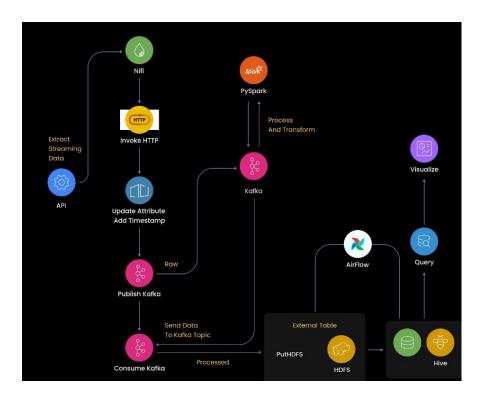
Task No:		CO4
Use Case 4	Messaging using PySpark and Hive	K3
Date:29/10/25		

AIM: To Build a Data Pipeline based on Messaging using PySpark and Hive.

```
PROCEDURE:
Step 1: Create a Spark session
Step 2: Ingest data from a source (e.g., CSV file)
Step 3: Data Transformation and Cleaning (e.g., filtering)
Step 4: Write data to HDFS (e.g., Parquet format)
Step 5: Create a Hive External Table
Step 6: Query and analyze data with Hive
Step 7: Stop the Spark session
CODE:
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
spark = SparkSession.builder.appName("DataPipeline").getOrCreate()
source data = spark.read.csv("source data.csv", header=True, inferSchema=True)
cleaned data = source data.filter(source data["column name"] > 10)
cleaned data.write.mode("overwrite").parquet("hdfs:///user/hive/warehouse/cleaned data")
spark.sql("""
  CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE cleaned data (
    col1 STRING,
    col2 INT
  )
  ROW FORMAT SERDE 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.ql.io.parquet.serde.ParquetHiveSerDe'
  STORED AS INPUTFORMAT 'org.apache.hadoop.mapred.SequenceFileInputFormat'
  OUTPUTFORMAT 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.ql.io.HiveSequenceFileOutputFormat'
  LOCATION 'hdfs:///user/hive/warehouse/cleaned data'
"")
```

You can now use Hive to run SQL queries on the data in the "cleaned_data" external table. spark.stop()

IMPLEMENTATION:



RESULT:Thus to build a Data Pipeline based on Messaging using PySpark and Hive was executed successfully.