

Karakteristike dobrog paragrafa

Jedna glavna ideja

Snažna tematska rečenica: jasno ističe glavnu ideju

Objedinjenost: sve rečenice paragrafa se odnose na glavnu ideju

Razvoj: adekvatni dokazi i detalji koji će postići svrhu i zadovoljiti čitaoce

Organizacija: ima jasan princip organizacije

Kohezija: rečenice su logično povezane i prikazuju jasan tok misli

Objedinjenost

Nema grananja u drugu temu

Nema irelevantnih detalja



Tematska rečenica

Svaka rečenica u paragrafu
potpada pod tematsku
rečenicu

Objedinjenost

The Titanic was a White Star Line steamship built in the early nineteen hundreds by Harland and Wolff of Belfast, Ireland.

At the time of her construction, she was the largest moving object ever built. With a weight of more than 46,000 tons, a length of nearly 900 feet, and a height of more than 25 stories, she was the largest of three sister ships owned by the White Star Line. The Titanic was also equipped with the ultimate Bassett – 3 in turn-of-the-century design and technology, including sixteen major watertight compartments in her lower section that could easily be sealed off in the event of a punctured hull. **Because of her many safety features and a comment by her designer that she was nearly unsinkable, the Titanic was immediately deemed an unsinkable ship.**

Detalji o
brodu:
dimenzije i
sigurnosne
mere

Značaj i
implikacije
izrečenog

Budite konkretni

Svaka tvrdnja mora biti potkrepljena dokazom ili objašnjenjem

Metode za razvoj paragrafa

Definicija

Poređenje

Klasifikacija

Uzrok i posledica

Proces



Definicija

Može da se odnosi na reč ili koncept

Određivanje
sentimenta tvita

Proces analize tvitova primenom tehnika mašinskog učenja sa ciljem određivanja da li je mišljenje izraženo u tvidu pozitivno, negativno ili neutralno.

Detekcija i
prepoznavanje
saobraćajnih
znakova

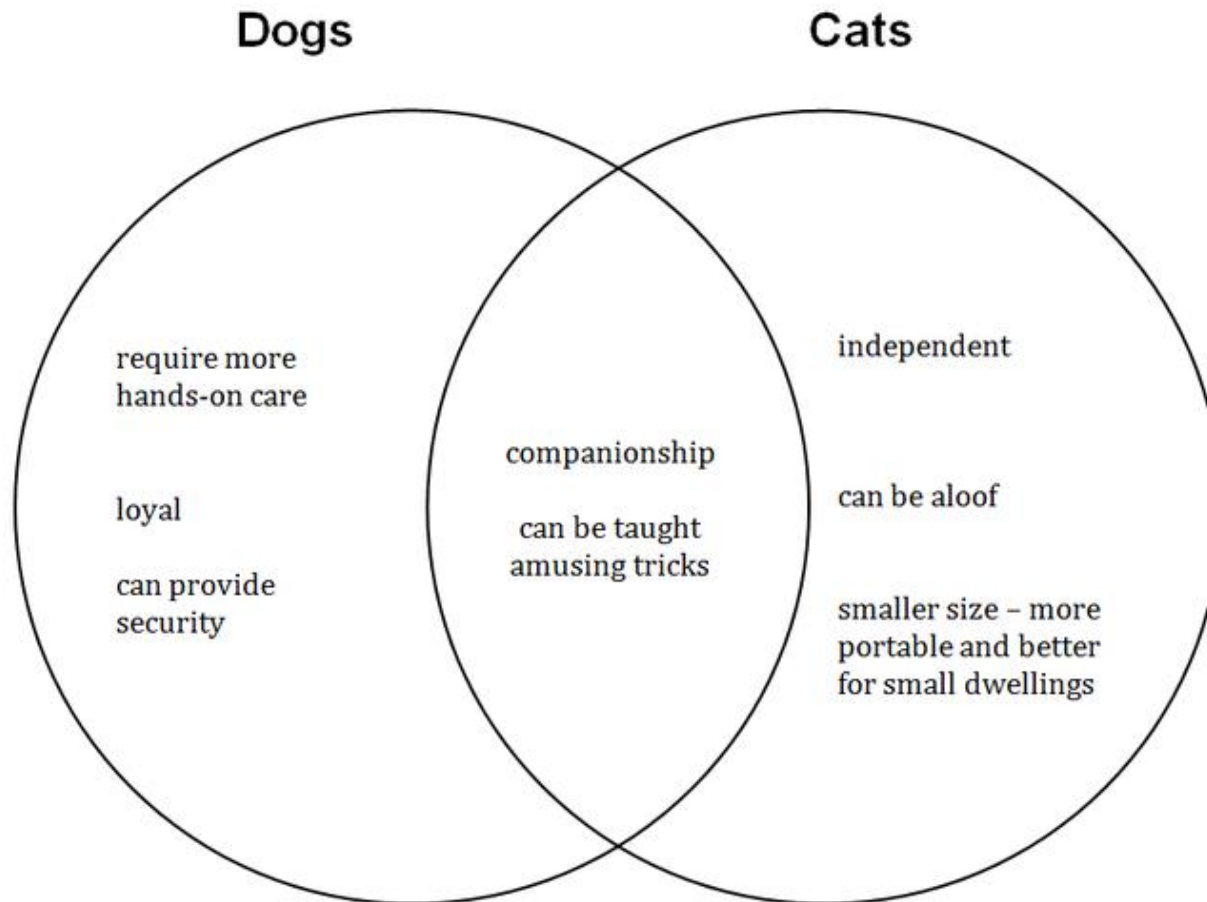
Definicija

Lažne vesti

Lažne vesti su priče napisane sa namerom da dezinformišu ljude i nateraju ih da poveruju u lažni narativ. Uglavnom su u obliku takozvanog *clickbait*-a, i sa lakoćom postaju viralne. Svrha širenja lažnih vesti je nanošenje štete određenoj agenciji, osobi ili entitetu sa ciljem ostvarenja zarade autora i povećanje broja čitalaca. Na primer, trenutno internetom kruže lažne vesti u vidu članaka koji ljudima reklamiraju neproverene pojačivače imuniteta uz obećanje da će im oni pomoći u odbrani od korona virusa. Ovakve vesti mogu imati velike štetne posledice po pojedince jer im, pored nametanja nepotrebnog troška, ulivaju lažno osećanje zaštite koje ih za može ostaviti ranjivim na virus.

Poređenje

- Presentacija dve (ili više) stvari koje pripadaju istoj klasi
- Razmatramo koje su im sličnosti i razlike



Poređenje – razlozi za korišćenje

- Pokazujemo da je jedna bolja od druge
- Pojašnjavamo nešto što je nepoznato ili slabo shvaćeno
- Stavljamo jednu ili obe stvari u fokus
- Može nas dovesti do novog uvida ili do drugačijeg načina posmatranja stvari

Poređenje

Blokovska organizacija

Stvar 1

Poenta 1

Poenta 2

Poenta 3

Druga stvar

Poenta 1

Poenta 2

Poenta 3

Organizacija po pojedinačnim tačkama

Poenta 1

Stvar 1

Stvar 2

Poenta 2

Stvar 1

Stvar 2

Poenta 3

Stvar 1

Stvar 2

Blokovska organizacija

1. Krenite od tematske rečenice

- Predstavite stvari koje poredite
- Istaknite poentu paragrafa

2. Poredite stvari po poentama

Tema 1: akademsko pisanje

- Poenta 1: struktura paragrafa
- Poenta 2: tačka gledišta
- Poenta 3: ton

Tema 2: profesionalno pisanje

- Poenta 1: struktura paragrafa
- Poenta 2: tačka gledišta
- Poenta 3: ton

3. Završite sa zaključnom rečenicom

- Šta preferirate i zbog čega ili objasnite svrhu poređenja

A topic sentence states both topics to be compared or contrasted.

There are key differences between academic and professional writing. For example, academic writing is generally structured differently than professional writing. Academic papers usually include traditional, well-developed paragraphs.

Topic A

Additionally, academic writing uses the more objective third-person point-of-view, such as the use of “he, she, or it.” Lastly, academic writing uses a formal tone. On

Transitional words or phrases indicate the differences or similarities.

the other hand, professional writing often contains short direct paragraphs with bullet points to highlight key ideas. Another key difference between the two styles is that professional writing uses the first-person point-of-view, or use of “I,” so that the communication comes directly from the author. Similar to academic writing,

Topic B

professional writing requires a serious tone in order to gain the respect of the reader.

A conclusion sentence explains the relevance of the comparison and contrast.

No matter which type of writing you are creating, it is most important to tailor your writing to fit the expectations of the genre so that your message will be well received.

Organizacija po pojedinačnim tačkama

1. Krenite od tematske rečenice

- Predstavite stvari koje poredite
- Istaknite poentu paragrafa

2. Poredite stvari po poentama

Poenta 1:

struktura paragrafa

- Akademsko pisanje
- Profesionalno pisanje

Poenta 2: tačka

gledišta

- Akademsko pisanje
- Profesionalno pisanje

Poenta 3: ton

- Akademsko pisanje
- Profesionalno pisanje

3. Završite sa zaključnom rečenicom

- Šta preferirate i zbog čega ili objasnite svrhu poređenja

A topic sentence states both topics to be compared or contrasted.

Transitional words or phrases indicate the differences or similarities.

A conclusion sentence explains the relevance of the comparison and contrast.

There are key differences between academic and professional writing. For example, academic writing is generally structured differently than professional writing. Academic papers usually include traditional, well-developed paragraphs, whereas professional documents often contain short direct paragraphs with bullet points to highlight key ideas. Additionally, academic writing uses the more objective third-person point-of-view, such as the use of “he, she, or it,” while professional writing uses the first-person point-of-view, or use of “I,” so that the communication comes directly from the author. Both styles of writing, however, require a formal tone. Similarly, academic and professional writing both employ a serious tone required in formal writing to gain the respect of the reader. No matter which type of writing you are creating, it is most important to tailor your writing to fit the expectations of the genre so that your message will be well received.

Point #1

Point #2

Point #3

Klasifikacija

- Zgodno kada imate grupu stavki koju možete grupisati logički po karakteristikama
- Pazite da klasifikacija koju razvijete bude logična

Tematska
rečenica

Malinowski proposed a three-way classification for folktales and distinguished between myth, legend and fairy story. **The first of these**, he suggested, represents a statement of a higher and more important truth of a primeval reality. **As such**, it is regarded as sacred. Fairy stories, **on the other hand**, are simply entertainment. Nobody attaches any special significance to them, and nobody believes them to be true. Legends, **however**, are believed to be true historical accounts.

Uzrok i posledica

Posledica: poplava



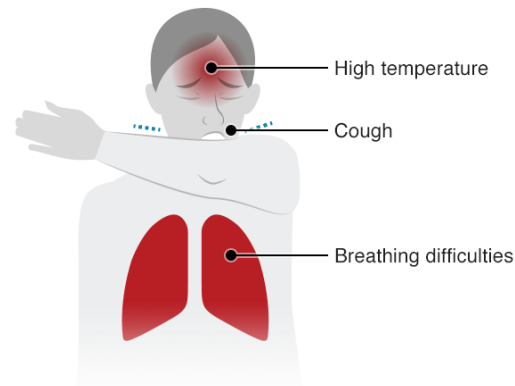
Uzroci:

- Urbanizacija
- Kompozicija zemljišta
- Lokacija

Uzroci: kako korona virus funkcioniše

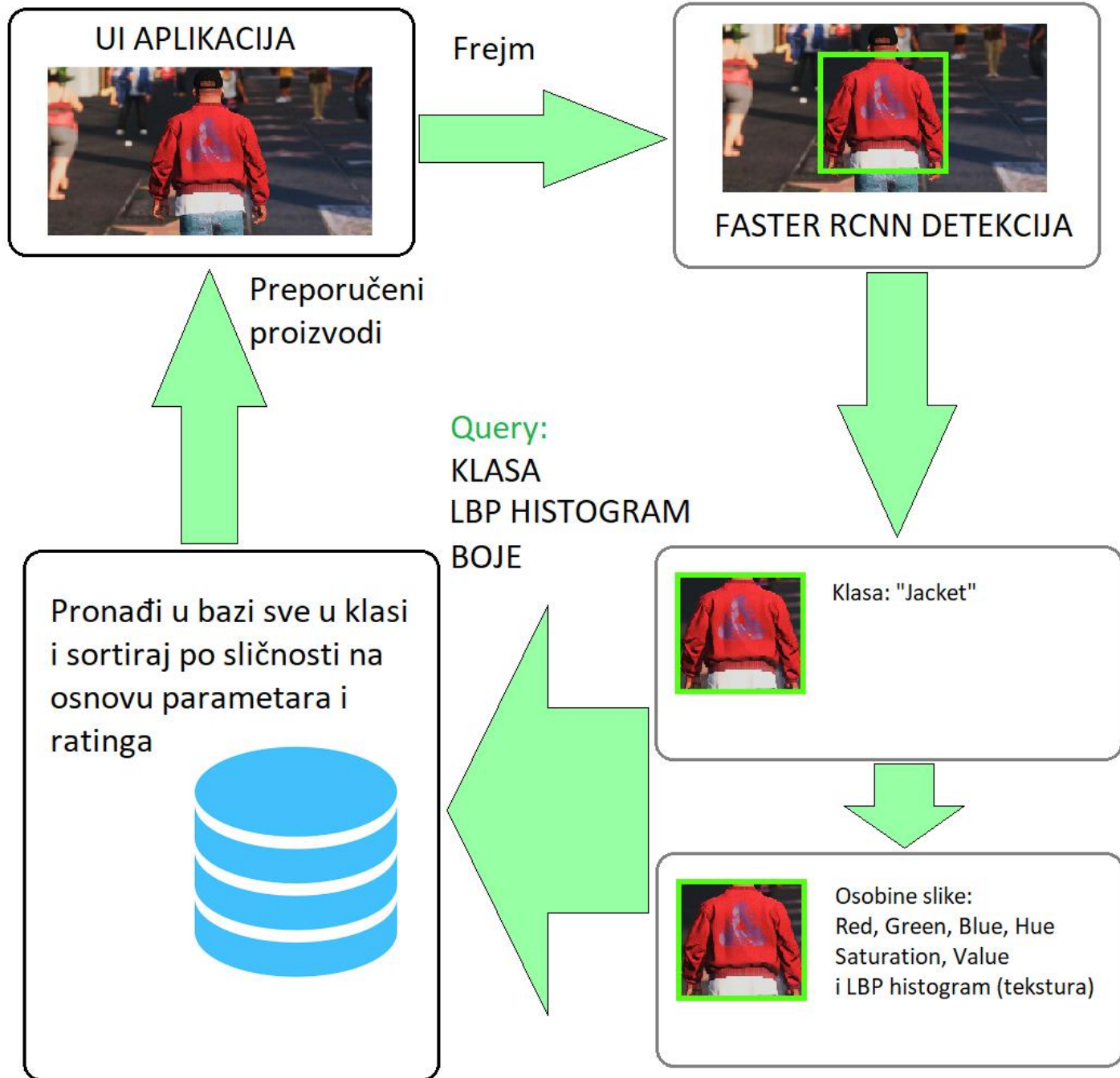


Posledice: kako utiče na organizam



Proces

- Objašnjenje kako se nešto može uraditi ili kako nešto radi
- Proces:
 - Koraci
 - Razlozi za svaki korak
 - Očekivani ishod svakog koraka



Organizacija i razvoj paragrafa

- Postoje i druge tehnike
- Ovde smo izdvojili neke koje se najčešće javljaju u inženjerskim tekstovima