



THE LONDON SCHOOL
OF ECONOMICS AND
POLITICAL SCIENCE ■

MODULE 1 UNIT 2
Activity submission

Learning outcomes:

LO3: Recognise the different types of data.

LO4: Interpret given data through suitable visualisations.

LO5: Analyse data in R in preparation for machine learning applications.

Plagiarism declaration:

1. I know that plagiarism is wrong. Plagiarism is to use another's work and pretend that it is one's own.
2. This assignment is my own work.
3. I have not allowed, and will not allow, anyone to copy my work with the intention of passing it off as his or her own work.
4. I acknowledge that copying someone else's assignment (or part of it) is wrong, and declare that my assignments are my own work.

Name: Vasileios Tsoumpris

1. Instructions and guidelines (Read carefully)

Instructions

1. Insert your name and surname in the space provided above, as well as in the **file name**. Save the file as: **First name Surname M1 U2 Activity Submission – e.g. Lilly Smith M1 U2 Activity Submission**. **NB:** Please ensure that you use the name that appears in your student profile on the Online Campus.
2. Write all your answers in this document. There is an instruction that says, "Start writing here" under each question. Please type your answer there.
3. Submit your assignment in **Microsoft Word only**. No other file types will be accepted.
4. Do **not delete the plagiarism declaration** or the **assignment instructions and guidelines**. They must remain in your assignment when you submit.

PLEASE NOTE: Plagiarism cases will be investigated in line with the Terms and Conditions for Students.

IMPORTANT NOTICE: Please ensure that you have checked your course calendar for the due date for this assignment.

Guidelines

1. There are five pages and one question in this assignment.
2. Make sure that you have carefully read and fully understood the questions before answering them. Answer the questions fully but concisely and as directly as possible. Follow all specific instructions for individual questions (e.g. “list”, “in point form”).
3. Answer all questions in your own words. Do not copy any text from the notes, readings, or other sources. **The assignment must be your own work only.**
4. At the end of your assignment, please provide feedback on areas where you require further assistance or would like the Assessor to expand on.

2. Mark allocation

The question counts 18 marks. However, you will only receive a final percentage mark and will not be given individual marks for the sections of the question. Use the grading rubric to see how marks will be allocated.

3. Contextual information

You are a senior financial analyst at a financial institution, FundU, which offers credit solutions to customers. You have collected data regarding customers who have defaulted on their credit payments over the past year.

After you have successfully imported data into R, detected issues with the data, cleaned the data, and created the required plots, you are ready to analyse the generated plots to inform a decision.

Question 1

Having generated the different plots in the IDE notebook, analyse these plots and answer the following questions:

- 1.1 With specific reference to the type of data in the credit data set, are these plots being used properly? Substantiate the appropriate use of the plots generated to visualise the data.
- 1.2 Compile two general personas: one of the typical individuals you will award a loan to, and another of the typical individuals you will not award a loan to. To answer this question, analyse the plots generated in the IDE Activity (Assessment) to determine the common traits among those individuals with a high probability to default on their credit payments. Substantiate your answer with specific reference to the output generated in the IDE notebook.
- 1.3 Identify and briefly discuss other comparisons you would have chosen to visualise when making this prediction.

Your submission, excluding in-text citations and your list of references, may not exceed **500 words**.

Start writing here:

1.1

To begin with, a histogram generally summarises discrete or continuous data measured on an interval scale (like the Age variable used in this case). This plot is used correctly, as it illustrates significant features of the distribution of the customers' age. For example, it shows that the age of around 60 customers is between forty and fifty. Moreover, the bar plot is also used correctly, counting the number of males and females. It demonstrates that female customers are slightly more than male customers and both genders are above 150. Furthermore, the box plot is very informative as it is appropriately used for comparing the distribution of Age (continuous variable) between the categorical variable of Gender. It depicts, for example, that the median age of males is slightly below that of females. Also, the maximum age of males is nearly 100 and above the maximum age of female customers. Lastly, the scatterplot is appropriately used for continuous variables only. In our case, it was used between Age (continuous) and Gender (categorical), which is wrong and does not give any valuable information.

1.2

According to the graphic plots generated in the IDE only, there is a high possibility that the age between forty to seventy will default (histogram of age). Given the information that both genders are at the same count levels (bar plot) and that the median age and interquartile range are also at the same level (box plot), I would choose mainly based on age, with some exceptions regarding gender:

I would provide a loan to customers ageing from twenty to forty (histogram) as they are a small group of defaulted customers. At the ages of seventy to eighty, I would only provide loans with a preference to male customers as the male's interquartile range and median are slightly below females' and under the age of seventy.

I would not provide a loan to customers aged from forty-one to sixty-nine as they are the biggest group in the histogram of age that defaulted, and their interquartile range for both genders (box plot) falls in this age range. In addition, the age range from 90 to 100 would be in this persona too, as they cannot pay the loans. This inference is derived from the minor frequency of this age range in the histogram in combination with the maximum values in the box plot for both genders, which fall in the same age range.

1.3

I would create a correlation heatmap to understand the relationships between some variables with the Rating. With the expectation that the Rating is strongly correlated with income, marriage status and credit limit, I would choose, for example:

Box plots between Ethnicity and Rating to understand if there is any difference in rating in the distribution between ethnicities

A scatter plot between Balance and Income to know how the Balance behaves as the Income variable increases.

A histogram of Ratings to demonstrate if we have more high-rating customers than low-rating customers.

4. Rubric

The following rubric will be used to grade your submission for this activity submission.

	Unsatisfactory	Limited	Accomplished	Exceptional
Adherence to the brief <i>The student creates a persona for both the customers they would typically award and decline credit.</i> <i>The student substantiates their answer based on the output of the IDE notebook.</i>	Answer fails to adhere to any of the elements contained in the brief. (0)	Answer adheres to some elements contained in the brief, but some key elements are missing. (2)	Answer adheres to most, but not all, elements of the brief. Almost all information is provided and relevant. (4)	Answer adheres to all the elements of the brief. All information provided is comprehensive and relevant. (6)
Evidence of understanding and accurate use of the module's content <i>The answer demonstrates that the student has engaged with the content.</i> <i>The answer demonstrates that the student has an informed grasp of the types of data, and how data is cleaned, imported into R, and used to create plots to inform a business decision.</i>	There is no evidence that the student has engaged with the content. OR The student fails to demonstrate a basic understanding of the content. (0)	There is little evidence that the student has engaged with the content. The understanding that is evident is inadequate. (2)	There is evidence that the student has engaged with the content and understands most of it. (4)	The student has an excellent understanding of the module's content. (6)

<p>Coherence and clarity</p> <p><i>The answer is clearly structured and written in a way that is comprehensible.</i></p> <p><i>The student adheres to the word count.</i></p>	<p>Answer is incoherent or lacks clarity. Answer is not logically structured or is incomprehensible. (0)</p>	<p>Answer shows limited coherence and clarity. The writing is comprehensible but lacks logical structure. Answer does not fall within the prescribed word count (50 words over the word count). (2)</p>	<p>Answer is written clearly and coherently. The writing is logically structured, but there remains some room for improvement. Answer falls within the word count. (4)</p>	<p>Answer is extremely well-structured and written with exceptional clarity and coherence. Answer falls within the word count. (6)</p>
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Total: 18 marks

Feedback

Start writing here:

References

James, G., Witten, D., Hastie, T. & Tibshirani, R. 2013. *An introduction to statistical learning with applications in R*. New York: Springer-Verlag.

Paisa Bazaar. n.d. *Credit rating in India*. Available: <https://www.paisabazaar.com/cibil/credit-rating> [2019, November 18].