INTRODUCTION TO THE JPHILART CLASS*†

he LaTeX 2ε class *jphilart* is designed for typesetting of articles for the *Journal of Philosophy*. The *jphilart* class comes with a commented sample file called sample.tex. You are probably reading the PDF version of this sample file, compiled with a pdflatex engine.

Papers using the LATEX class *jphilart* are published faster. The *Journal of Philosophy* needs a standardized layout for all papers. For that reason, you are strongly encouraged to use the LATEX class *jphilart* for your papers.

An easy way to prepare an article for publication in the *Journal of Philosophy* is to edit the source file sample.tex for this document. Replace the main body of the file with the main body of your article. Supply all metadata (title, authors, affiliations) that are requested in the latex file.

You need a copy of the jphilart.cls file in your directory¹ in order to compile documents based on the *jphilart* class, such as sample.tex.

The *jphilart* document class loads automatically the following packages:

amsmath, amsthm, amsfonts, amssymb, graphicx, enumitem, fontenc, baskervald, lettrine, textcase

It is thus not necessary to add \usepackage load commands for these packages to your latex file. However, you may want to load additional packages, such as the *cleveref* package by using a \usepackage command. The precise location of these extra load commands is clearly mentioned in the sample.tex file. The *jphilart* class provides various environments, and also important commands such as \title, \author, etc.

I. FONTS

The default font used by the *jphilart* class is *NewBaskerville*, i.e. it is checked if t1pnb.fd file exists in the L^ATEX system. If it does not, then the *Baskervaldx* package is used as alternative.

Latin Modern Sans and Latin Modern Mono are used for sans serif and typewriter fonts.

^{*}Supported by the Journal of Philosophy, Inc.

[†]Current maintainer of class file is VTeX, Lithuania (https://vtex.lt). Please send all queries to latex-support@vtex.lt.

Or stored in any location that is scanned for cls files by your LATEX engine.

New font shape macro \textscit is introduced for *italic*+SMALL CAPS shape.

The first letter of the article is typeset larger than the rest of the text. The *jphilart* class loads the lettrine package for this purpose.

II. SECTION HEADINGS

In the *jphilart* class, section titles starting with \subsection are formatted as a run-in title, like the standard \paragraph. Also at the end of these titles punctuation will be automatically inserted if missing.

- II.1. A sub-section without punctuation. Some text
- II.1.1. Another sub-sub-section with punctuation. Some text

A paragraph with exclamation mark! Some text

A sub-paragraph with question mark? Some text

III. EQUATIONS

jphilart class loads an amsmath package for mathematical typesseting. Display equations and their numbers are placed on the left-hand side.

The following numbered displayed equation is the first in section III:

(1)
$$d(\alpha) \in \mathcal{D}$$
;

It is produced with the following source code:

```
\begin{equation}\label{eq:myequation}
d(\alpha) \in \mathcal{D};
\end{equation}
```

You may refer to it by using \eqref{eq:myequation} which produces (1).

Here is another numbered displayed equation

```
(2) d(\neg \phi) = d(\phi);

d(\phi \land \psi) = d(\phi) \odot d(\psi);

d(\phi \lor \psi) = d(\phi) \oplus d(\psi);
```

IV. QUOTATIONS

You may add a quotation by using the quote environment.

This is the body of the quotation. It is inserted with the following environment

```
\begin{quote}
   This is the body of ...
\end{quote}
```

V. ENUNCIATIONS

jphilart class loads asmthm package for typesetting enunciation environments. Author may use \newtheorem command in order to define environment for further use. The precise location of these extra load commands is clearly mentioned in the sample.tex file.

Theorem 1 (My theorem). This is the body of the theorem. This theorem has a name between parentheses, and this is implemented by adding an optional parameter between square brackets to the theorem environment, namely

```
\begin{theorem}[My theorem] \label{th:1}
   This is the body of ...
\end{theorem}
```

Proof of Theorem 1. This is the body of the proof of the theorem above. This proof has a name, and this is implemented by adding an optional parameter between square brackets to the proof environment, namely

```
\begin{proof}[Proof of Theorem \ref{th:1}]
    This is the body of the proof of ...
\end{proof}
```

The proof ends at the square box. \Box

Note that a square box \square is automatically added at the end of the proof by the environment "proof".

Let us give some more examples of environments in action.

Fact (My fact). Body of the Fact without a counter. It is achieved by using asterisks in the definition, namely

```
\newtheorem*{fact*}{Fact}
```

Proof. This is the body of a proof environment without name, obtained using \square

Proposition 2. Body of the proposition. This proposition does not have a name. Its counter is related to theorem environment counter by the definition

\newtheorem{proposition} [theorem] {Proposition}

```
VI. HOW TO INCLUDE GRAPHICS
```

You may include graphics as follows

```
\begin{figure} [htbp]
  \centering % gives better spacing than \begin{center}...\end{center}
  \includegraphics[scale=1.0]{filename}
  \caption{This is my figure.}
  \label{fi:myfigure}
\end{figure}
```

Note that in a figure environment, the \label should always appear after a \caption in order to produce a valid reference to the figure. You may play with the options [htbp] (see the LATEX 2_{ε} documentation for their meaning) and with the options of the \includegraphics command (see the documentation of the graphicx package).

VII. HOW TO INCLUDE BIBLIOGRAPHY

No bibliographies will be published; bibliographical material should be put into notes². To present bibliography from BIB files as notes you may follow these steps:

- Add \bibliographystyle to TEX file, e.g.: \bibliographystyle{apalike} \bibliography{refs}
- 2. Compile file: pdflatex foo.tex
- 3. Generate BBL: bibtex foo
- 4. Add \nobibliography*:
 \usepackage{natbib}
 \usepackage{bibentry}
 \nobibliography*
- 5. Edit paper using \bibentry/\citeauthor macros
- 6. Compile file two times: pdflatex foo.tex pdflatex foo.tex
- 7. Please note:
 - BBL file must be saved in the same folder as TEX file
 - To hide the complete list of bibliography at the end of the paper change:

\bibliography{refs}
to
\nobibliography{refs}

FIRST-NAME SURNAME

Address of the Author

Book references should include: the first and last name of author, publisher, U.S. city of publication, and date.

² Journal citations should include: the first and last name of author(s), name of journal in full, volume number, issue number, month or season, year, the article's full range of pages, and, if applicable, the specified page or pages.