

Computer Network 1

LAB 4

Socket Programming in Java: Chat Application

Student Name: Alexandre Rousseau

Student ID: 1952001

Exercise 1:

```
7 public class download {
8
9     public static void DownloadWebPage(String webpage)
10     {
11         try {
12
13             // Create URL object
14             URL url = new URL(webpage);
15             BufferedReader readr =
16             new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(url.openStream()));
17
18             // Enter filename in which you want to download
19             BufferedWriter writer =
20             new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter("Download.html"));
21
22             // read each line from stream till end
23             String line;
24             while ((line = readr.readLine()) != null) {
25                 writer.write(line);
26             }
27
28             readr.close();
29             writer.close();
30             System.out.println("Successfully Downloaded.");
31         }
32
33         // Exceptions
34         catch (MalformedURLException mue) {
35             System.out.println("Malformed URL Exception raised");
36         }
37         catch (IOException ie) {
38             System.out.println("IOException raised");
39         }
40     }
41     public static void main(String args[])
42         throws IOException
43     {
44         String url = "google.com";
45         DownloadWebPage(url);
46     }
47 }
48
49 }
```

Exercise 3:

```
1 |
2 import java.io.*;
3 import java.util.*;
4 import java.net.*;
5
6 // Server class
7 public class Server
8 {
9
10     // Vector to store active clients
11     static Vector<ClientHandler> ar = new Vector<>();
12
13     // counter for clients
14     static int i = 0;
15
16     public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException
17     {
18         // server is listening on port 1234
19         ServerSocket ss = new ServerSocket(1234);
20
21         Socket s;
22
23         // running infinite loop for getting
24         // client request
25         while (true)
26         {
27             // Accept the incoming request
28             s = ss.accept();
29
30             System.out.println("New client request received : " + s);
31
32             // obtain input and output streams
33             DataInputStream dis = new DataInputStream(s.getInputStream());
34             DataOutputStream dos = new DataOutputStream(s.getOutputStream());
35
36             System.out.println("Creating a new handler for this client...");
37
38             // Create a new handler object for handling this request.
39             ClientHandler mtch = new ClientHandler(s,"client " + i, dis, dos);
40
41             // Create a new Thread with this object.
42             Thread t = new Thread(mtch);
43
44             System.out.println("Adding this client to active client list");
45
46             // add this client to active clients list
47             ar.add(mtch);
48
49             // start the thread.
50             t.start();
51
52             // increment i for new client.
53             // i is used for naming only, and can be replaced
54             // by any naming scheme
55             i++;
56
57         }
58     }
59 }
```

```
// ClientHandler class
class ClientHandler implements Runnable
{
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
    private String name;
    final DataInputStream dis;
    final DataOutputStream dos;
    Socket s;
    boolean isloggedin;

    // constructor
    public ClientHandler(Socket s, String name,
        DataInputStream dis, DataOutputStream dos) {
        this.dis = dis;
        this.dos = dos;
        this.name = name;
        this.s = s;
        this.isloggedin=true;
    }

    @Override
    public void run() {

        String received;
        while (true)
        {
            try
            {
                // receive the string
                received = dis.readUTF();

                System.out.println(received);

                if(received.equals("logout")){
                    this.isloggedin=false;
                    this.s.close();
                    break;
                }

                // break the string into message and recipient part
                StringTokenizer st = new StringTokenizer(received, "#");
                String MsgToSend = st.nextToken();
                String recipient = st.nextToken();

                // search for the recipient in the connected devices list.
                // or is the vector storing client of active users
                for (ClientHandler mc : Server.ar)
                {
                    // if the recipient is found, write on its
                    // output stream
                    if (mc.name.equals(recipient) && mc.isloggedin==true)
                    {
                        mc.dos.writeUTF(this.name+" : "+MsgToSend);
                        break;
                    }
                }
            } catch (IOException e) {

                e.printStackTrace();
            }

        }
        try
        {
            // closing resources
            this.dis.close();
            this.dos.close();
        } catch (IOException e){
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
```