

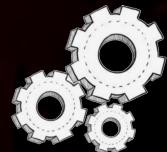


Rosenrot

Pitch

A puppeteer who has committed a **horrible crime** finds himself performing the same play over and over in front of the same audience as **punishment**.
The player will have to make the right decisions to hope for the **audience's forgiveness**.

Data sheet



Narrative choices / QTEs



Dark / Tortured / Gory



Adult / Cynical Philosophy enthusiast



Solo

Synopsis

Plunged into a dark universe, the player takes on the role of a puppeteer serving his sentence in his own **personal hell**.

In his past life, this puppeteer, owner of a puppet theater, perpetrated an **unspeakable sexual crime**. Having dared to prey on children, he deserves his punishment. As his punishment takes the form of his darkest weaknesses, he finds himself having to perform the same play in front of an audience who will judge him unceasingly, inflicting **eternal torment** on him.

The play takes the form of a tale subtly twisted to reflect his **guilt**, where the puppets represent both the **victims**, the **projection** of his being and **judgment**, and his **executioners**.

Intentions

Twisting a **well-known tale** to serve another story.

Play with the narrative to **mislead** the player's deductions.

Use a narrative method that illustrates the **moral** to be conveyed to the player.

Develop a **cryptic aspect** to the narrative and make the player feel it.

Perpetual punishment

References

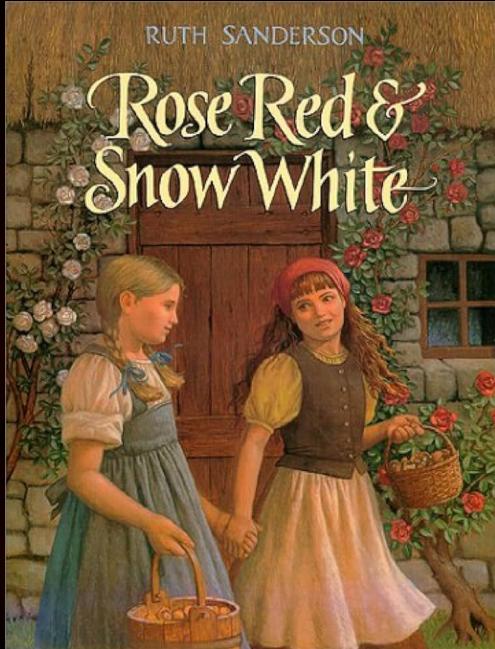


Prometheus, the thief of fire, and the suffering being nailed to the rock, tortured by the vulture that comes to devour his liver, which is reborn every day.



Sisyphus, condemned by Hades to perpetually roll a huge boulder to the top of a mountain, from where it kept falling back.

References



Snow-White and Rose-Red (1837)

- Scenario based on the fairy tale
- Returning characters: Rose-Red, Snow-White, the bear and the dwarf

Snow-White and Rose-Red

Tale Summary

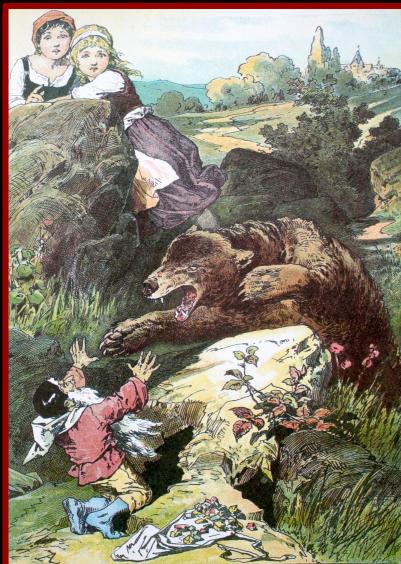
Snow-White and Rose-Red tells the story of two young girls living in a small house with their poor widowed mother.

One winter's night, there's a knock at the door. Rose-Red opens the door and sees a bear. At first she's terrified, but the bear tells her he just needs shelter to keep warm. They let the bear in and he lies down in front of the fire. Snow-White and Rose-Red remove the snow covering the bear, and soon become very friendly with him. They play with the bear until he warns them to leave him alone.

They let the bear spend the night in front of the fire. In the morning, he trots off into the forest. The bear returns every evening for the rest of the winter, and the family gets used to him. When summer comes, the bear tells them he has to go away for the whole season to guard his treasures from an evil dwarf.

During the summer, the girls are out walking in the forest when they find a dwarf whose beard is stuck in a tree. They rescue him by cutting off his beard, but the dwarf is ungrateful, and yells at the girls for cutting off his beautiful beard. The girls meet the dwarf several times during the summer, rescuing him from many perils, and each time, the dwarf proves to be very ungrateful.

One day, they meet the dwarf once more, and this time he's terrified because the bear is about to kill him. The dwarf argues with the bear, begging it to eat the girls rather than him, but the bear doesn't care and kills the dwarf with a swipe of its paw. Then the bear turns into a prince: the dwarf had bewitched him by stealing his gold and turning him into a bear, but the curse was broken by the dwarf's death. Snow-White married the prince and Rose-Red the prince's brother.



Mechanical references

Mr. Hopp's Playhouse (2019)



Unhealthy/oppressive/dark atmosphere

The Stanley Parable (2013)



Narrator / Player's choice of action versus narration

Inscryption (2021)



Artistic direction: silhouette in the dark

Bioshock (2007)



Fort Frolic
Unhealthy theater, mask, stage, music, narrative method

Art references



Coraline (2009)

Unhealthy/oppressive/dark atmosphere
stop motion art direction



Child's Play (1988)

Toys that come alive

MoodBoard Puppets



The Puppets



Snow-White and Rose-Red

The little girls represent the Puppeteer's victims.

They represent the **innocence** and **naivety** of children.



The Bear

The Bear is the **embodiment** of the Puppeteer in the tale.

He plays on his **teddy-bear** appearance to **get closer** to the girls and pass himself off as a **friendly**, **kind** character.



The Dwarf

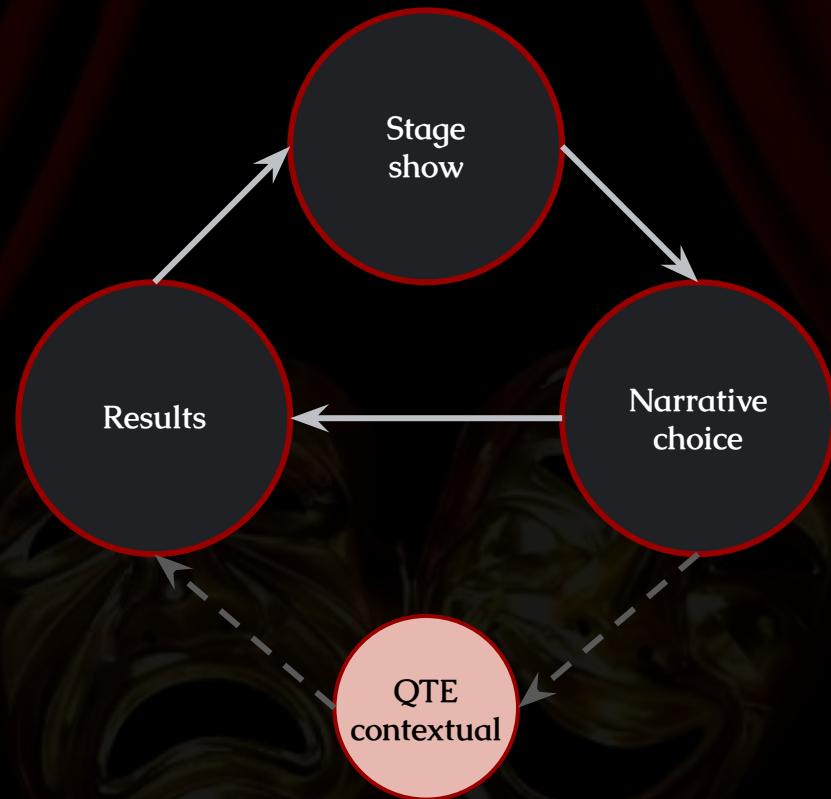
The Dwarf symbolizes the **judgment** passed on the Puppeteer.

His ingratitude makes him the **villain** of the tale.

The Puppets

They are both the tool used to narrate the tale, and to play the role of executioners carrying out the sentence, pandering to the audience's demands.

Gameloop



Mechanics

Narrative choice & QTEs

Narrative choice

The game is made up of a story in which the player can choose the **twists and turns** he or she wishes to follow. These choices impact the **puppeteer's narrative**, but also cause the **audience** and the **puppets** to react accordingly. Most branches lead the puppeteer to continue the story, but some can lead to an abrupt end that forces the player to start the story **all over again**.



QTEs

Certain branching choices in the story may require **additional action** on the part of the player. If the QTE is successful, the choice is validated and the story can **continue** in that direction. If not, the player is returned to **the fork in the road** after the puppeteer has paid the consequences.



Mechanics

Justice

Judge

The **audience** takes on the role of **judge** against the puppeteer. It expresses the direction of its **verdict** through feedback to the player. It also has a **gauge**, hidden from the player's view, which, like a set of scales, weighs the pros and cons until it reaches a verdict.



Executioner

The puppets take on the role of both **executioner** and instrument of **justice**, making the puppeteer endure his **eternal torment**. In the event of a verdict, the puppets take care of the puppeteer's score, so that the show can go on.



KSP

Replayability

- Thanks to a **multiple-choice** narrative, the story features several scenes that can only be explored if the player **repeats** the story several times and **diversifies** his or her choices.
- Hidden content: A number of forks with original scenes are hidden from the player until he or she has **completed** the story at least once. These **additional choices** make the game more **complex** and **challenge** the player again, giving them the **desire** and pleasure to play again, while providing new content.

Atmosphere

- The game's theme plunges players into a dark, **tortured atmosphere**, thanks to a sound design and an original, well-crafted visual aspect.
- The story also has a **moral aspect** of great importance to the player's experience. In particular, its **cryptic allure** will challenge the player to understand its ins and outs, and arouse intrigue and interest.

Annexes

In the Miro links at the bottom of the page, you'll find the following points (respectively from left to right):

- The complete origin story
- A summary of the story
- A breakdown of the story into sub-parts
- A reworked breakdown for gamification purposes
- In-game story details and narrative options (work in progress)
- A detailed iconographic representation of the game

[Details of the scenario](#)