

Task 8: Implement Python generator and decorators.

119125

(a). fibonacci sequence generator.

Aim:- To create a generator function that yields Fibonacci numbers up to a given limit n and display the sequence.

Algorithm:-

1. Define a generator function fibonacci-generator(n) that takes a maximum value.
2. Initialize the first two fibonacci numbers (0 and 1).
3. Yield the first number (0).
4. Use a while loop to generate subsequent fibonacci numbers.
5. Yield each fibonacci number until it exceeds the limit n.
6. Get user input for the maximum value.
7. Use the generator to iterate through and display the sequence.

Program:-

```

def fibonacci_generator(n):
    """Generator function that yields fibonacci numbers
    up to n"""
    a,b = 0,1
    yield a
    while b <= n:
        yield b
        a,b = b,a+b
    def main():
        try:
            n = int(input("Enter the maximum value for
fibonacci sequence:"))
        if n < 0:
            print("please enter a non-negative number!")
        return

```

Output

Enter the maximum value for fibonacci sequence =
Fibonacci sequence up to 50:

0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34.

```
Print("fibonacci sequence up to n: ")
fib-gen = fibonacci-generator(n)
for num in fib-gen:
    Print(num, end = " ")
print()
except ValueError:
    Print("Please enter a valid integer.")
if __name__ == "__main__":
    Main()
```

Result:- Thus, The program successfully creates a Generator function that produces fibonacci numbers up to the specified limit.

b. function execution time decorator.

Aim:- To implement a decorator that calculates And displays the execution time of array function, specifically applied to sorting function.

Algorithm:-

1. Create a decorator function timer - Decorator shall:
 - Records start time using time.time()
 - calls the original function.
 - Records end time and calculates execution time
 - prints the execution time.
 - Returns the function result.
2. Create a function results sort - random-list(size) That:
 - Generates a list of random numbers.
 - Sorts the list using built-in sort
 - Returns the sorted list
3. apply the decorator to sorting function.
4. Test the different list sizes.

Program:-

Import time.

Import random

def timer-decorator(func):

 def wrapper(*args, **kwargs):

 start_time = time.time()

 result = func(*args, **kwargs)

 end_time = time.time()

 execution_time = end_time - start_time.

 print(f"function '{func.__name__}' executed
 in execution-time:-")

Output:

Sorting list of size 1000:

function 'Sort-random-list' executed in 0.000998 sec

First 5 elements: [2, 4, 6, 8, 10]

Last 5 elements: [991, 992, 993, 995, 999]

Sorting list of size 5000:

Function 'Sort-random-list' executed in 0.002995 sec

First 5 elements: (1, 1, 2, 2, 3)

Last 5 elements: [998, 998, 999, 999, 1000]

```

    return result
    return wrapper

@timer - decorator
def sort_random_list(size):
    random_list = [random.randint(1, 1000) for _ in range
    (size)]
    sorted_list = sorted(random_list)
    return sorted_list

def main():
    sizes = [1000, 5000, 10000]
    for size in sizes:
        print(f"\nSorting list of size {size}:")
        sorted_list = sort_random_list(size)
        print(f"first 5 elements: {sorted_list[:5]}")
        print(f"last 5 elements: {sorted_list[-5:]}")

```

```

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```

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5	RESULT AND ANALYSIS (5)
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Result:-

Thus, the decorator successfully measures and displays the execution time of the sorting function are, verified.

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