

09/9/25

TASK-5

WRITING JOIN QUERIES EQUIVALENT
AND FOR RECURSIVE QUERY.

Aim: To implement and execute JOIN queries equivalent queries and recursive queries using mobile database

INNER JOIN

Return records that matching values in both tables

SELECT m.Phone-id m.brand m.model,
s.ram s.storage, s.battery.

FROM Mobile Phone m
INNER JOIN Phone Spec R.

Phone-id	brand	model	Price
1.	Realme	141310	30,000
2.	Realme	101310	15,000
3.	vivo	131310	25,000

INNER JOIN Phone Specifications:

ON m.Phone-id = s.Phone-id;

Phone id	ram	storage	battery.
1.	16GB	256GB	5000mAh
2.	8GB	128GB	4500mAh
3	12GB	256GB	5500mAh

LEFT (Outer) JOIN: Return all records from the table and the matched records from the right table

SELECT m.Phone-id, m.brand, m.model.
s.ram, s.storage, s.battery.

FROM Mobile Phones m

Phone-specification ON m.Phone-id = s.Phone-id;

Phone-id	brand	model	Price.
1.	realme	14 Pro	30,000
2.	Redmi	10 Pro	15,000
3.	vivo	73 Pro	25,000

ram	storage	battery
16GB	256GB	5000mAh
8GB	128GB	4500mAh
12GB	256GB	5500mAh.

RIGHT (Outer) JOIN: Return all Records from the right table and the matched records from the left table

SELECT m.Phone-id, m.brand, m.model
s.ram, s.storage, s.storage, s.battery
FROM mobile Phones m

RIGHT JOIN Phone Specifications
ON m.Phone-id = s.Phone-id;

Phone-id	brand	model	Price	ram	Storage	battery
1.	Realme	107510	30,000	12GB	256GB	5000 mah
2.	Redmi	107510	15,000	8GB	128GB	4500 mah
3.	vivo	737510	25,000	12GB	256GB	5000mah

Full OUTER JOIN Returns all records when there is a match in either left or Right table
 SELECT m.Phone-id m.brand m.model s.rom
 s.storage s.battery
 FROM Mobile Phones m

Full OUTER Join Phone specifications on
 m.Phone-id = s.Phone-id;

Phone-id	brand	model	Price	ram	Storage	battery
1.	Realme	107510	30,000	16GB	256GB	5000
2.	Redmi	107510	15,000	9GB	128GB	4500
3.	vivo	737510	25,000	12GB	256GB	5500

3. JOIN QUERIES

INNER JOIN

SELECT m.Phone-id m.brand m.model s.rom
 s.storage s.battery
 FROM Mobile Phone m
 INNER Join Phone specification on m.Phone-
 id = s.Phone-id;

b) LEFT JOIN

```
SELECT m.Phone -id m-brand ,m.model s.vom  
      s.storage , s.battery  
FROM mobile Phones.m  
LEFT JOIN Phone specification ON m-Phone -id  
= s.Phone -id;
```

c) RIGHT JOIN

```
SELECT m.Phone -id, m.brand ,m.model  
      s.vom , s.storage , s.battery  
FROM mobile Phones m  
RIGHT mobile Phone specification  
ON m.Phone -id = s.Phone -id;
```

d) Full OUTER JOIN:-

```
SELECT: m.Phone -id ,m.brand ,m.model  
      s.vom . s.storage is battery  
FROM mobile Phones m  
Full outer join Phones specification  
ON m. Phone -id = s. Phone -id;
```

4. Equivalent queries:

```
SELECT s mobile name , model -Name  
FROM mobile Phone
```

```
JOIN Brand ON s: Phone ID = M: Phone ID;  
-using subquery.
```


SELECT 'mobile name'
 (SELECT Brand name FROM Brand B,
 WHERE M.Phone ID = S.Phone ID) AS
 model name FROM mobile Phone;

5. Recursive QUERY (Purchase Hierarchy).

WITH RECURSIVE Purchase AS

SELECT Payment ID Phone ID
 FROM Phone

UNION

SELECT Payment ID Phone ID
 FROM Prerequisite - P.

JOIN Payment Hierarchy ON P.Phone ID =
 Payment ID

)
~~SELECT~~ FROM Payment Hierarchy

VELTECH	
EX No.	5
PERFORMANCE (5)	5
RESULT AND ANALYSIS (5)	5
VIVA VOCE (5)	5
RECORD (5)	1
TOTAL (20)	16
GM WITH DATE	

Result: Thus the implementation of ~~SQL~~ recursive queries
 commands using Points and recursive queries
 are executed successfully.