

```
1 //Priority Queue
2 #include <iostream>
3 #include <string>
4 #include <vector>
5 #include <algorithm>
6
7 using namespace std;
8
9 // Structure representing an object with an ID, order, and priority
10 struct Object {
11     string id;
12     int order;
13     int priority;
14 };
15
16 // Structure representing a priority queue implemented using a min-heap
17 struct PriorityQueueHeap {
18     vector<Object> arr;
19 };
20
21 // Function to check if the priority queue is empty
22 bool isEmpty(const PriorityQueueHeap& pq) {
23     return pq.arr.empty();
24 }
25
26 // Function to maintain the heap property while moving an element up the heap ➤
27 void heapifyUp(vector<Object>& arr, int index) {
28     while (index > 0) {
29         int parentIndex = (index - 1) / 2;
30         if (arr[index].priority < arr[parentIndex].priority) {
31             swap(arr[index], arr[parentIndex]);
32             index = parentIndex;
33         }
34         else {
35             break;
36         }
37     }
38 }
39
40 // Function to maintain the heap property while moving an element down the heap ➤
41 void heapifyDown(vector<Object>& arr, int index) {
42     int size = arr.size();
43     while (true) {
44         int leftChild = 2 * index + 1;
45         int rightChild = 2 * index + 2;
46         int smallest = index;
47
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48     if (leftChild < size && arr[leftChild].priority < arr
        [smallest].priority) {
49         smallest = leftChild;
50     }
51
52     if (rightChild < size && arr[rightChild].priority < arr
        [smallest].priority) {
53         smallest = rightChild;
54     }
55
56     if (smallest != index) {
57         swap(arr[index], arr[smallest]);
58         index = smallest;
59     }
60     else {
61         break;
62     }
63 }
64 }
65
66 // Function to insert an object into the priority queue
67 void insert(PriorityQueueHeap& pq, const Object& obj) {
68     pq.arr.push_back(obj);
69     heapifyUp(pq.arr, pq.arr.size() - 1);
70 }
71
72 // Function to extract the object with the highest priority from the
    priority queue
73 Object extract(PriorityQueueHeap& pq) {
74     if (isEmpty(pq)) {
75         cerr << "Error: Priority queue is empty." << endl;
76         // Handle error accordingly, here we just return an Object with an
        empty string.
77         return Object{ "", 0, 0 };
78     }
79
80     Object result = pq.arr[0];
81     pq.arr[0] = pq.arr.back();
82     pq.arr.pop_back();
83     heapifyDown(pq.arr, 0);
84
85     return result;
86 }
87
88 // Function to remove an object with a given ID from the priority queue
89 void remove(PriorityQueueHeap& pq, const string& objectId) {
90     int index = -1;
91     for (int i = 0; i < pq.arr.size(); ++i) {
92         if (pq.arr[i].id == objectId) {
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93         index = i;
94         break;
95     }
96 }
97
98 if (index == -1) {
99     cerr << "Error: Object with id " << objectId << " not found." <<  ↵
100     endl;
101     return;
102 }
103
104 pq.arr[index].priority = INT_MIN; // Set priority to negative infinity
105 heapifyUp(pq.arr, index);
106 (void)extract(pq);
107 }
108
109 // Function to change the priority of an object with a given ID
110 void changePriority(PriorityQueueHeap& pq, const string& objectId, int  ↵
111     newPriority) {
112     int index = -1;
113     for (int i = 0; i < pq.arr.size(); ++i) {
114         if (pq.arr[i].id == objectId) {
115             index = i;
116             break;
117         }
118     }
119
120     if (index == -1) {
121         cerr << "Error: Object with id " << objectId << " not found." <<  ↵
122         endl;
123         return;
124     }
125
126     int oldPriority = pq.arr[index].priority;
127     pq.arr[index].priority = newPriority;
128
129     if (newPriority < oldPriority) {
130         heapifyUp(pq.arr, index);
131     }
132     else {
133         heapifyDown(pq.arr, index);
134     }
135 }
```