Linear Momentum States for Translational Joints in Momentum State Dynamics

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Background

- This work will make a lot more sense if you read these slides first:
 - Kane_NBody.pdf
 - MSD_NBody.pdf
 - Translational Joints.pdf

Prismatic Joints in MSD

- We draw heavily on analogies to angular momentum states, which have already been developed
- Translational joint degrees of freedom appear in ${}^{N}v^{R}$, leading to:

$$\begin{aligned} \big\{ \boldsymbol{H}_{k} \big\} &= \big(\boldsymbol{S}[\boldsymbol{J}] + \boldsymbol{R}[\boldsymbol{\tilde{c}}] \big) \boldsymbol{\Omega}_{u} \boldsymbol{u} - \big(\boldsymbol{S}[\boldsymbol{\tilde{c}}]^{T} + \boldsymbol{R}[\boldsymbol{m}] \big) (\boldsymbol{V}_{u} \boldsymbol{u} + \boldsymbol{V}_{s} \boldsymbol{s}) \\ &\quad \{ \boldsymbol{P}_{k} \} = \boldsymbol{\Sigma} \big[[\boldsymbol{m}] (\boldsymbol{V}_{u} \boldsymbol{u} + \boldsymbol{V}_{s} \boldsymbol{s}) - [\boldsymbol{\tilde{c}}] \boldsymbol{\Omega}_{u} \boldsymbol{u} \big] \end{aligned}$$

Compare with MSD NBody.pdf, slide 16

Linear Momentum States

Let
$$p_{ik} = \Delta_{ik}^T P_k$$
, $p_{ok} = \Delta_{ok}^T P_k$, so:

$$[p_k] = [\Delta_k]^T [P_k]$$

$$\{\dot{p}_k\} = \left[\Delta_k\right]^T \left\{F_k\right\}$$

to replace $\dot{P}_0 = F_0$ on slide 18 of MSD_NBody.pdf

 $F_{_{\scriptscriptstyle L}}$ is the sum of all contributing forces applied to all bodies outboard of joint G_{ι} . It must account for inter-body contributing forces, such as springs and dampers.

MSD Equations of Motion

Integrate:

$$\begin{cases} \left[\dot{\boldsymbol{p}}_{k} \right] \\ \left[\dot{\boldsymbol{h}}_{k} \right] \end{cases} = \begin{cases} \left[\boldsymbol{\Delta}_{k} \right]^{T} \left[\boldsymbol{F}_{k} \right] \\ \left[\boldsymbol{\Gamma}_{k} \right]^{T} \left[\boldsymbol{T}_{k} - \boldsymbol{v}_{k} \times \boldsymbol{P}_{k} - \sum_{i} \boldsymbol{\omega}_{i} \times^{G_{k}} \boldsymbol{H}^{B_{i}} \right] \end{cases}$$

(where F_k is the total resultant force, and T_k is the resultant torque about G_k of all forces and moments acting on bodies outboard of G_k)

Solve for u, s:

Construct $\{\omega_i\}$, $\{v_k\}$:

$$\{\omega_i\} = \Omega_u u$$

$$\{v_k\} = V_u u + V_s s$$

Repeat

That's all.