

## Exercise 7 Problem 4

Romberg element:  $R(n+1, m+1) = R(n+1, m) + \frac{1}{4^{m+1}-1} [R(n+1, m) - R(n, m)]$

Simpson's rule  $\int_{x_1}^{x_3} f(x) dx = h \left[ \frac{1}{3} f_1 + \frac{4}{3} f_2 + \frac{1}{3} f_3 \right] + \varepsilon$

$$R(1,1) \Big|_{m,n=0} = R(1,0) + \frac{1}{4-1} [R(1,0) - R(0,0)]$$

$$R(0,0) = \frac{1}{2} (x_3 - x_1) [f_1 + f_3] \quad x_3 - x_1 = 2h$$

$$R(1,0) = \frac{1}{2} R(0,0) + h F(x_1 + h) \quad f_2 = f(x_1 + h)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \{ h [f_1 + f_3] \} + h f_2$$

$$= h \left[ \frac{1}{2} f_1 + f_2 + \frac{1}{2} f_3 \right]$$

$$R(1,1) = h \left[ \frac{1}{2} f_1 + f_2 + \frac{1}{2} f_3 \right] + \frac{1}{3} \{ h \left[ \frac{1}{2} f_1 + f_2 + \frac{1}{2} f_3 \right] - h [f_1 + f_3] \}$$

$$= h \left[ \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{3} \right) f_1 + \left( 1 + \frac{1}{3} \right) f_2 + \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{3} \right) f_3 \right]$$

$$= h \left[ \frac{1}{3} f_1 + \frac{4}{3} f_2 + \frac{1}{3} f_3 \right] \quad \circ \quad \circ$$

---