

## Task 4 - Using

Use various data types, List, Tuples and dictionary in Python programming.

### Aim:-

To use various datatypes, list, Tuples and dictionary in Python programming.

a) you are working on a python project that requires you to manage and manipulate a list of numbers. Your task is to create a python program that demonstrates the following list operations:

1. Add elements: Add elements to the list
2. Remove elements: Remove specific elements from the list
3. Sort elements: Sort the list in ascending and descending order
4. Find minimum and Maximum: Find the minimum and maximum elements in the list
5. Calculate sum and Average: Calculate the sum and average of the elements in the list.

### Algorithm:-

Start

1. For adding elements to a list first create a list with name "list" and assign the values with in [] brackets, in order to add a new value use the function append().
2. For removing a specific element use "pop(index value)" or "remove(item name)".
3. For sorting the elements use "sorted(list)" function
4. For finding minimum value use "min(list)" and for maximum use "max(list)".
5. For sum use function "sum(list)" and for average use the formula "sum(list)/len(list)".
6. Print the output
7. end.



output's

[10, 20, 30]

[10, 30]

[30]

[5, 8, 9, 15, 30, 89]

the minimum value is: 5

The Maximum value is: 89

The sum is: 156

The average is: 26.0



Program:-

# Add elements: Add elements to the list.

```
list = [10, 20]
```

```
a = 30
```

```
list.append(a)
```

```
print(list)
```

# Remove elements: Remove specific elements from the

```
list
```

```
list.pop() # by index value
```

```
print(list)
```

```
list.remove(10) # by item name
```

```
print(list)
```

# Sort elements: sort the list in ascending and descending order.

```
l = [5, 8, 9, 15, 30, 89]
```

```
print(sorted(l))
```

# Find minimum and maximum: find the minimum and elements in the list

```
print("The minimum value is:", min(l))
```

```
print("The maximum value is:", max(l))
```

# Calculate sum and average

```
print("The sum is:", sum(l))
```

```
print("The average is:", (sum(l)/len(l)))
```





b. you are tasked with creating a python program that showcases operations on Tuples. Tuples are immutable sequences similar to lists but with the key difference that they cannot be changed after creation. your program should illustrate the following tuple operations

1. Create a tuple: Define a tuple with elements of different data types (10, 'hello', 3.14, 'world')
2. Access elements: Access individual elements and slice of the tuple.
3. concatenate tuples: combine two tuples to create a new tuple.
4. Immutable Nature: Attempt to modify elements of the tuple and handle the resulting error.

### Algorithm:

1. Start
2. To create a tuple use "tuple\_name = (values)".
3. To access the elements of a tuple either use the index values (tuple\_name(index-value)) or the tuple slicing (tuple\_name[start:end]).
4. To concatenate tuples use the operator "+" (tuple1 + tuple2)
5. Try to modify the tuple elements by assigning the values directly like: tuple(index) = new-value, will result in an error as it is immutable.
6. Print the output
7. end.

### Program:

```
# create a tuple: Define a tuple with elements of different data types (10, 'hello', 3.14, 'world')
tuple = (10, 'hello', 3.14, 'world')
```

```
Print(tuple)
```

```
# Access elements: Access individual elements and slices of the tuple.
```

```
for i in tuple:
```



output:-

(10, 'hello', 3.14, 'world')

10

hello

3.14

world

('hello', 3.14)

(10, 'hello', 3.14)



print(i)

print(tuple[1:3])

print(tuple[: -1])

# concatenate tuples: combine two tuples to create a new tuple.

t2 = (5, 0.5)

t3 = tuple + t2

print(t3)

# immutable nature: Attempt to modify element of the tuple and handle the resulting error

tuple[3] = "PI" # error



C. you are tasked with creating a python program that showcases operations on dictionaries. Dictionaries in python are unordered collection of items. Each item is a pair consisting of a key and a value. Your program should illustrate the following dictionary operations:

Algorithm:-

Start the program

Define a dictionary with key-value pairs of different data types.

Retrieve values from the dictionary using their corresponding keys.

modify Dictionary

Iterate over Dictionary

Stop the program

Program:-

# create a dictionary: Define a dictionary with key-value pairs of different data types.

```
{'name': 'Alice', 'age': 30, 'city': 'New York'}
```

```
dictionary = {'name': 'Alice', 'age': 30, 'city': 'New York'}
```

```
Print(dictionary)
```

# Access values: Access values using keys.

```
Print(dictionary['name'])
```

```
Print(dictionary['age'])
```

# modify Dictionary: update values, add new key value pairs, and remove existing pairs.

```
dictionary['name'] = "James"
```

```
Print(dictionary)
```

```
dictionary.pop('city')
```

```
Print(dictionary)
```

# Iterate over Dictionary: use loops to iterate over



`{'name': 'Alice', 'age': 30, 'city': 'New York'}`

Alice

30

`{'name': 'James', 'age': 30, 'city': 'New York'}`

`{'name': 'James', 'age': 30}`

key: name

key: age

`dict_items([('name', 'James'), ('age', 30)])`



keys or values.

for k in dictionary:

print ("key:", k)

print(dictionary.items())

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EX No.	
PERFORMANCE (5)	4
RESULT AND ANALYSIS (5)	5
VIVA VOCE (5)	5
RECORD (5)	5
TOTAL (20)	20
SIGN WITH DATE	4

12/08/25

Result:-

Thus, various data types, list, tuples and dictionary in python programming was used and verified successfully.