```
/**
 * JUnit test class. Use these tests as models for your own.
import org.junit.*;
import org.junit.rules.Timeout;
import static org.junit.Assert.*;
import hwk2.LinkedList;
import sun.awt.image.ImageWatched;
public class LinkedListTest {
   @Rule
   // a test will fail if it takes longer than 1/10 of a second to run
    public Timeout timeout = Timeout.millis(100);
   @Test
    //Remove empty LinkedList.
   //Return null, should have 0 nodes, the content doesn't change
    public void testRemoveHeadEmpty(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        assertNull(ll.removeHead());
        assertEquals(0,11.getLength());
        assertEquals("()",ll.toString());
    }
   @Test
   //Remove LinkedList with one element. Return the only element after
removina
    //Should have 0 nodes, the content will change
    public void testRemoveHeadOne(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtHead("A");
        String expected = 11.removeHead();
        assertEquals(0,11.getLength());
        assertEquals("A",expected);
        assertEquals("()",ll.toString());
    }
   @Test
   //Remove LinkedList with more than one element
   //The length should decrement by 1. Return the removed element.
   // Content will change
    public void testRemoveHeadMultiple(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtHead("A");
        11.insertAtTail("B");
        11.insertAtTail("C");
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11.insertAtTail("D");
        String expected = 11.removeHead();
        assertEquals(3,11.getLength());
        assertEquals("A",expected);
        assertEquals("(B,C,D)",ll.toString());
    }
   @Test
    //Remove the first element in a multiple element LinkedList even though
it is identical to the others.
    //Should remove the exact element in the exact position. Length will
decrement by 1.
    //Should not alter the values besides removing from the LinkedList
    public void removeHeadSameMultiple(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtHead("A");
        11.insertAtTail("A");
        11.insertAtTail("A");
        11.insertAtTail("A");
        11.insertAtTail("A");
        assertEquals("A",11.removeHead());
        assertEquals(4,11.getLength());
        assertEquals("(A,A,A,A)",11.toString());
    }
   @Test
   //Remove head of a LinkedList that has two identical elements and after
removing there will only be one left
    //The length should decrement by 1. Content will change
    public void testRemoveHeadSameTwice(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtHead("A");
        11.insertAtTail("A");
        assertEquals("A",ll.removeHead());
        assertEquals(1,11.getLength());
        assertEquals("(A)",ll.toString());
    }
   @Test
   //Insert an empty LinkedList. Then it became the first element of
LinkedList
   //The length should increment by 1, content will change
    public void testInsertTailEmpty(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtTail("A");
        assertEquals(1,11.getLength());
        assertEquals("(A)",11.toString());
    }
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@Test
   //Insert LinkedList with more than one elements
   //The Length should increment by 1
   // content will change as the inserted element will be added at the end
   public void testInsertTailMultiple(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtHead("C");
        11.insertAtHead("B");
        11.insertAtHead("A");
        11.insertAtTail("Z");
        assertEquals(4,11.getLength());
        assertEquals("(A,B,C,Z)",ll.toString());
    }
   @Test
   //Insert to one element LinkedList
   //The length should increment by 1
   //content will change as the inserted element will be added at the end
   public void testInsertTailOne(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtHead("A");
        11.insertAtTail("Z");
        assertEquals(2,11.getLength());
        assertEquals("(A,Z)",ll.toString());
    }
   @Test
   //Insert an identical element to a one-element LinkedList.
   // The LinkedList will have identical elements instead of unable to
insert.
   //Length will increment by 1
    public void testInsertTailSameOne(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtHead("A");
        11.insertAtTail("A");
        assertEquals(2,11.getLength());
        assertEquals("(A,A)",ll.toString());
    }
   @Test
   //Insert tail of a multiple identical element LinkedList. Length and
content should change
    public void testInsertTailSameMultiple(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtHead("F");
        11.insertAtHead("F");
        11.insertAtHead("F");
        11.insertAtHead("F");
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Vu\_Hwk2

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11.insertAtHead("F");
        11.insertAtTail("F");
        assertEquals(6,11.getLength());
        assertEquals("(F,F,F,F,F,F)",ll.toString());
    }
   @Test
   //IndexOf empty LinkedList. Return -1. Should not change LinkedList
content nor the length
   public void testIndexOfEmpty(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        assertEquals(-1,ll.indexOf("A"));
        assertEquals("()",11.toString());
        assertEquals(0,11.getLength());
    }
   @Test
   //IndexOf invalid data of one element LinkedList. Return -1
   //Should not change LinkedList content nor the length
   public void testIndexOfInvalidOne(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtHead("A");
        assertEquals(-1,ll.indexOf("B"));
        assertEquals(1,ll.getLength());
        assertEquals("(A)",11.toString());
    }
   @Test
   //IndexOf invalid data of more than one element LinkedList. Return -1
   //Should not change LinkedList content nor the length
    public void testIndexOfInvalidMultiple(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtHead("A");
        11.insertAtTail("B");
        11.insertAtTail("C");
        11.insertAtTail("D");
        assertEquals(-1,ll.indexOf("E"));
        assertEquals(4,11.getLength());
        assertEquals("(A,B,C,D)",ll.toString());
    }
   @Test
   //IndexOf one element LinkedList. Return the index of that data (0)
   //Should not change LinkedList content nor the length
    public void testIndexOfOne(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtHead("A");
        assertEquals(0,11.indexOf("A"));
        assertEquals(1,11.getLength());
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assertEquals("(A)",ll.toString());
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}
   @Test
   //IndexOf more than one element LinkedList
   //Should return the corresponding indexes when given valid data
   //Should not change LinkedList content nor the length
   public void testIndexOfMultiple(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtHead("A");
        11.insertAtTail("B");
        11.insertAtTail("C");
        11.insertAtTail("D");
        assertEquals(0,11.indexOf("A"));
        assertEquals(1,ll.indexOf("B"));
        assertEquals(2,11.indexOf("C"));
        assertEquals(3,11.indexOf("D"));
        assertEquals(4,11.getLength());
        assertEquals("(A,B,C,D)",ll.toString());
    }
   @Test
   //IndexOf identical data that appear in the LinkedList more than once.
   //Return the first occurrence of that data
   //Should not change LinkedList content nor the length
   public void testIndexOfSameMultiple(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtHead("C");
        11.insertAtTail("C");
        11.insertAtTail("C");
        11.insertAtTail("C");
        11.insertAtTail("C");
        assertEquals(0,11.indexOf("C"));
        assertEquals(5,11.getLength());
        assertEquals("(C,C,C,C,C)",ll.toString());
    }
   @Test
   //Get index of a LinkedList that has two identical elements. Should get
the correct index (0).
   //Should not change content nor length
   public void testIndexOfSameTwice(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtHead("A");
        11.insertAtTail("A");
        assertEquals(0,11.indexOf("A"));
        assertEquals(2,11.getLength());
        assertEquals("(A,A)",ll.toString());
    }
```

```
@Test
   //Test insertAtHead to an empty LinkedList. The inserted element will be
the first element in the LinkedList
   //Content will change, the length will increment by 1
   public void testInsertHeadEmpty(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtHead("A");
        assertEquals("(A)",ll.toString());
        assertEquals(1,11.getLength());
    }
   @Test
   //Test insertAtHead to a LinkedList with one element. The length will
increment by 1. Content will change
    public void testInsertHeadOne(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtTail("A");
        11.insertAtHead("D");
        assertEquals(2,11.getLength());
        assertEquals("(D,A)",11.toString());
    }
   @Test
   //Test insertAtHead to a LinkedList with more than one elements. The
content and length will change
    public void testInsertHeadMultiple(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtTail("S");
        11.insertAtTail("D");
        11.insertAtTail("A");
        11.insertAtHead("B");
        assertEquals(4,11.getLength());
        assertEquals("(B,S,D,A)",ll.toString());
    }
   @Test
   //Test insertAtHead to a one element LinkedList by inserting the
identical element
   //The content and length will change.
   //Should insert at the beginning instead of unable to insert
    public void testInsertHeadSameOne(){
        LinkedList 11 = new LinkedList();
        11.insertAtTail("D");
        11.insertAtHead("D");
        assertEquals(2,11.getLength());
        assertEquals("(D,D)",ll.toString());
    }
   @Test
```

## Vu Hwk2

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//Test insertAtHead of a LinkedList with multiple identical elements.
Content and Length should change
  public void testInsertHeadSameMultiple(){
      LinkedList ll = new LinkedList();
      ll.insertAtTail("D");
      ll.insertAtTail("D");
      ll.insertAtTail("D");
      ll.insertAtTail("D");
      ll.insertAtTail("D");
      ll.insertAtHead("D");
      assertEquals(6,ll.getLength());
      assertEquals("(D,D,D,D,D,D)",ll.toString());
}
```

```
package hwk2;
/**
 * ListNode is a building block for a linked list of data items
 * <u>@author</u> C. Fernandes
 * <u>@version</u> 9/30/2017
public class ListNode
{
    public String data;
    public ListNode next;
    /** Non-default constructor
     * @param value a reservation you want stored in this node
    public ListNode(String value)
        data = value;
        next = null;
    }
    /**
     * returns data as a printable string
    public String toString()
        return data;
    }
```

}

package hwk2;

```
/**
 * Linked List is a collection of data nodes. All methods here relate to
 * how one can manipulate those nodes.
 * <u>@author</u> Emma Vu
 * <u>@version</u> 5/4/2020
 * I affirm that I have carried out the attached academic endeavors with full
 academic honesty, in
 st accordance with the Union College Honor Code and the course syllabus
public class LinkedList
{
    private int length;  // number of nodes
private ListNode firstNode; // pointer to first node
    public LinkedList()
    {
        length=0;
        firstNode=null;
    }
    /** insert new String at linked list's head
     * @param newData the String to be inserted
    public void insertAtHead(String newData)
    {
        ListNode newnode = new ListNode(newData);
        if (isEmpty())
        {
             firstNode=newnode;
        }
        else
             newnode.next=firstNode;
             firstNode=newnode;
        length++;
    }
    /** remove and return data at the head of the list
        <u>@return</u> the String the deleted node contains. Returns null if list
empty.
    public String removeHead()
        if(isEmpty()){
             return null;
```

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}
        else{
          String remove = firstNode.toString();
          firstNode = firstNode.next;
          length--;
          return remove;
        }
    }
    /** insert data at end of list
     * @param newData new String to be inserted
    public void insertAtTail(String newData)
        ListNode insertNode = new ListNode(newData);
        if(isEmpty()){
            firstNode = insertNode;
        }
        else{
            ListNode runner = firstNode;
            while(runner.next!=null){
                runner = runner.next;
            runner.next = insertNode;
        length++;
    }
     * search for first occurrence of value and return index where found
     * @param value string to search for
     * @return index where string occurs (first node is index 0). Return -1
if value not found.
    public int indexOf(String value)
        int index = 0;
        ListNode runner = firstNode;
        while(runner!= null){
            if (runner.data.equals(value)){
                return index;
            }
            else{
                runner = runner.next;
                index ++;
            }
        }
```

```
return -1;
    }
    /**
       <u>@return</u> return linked list as printable string
    public String toString()
        String toReturn="(";
        ListNode runner=firstNode;
        while (runner!=null)
            toReturn = toReturn + runner; //call node's toString
automatically
            runner=runner.next;
            if (runner!=null)
            {
                toReturn = toReturn + ",";
            }
        }
        toReturn = toReturn + ")";
        return toReturn;
    }
    /**
     * @return length of LL
    public int getLength() {return length;}
    /**
     * @return true if LL empty or false if not
    public boolean isEmpty() {return getLength()==0;}
}
```