

7/9/25

Tasks: Implement Python generator and decorators.

(a). fibonacci sequence generator.

Aim:- To create a generator function that yields Fibonacci numbers up to a given limit n and display the sequence.

Algorithm:-

1. Define a generator function `fibonacci-generator(n)` that takes a maximum value.
2. Initialize the first two fibonacci numbers (0 and 1).
3. Yield the first number (0).
4. Use a while loop to generate subsequent fibonacci numbers.
5. Yield each fibonacci number until it exceeds the limit n .
6. Get user input for the maximum value.
7. Use the generator to iterate through and display the sequence.

Program:-

```
def fibonacci-generator(n):  
    """ Generator function that yields fibonacci numbers  
    up to n """  
    a, b = 0, 1  
    yield a  
    while b <= n:  
        yield b  
        a, b = b, a+b  
  
def main():  
    try:  
        n = int(input("Enter the maximum value for  
        fibonacci sequence:"))  
  
        if n < 0:  
            print("Please enter a non-negative number.")  
        return
```

Output:-

Enter the maximum value for fibonacci sequence = 50

Fibonacci sequence up to 50:

0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34

```
print(f"fibonacci sequence up to {n} :")
fib_gen = fibonacci_generator(n)
for num in fib_gen:
    print(num, end = " ")
print()
except ValueError:
    print("Please enter a valid integer.")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

Result:- Thus, The program successfully creates a generator function that produces fibonacci numbers up to the specified limit.

b. function execution time decorator.

Aim:- To implement a decorator that calculates and displays the execution time of any function, specifically applies to sorting function.

Algorithm:-

1. Create a decorator function `timer_decorator` that:
 - Records start time using `time.time()`
 - calls the original function.
 - Records end time and calculates execution time
 - Prints the execution time.
 - Returns the function result.
2. Create a function `result_sort_random_list(size)` that:
 - Generates a list of random numbers.
 - Sorts the list using built-in sort
 - Returns the sorted list
3. Apply the decorator to sorting function.
4. Test the different list sizes.

Program:-

Import time.

Import random

def timer_decorator(func):

def wrapper(*args, **kwargs):

start_time = time.time()

✓ result = func(*args, **kwargs)

end_time = time.time()

execution_time = end_time - start_time

print(f"function '{func.__name__}' executed

in {execution_time} time:-

Output:-

Sorting list of size 1000:

function 'Sort-random-list' executed in 0.000998 sec

First 5 elements: [2, 4, 6, 8, 10]

Last 5 elements: [991, 992, 993, 995, 999]

Sorting list of size 5000:

Function 'Sort-random-list' executed in 0.002995 sec

First 5 elements: [1, 1, 2, 2, 3]

Last 5 elements: [998, 998, 999, 999, 1000]

return result
return wrapper

@timer — decorator

def sort — random — list (size):

random — list = [random * randint (1, 1000) for — in range
(size)]

sorted — list = sorted (random — list)

return sorted — list

def main ():

sizes = [1000, 5000, 10000]

for size in sizes:

Print (f" \n Sorting list of size {size} :")

Sorted — list = sort — random — list (size)

Print (f" first 5 elements: {sorted — list [: 5]}")

Print (f" Last 5 elements: {sorted — list [- 5 :]}")

if — name == — = " — main — ":

main ()

VEL TECH - CSE	
EX NO.	8
PERFORMANCE (5)	5
RESULT AND ANALYSIS (5)	5
VIVA VOCE (5)	5
RECORD (5)	5
TOTAL (20)	25
SIGN WITH DATE	

Result:-

Thus, the decorator successfully measures and displays
The execution time of the sorting function are,
verified.

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