

Vel Tech Rangarajan Dr. Sagunthala R&D Institute of Science and Technology
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School of Computing

B.Tech. – Computer Science and Engineering

VTR UGE2021- (CBCS)



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Course Code : 10211CS207

Course Name : Database Management Systems

Slot No : S2L3

DBMS TASK - 6 REPORT

Title: Procedures, Function and Loops

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Procedures, Function and Loops

Aim: To write a programming using PL/SQL Procedures, Functions and loops on Number theory and business scenarios like.

1. Write a PL/SQL block that calculates the average age of players and displays the result.
2. Write a PL/SQL block that inserts a new player record into the Player table.
3. To create a function that returns the total number of teams in a particular Cricket Board.
4. To write a non-recursive PL/SQL procedure to retrieve even-numbered PlayerIDs registered for any tournament.

Write a PL/SQL block that calculates the average age of players and displays the result.

```
DECLARE
    total_age NUMBER := 0;
    num_players NUMBER := 0;
    avg_age NUMBER := 0;
BEGIN
    -- Using a cursor to loop through all players
    FOR player_rec IN (SELECT Age FROM Player) LOOP
        total_age := total_age + player_rec.Age; -- Summing up the ages
        num_players := num_players + 1; -- Counting the number of players
    END LOOP;

    -- Calculating the average age
    IF num_players > 0 THEN
        avg_age := total_age / num_players;
    END IF;

    -- Displaying the result
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Total Players: ' || num_players);
```

```
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Total Age: ' || total_age);
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Average Age: ' || avg_age);
END;
```

Output:

Total Players: 14

Total Age: 342

Average Age: 24.42

Write a PL/SQL block that inserts a new player record into the Player table.

DECLARE

v_PlayerID VARCHAR(6) := &PlayerID'; -- You can generate a unique PlayerID as needed

v_TeamID VARCHAR(6) := '&TEAMID'; -- Replace with the actual TeamID

v_FName VARCHAR(30) := '&Fname';

v_LName VARCHAR(30) := '&Lname';

v_Age NUMBER(5,2) := &age;

v_DateofBirth DATE := TO_DATE('&DOB', 'YYYY-MM-DD'); -- Replace with the actual DateofBirth

v_PlayingRole VARCHAR(25) := '&PlayingRole';

v_email VARCHAR(40) := '&email';

v_contact_no NUMBER := ☎ -- Replace with the actual contact number

BEGIN

INSERT INTO Player (PlayerID, TeamID, FName, LName, Age, DateofBirth, PlayingRole, email, contact_no)

VALUES (v_PlayerID, v_TeamID, v_FName, v_LName, v_Age, v_DateofBirth, v_PlayingRole, v_email, v_contact_no);

COMMIT;

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Player record inserted successfully.');

EXCEPTION

WHEN OTHERS THEN

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Error: ' || SQLERRM);

ROLLBACK;

END;

/

Enter the PlayerID: 676

Enter the TeamID: CCB01

Enter the FName: Rahul

Enter the LName: Sharma

Enter the Age: 23

Enter the DateofBirth: 17-07-1999

Enter the PlayingRole: AllRounder

Enter the email: rahulsharma@gmail.com

Enter the Contact_no: 9797181815

Player record inserted successfully.

To create a function that returns the total number of teams in a particular Cricket Board.

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION GetTotalTeamsInBoard(BoardID VARCHAR2)
RETURN NUMBER IS

v_TotalTeams NUMBER := 0;

BEGIN

SELECT COUNT(*) INTO v_TotalTeams FROM Team WHERE BoardID =
BoardID;

RETURN v_TotalTeams;

EXCEPTION

WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN

```

        -- Handle the case when the board doesn't exist or has no teams

        RETURN 0;

    WHEN OTHERS THEN

        -- Handle other exceptions as needed

        RETURN -1; -- Return a negative value to indicate an error

END GetTotalTeamsInBoard;

```

/

Function successfully created.

SQL>

Declare

number res;

Begin

res:= GetTotalTeamsInBoard('BID01');

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No of teams: '||res);

END;

/

No of teams: 2

To write a non-recursive PL/SQL procedure to retrieve even-numbered PlayerIDs registered for any tournament.

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE GetEvenNumberedPlayerIDs IS

BEGIN

FOR player_rec IN (SELECT PlayerID FROM Player WHERE
TO_NUMBER(PlayerID) MOD 2 = 0)

LOOP

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Even-Numbered PlayerID: ' || player_rec.PlayerID);

END LOOP;

```
END GetEvenNumberedPlayerIDs;
```

```
/
```

Result:

Thus the PL/SQL Procedures, Functions and loops on Number theory and business scenarios experiment was successfully completed and results are verified.