

Task:11 Recursion and its concept.

The Fibonacci numbers, commonly denoted $F(n)$ form a sequence, called the Fibonacci series, such that each number is the sum of the two preceding ones starting from 0 and 1. That is,

$$F(0) = 0, F(1) = 1$$

$$F(n) = F(n-1) + F(n-2), \text{ for } n \geq 2$$

Given, calculate $F(n)$.

Ex-1

Input $n=2$

Output: 1

$$\text{Explanation: } F(2) = F(1) + F(0) = 1 + 0 = 1$$

Algorithm:

- 1) If n is 0, return 0.
- 2) If n is 1, return 1.
- 3) Initialize variables a and b to 0 and 1, respectively.
- 4) for i from 2 to n , calculate the next Fibonacci number by setting $a=b$ and $b=a+b$
- 5) Return b as the n^{th} Fibonacci number.

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int fibonacci(int n){
    if (n<=1) {
```

return n;

```
    }  
    return fibonaci(n-1)+fibonaci(n-2);
```

int main(){
 int n=5; // set base case to 5, as it reduces addition's

int n=10; // base case to 10, as it gives good result
printf("The %dth Fibonacci number is %d\n",n,fibonaci(n));

return 0;

}

Output:

The 10th Fibonacci number is 55

problem: The Tribonacci sequence T_n is defined as follows: T_0

$T_0 = 0, T_1 = 1, T_2 = 1$ and $T_{n+3} = T_n + T_{n+1} + T_{n+2}$ for $n \geq 0$

Given n , return the value of T_n

Example:

Input: $n=4$

Output: 4

Explanation:

$$T_3 = 0 + 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$T_4 = 1 + 1 + 2 = 4$$

The answer is guaranteed to fit within a 32-bit integer.

i.e; $\text{Answer} < 2^{31}-1$.

ffff 666 AND P8 33 48 18

Algorithm:

1. If n is 0, return 0
2. If n is 1 or 2, return 1
3. Initialize variables to $t_0 = 0, t_1 = 1, t_2 = 1$ and $t_3 = 2$.
4. Loop from 3 to n , and at each iteration, calculate the value of the next term in the sequence by setting $t_3 = t_0 + t_1 + t_2$, then update the values.
5. Return the value of t_3 .

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int fibonacci(int n){
```

```
    if (n <= 1) {
```

```
        return n;
```

```
}
```

```
    int main() {
```

```
        int n = 10;
```

printf("The %dth Fibonacci number is %d\n", n, n);

```
    fibonacci(n);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

Output:- 56 is the 10th Fibonacci number.

Enter the no. of elements: 15

0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55 89 144 233 377.

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depth 0

Algorithm

p = n: target

p = double

switches

$$S + H + D = 8I$$

$$P = SH + D = PI$$

-1-1875 :> 20340 (7.1)

VEL TECH - CSE	
EX NO.	9
PERFORMANCE (5)	5
RESULT AND ANALYSIS (3)	3
VIVA VOCE (3)	3
RECORD (4)	4
TOTAL (15)	14
SIGN WITH DATE	

Result: Thus the program is executed and verified successfully.

