

9/1/25

Task-5

### writing Join queries, equivalent. AND OR Related Queries

Aim:- To implement & execute Join queries Equivalent queries.

& executes queries using Hospital management database.

Inner Join:-

Returns records that matching values in both tables Select patient-id, patient name, patient bill, From patients.

Inner Join patient specifications

Patient-id	Patient Name	Patient-Bill	Patient-Address
1	Vinod	30,000	Rojan
2	Viref	40,000	Kadapa
3	Vikram	20,000	Velllore
4	Sriram	50,000	Vizag

INNER JOIN patient specifications.

ON. m. patient-id = s. patient-id.

left Outer Join: Return all records from the table, & the matched records from the right table.

Select m. patient-id, m. patient-name, m. patient-bill, patient address, patient-phone-no.

left Join patient Specification. ON. m. patient-id = s. patient-id.

Patient-id	Patient Name	Patient-Bill	Patient Address
1	Vinod	30,000	Rojan
2	Viref	40,000	Kadapa
3	Vikram	20,000	Velllore

Design of

right (outer) Join:- Return all records from the right table,  
& the matched records, from the left table.

Select m. patient - id, m. patient - name, m. patient - name,  
patient - bill, patient address.  
From patients

Right join patients specifications.

on m. patient - id = s. patient - id;

Patient ID	Patient - name	Patient - bill	Patient - address	Patient - phone
1	Vinod	30,000	Grajan	7992892
2	Virat	40,000	Kadara	6634321
3	Vikram	20,000	Nellie	99897694

Full Outer Join:- Return all records when there is a match in  
either left or right table.

Select : m. phone - id, m. brand - m. model - rom;  
s. storage, s. battery.

From patients.

Full outer Join patient doctor Specialize along

m. patient - id = s. patient - id;

Patient - id	Patient	bill	Patient - address	Patient Ph. no
1	Vinod	30,000	Grajan	77992892
2	Vivek	40,000	Kadapa	6634321
3	Vikram	20,000	Nellie	99897694

Join queries;

Create Table;

Create Table patient (  
Patient ID INT. PRIMARY KEY;  
Patient Name, VARCHAR (50) NOT NULL)

Specialization VARCHAR [50] NOT NULL;  
Salary INT [50] NOT NULL;  
);

Create table medicine (

medicine ID INT Primary key;  
medicine brand VARCHAR [50] NOT NULL;  
medicine name VARCHAR [50] NOT NULL;  
Quantity INT Check (Quantity >= 0);  
Purchase date Date default Current date;

Foreign key (patient ID);  
Reference medicines (medicine ID)  
);

Create Table payment.

Payment ID int Primary key;  
Purchase ID int unique;  
Amount Decimal (10,1) NOT NULL;  
Payment date default  
Current - Date;  
Payment method VARCHAR (20)

CHECK (payment method INT 'ID' net banking 100);  
Foreign key (Purchase ID);  
Reference purchase (Purchase ID)  
);

### a) INSERT Sample DATA

Insert into patient values (Disease names)

(101, 'Diabetis'),

(102, 'B.P'),

(103, 'Cancer');

Insert into patient value payment values

(1, 'Diabetics', 101),

(2, 'B.P', 102),

(3, 'Cancer', 103),

(4, 'Sugar', 103),

(5, 'malaria', 104);

- involved patient ID, for routes Join Em.

Insert INTO ReviewValue.

('c<sub>1</sub>: 'Database system'; 101);

('c<sub>2</sub>: Good product & worth it'; 101);

('c<sub>3</sub>: Product its' good'; 102);

('c<sub>4</sub>: afford to by it'; 103);

Insert into value (30,000, 15,600, 25000, 2025-08-19)

1 Row (Created Completed).

Result:- Reward inserted successfully.

### 3) JOIN Queries:-

#### a) Inner Join:-

Select - patient id; patient name, patient bill, address.  
From patient.

Inner Join patient Specification on patient-id, patient-name,

#### b) Left Join:-

Select patient-id, patient-name, patient address, patient-bill,  
patient-age.

From patient.

Left Join patient Specification on patient-id, patient-name.

#### c) Right Join:-

Select patient-id, patient-name, patient-bill, patient  
address.

From patient.

#### d) Full outer Join:-

Select : patient-id, patient-name, patient-address, patient-bill  
From patient.

Full outer Join patient Specification 'ON'.

P. patient-id = S. patient-id;

#### 4) Equivalent queries:-

Select :- patient name, medicine model name from medicine  
drond-ID; patient-ID is m. patient ID.  
using Subquery

Select medicine name.

### 3) Recursive query (Purchase)

With recursive purchase ID

Select payment ID, patient ID.

From Preregister.

UNION

Select , payment ID, patient ID

From pre required P.

Join payment-ability on patient ID = patient ID  
)

Select \* From payment

VEL TECH	
EX NO.	5
PERFORMANCE (5)	5
RESULT AND ANALYSE'S (5)	5
VIVA VOCE (5)	0
RECORD (5)	10
TOTAL (20)	10
SIGN WITH DATE	✓

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Result: Thus, the implementation of Sq. Command using Joins & Recursive queries are enacted successfully.