



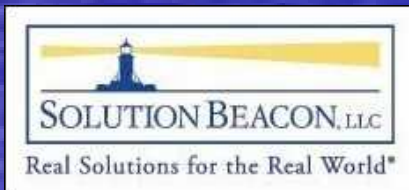
# Using Java in the Oracle Frameworks

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Java Architect

## Release 11i Workshops

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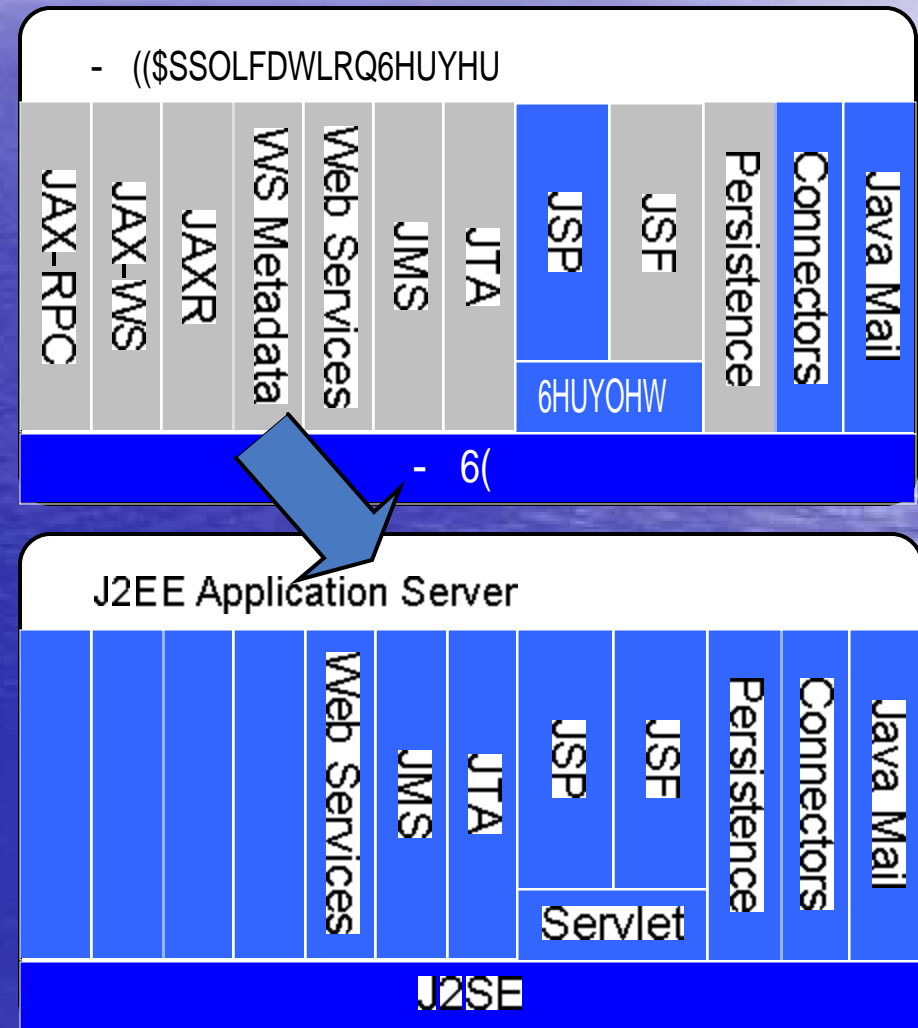
# Agenda



## ◆ Explore the use of Java technologies in

- OAF
- ADF
- OC4J

## ◆ Wrap-up



# Relevant History



- ◆ The move from native clients to web clients
  - With the rise of the web browser, the vast majority of “code” can reside on the server, and only the user interface can exist on the client
- ◆ The development of the Java 2 platform
  - A common language that can run on most flavors of UNIX as well as Win32
- ◆ The development of new device platforms able to run web browsers
  - Cell phone, PDA, bar code scanners, ...



# Early Standards



- ◆ Server side languages included
  - CGI-BIN programming – first generation
  - Servlets – first generation of Java
  - JSP – second generation, complementary to Servlets
- ◆ HTML and JavaScript on the client





# Java Editions



## ◆ Java 2 Standard Edition (J2SE)

- What we typically think of as Java on a server

## ◆ Java Plug-in

- The J2SE environment that is designed specifically to run *inside* a web browser
- Not feature limited, but very ability limited

## ◆ Java 2 Enterprise Edition (J2EE)

- Designed to be a cross platform application server
- Sun provides the API specifications, and a reference implementation of them



# Java Editions...cont'd



## ◆ JDK

- Java developers Kit – specifically the core Java language (J2SE) developers kit

## ◆ J2EE SDK

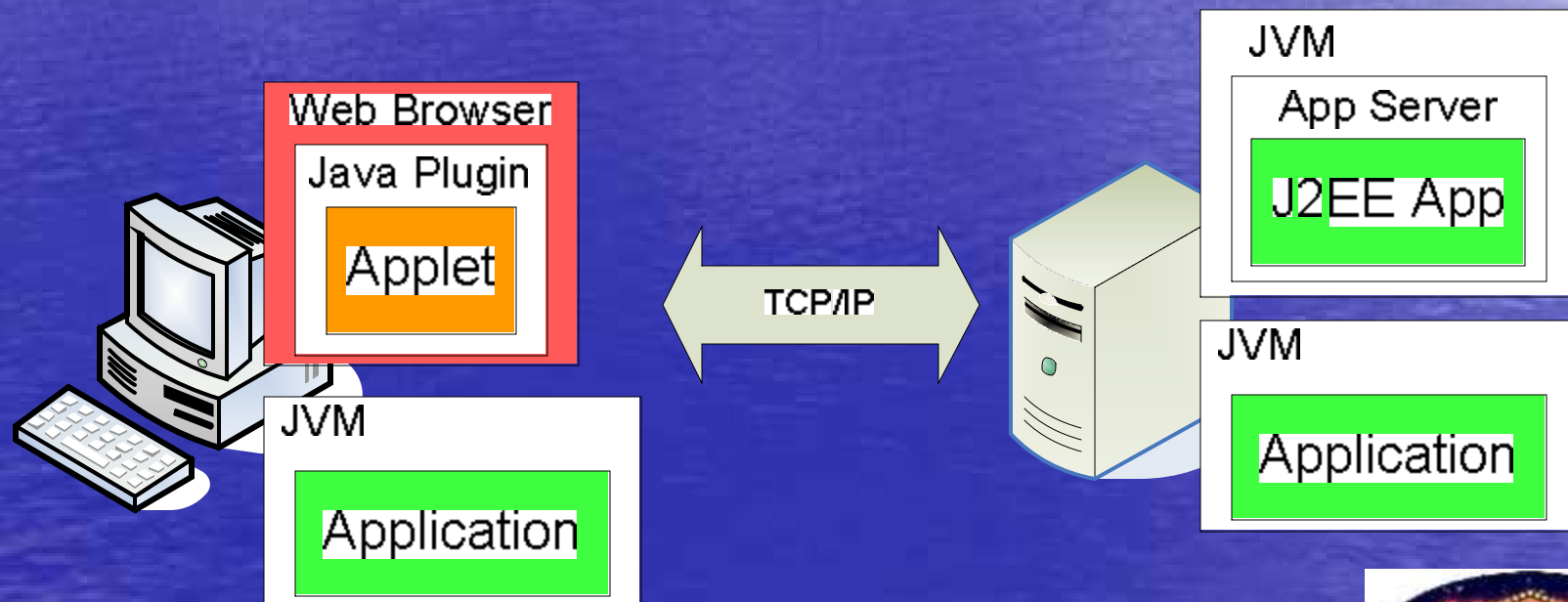
- The API libraries, compiler, and documentation needed to write a J2EE application
- Includes the reference application server



# Adding Java



- ◆ As a language Java has the flexibility of running on both sides of the client / server model
- ◆ Uses different programming models for each platform





# JInitiator – New Client



- ◆ Is Oracle's licensed JVM
- ◆ Used on client platform to provide a consistent environment
- ◆ Executes within the client's web browser to run things like Forms based modules in E-Business Suite 11i



# What is OAF



- ◆ Based on early web standards and technologies
- ◆ An attempt to introduce abstraction into application design
  - Separation of components into layers
  - Connections only between adjoining layers
- ◆ By separating the display from the business logic change becomes easier
- ◆ Mechanism for personalization, design pattern for extension



# Abstraction



- ◆ The idea of breaking an algorithm into discrete layers, each of which is opaque
- ◆ Common in Object Oriented programming
- ◆ Simplifies code while complicating solutions?!



# HTML User Interface



- ◆ Tags and properties used can become too complex and interdependent to manage easily
- ◆ Dependent upon the browser's interpretation of the HTML language

```
< body>  
< p> Exam p le tab le< /p>  
< tab le ce llspacing= 1 ...  
< cap tion> Tab le  
1< /cap tion>  
< tr>  
< td> Hom e r< /td>  
< td> ce ll2< /td>  
< /tr>  
< /tab le>  
< /body>
```



# JSP



- ◆ A way to create HTML with programmatic content.
- ◆ Embeds Java code (scriptlets) into HTML

```
< body> < p>  
    A table drawn via a JSP page.  
    < /p> < p>  
    < table cellspacing= 1 ...  
    < caption> Table 1< /caption>  
    < tr>  
    < td>  
    <% = visitor.getName() %>  
    < /td>  
    < td> cell2< /td> < /tr>  
    < /table>  
    < /body>
```





# Servlet



- ◆ Java code that produces HTML as it's output
- ◆ Distributed as compiled Class files

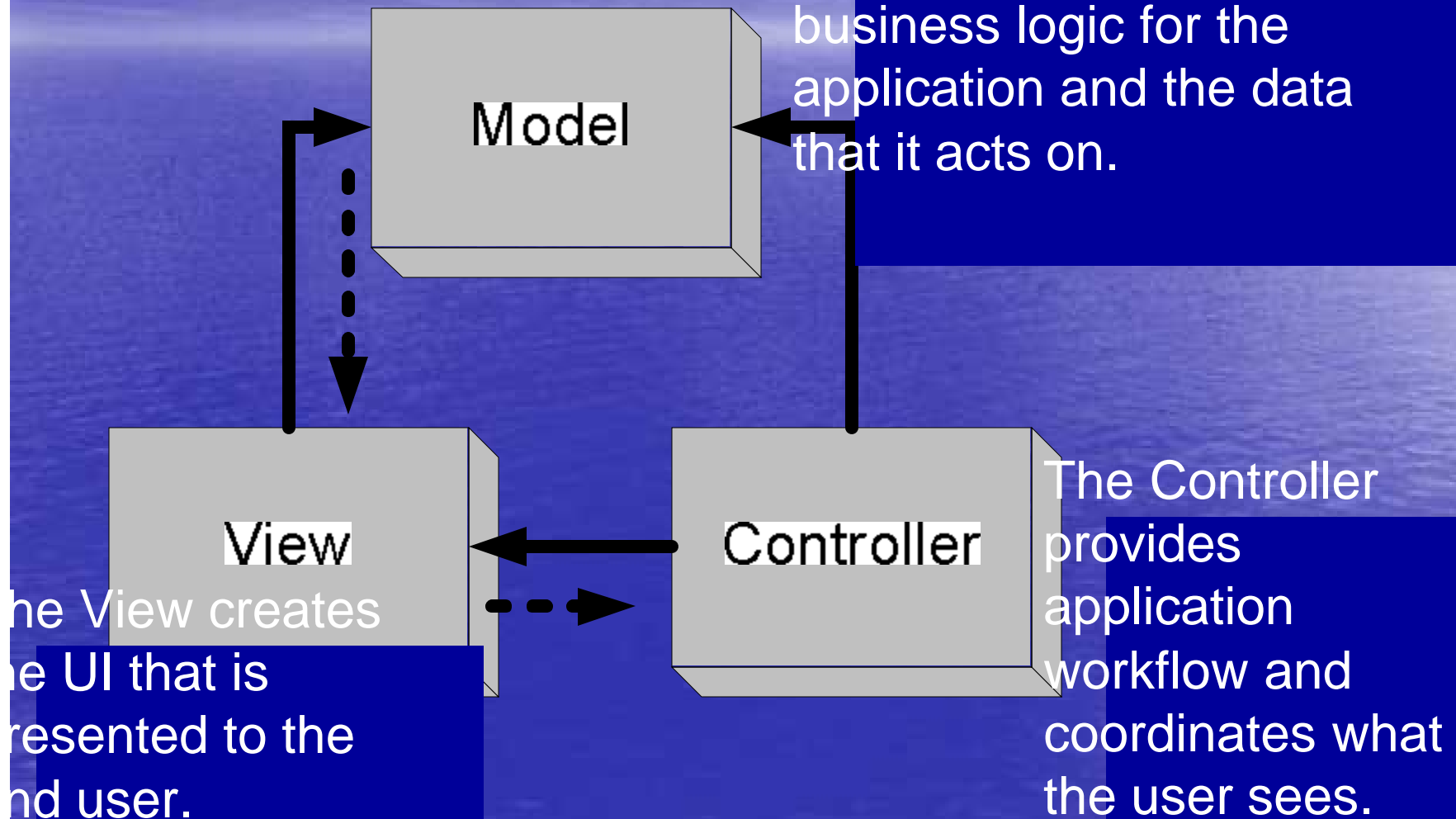
```
public class _test1 ... {  
    public void _jspService(... {  
        response.setContentType...  
        __ojsp_s_out.write( "< body> ... ");  
        __ojsp_s_out.write( visitor.getName() );  
    }  
}
```



# MVC Design Pattern



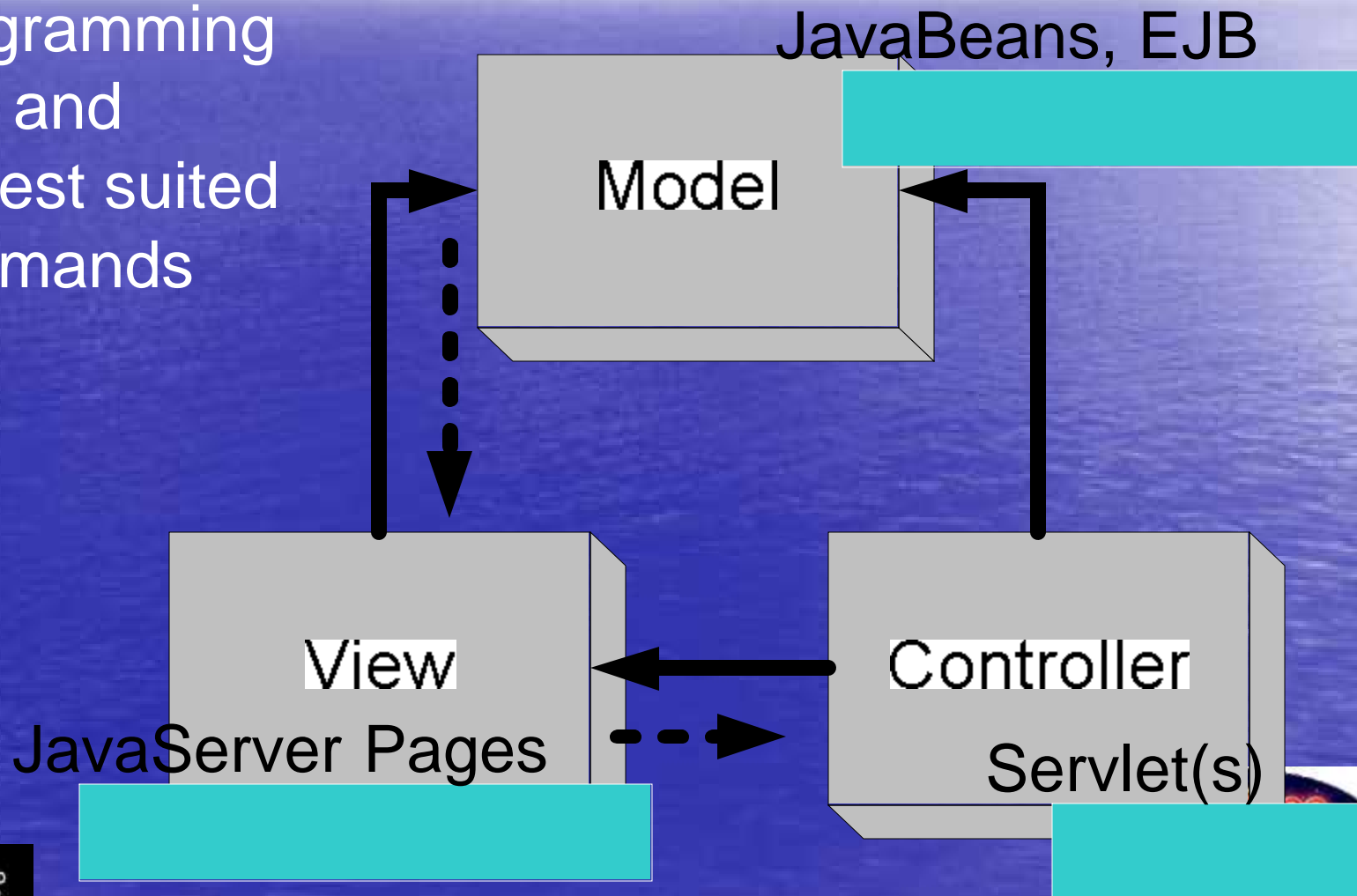
The Model contains the business logic for the application and the data that it acts on.



# MVC Technologies



Each component  
uses programming  
concepts and  
models best suited  
for it's demands



# MVC Declarative Programming



Model

```
import javax.faces.component.UIComponent
import javax.faces.context.FacesContext;

public class NameInputBean {
    public NameInputBean() {
    }
}
```

Controller

```
<action
  path="/logon"
  type="com.example.helloworld.LogonAction"
  name="userLogonForm"
  scope="request"
  input="/userLogon.jsp"
>
</action>

<form-bean
  name="userLogonForm"
  type="com.example.helloworld.LogonAction"/>
```

View

```
<html><table>
<tr>
<td align="left">
<bean:write name="employee"
property="id"/>
</td>
```



## Model Details



- ◆ A Java class (commonly a JavaBean) is used to represent a business entity that the application acts on

### Model

```
import javax.faces.component.UIComponent;  
import javax.faces.context.FacesContext;  
  
public class NameInputBean {  
    public NameInputBean() {  
    }  
}
```



# Controller Details



- ◆ A XML config file is used to control behavior of the application
- ◆ A group of Java Classes implement the controller's API

## Controller

```
<action  
  path="/logon"  
  type="com.example.helloworld.LogonAction"  
  name="userLogonForm"  
  scope="request"  
  input="/userLogon.jsp"  
  >  
</action>
```

```
<form-bean  
  name="userLogonForm"  
  type="com.example.helloworld.LogonAction"/>
```

# MVC Declarative Programming



- ◆ Custom tags are used in the JSP page to reference data presented by, or sent to, the Model.

View

```
<html><table>
  <tr>
    <td align="left">
      <bean:write name="employee"
        property="id"/>
    </td>
```

# Personalizations



- ◆ Changes to page layout or content visibility
- ◆ Can be done by administrators or by end users
- ◆ The personalizations are applied between the HTML page being generated and it being sent to the client
- ◆ Personalizations are stored via data, not code changes

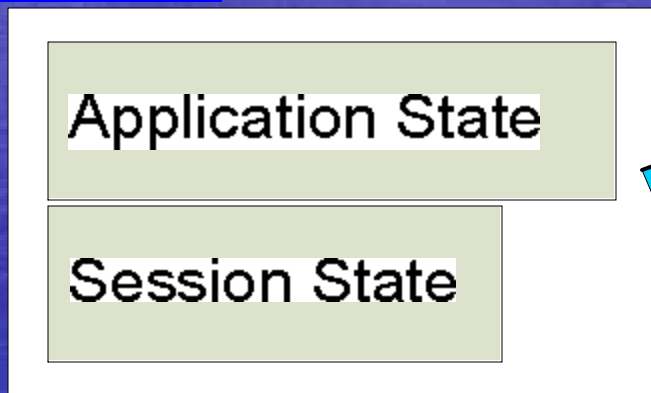


# OAF Page Rendering



- ◆ A hierarchy of operations, many of which are driven purely by data

## JavaBeans



Personalization  
MetaData

JSP Page

## Render Engines

ADF Faces

JSF

JSP

HTTP,  
JavaScript

Web Browser



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# What is ADF



- ◆ The next generation after OAF
- ◆ Builds on OAF, adds
  - More dynamic page refreshing
  - Data Binding
  - Ability to build content for limited devices
  - JavaServer Faces
- ◆ Moves further into the J2EE architecture





# Standards Used by ADF



- ◆ *MVC*
- ◆ *JSP, Servlets*
- ◆ JavaBeans
- ◆ Enterprise JavaBeans
- ◆ JavaServer Faces



# Oracle Technologies Used



## ◆ ADF Faces

- UIX widgets

## ◆ TopLink

- Data persistence

## ◆ OC4J

- J2EE application server



# JavaBeans and EJB



- ◆ JavaBeans conform to particular coding rules
  - Beans have data fields, each field must be accessed via a Get or a Set method
  - They can be loaded dynamically
- ◆ They are used to store data that needs to be used programmatically

JavaBean

Enterprise JavaBean

```
Public class Employee {  
    Private String name;  
    Private long id;  
    Private Date hireDate;  
  
    public String GetName()...  
    public void setName(String s)...  
  
    public Object persistEntity(Object entity)...
```

# Enterprise JavaBeans



- ◆ EJB expands the idea of the basic JavaBean
  - Persistence in a database
  - Remote access
- ◆ Java carries the C/UNIX idea of Remote Procedure Call forward in the form of Remote Method Invocation
  - An EJB container must facilitate the use RMI to allow remote client's to access Enterprise JavaBeans

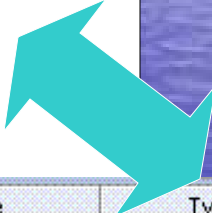


# Java / SQL



- ◆ A query mechanism must exist to allow objects to be retrieved from the DB as needed
- ◆ Datatypes must be mapped between languages:
  - String vs varchar
  - Address vs a table

```
6 public class Users {
7     /**...*/
10    private List expertiseAreasColle
11    private Integer userId;
12    private String userRole;
13    private String email;
14    private String firstName;
15    private String lastName;
16    private String
17    private String
18    private String
19    private String
20    private String
```



PK	Name	Type
✓	USER_ID	NUMBER(8, 0)
	USER_ROLE	VARCHAR2(10)
✓	EMAIL	VARCHAR2(50)
	FIRST_NAME	VARCHAR2(30)
	LAST_NAME	VARCHAR2(30)
	STREET_ADDRESS	VARCHAR2(40)
	CITY	VARCHAR2(30)
	STATE_PROVINCE	VARCHAR2(25)
	POSTAL_CODE	VARCHAR2(12)
	COUNTRY_ID	CHAR(2)

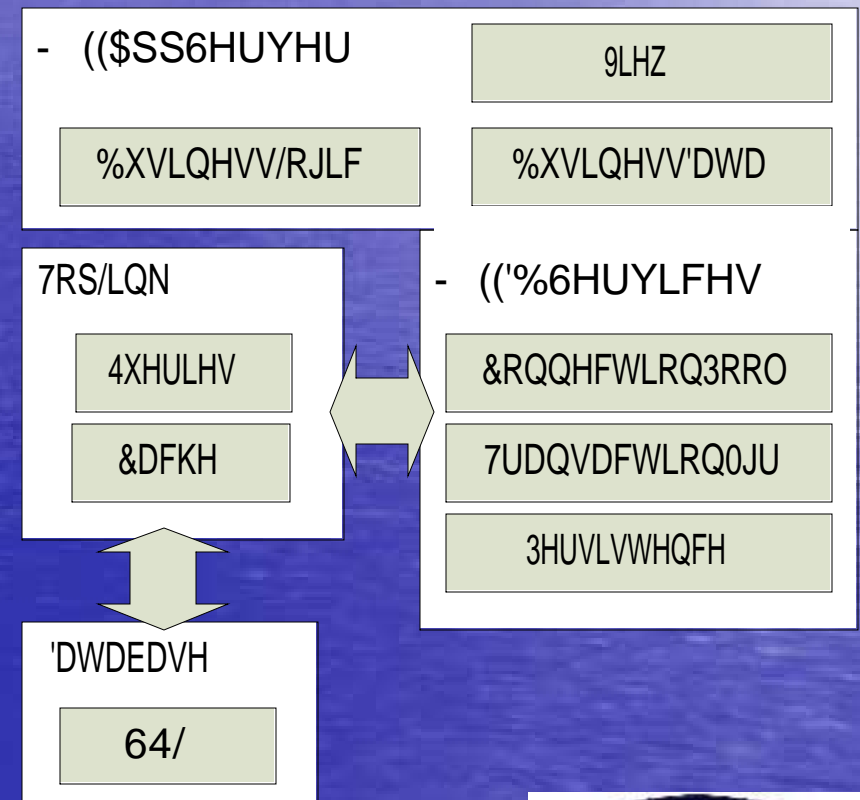


# Object Persistence



◆ The desire in a J2EE environment is to prevent application code from interacting directly with the DB

◆ This is achieved by allowing the J2EE container to access to common DB services



# EJB 3.0 Persistence



- ◆ Based on annotation
- ◆ Uses a tool to generate the code's skeleton and annotations
- ◆ Uses other tools at compile and runtime to turn the annotations into actual code

```
66  @Entity
67  @Table(name = "EMP")
68  public class Employee implements java.io.Serializable {
69      private int empNo;
70
71      @Id
72      @Column(name = "EMPNO")
73      public int getEmpNo() {
74          return empNo;
75      }
76
77      public void setEmpNo(int empNo) {
78          this.empNo = empNo;
79      }

```

# TopLink versus EJB 3.0



- ◆ TopLink is an established Oracle standard
- ◆ EJB 3.0's Java Persistence API is an emerging industry wide standard...
  - ... Java Persistence API was added in latest J2EE spec
  - Can be used outside of EJB, by J2SE apps
  - Based on ideas submitted by various J2EE vendors including Oracle



# JSF and ADF Faces



- ◆ JavaServer faces simplifies the design of HTML UI
  - By providing tags to represent common data elements
  - By providing components which can help to validate data as it's being entered
- ◆ ADF brings tags representing common Oracle UI elements



# ADF Faces – Declarative UI



- ◆ Extends the JSP concept to expose Oracle's own UIX widgets
- ◆ Replaces even simple HTML tags with abstract elements

```
<h:form>
  <af:panelPage title="Title 1">
    <f:facet name="menu1"/>
    <f:facet name="menuGlobal"/>
    <f:facet name="branding"/>
    <f:facet name="brandingApp"/>
    <f:facet name="appCopyright"/>
    <f:facet name="appPrivacy"/>
    <f:facet name="appAbout"/>
  </af:panelPage>
  <af:iterator/>
  <af:panelButtonBar>
    <af:commandButton text="Return to name entry"/>
  </af:panelButtonBar>
  <af:table emptyText="No items were found" data-binder="#{bindings.itemsTable}">
    <af:column sortable="false" headerText="col1">
      <af:outputText value="#{row.col1}" data-binder="#{bindings.col1}" data-readonly="true"/>
    </af:column>
    <af:column sortable="false" headerText="col2">
      <af:outputText value="#{row.col2}" data-binder="#{bindings.col2}" data-readonly="true"/>
    </af:column>
  </af:table>
</h:form>
</afh:body>
```

branding: brandingApp

Title 1

Return to name entry

col1	col2
#{row.col1}	#{row.col2}
#{row.col1}	#{row.col2}
#{row.col1}	#{row.col2}
#{row.col1}	#{row.col2}
#{row.col1}	#{row.col2}
#{row.col1}	#{row.col2}
#{row.col1}	#{row.col2}
#{row.col1}	#{row.col2}
#{row.col1}	#{row.col2}



# OC4J – J2EE Server



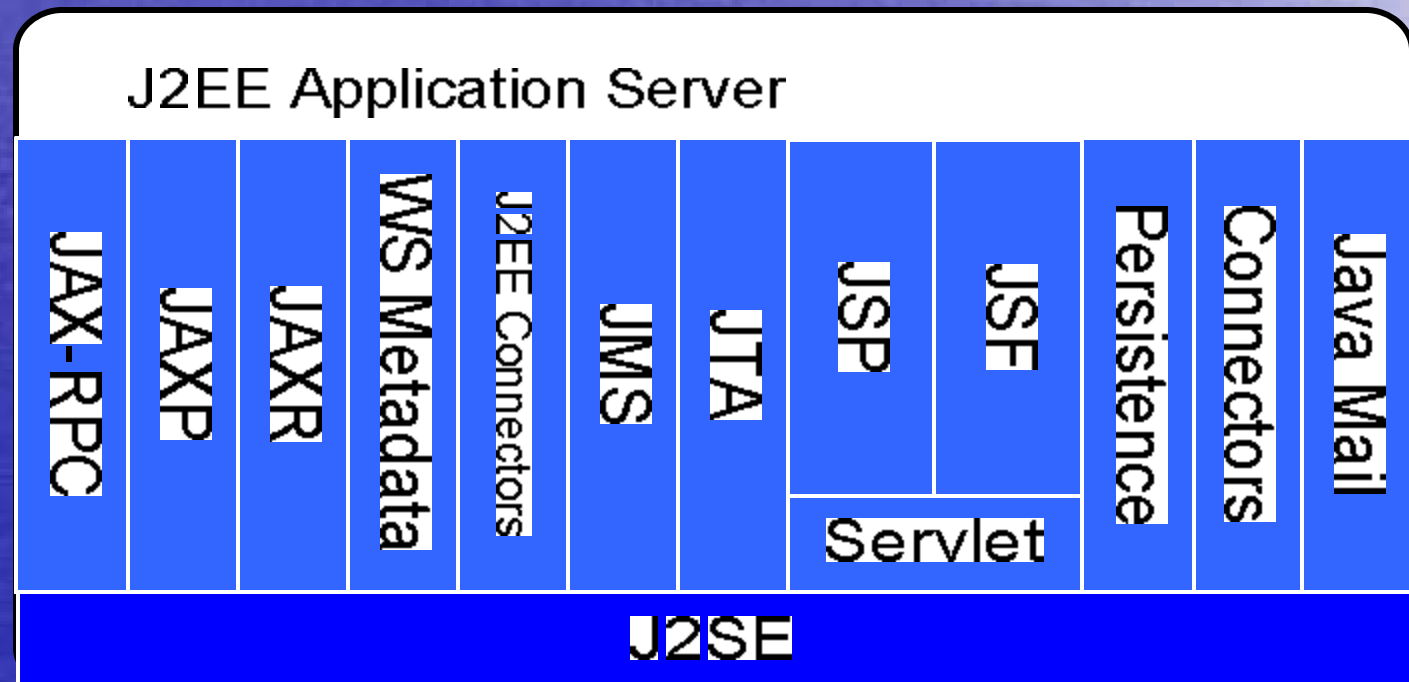
- ◆ J2EE defines a specification for the applications server
- ◆ Defines clear interfaces and mechanisms for interacting with other infrastructure, such as Identity Management (LDAP)
- ◆ Individual vendors then select portions of the spec that they will implement
- ◆ Focuses on server side technologies



# J2EE Technologies



- ◆ A rich suite of APIs built on a common core



# Development in J2EE



- ◆ Java is rich with OpenSource solutions
  - J2EE app servers: JBoss, Tomcat, GlassFish
  - Developer tools: Eclipse, NetBeans
  - Frameworks: Struts, Tapestry, Turbine
  - Persistence: Hibernate, OJB
- ◆ Some of these are sold as commercial applications with vendor support and consulting
- ◆ None of the developers tools offer tight integration into proprietary application servers
- ◆ Few of them offer a complete development solution



# JDeveloper



- ◆ Oracle's full featured developer's toolkit
- ◆ Very feature rich for plain Java, J2EE, and Oracle specific development
- ◆ Supports design, coding, testing, packaging, and deployment



Filter By: All Technologies

Categories:

General

- Applications
  - Ant
  - Connections
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  - Deployment Profiles
  - Diagrams
  - JavaBeans
  - Projects
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  - UML
  - XML
- Business Tier
- ADF Business Components
  - EJB
  - TopLink
  - Web Services

- Client Tier
  - ADF Swing
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  - Human Tasks
  - Web Services
  - XML
- Web Tier
  - Applet
  - HTML
  - JSF
  - JSP
  - Servlets
  - Struts

# J2EE Application Deployment



- ◆ J2EE applications are composed of a number of components
  - Classes, Servlets
  - HTML, JSP, and images
  - XML configuration files
- ◆ Logical groups of Classes become Jar files
- ◆ All content is organized into a specific directory structure
- ◆ Results are combined into a special Jar file





# Packed Contents



/  
/META-INF  
application.war

application.xml  
the actual application!

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# War File Contents



/

/META-INF

---

/css (custom)

style sheets

/images (custom)

static images

/html (custom)

static HTML pages

/WEB-INF

web.xml, struts.xml

/WEB-INF/classes

individual Class files

/WEB-INF/lib

Jar files of Classes



# The Future



## ◆ Driven by industry standards

- Release of the Java EE 5 spec drives the use of EJB
- J2EE is driving towards web services and SOA

## ◆ Fusion makes the move to a SOA based environment

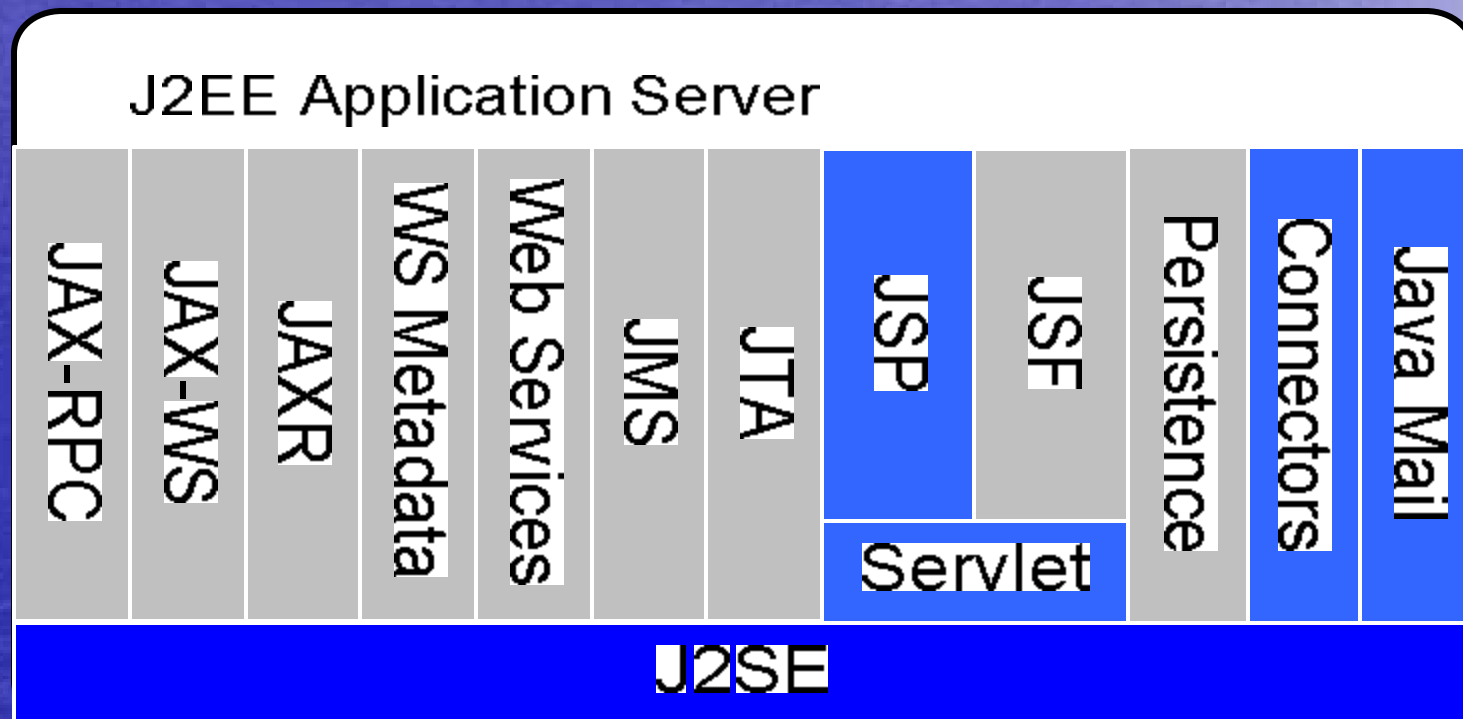
- Same Java syntax, new programming models
- Event driven processing
- Focus on business modeling and processes
- Distributed applications communicating via Enterprise Service Bus and Web Services



# Past Environment



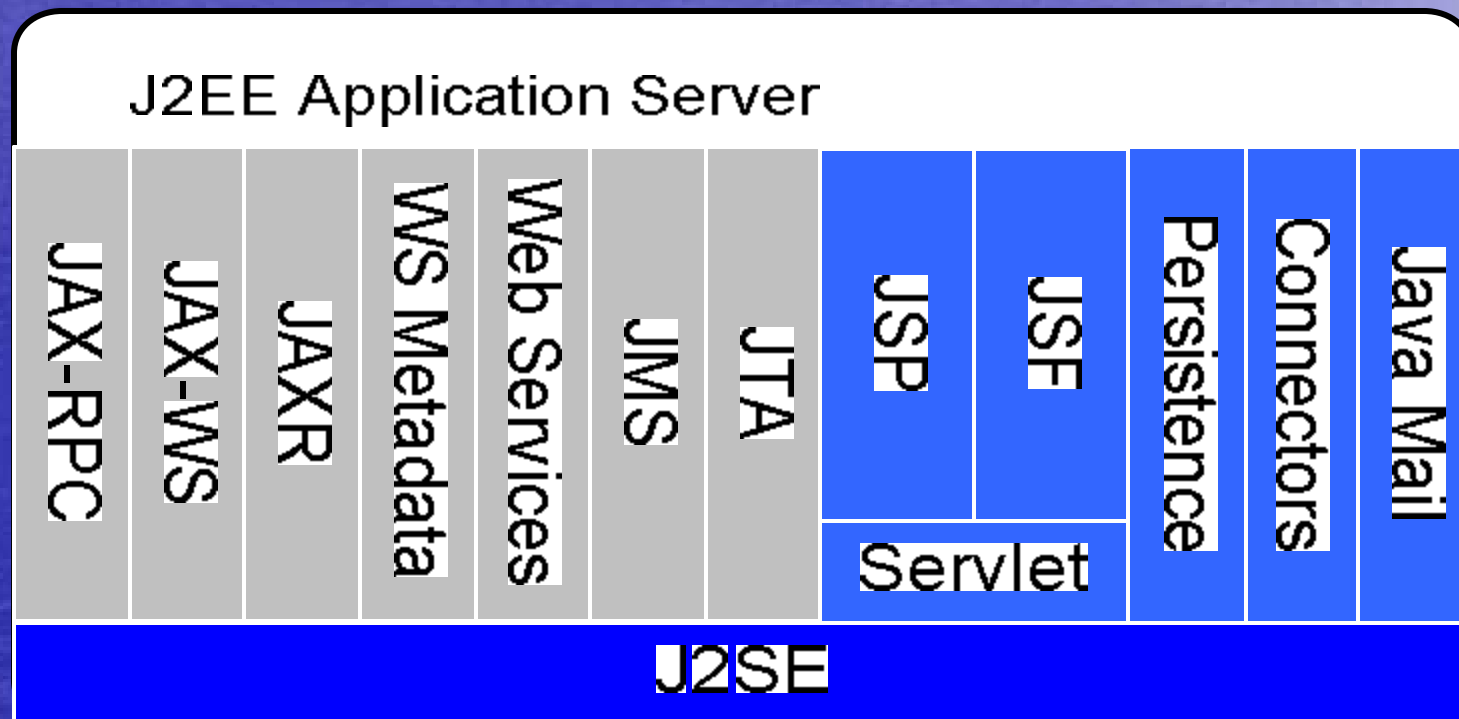
## ◆ Components used in OAF



# Present Environment



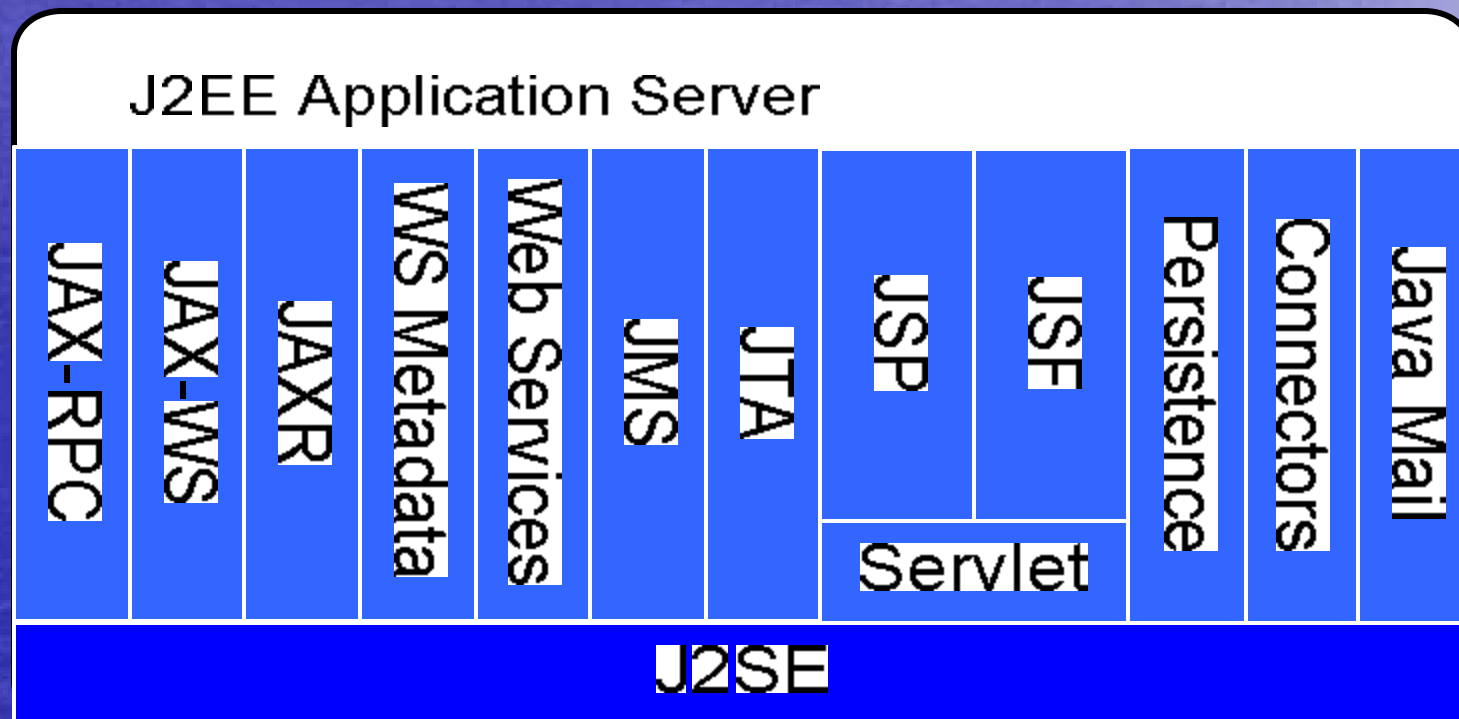
## ◆ Components used in ADF



# Future State



## ◆ Components needed for SOA and web services

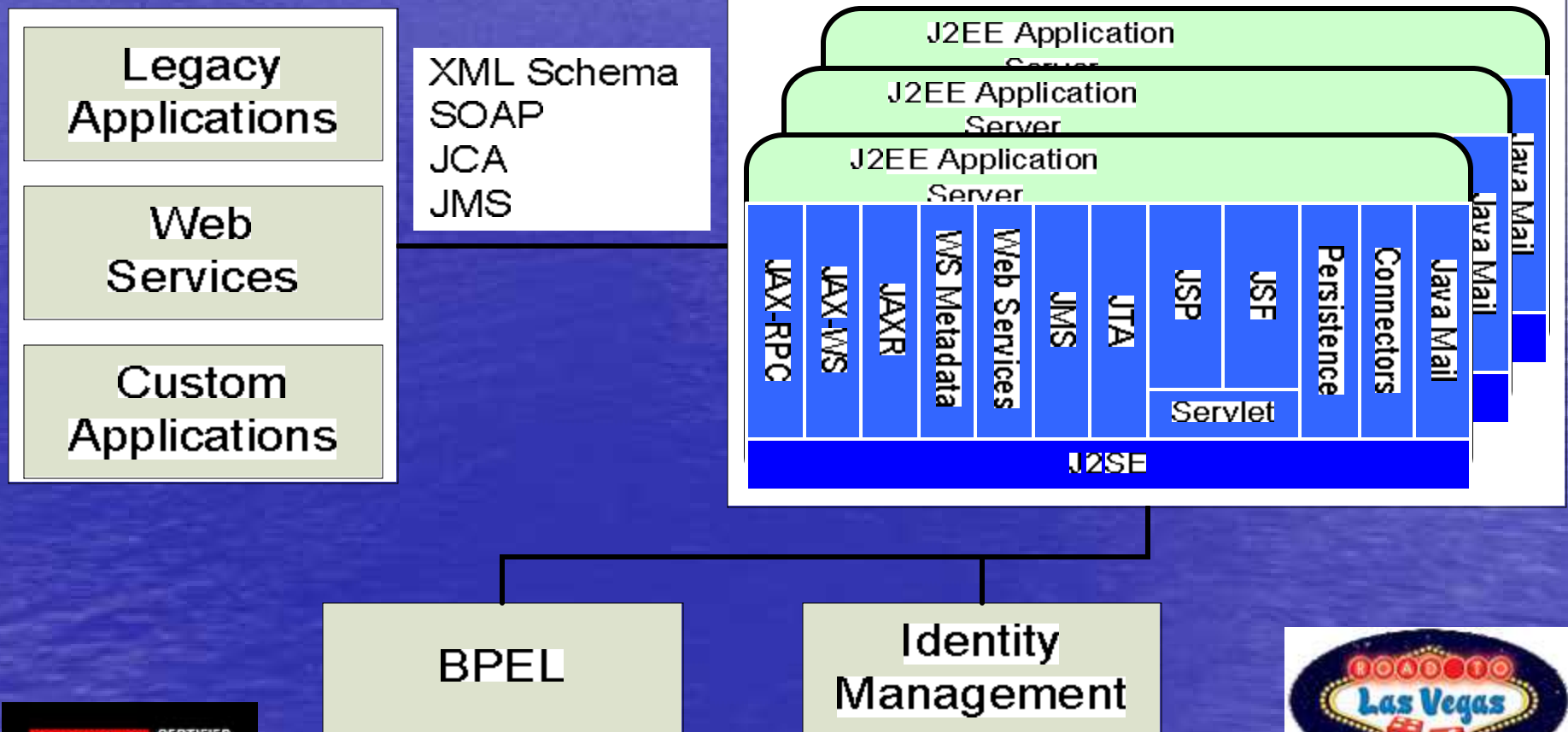




# J2EE in the Architecture



## Cluster



# Questions and Answers



Thank you!

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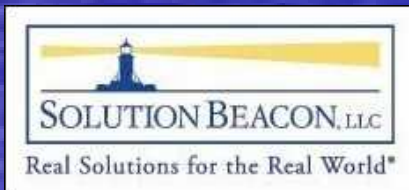


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