

# Exercise 6

## Problem 1

The Richardson iteration triangular form using  $D(n, m)$

$$D(1, 1)$$

$$D(2, 1) \quad D(2, 2)$$

$$D(3, 1) \quad D(3, 2) \quad D(3, 3)$$

...

$$D(N, 1) \quad D(N, 2) \quad D(N, 3) \quad \dots \quad D(N, N)$$

is equal to  $L +$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2}\right)^{2k}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{4}\right)^{2k}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2^{N-1}}\right)^{2k}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2^N}\right)^{2k}$$

$$\sum_{k=2}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{4}\right)^{2k}$$

$$\sum_{k=2}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2^{N-1}}\right)^{2k}$$

$$\sum_{k=2}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2^N}\right)^{2k}$$

USE THESE TERMS:

$$\sum_{k=N-1}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2^{N-1}}\right)^{2k}$$

$$\sum_{k=N-1}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2^N}\right)^{2k}$$

$$\sum_{k=N}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2^N}\right)^{2k}$$

For the "base" term  $L$ :

$$L = \frac{4^N}{4^N - 1} L - \frac{1}{4^N - 1} L$$

$$= \frac{4^N - 1}{4^N - 1} L$$

$$= L$$

For the error term:

$$\sum_{k=N}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2^N}\right)^{2k}$$

$$= \frac{4^N}{4^N - 1} \sum_{k=N-1}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2^N}\right)^{2k} - \frac{1}{4^N - 1} \sum_{k=N-1}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2^{N-1}}\right)^{2k}$$

$$= \frac{4^N}{4^N - 1} \left( -a_{2(N-1)} \left(\frac{h}{2^N}\right)^{2(N-1)} + \sum_{k=N}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2^N}\right)^{2k} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4^N - 1} \left( -a_{2(N-1)} \left(\frac{h}{2^{N-1}}\right)^{2(N-1)} + \sum_{k=N}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2^{N-1}}\right)^{2k} \right)$$

$$= \frac{4^N}{4^N - 1} \left( -a_{2(N-1)} \left(\frac{h}{2^N}\right)^{2(N-1)} + \sum_{k=N}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2^N}\right)^{2k} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4^N - 1} \left( -a_{2(N-1)} \left(\frac{h}{2^N}\right)^{2(N-1)} 2^{2(N-1)} + \sum_{k=N}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2^N}\right)^{2k} (2^{2k}) \right)$$

$$= \frac{4^N}{4^N - 1} \sum_{k=N}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2^N}\right)^{2k} - \frac{1}{4^N - 1} \sum_{k=N}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2^{N-1}}\right)^{2k}$$

$$= -a_{2(N-1)} \left(\frac{h}{2^N}\right)^{2(N-1)} \left( \frac{4^N}{4^N - 1} - \frac{1}{4^N - 1} 2^{2(N-1)} \right)$$

$$\boxed{\text{When } N \rightarrow \infty : 2^{N-1} \rightarrow 2^N}$$

$$\rightarrow \sum_{k=N}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2^N}\right)^{2k} = \sum_{k=N}^{\infty} -a_{2k} \left(\frac{h}{2^N}\right)^{2k} \left( \frac{4^N}{4^N - 1} - \frac{1}{4^N - 1} \right) = 1$$

$$= -a_{2(N-1)} \left(\frac{h}{2^N}\right)^{2(N-1)} \left( \frac{4^N}{4^N - 1} - \frac{4^N}{4^N - 1} \right) = 0$$

which is true o.o