

3.8: PERFORMING SUBQUERIES

STEP 1

Find the average amount paid by the top 5 customers.

Query

Query History

```
1 SELECT AVG(total_amount_paid) AS average_amount_paid
2 FROM (SELECT SUM(A.amount) AS total_amount_paid,
3         B.customer_id,
4         B.first_name,
5         B.last_name,
6         D.city,
7         E.country
8       FROM payment A
9       INNER JOIN customer B ON A.customer_id = B.customer_id
10      INNER JOIN address C ON B.address_id = C.address_id
11      INNER JOIN city D ON C.city_id = D.city_id
12      INNER JOIN country E ON D.country_id = E.country_id
13     WHERE city IN ('Aurora','Acua','Citrus Heights','Iwaki','Ambattur','Shanwei',
14                   'So Leopoldo','Teboksary','Tianjin','Cianjur')
15     GROUP BY B.customer_id,
16              first_name,
17              last_name,
18              city,
19              country
20     ORDER BY total_amount_paid DESC
21     LIMIT 5) AS total_amount_paid
22
```

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

	average_amount_paid
1	105.554000000000000000

STEP 2

Find out how many of the top 5 customers are based within each country.

```
30 ORDER BY all_customer_count DESC
31 LIMIT 5
32
```

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

	country	all_customer_count	top5_customer_count
	character varying (50)	bigint	bigint
1	India	60	1
2	China	53	1
3	United States	36	1
4	Japan	31	1
5	Mexico	30	1

Query	Query History
1	<code>SELECT E.country,</code>
2	<code> COUNT(DISTINCT B.customer_id) AS all_customer_count,</code>
3	<code> COUNT(DISTINCT top5_customer.customer_id) AS top5_customer_count</code>
4	<code>FROM country E</code>
5	<code>INNER JOIN city D ON E.country_id = D.country_id</code>
6	<code>INNER JOIN address C ON D.city_id = C.city_id</code>
7	<code>INNER JOIN customer B ON C.address_id = B.address_id</code>
8	<code>LEFT JOIN</code>
9	<code> (SELECT SUM(A.amount) AS total_amount_paid,</code>
10	<code> B.customer_id,</code>
11	<code> B.first_name,</code>
12	<code> B.last_name,</code>
13	<code> D.city,</code>
14	<code> E.country</code>
15	<code>FROM payment A</code>
16	<code>INNER JOIN customer B ON A.customer_id = B.customer_id</code>
17	<code>INNER JOIN address C ON B.address_id = C.address_id</code>
18	<code>INNER JOIN city D ON C.city_id = D.city_id</code>
19	<code>INNER JOIN country E ON D.country_id = E.country_id</code>
20	<code>WHERE city IN ('Aurora','Acua','Citrus Heights','Iwaki','Ambattur','Shanwei',</code>
21	<code> 'So Leopoldo','Teboksary','Tianjin','Cianjur')</code>
22	<code>GROUP BY B.customer_id,</code>
23	<code> first_name,</code>
24	<code> last_name,</code>
25	<code> city,</code>
26	<code> country</code>
27	<code>ORDER BY total_amount_paid DESC</code>
28	<code>LIMIT 5) AS top5_customer ON E.country=top5_customer.country</code>
29	<code>GROUP BY E.country</code>
30	<code>ORDER BY all_customer_count DESC</code>

STEP 3

Do you think steps 1 and 2 could be done without using subqueries?

When do you think subqueries are useful?

- I am sure that the steps 1 and 2 could be completed without subqueries. However, that would mean that we would have to write separate queries and use the results to write queries for next step.

Nested subqueries allow us to pull the data that is used to determine the results in the main query. It helps us avoid writing endless lines of unnecessary code.