

Task-4: Developing queries with OML Multi-row Functions & perform the advanced query processing and test its heuristics using the designing of optimal correlated and nested Subqueries Such as Finding Summary Statistics.

Consider the Schema for

EMPLOYEES (emp_no, emp_name, department, deptno, Salary, age)

Orders (emp_no, order id, Price, qty_ord, qty_hand.)

ItemFile (itemid, itemname, qty_ord, qty_hand, itemrate)

Queries using UNION, INTERSECT, MINUS:

UNION:

SQL > select emp_no from employees;

SQL > select emp_no from orders;

SQL > select emp_no from employees union select emp_no from orders;

UNION All:

SQL > select emp_no from employees union all select emp_no from orders;

INTERSECT:

SQL > select emp_no from employees intersect select emp_no from orders;

MINUS:

SQL > select emp_no from employees minus select emp_no from orders;

Queries using Group By, Having clause & order clause

GROUP BY:

SQL > select deptno, count(*) from employees group by deptno;

Group By having:

SQL > select deptno, count(*) from employees group by deptno having deptno is not null;

Order by:

Syntax: <column(s)> From <TN> where [condition(s)] [order by <column name> [asc/] desc];

SQL > select empno, ename, salary from employees order by salary;

SQL > select empno, emp-name, salary from employees order by salary desc;

SQL * Plus having following operators.

SQL > select salary + comm from emp-master;
salary + comm

SQL > select salary + comm net-sal from emp-master;

SQL > select 12 * (salary + comm) annual-net-sal from emp-master.

Sub queries:

SQL > select * from employees

SQL > insert into employees select * from employees where emp-id in (select emp-id from employees);

SQL > update employees set salary * 10 where department in (select department from employees where department = 'sales');

Delete from employees where department in (select department from employees where department = 'sales');

IN:

Query: select * from employees where department IN ('sales', 'marketing');

NOT IN:

Query: select * from employees where exists (select * from orders where orders.emp-no = (link unavailable));

Exists:

Query: select * from employees where exists (select * from orders where orders.emp-no = (link unavailable));

For not in,
NOT

SQL*Plus: Release 11.2.0.2.0 Production on Thu Sep 11 14:36:21 2025

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SQL> connect

Enter user-name: system

Enter password:

Connected.

SQL> select* from employees;

EMPNO	EMPNAME	DEPARTME	DEPTNO	SALARY	AGE
1	x	xx	11	10000	25
3	z	zz	33	12000	26
2	y	yy	22	10500	24
4	a	aa	44	9500	24
5	b	bb	55	20000	22

SQL> select* from orderss;

EMP_NO	ORDER_ID	PRICE	QTY_ORDER	QTY_HAND
1	2	3	4	5
2	3	4	5	6
3	4	5	6	7
4	5	6	7	8
5	6	7	8	9

SQL> select* from itemfile;

ITEM_ID	ITEM_NAME	QTY_ORD	QTY_HAND	ITEM_RATE
1	j	11	2	22
2	a	22	3	33
3	g	33	4	44
4	a	44	5	55
5	n	55	6	66

SQL> select empno from employees;

EMPNO

1
3
2
4
5

SQL> select emp_no from orderss;

EMP_NO

1
2
3

4
5

SQL> select empno from employees union select emp_no from orderss;

EMPNO
1
2
3
4
5

SQL> select empno from employees union all select emp_no from orderss;

EMPNO
1
3
2
4
5
1
2
3
4
5

10 rows selected.

SQL> select empno from employees intersect select emp_no from orderss;

EMPNO
1
2
3
4
5

SQL> select empno from employees minus select emp_no from orderss;

no rows selected

SQL> select deptno, count(*) from employees group by deptno;

DEPTNO	COUNT(*)
22	1
11	1
44	1
55	1
33	1

SQL> select deptno,count(*) from employees group by deptno having deptno is not null;

DEPTNO	COUNT(*)
22	1
11	1
44	1
55	1
33	1

SQL> select empno,empname,salary from employees order by salary;

EMPNO	EMPNAME	SALARY
4	a	9500
1	x	10000
2	y	10500
3	z	12000
5	b	20000

SQL> select empno,empname,salary from employees order by salary desc;

EMPNO	EMPNAME	SALARY
5	b	20000
3	z	12000
2	y	10500
1	x	10000
4	a	9500

SQL> select salary+empno from employees;

SALARY+EMPNO
10001
12003
10502
9504
20005

SQL> select salary+empno net_sal from employees;

NET_SAL
10001
12003
10502
9504
20005

SQL> select 12*(salary+empno)annual_net_sal from employees;

ANNUAL_NET_SAL

120012
144036
126024
114048
240060

SQL> select* from employees;

EMPNO	EMPNAME	DEPARTME	DEPTNO	SALARY	AGE
1	x	xx	11	10000	25
3	z	zz	33	12000	26
2	y	yy	22	10500	24
4	a	aa	44	9500	24
5	b	bb	55	20000	22

SQL> insert into employees select* from employees where empno in (select empno from employees);

5 rows created.

SQL> select*from employees;

EMPNO	EMPNAME	DEPARTME	DEPTNO	SALARY	AGE
1	x	xx	11	10000	25
3	z	zz	33	12000	26
2	y	yy	22	10500	24
4	a	aa	44	9500	24
5	b	bb	55	20000	22
1	x	xx	11	10000	25
3	z	zz	33	12000	26
2	y	yy	22	10500	24
4	a	aa	44	9500	24
5	b	bb	55	20000	22

10 rows selected.

SQL> update employees set salary=salary*5 where deptno in (select deptno from employees where deptno=11);

2 rows updated.

SQL> select* from employees;

EMPNO	EMPNAME	DEPARTME	DEPTNO	SALARY	AGE
1	x	xx	11	50000	25
3	z	zz	33	12000	26
2	y	yy	22	10500	24
4	a	aa	44	9500	24

5	b	bb	55	20000	22
1	x	xx	11	50000	25
3	z	zz	33	12000	26
2	y	yy	22	10500	24
4	a	aa	44	9500	24
5	b	bb	55	20000	22

10 rows selected.

SQL> delete from employees where deptno in (select deptno from employees where deptno=44);

2 rows deleted.

SQL> select*from employees;

EMPNO	EMPNAME	DEPARTME	DEPTNO	SALARY	AGE
1	x	xx	11	50000	25
3	z	zz	33	12000	26
2	y	yy	22	10500	24
5	b	bb	55	20000	22
1	x	xx	11	50000	25
3	z	zz	33	12000	26
2	y	yy	22	10500	24
5	b	bb	55	20000	22

8 rows selected.

SQL> select* from employees where deptno in(11,33);

EMPNO	EMPNAME	DEPARTME	DEPTNO	SALARY	AGE
1	x	xx	11	50000	25
3	z	zz	33	12000	26
1	x	xx	11	50000	25
3	z	zz	33	12000	26

SQL> select* from employees where deptno not in (22,55);

EMPNO	EMPNAME	DEPARTME	DEPTNO	SALARY	AGE
1	x	xx	11	50000	25
3	z	zz	33	12000	26
1	x	xx	11	50000	25
3	z	zz	33	12000	26

SQL> select* from employees where exists (select* from orderss where orderss.emp_no=(link unavailable));
 select* from employees where exists (select* from orderss where orderss.emp_no=(link unavailable))

*

SQL> select* from employees where exists (select* from orderss where orderss.emp_no=(1));

EMPNO	EMPNAME	DEPARTME	DEPTNO	SALARY	AGE
1 x	xx		11	50000	25
3 z	zz		33	12000	26
2 y	yy		22	10500	24
5 b	bb		55	20000	22
1 x	xx		11	50000	25
3 z	zz		33	12000	26
2 y	yy		22	10500	24
5 b	bb		55	20000	22

8 rows selected.

SQL> select* from employees where not exists (select* from orderss where orderss.emp_no=(1));

no rows selected

SQL> select* from employees where salary>all (select salary from employees where deptno=11);

no rows selected

SQL> select* from employees where salary>any (select salary from employees where deptno=22);

EMPNO	EMPNAME	DEPARTME	DEPTNO	SALARY	AGE
1 x	xx		11	50000	25
1 x	xx		11	50000	25
5 b	bb		55	20000	22
5 b	bb		55	20000	22
3 z	zz		33	12000	26
3 z	zz		33	12000	26

6 rows selected.

NOT EXISTS:

Query: select * from employees where not exists
(select * from orders where orders.emp-no =
(link unavailable));

ALL:

Query: select * from employees where salary > ALL
(select salary from employees where department = 'Sales');

ANY:

Query: select * from employees where salary > ANY
(select salary from employees where department = 'Sales');

SQL > select * from order-master where codes-no = (select
order-no from order where order-no = '0001');

SQL > select * from codes-master where order-no = (select
order-no from orders);

SQL > select * from order-master where codes-no = any
(select order-no from order-detail);

SQL > select * from order-master where order-no in
(select order-no from order-detail);

SQL > select * from order-detail where qty-ord = all (select
qty-hand from itemfile where itemrate = 250);

Result: Thus the developing queries with OML multi
row functions & operations has been executed
successfully.

VEL TECH	
EX NO.	A
PERFORMANCE (5)	5
RESULT AND ANALYSIS (5)	5
VIVA VOCE (5)	5
RECORD (5)	5
TOTAL (20)	20
DATE WITH DATE	22/11