HW1

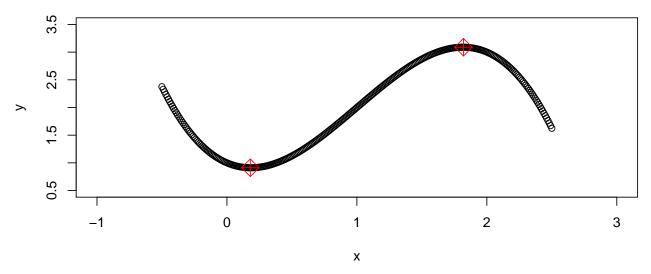
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Problem 3

Figure 1 shows the plot of function over x. The critical points are pointed out in red.

From the calculus, when the first order gradient of function is set as 0, the solution is $1 + \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$ and $1 - \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$. Written in decimals they are 1.816 and 0.1835. Based on the second order gradient of function, the maximum point is (1.816, 3.0886615), the minimum point is (0.1835,0.9113379). This result is confirmed after comparing with the points at the boundary.

function over x



The R function nlminb is used to find the optimal value.

part 1. the minimum of the function

the result is:

res\$convergence

[1] 0

res\$par

[1] 0.1835032

res\$objective

[1] 0.9113379

The number iterations used is:

 ${\tt res\$iterations}$

[1] 5

Based on the variable count value, the number of function usage during the optimization is cnt

[1] 15

Repeat the process 10 times by different initials, the optimal x valus are:

```
## [1] 0.1835034 0.1835032 0.1835034 0.1835036 0.1835034 0.1835034 0.1835034
```

[8] 0.1835036 0.1835036 0.1835034

The results are pretty consistent. The result agrees with the truth.

part 2. the maximum of the function

the result is:

res\$convergence

[1] 1

res\$par

```
## [1] -3.614178e+54
```

-(res\$objective)

[1] 4.720943e+163

The number iterations used is:

res\$iterations

[1] 103

Based on the variable count value, the number of function usage during the optimization is cnt

[1] 287

Repeat the process 10 times by different initials, the optimal x valus are:

```
## [1] -9.483233e+54 1.816496e+00 -8.721764e+54 -5.787125e+54 1.816497e+00
## [6] 1.816497e+00 1.816497e+00 1.816497e+00 -6.778060e+54 1.816497e+00
```

Notice that in some trials, the optimal x value is too large/small to be reliable. The result agrees with the truth.