

- Q1. Banker's Algorithm... is it safe or not?
- Q2. What is dead lock? How it can be avoided? What are the necessary conditions for dead lock? Explain the various recovery options.
- Q3. What is Resource Allocation Graph?
- Q4. Illustrate internal & External fragmentation problem.
- Q5. Explain the structure of page table.
- Q6. Explain various method of Segmentation with an example.

Soln 1: Banker's Algorithm is a resource allocation & deadlock checking algorithm. Practise its numerical problem.

Soln 2: Deadlock: Two Process requesting the resource held by each other.

Avoided by: Eliminating Four necessary conditions.

Necessary Conditions: Mutual Exclusion, hold n wait, no preemption, circular wait.

Overcoming: Killing Resource, Resource Preemption.

Soln 3: Resource Allocation Graph: It denotes the state of system in terms of process and resources.

Soln 4: Internal Fragmentation: Fixed Fragment.

External Fragmentation: Variable allocation leaving spaces in between.

Soln 5: Page Table

Page 1
Page 2
Page 3
Page 4

Logical Memory

1	2
2	6
3	8
4	4

Page Table

Frame No.

0	
1	
2	Page 1
3	
4	Page 4
5	
6	Page 2
7	
8	Page 3

Physical Memory

Soln 6: → Segmentation divides the user program and secondary memory into uneven-sized blocks known as segments.

→ It could be divided into two types:

Virtual Memory Segmentation :- Divided at diff. times

Simple Segmentation :- Divided at same time.