

**TASK:3**  
**Implementation of A \* Algorithm to find the optimal path**

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**AIM**

To implement the A\* (A-Star) Search Algorithm using Python to find the optimal shortest path between a start node and a goal node in a weighted graph, using both the actual path cost and a heuristic estimate (Manhattan or straight-line distance).

**ALGORITHM**

1. Start at the starting point on the map.
2. Write down the cost to reach this point from the start ( $g = 0$ ), and estimate how far it is from the goal using straight lines or grid steps ( $h = \text{heuristic}$ ).

Then calculate the total cost:

$$f = g + h.$$

3. Look at all the neighbouring points you can go to from your current position.

4. For each neighbour:

- Add the cost to get there from where you are now ( $g$ ).
- Estimate how far it is from the goal ( $h$ ).
- Add them to get the total cost:  $f = g + h$ .
- Write down this total cost for each possible path.

5. Pick the point with the lowest total cost ( $f$ ) and go there next.

6. Repeat the process:

- Check all neighbouring points from your current position.
- Update their  $g$ ,  $h$ , and  $f$  values.
- Always move to the next point with the lowest  $f$  value.

7. Stop when you reach the goal.

8. Trace back the path you took to get the full route from start to goal.

## PROGRAM

### A\* Algorithm on a Graph

```
import heapq

# Graph: adjacency list with edge costs
graph = {
    'A': [('B', 1), ('C', 4)],
    'B': [('D', 5), ('E', 12)],
    'C': [('F', 3)],
    'D': [('G', 2)],
    'E': [('G', 3)],
    'F': [('G', 5)],
    'G': []
}

# Heuristic values (estimated cost from node to goal)
heuristic = {
    'A': 7,
    'B': 6,
    'C': 5,
    'D': 3,
    'E': 2,
    'F': 4,
    'G': 0
}

# A* Algorithm
def a_star(graph, start, goal):
    open_list = []
    heapq.heappush(open_list, (0 + heuristic[start], 0, start, [start])) # (f, g, current_node,
    path)
    visited = set()

    while open_list:
```

```

f, g, current, path = heapq.heappop(open_list)

if current in visited:
    continue
visited.add(current)

# Goal reached
if current == goal:
    print("Optimal Path Found:", " → ".join(path))
    print("Total Cost:", g)
    return

# Explore neighbors
for neighbor, cost in graph[current]:
    if neighbor not in visited:
        new_g = g + cost
        new_f = new_g + heuristic[neighbor]
        heapq.heappush(open_list, (new_f, new_g, neighbor, path + [neighbor]))

print("No path found.")

# Run the algorithm
start_node = 'A'
goal_node = 'G'
a_star(graph, start_node, goal_node)

```

## OUTPUT

```

PS C:\Users\student\Documents\26270> c++; cd 'c:\Users\student\Documents\26270'; & 'c:\Program Files\Python313\python.exe' 'c:\Users\student\.vscode\extensions\ms-python.debugpy-2025.14.1-win32-x64\bundle\libs\debugpy\launcher' '59104' '--' 'C:\Users\student\Documents\26270\26270'
Optimal Path Found: A → B → D → G
Total Cost: 8

```

## **RESULT**

Thus, the Implementation of A \* Algorithm to find the optimal path using Python Was successfully executed and output was verified.