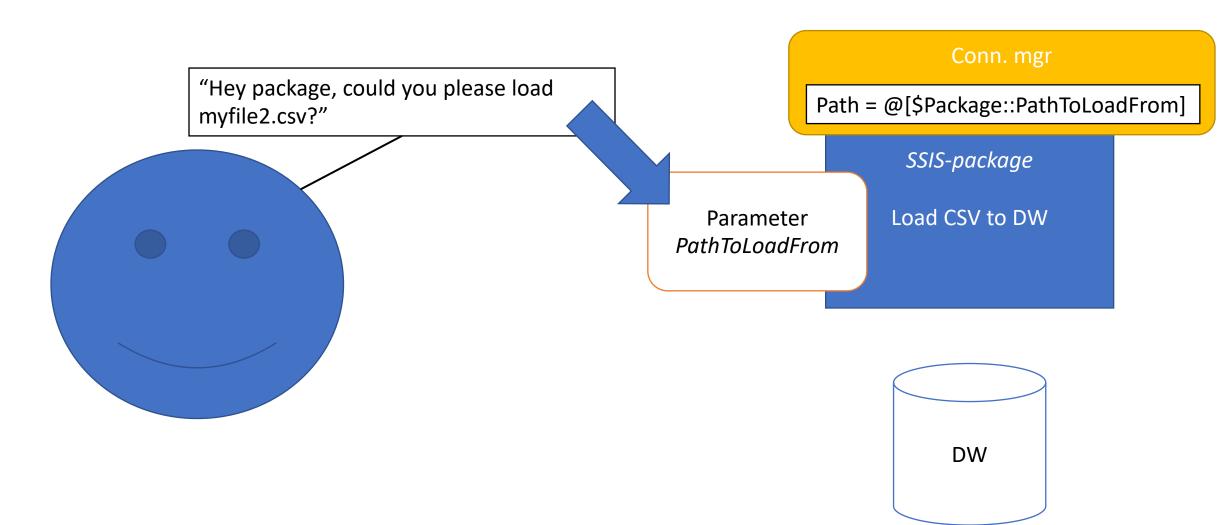
- Dynamic packages
- The Not-So-Happy flow

Dynamic packages

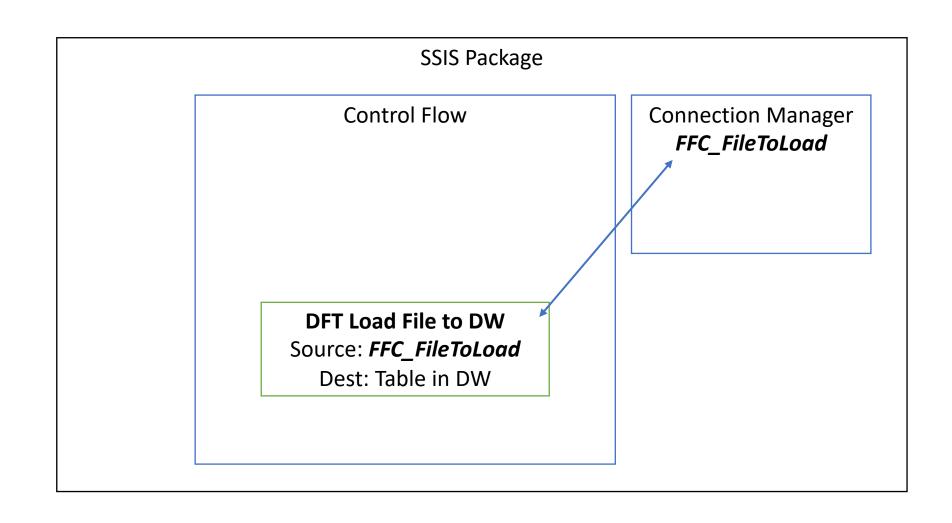
Recap

Making packages dynamic

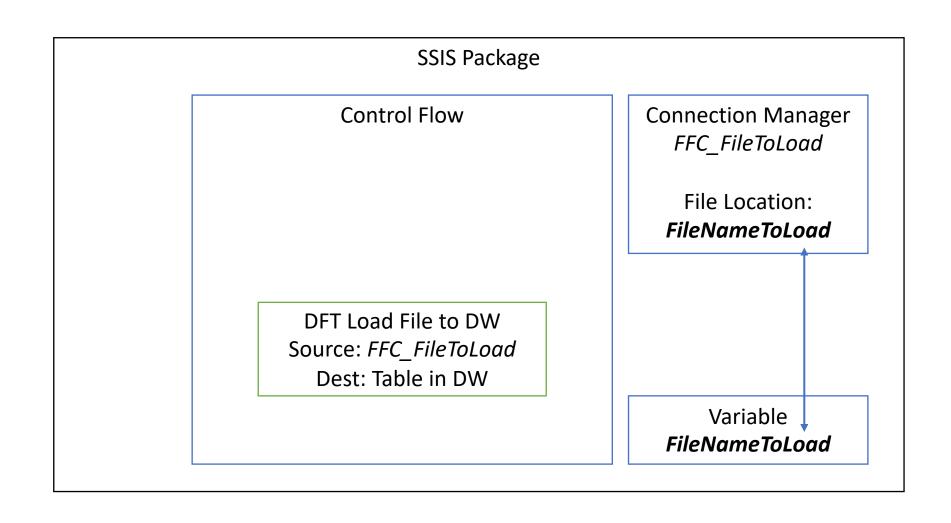
CSV



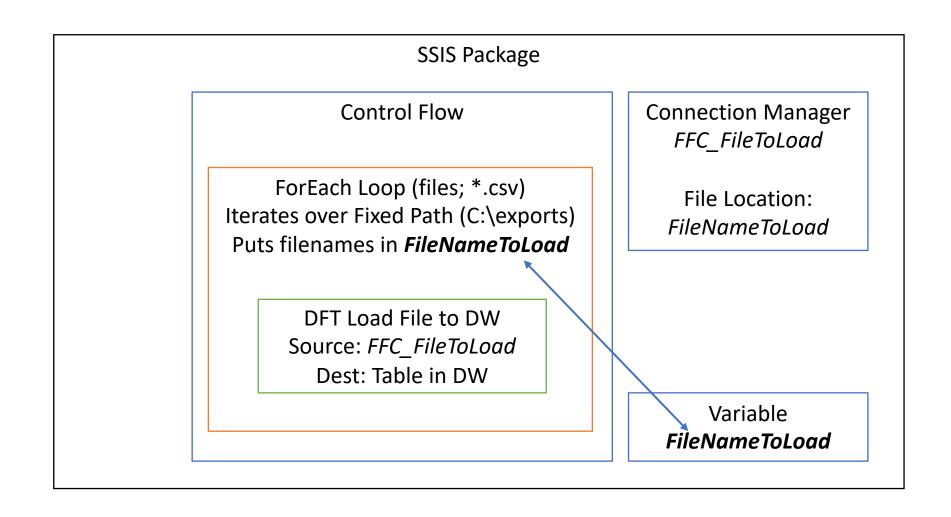
1. Static Load



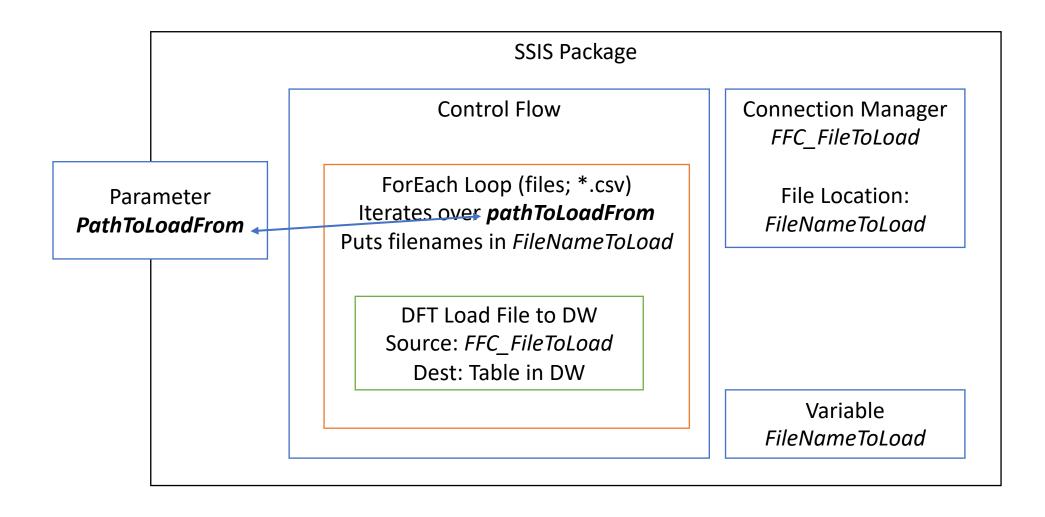
2. Using a Variable (still static though)



3. Looping over files (variable = dynamic)



4. Set the path to load from at runtime



The Not-So-Happy-flow

Recap

When loading fails...

- 100 CSV (or XML, Excel, whatever...) files to load
- How to not break the process when one of them is corrupt?
 - Error handling!

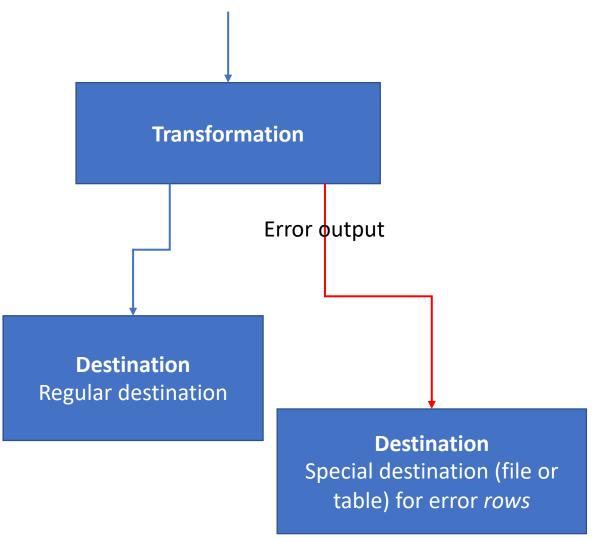
Error handling – Control Flow

Try to do some task (DFT load file) On failure Handle error (Move the file to a "inspect later" folder)

When an error occurs:

- Package "fails gracefully"
- Error is handled
 - Files with errors are collected for later inspection
- Package will continue running for nonerroneous files
- Error messages are logged
- Execution from the package is reported as "failed" (not "succeeded")

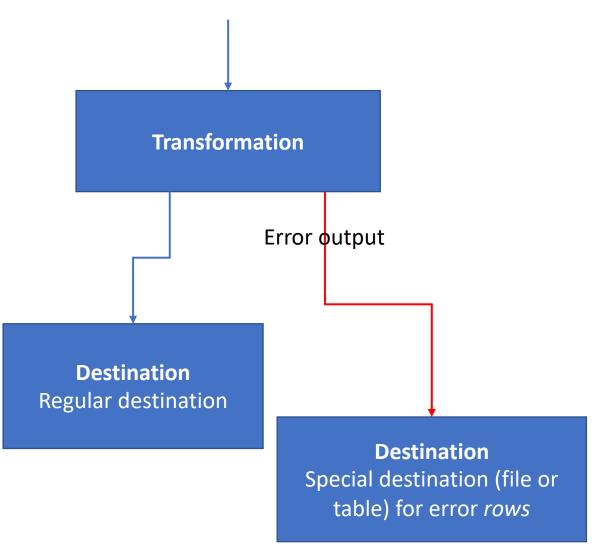
Error handling — Data Flow



When an error occurs:

- Rows with errors are redirected to another destination
- All "good" rows arrive at the regular destination
- Package will continue running
- Error messages are logged
- Execution from the package can be reported as "succeeded" (for example, with a Flat File Source) or "failed" (for example, using the Lookup transformation)

Handling other situations— Data Flow



When something is not an *error* (but just a regular exception to the general rule)

- Split rows based on how you should handle them
- Lookup component (no-match)
- Conditional Split