REAL-TIMESENTIMENTANAYLSIS

AIML Project Report

Submitted in partial fulfilment of the

Requirements for the award of the Degree of

BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING

IN

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

BY

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DECLARATION BY THE CANDIDATE

We, **K.Vurvik** and **Preetham**, bearing hall ticket numbers, **1602-22-737-146** and **1602-22-737-188**, hereby declare that the project report entitled "real-time sentimentanalysis" Department of Information Technology, Vasavi College of Engineering, Hyderabad, is submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirement for the award of the degree of Bachelor of Engineering in Information Technology

This is a record of bonafide work carried out by me and the results embodied in this project report have not been submitted to any other university or institute for the award of any other degree or diploma.

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(Faculty In-Charge) (Head,DeptOfIt)

AIM AND PRIORITY OF THE PROJECT:

The aim of this project is to develop a real-time sentiment analysis system that processes the FER-2013 dataset to identify and classify facial emotions accurately. The focus is on analyzing raw data, preprocessing it effectively, and building a foundation for real-time emotion recognition.

INTRODUCTION:

Sentiment analysis plays a vital role in human-computer interaction, providing systems with the ability to understand and respond to human emotions. The FER-2013 dataset is widely used for facial expression recognition tasks, offering labeled data for emotions such as happiness, sadness, anger, and more. This project explores the preprocessing steps required to transform raw FER-2013 data into a usable format for real-time sentiment analysis applications.

By analyzing and cleaning the dataset, we aim to lay the groundwork for training a machine learning model capable of classifying emotions accurately.

OBJECTIVES:

- To preprocess the FER-2013 dataset by handling missing values, removing unnecessary columns, and structuring the data for machine learning applications.
- To ensure the data is suitable for real-time sentiment analysis by optimizing size and format.
- To identify key challenges in emotion classification and prepare the dataset for further training using supervised learning techniques.
- To evaluate the effectiveness of the preprocessing steps through initial exploratory analysis.

CONCLUSION:

The analysis and preprocessing of the FER-2013 dataset form the cornerstone of this project. By addressing data quality issues and structuring the dataset effectively, we ensure a solid foundation for training a machine learning

model for real-time sentiment analysis. This step is critical for achieving robust performance in classifying facial emotions, paving the way for applications in areas such as mental health monitoring, customer service, and human-computer interaction.

Architecture and Technology Used:

The project is designed using a modular architecture for real-time sentiment analysis, comprising the following components:

1. Data Processing Layer:

- Cleans and preprocesses the FER-2013 dataset for efficient emotion classification.
- Features like pixel intensities are extracted from the dataset for analysis.

2. Model Training Layer:

 A machine learning model (e.g., logistic regression, SVM, or neural networks) or a pre-trained deep learning model (e.g., CNNs) is used to classify emotions based on facial features.

3. Real-Time Processing Layer:

- Captures real-time inputs from camera feeds or pre-saved images.
- Converts these inputs into a format consistent with the model's requirements.

4. Prediction and Visualization Layer:

- $_{\circ}$ $\,$ Processes model outputs to classify emotions.
- Displays results in real-time with appropriate visualizations or text outputs.

Technologies Used:

• **Programming Language**: Python

- Data Processing: Pandas, NumPy
- Machine Learning/Deep Learning: TensorFlow or Scikit-Learn
- Visualization: Matplotlib, Seaborn
- **Real-Time Input**: OpenCV for capturing and processing real-time images.

Additional Dependencies:

To execute the project, the following dependencies are used:

1. Core Libraries:

- o pandas: For data manipulation and cleaning.
- o numpy: For numerical computations.
- $_{\circ}$ matplotlib: For data visualization.
- seaborn: For enhanced visualizations.

2. Machine Learning/Deep Learning:

- tensorflow or keras: For building and training deep learning models.
- o scikit-learn: For basic machine learning models and metrics.

3. Real-Time Input:

 $_{\circ}$ $\,$ opency-python: For real-time image and video feed processing.

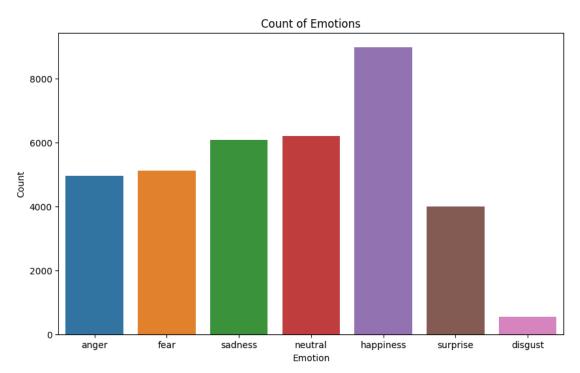
4. Dataset Handling:

FER-2013 dataset (fer2013.csv).

```
REAL-TIMESENTIMENT ANALYSIS(FER-2013):
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
df=pd.read_csv('fer2013.csv')
df
       emotion
                                                            pixels
Usage
               70 80 82 72 58 58 60 63 54 58 60 48 89 115 121...
Training
               151 150 147 155 148 133 111 140 170 174 182 15...
Training
               231 212 156 164 174 138 161 173 182 200 106 38...
Training
               24 32 36 30 32 23 19 20 30 41 21 22 32 34 21 1...
3
Training
               4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 15 23 28 48 50 58 84...
Training
. . .
           . . .
. . .
                50 36 17 22 23 29 33 39 34 37 37 37 39 43 48 5...
35882
PrivateTest
               178 174 172 173 181 188 191 194 196 199 200 20...
35883
PrivateTest
35884
             0 17 17 16 23 28 22 19 17 25 26 20 24 31 19 27 9...
PrivateTest
             3 30 28 28 29 31 30 42 68 79 81 77 67 67 71 63 6...
35885
PrivateTest
35886
             2 19 13 14 12 13 16 21 33 50 57 71 84 97 108 122...
PrivateTest
[35887 rows x 3 columns]
df.isna().sum()
emotion
           0
pixels
           0
Usage
           0
dtype: int64
df.drop('Usage',axis=1,inplace=True)
df
       emotion
                                                            pixels
0
               70 80 82 72 58 58 60 63 54 58 60 48 89 115 121...
               151 150 147 155 148 133 111 140 170 174 182 15...
1
             2 231 212 156 164 174 138 161 173 182 200 106 38...
2
3
             4 24 32 36 30 32 23 19 20 30 41 21 22 32 34 21 1...
4
             6 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 15 23 28 48 50 58 84...
```

```
. . .
               50 36 17 22 23 29 33 39 34 37 37 37 39 43 48 5...
35882
             6
             3 178 174 172 173 181 188 191 194 196 199 200 20...
35883
               17 17 16 23 28 22 19 17 25 26 20 24 31 19 27 9...
35884
               30 28 28 29 31 30 42 68 79 81 77 67 67 71 63 6...
35885
               19 13 14 12 13 16 21 33 50 57 71 84 97 108 122...
35886
[35887 rows x 2 columns]
df.head()
   emotion
                                                       pixels
0
           70 80 82 72 58 58 60 63 54 58 60 48 89 115 121...
1
         0 151 150 147 155 148 133 111 140 170 174 182 15...
2
         2 231 212 156 164 174 138 161 173 182 200 106 38...
3
         4 24 32 36 30 32 23 19 20 30 41 21 22 32 34 21 1...
         6 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 15 23 28 48 50 58 84...
ADDING EMOTION_MAPPING TO THE FER2013 DATA
emotion mapping = {
    0: 'anger',
    1: 'disgust',
    2: 'fear',
    3: 'happiness',
    4: 'sadness',
    5: 'surprise',
    6: 'neutral'
}
df['emotion label'] = df['emotion'].map(emotion mapping)
df
       emotion
                                                            pixels \
0
                70 80 82 72 58 58 60 63 54 58 60 48 89 115 121...
1
               151 150 147 155 148 133 111 140 170 174 182 15...
2
             2 231 212 156 164 174 138 161 173 182 200 106 38...
3
                24 32 36 30 32 23 19 20 30 41 21 22 32 34 21 1...
4
               4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 15 23 28 48 50 58 84...
             6 50 36 17 22 23 29 33 39 34 37 37 37 39 43 48 5...
35882
35883
               178 174 172 173 181 188 191 194 196 199 200 20...
             0 17 17 16 23 28 22 19 17 25 26 20 24 31 19 27 9...
35884
               30 28 28 29 31 30 42 68 79 81 77 67 67 71 63 6...
35885
             2 19 13 14 12 13 16 21 33 50 57 71 84 97 108 122...
35886
      emotion label
0
              anger
1
              anger
2
               fear
3
            sadness
            neutral
```

```
. . .
            neutral
35882
35883
          happiness
35884
              anger
35885
          happiness
35886
               fear
[35887 rows x 3 columns]
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.countplot(data=df, x='emotion label')
plt.title('Count of Emotions')
plt.xlabel('Emotion')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
```



RESHAPING THE DATA, AND APPLYING MIN MAX SCALER

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
pixels = df['pixels'].apply(lambda x: np.array(x.split(), dtype='int32'))
images = np.vstack(pixels).reshape(-1, 48, 48)
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
images_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(images.reshape(-1, 2304)).reshape(-1, 48, 48)
fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 5, figsize=(15, 3))
for i, ax in enumerate(axes):
    ax.imshow(images_scaled[i], cmap='gray')
```

```
ax.set_title(f'Image {i+1}')
ax.axis('off')
plt.show()
```











```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
label encoder = LabelEncoder()
y = label encoder.fit transform(df['emotion label'])
import numpy as np
x = np.array(images_scaled).astype('float32')
y = np.array(y).astype('float32')
У
array([0., 0., 2., ..., 0., 3., 2.], dtype=float32)
from sklearn.model selection import
train_test_split,cross_val_score,GridSearchCV
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.2,
random state=42)
X_train.shape,y_train.shape,X_test.shape,y_test.shape
((28709, 48, 48), (28709,), (7178, 48, 48), (7178,))
X train
array([[[0.01568628, 0.01568628, 0.01568628, ..., 0.11372549,
         0.1254902 , 0.12156863],
        [0.03921569, 0.03529412, 0.02352941, ..., 0.4862745,
         0.5294118 , 0.5294118 ],
        [0.03529412, 0.03529412, 0.02745098, ..., 0.46666667,
        0.5019608 , 0.5137255 ],
        [0.45882353, 0.46666667, 0.49803922, ..., 0.02745098,
        0.01568628, 0.01568628],
        [0.05882353, 0.04705882, 0.08235294, ..., 0.01176471,
        0.00784314, 0.01176471],
        [0.00392157, 0.00392157, 0.
                                           , ..., 0.01176471,
         0.01176471, 0.01176471]],
       [0.11764706, 0.1254902, 0.16078432, ..., 0.7137255,
         0.63529414, 0.6117647 ],
        [0.09411765, 0.14509805, 0.12156863, ..., 0.70980394,
         0.627451 , 0.5921569 ],
```

```
[0.11372549, 0.12156863, 0.08235294, ..., 0.73333335,
 0.627451 , 0.58431375],
 [0.6745098, 0.68235296, 0.4745098, ..., 0.49411765,
 0.43529412, 0.4627451 ],
 [0.6666667, 0.6666667, 0.39215687, ..., 0.46666667,
 0.46666667, 0.44705883],
 [0.68235296, 0.6392157, 0.36862746, ..., 0.42352942,
 0.45490196, 0.4627451 ]],
[0.9843137, 0.9607843, 0.8117647, ..., 0.30588236,
 0.3372549 , 0.36862746],
[0.9764706, 0.83137256, 0.5529412, ..., 0.29803923,
 0.32941177, 0.35686275],
 [0.8901961, 0.62352943, 0.40392157, ..., 0.23529412,
 0.29411766, 0.32941177],
 [0.6431373, 0.64705884, 0.65882355, ..., 0.32156864,
 0.13333334, 0.01568628],
[0.6745098, 0.63529414, 0.6431373, ..., 0.2901961,
 0.05098039, 0.02745098],
 [0.67058825, 0.6313726, 0.6313726, ..., 0.24313726,
 0.00784314, 0.04313726]],
. . . ,
[0.38039216, 0.3647059, 0.23921569, ..., 0.5803922,
 0.5176471 , 0.5058824 ],
 [0.41568628, 0.34901962, 0.25882354, \ldots, 0.627451]
 0.5254902 , 0.5176471 ],
 [0.30980393, 0.34509805, 0.27058825, ..., 0.654902 ,
 0.57254905, 0.5137255 ],
 [0.09019608, 0.01960784, 0.01960784, ..., 0.2627451,
 0.42352942, 0.7294118 ],
 [0.10588235, 0.03921569, 0.01568628, ..., 0.28235295,
           , 0.72156864],
 [0.05490196, 0.05882353, 0.01568628, ..., 0.32156864,
 0.41568628, 0.63529414],
[[0.99607843, 0.89411765, 0.84705883, ..., 0.6862745,
 0.6392157 , 0.62352943],
 [0.9607843 , 0.84313726 , 0.8392157 , ..., 0.6666667 ,
 0.6509804 , 0.6
                        ],
[0.90588236, 0.8156863, 0.81960785, ..., 0.6392157,
 0.6784314 , 0.5803922 ],
[0.8862745 , 0.8235294 , 0.8509804 , ..., 0.5764706 ,
 0.75686276, 0.8
                        ٦,
```

```
[0.8392157, 0.8392157, 0.827451, ..., 0.69803923,
         0.7607843 , 0.80784315],
        [0.8627451, 0.8235294, 0.85490197, ..., 0.74509805,
         0.85490197, 0.8784314 ]],
       [0.46666667, 0.39607844, 0.07058824, ..., 0.00392157,
         0.00392157, 0.00784314],
        [0.48235294, 0.21176471, 0.
                                           , ..., 0.00784314,
         0.01960784, 0.00784314],
        [0.36862746, 0.05882353, 0.
                                           , ..., 0.
         0.01960784, 0.00392157],
        . . . ,
                   , 0.
                               , 0.
        [0.
        0.
                   , 0.
                               ],
                   , 0.
        [0.
                               , 0.
                   , 0.
        0.
                               ],
                   , 0.
                                           , ..., 0.
        [0.
                               , 0.
                   , 0.
         0.
                               ]]], dtype=float32)
OUTLIER DETECTION USING QUANTILE AND Z-SCORE
df.describe()
            emotion
count 35887.000000
           3.323265
           1.873819
           0.000000
           2.000000
           3.000000
          5.000000
          6.000000
df[df.emotion>df.emotion.quantile(0.5990)]
       emotion
                                                           pixels \
              4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 15 23 28 48 50 58 84...
             6
             6 39 75 78 58 58 45 49 48 103 156 81 45 41 38 49...
             6 219 213 206 202 209 217 216 215 219 218 223 23...
             6 148 144 130 129 119 122 129 131 139 153 140 12...
             5 107 107 109 109 109 109 110 101 123 140 144 14...
            5 43 43 51 73 94 97 102 95 99 107 126 144 154 17...
            5 248 251 239 144 102 95 82 77 91 138 153 145 14...
            6 29 29 27 31 49 56 29 19 22 20 34 43 55 71 85 9...
            6 139 143 145 154 159 168 176 181 190 191 195 19...
            6 50 36 17 22 23 29 33 39 34 37 37 37 39 43 48 5...
      emotion label
            neutral
```

mean

std

min

25%

50%

75%

max

4

11

12

13

15

35874

35875

35876 35877

35882

4

11

neutral

```
12
            neutral
13
            neutral
15
           surprise
35874
           surprise
35875
           surprise
35876
            neutral
35877
            neutral
35882
            neutral
[10200 rows x 3 columns]
df[df.emotion<df.emotion.quantile(0.2)]</pre>
       emotion
                                                             pixels
0
               70 80 82 72 58 58 60 63 54 58 60 48 89 115 121...
1
               151 150 147 155 148 133 111 140 170 174 182 15...
             0 30 24 21 23 25 25 49 67 84 103 120 125 130 139...
10
               123 125 124 142 209 226 234 236 231 232 235 22...
22
23
             0 8 9 14 21 26 32 37 46 52 62 72 70 71 73 76 83 ...
. . .
35845
             0 149 141 141 137 143 157 166 123 217 230 220 21...
             0 90 82 42 36 33 45 81 112 122 139 155 149 152 1...
35849
             0 139 141 141 138 152 164 176 160 137 118 106 95...
35854
35881
             0 181 177 176 156 178 144 136 132 122 107 131 16...
             0 17 17 16 23 28 22 19 17 25 26 20 24 31 19 27 9...
35884
      emotion_label
0
              anger
1
              anger
10
              anger
22
              anger
23
              anger
. . .
35845
              anger
35849
              anger
35854
              anger
35881
              anger
35884
              anger
[5500 rows x 3 columns]
upper_limit=df.emotion.mean()+3*df.emotion.std()
upper_limit
8.944720969849602
lower limit=df.emotion.mean()-3*df.emotion.std()
lower_limit
-2.298191585950139
```

```
df=df[(df.emotion<upper limit) & (df.emotion>lower limit)]
print(df.describe())
            emotion
count 35887.000000
mean
          3.323265
std
          1.873819
min
          0.000000
25%
          2.000000
50%
          3.000000
75%
          5.000000
           6.000000
max
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import
accuracy score, confusion matrix, classification report
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn .model selection import RandomizedSearchCV
print(X_train.shape)
(28709, 48, 48)
svc = SVC()
# Parameter grid
param_grid_svc = {
    'C': [0.1, 1, 10],
    'kernel': ['linear', 'rbf'],
    'gamma': ['scale', 0.001, 0.01]
}
# Set up RandomizedSearchCV
random_search_svc = RandomizedSearchCV(
    estimator=svc,
    param distributions=param grid svc,
    n_iter=20,
    scoring='accuracy',
    cv=5,
    verbose=2,
    random_state=42,
    n jobs=1 # Use a single worker
)
# Use only a portion of the training data
X train small = X train[:1000]
y_train_small = y_train[:1000]
X_train_small1=X_train_small.reshape(X_train_small.shape[0], -1) # Reshape
to (28709, 2304)
```

```
random search svc.fit(X train small1, y train small)
# Best parameters and accuracy
print("Best Parameters for SVC:", random search svc.best params )
print("Best Score:", random_search_svc.best_score )
c:\Users\91739\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\model_selection\_search.py:296: UserWarning: The total space
of parameters 18 is smaller than n iter=20. Running 18 iterations. For
exhaustive searches, use GridSearchCV.
UserWarning,
Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits
[CV] END ......C=0.1, gamma=scale, kernel=linear; total time=
0.6s
0.6s
[CV] END ......C=0.1, gamma=scale, kernel=linear; total time=
0.5s
0.5s
[CV] END ......C=0.1, gamma=scale, kernel=rbf; total time=
0.6s
0.7s
0.7s
0.6s
0.6s
0.5s
0.5s
0.5s
0.4s
0.5s
0.6s
0.6s
0.6s
```

```
0.6s
0.6s
[CV] END ......C=0.1, gamma=0.01, kernel=linear; total time=
0.5s
0.5s
0.5s
0.6s
[CV] END ......C=0.1, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf; total time=
0.8s
0.8s
0.9s
0.8s
0.9s
[CV] END ......C=1, gamma=scale, kernel=linear; total time=
0.8s
[CV] END ......C=1, gamma=scale, kernel=linear; total time=
0.7s
[CV] END .....C=1, gamma=scale, kernel=linear; total time=
0.7s
[CV] END ......C=1, gamma=scale, kernel=linear; total time=
0.7s
[CV] END .....C=1, gamma=scale, kernel=linear; total time=
0.7s
0.8s
0.8s
[CV] END ......C=1, gamma=scale, kernel=rbf; total time=
0.8s
0.8s
0.9s
[CV] END ......C=1, gamma=0.001, kernel=linear; total time=
0.9s
[CV] END ......C=1, gamma=0.001, kernel=linear; total time=
0.8s
[CV] END ......C=1, gamma=0.001, kernel=linear; total time=
0.8s
[CV] END ......C=1, gamma=0.001, kernel=linear; total time=
```

```
0.8s
[CV] END ......C=1, gamma=0.001, kernel=linear; total time=
0.7s
0.8s
[CV] END ......C=1, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf; total time=
0.8s
0.7s
0.8s
[CV] END ......C=1, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf; total time=
0.9s
[CV] END ......C=1, gamma=0.01, kernel=linear; total time=
0.9s
0.7s
0.8s
0.9s
0.8s
0.8s
1.0s
[CV] END ......C=1, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf; total time=
1.0s
0.9s
1.0s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=scale, kernel=linear; total time=
1.0s
0.9s
0.8s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=scale, kernel=linear; total time=
0.7s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=scale, kernel=linear; total time=
0.7s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=scale, kernel=rbf; total time=
0.9s
[CV] END .....C=10, gamma=scale, kernel=rbf; total time=
0.9s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=scale, kernel=rbf; total time=
0.9s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=scale, kernel=rbf; total time=
```

```
0.9s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=scale, kernel=rbf; total time=
0.9s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=0.001, kernel=linear; total time=
0.7s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=0.001, kernel=linear; total time=
0.7s
0.7s
0.7s
0.7s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf; total time=
0.7s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf; total time=
0.7s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf; total time=
0.8s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf; total time=
0.8s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=0.001, kernel=rbf; total time=
0.9s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=0.01, kernel=linear; total time=
0.9s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=0.01, kernel=linear; total time=
0.9s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=0.01, kernel=linear; total time=
1.0s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=0.01, kernel=linear; total time=
1.4s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=0.01, kernel=linear; total time=
1.8s
2.9s
3.0s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf; total time=
3.1s
[CV] END ......C=10, gamma=0.01, kernel=rbf; total time=
2.9s
3.0s
Best Parameters for SVC: {'kernel': 'rbf', 'gamma': 0.001, 'C': 10}
Best Score: 0.331
gbc = GradientBoostingClassifier()
# Parameter grid for GradientBoostingClassifier
param_grid_gbc = {
```

```
'n estimators': [50, 100, 150],
    'learning rate': [0.01, 0.1, 0.5],
    'max_depth': [3, 5, 7],
    'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10],
    'subsample': [0.8, 1.0]
}
# Set up RandomizedSearchCV
random search gbc = RandomizedSearchCV(
    estimator=gbc,
    param_distributions=param_grid_gbc,
    n iter=20,
    scoring='accuracy',
    cv=5,
    verbose=2,
    random state=42,
    n_jobs=1 # Use a single worker
)
# Use only a portion of the training data
X_train_small = X_train[:1000]
y_train_small = y_train[:1000]
X train small1 = X train small.reshape(X train small.shape[0], -1) # Reshape
to (1000, 2304)
# Fit the RandomizedSearchCV with the data
random_search_gbc.fit(X_train_small1, y_train_small)
# Best parameters and accuracy
print("Best Parameters for GradientBoosting:",
random search gbc.best params )
print("Best Score for GradientBoosting:", random search gbc.best score )
Fitting 5 folds for each of 20 candidates, totalling 100 fits
[CV] END learning_rate=0.5, max_depth=7, min_samples_split=10,
n_estimators=100, subsample=0.8; total time=13.1min
[CV] END learning_rate=0.5, max_depth=7, min_samples_split=10,
n estimators=100, subsample=0.8; total time=12.2min
[CV] END learning_rate=0.5, max_depth=7, min_samples_split=10,
n estimators=100, subsample=0.8; total time=13.2min
[CV] END learning_rate=0.5, max_depth=7, min_samples_split=10,
n estimators=100, subsample=0.8; total time=12.5min
KeyboardInterrupt
                                          Traceback (most recent call last)
~\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 23792\2329957545.py in <module>
     29 # Fit the RandomizedSearchCV with the data
---> 30 random search gbc.fit(X train small1, y train small)
     31
```

```
32 # Best parameters and accuracy
```

```
c:\Users\91739\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\model selection\ search.py in fit(self, X, y, groups,
**fit params)
    889
                        return results
    890
--> 891
                    self._run_search(evaluate_candidates)
    892
                    # multimetric is determined here because in the case of a
    893
callable
c:\Users\91739\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\model selection\ search.py in run search(self,
evaluate candidates)
                evaluate candidates(
   1766
   1767
                    ParameterSampler(
-> 1768
                        self.param distributions, self.n iter,
random_state=self.random_state
   1769
   1770
                )
c:\Users\91739\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\model_selection\_search.py in
evaluate candidates(candidate_params, cv, more_results)
    849
                            for (cand idx, parameters), (split idx, (train,
    850
test)) in product(
--> 851
                                enumerate(candidate params),
enumerate(cv.split(X, y, groups))
    852
    853
c:\Users\91739\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37\lib\site-
packages\joblib\parallel.py in __call__(self, iterable)
                    output = self._get_sequential_output(iterable)
   1861
   1862
                    next(output)
                    return output if self.return_generator else list(output)
-> 1863
   1864
                # Let's create an ID that uniquely identifies the current
   1865
call. If the
c:\Users\91739\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37\lib\site-
packages\joblib\parallel.py in _get_sequential_output(self, iterable)
   1790
                        self.n dispatched batches += 1
   1791
                        self.n_dispatched_tasks += 1
-> 1792
                        res = func(*args, **kwargs)
   1793
                        self.n completed tasks += 1
   1794
                        self.print_progress()
```

```
c:\Users\91739\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\utils\fixes.py in __call__(self, *args, **kwargs)
            def call (self, *args, **kwargs):
    215
                with config context(**self.config):
                    return self.function(*args, **kwargs)
--> 216
    217
    218
c:\Users\91739\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\model selection\ validation.py in fit and score(estimator,
X, y, scorer, train, test, verbose, parameters, fit params,
return_train_score, return_parameters, return_n_test_samples, return_times,
return estimator, split progress, candidate progress, error score)
    678
                    estimator.fit(X_train, **fit_params)
    679
                else:
                    estimator.fit(X train, y train, **fit params)
--> 680
    681
    682
            except Exception:
c:\Users\91739\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\ensemble\ gb.py in fit(self, X, y, sample weight, monitor)
    594
                    sample_weight_val,
    595
                    begin_at_stage,
--> 596
                    monitor,
    597
                )
    598
c:\Users\91739\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\ensemble\ gb.py in _fit_stages(self, X, y, raw_predictions,
sample_weight, random_state, X_val, y_val, sample_weight_val, begin_at_stage,
monitor)
    670
                        random state,
    671
                        X csc,
--> 672
                        X_csr,
    673
                    )
    674
c:\Users\91739\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\ensemble\_gb.py in _fit_stage(self, i, X, y,
raw predictions, sample weight, sample mask, random state, X csc, X csr)
    244
    245
                    X = X csr if X csr is not None else X
--> 246
                    tree.fit(X, residual, sample_weight=sample_weight,
check input=False)
    247
    248
                    # update tree leaves
```

c:\Users\91739\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37\lib\site-

```
packages\sklearn\tree\ classes.py in fit(self, X, y, sample weight,
check input, X idx sorted)
                    sample_weight=sample_weight,
   1318
   1319
                    check input=check input,
-> 1320
                    X_idx_sorted=X_idx_sorted,
   1321
   1322
                return self
c:\Users\91739\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37\lib\site-
packages\sklearn\tree\_classes.py in fit(self, X, y, sample_weight,
check_input, X_idx_sorted)
    418
    419
--> 420
                builder.build(self.tree_, X, y, sample_weight)
    421
                if self.n outputs == 1 and is classifier(self):
    422
KeyboardInterrupt:
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten, Dense,
Dropout, BatchNormalization
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
# Model architecture
model = Sequential([
    # First Convolutional Block
    Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(48, 48, 1)),
    BatchNormalization(),
    MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
    Dropout(0.25),
    # Second Convolutional Block
    Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
    BatchNormalization(),
    MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
    Dropout (0.25),
    # Third Convolutional Block
    Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
    BatchNormalization(),
    MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
    Dropout(0.4),
    # Fully Connected Layers
    Flatten(),
    Dense(128, activation='relu'),
    BatchNormalization(),
```

```
Dropout(0.5),
   Dense(7, activation='softmax') # 7 classes for the emotions
1)
# Compile the model
model.compile(optimizer=Adam(learning rate=0.001),
             loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',
             metrics=['accuracy'])
# Model Summary
model.summary()
# Data reshaping and normalization
X train = X train[..., np.newaxis] # Add channel dimension
X_test = X_test[..., np.newaxis]
# Training the model
history = model.fit(
   X_train, y_train,
   validation_data=(X_test, y_test),
   epochs=25,
   batch size=64,
   verbose=1
)
# Evaluate the model
test_loss, test_accuracy = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test, verbose=2)
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test accuracy:.2f}")
Model: "sequential 5"
Layer (type)
                           Output Shape
                                                     Param #
______
conv2d 15 (Conv2D)
                            (None, 46, 46, 32)
                                                     320
batch normalization 20 (Bat (None, 46, 46, 32)
                                                     128
chNormalization)
max pooling2d 15 (MaxPoolin (None, 23, 23, 32)
                                                     0
g2D)
dropout 20 (Dropout)
                           (None, 23, 23, 32)
                                                     0
conv2d 16 (Conv2D)
                            (None, 21, 21, 64)
                                                     18496
batch normalization 21 (Bat (None, 21, 21, 64)
                                                     256
chNormalization)
max pooling2d 16 (MaxPoolin (None, 10, 10, 64)
                                                     0
```

```
g2D)
```

```
dropout 21 (Dropout)
                      (None, 10, 10, 64)
                                          0
conv2d 17 (Conv2D)
                      (None, 8, 8, 128)
                                           73856
batch_normalization_22 (Bat (None, 8, 8, 128)
                                           512
chNormalization)
max pooling2d 17 (MaxPoolin (None, 4, 4, 128)
                                           0
g2D)
dropout 22 (Dropout)
                      (None, 4, 4, 128)
                                           0
                      (None, 2048)
flatten 5 (Flatten)
                                           0
                      (None, 128)
dense 10 (Dense)
                                           262272
batch normalization 23 (Bat (None, 128)
                                           512
chNormalization)
dropout 23 (Dropout)
                      (None, 128)
                                           0
dense 11 (Dense)
                      (None, 7)
                                           903
______
Total params: 357,255
Trainable params: 356,551
Non-trainable params: 704
Epoch 1/25
449/449 [============= ] - 155s 343ms/step - loss: 1.9642 -
accuracy: 0.3185 - val loss: 1.8257 - val accuracy: 0.3075
Epoch 2/25
accuracy: 0.4270 - val_loss: 1.4116 - val_accuracy: 0.4572
Epoch 3/25
accuracy: 0.4668 - val loss: 1.3227 - val accuracy: 0.4869
Epoch 4/25
accuracy: 0.4906 - val loss: 1.3034 - val accuracy: 0.4979
Epoch 5/25
449/449 [============== ] - 94s 209ms/step - loss: 1.2918 -
accuracy: 0.5084 - val loss: 1.2741 - val accuracy: 0.5187
Epoch 6/25
449/449 [============== ] - 82s 182ms/step - loss: 1.2579 -
accuracy: 0.5239 - val_loss: 1.3711 - val_accuracy: 0.4798
Epoch 7/25
```

```
449/449 [============== ] - 85s 189ms/step - loss: 1.2284 -
accuracy: 0.5351 - val loss: 1.1884 - val accuracy: 0.5598
Epoch 8/25
accuracy: 0.5402 - val_loss: 1.2489 - val_accuracy: 0.5191
accuracy: 0.5514 - val loss: 1.2044 - val accuracy: 0.5449
Epoch 10/25
accuracy: 0.5566 - val_loss: 1.1427 - val_accuracy: 0.5722
Epoch 11/25
accuracy: 0.5626 - val loss: 1.1293 - val accuracy: 0.5747
Epoch 12/25
accuracy: 0.5741 - val_loss: 1.1295 - val_accuracy: 0.5723
Epoch 13/25
accuracy: 0.5787 - val_loss: 1.3102 - val_accuracy: 0.4933
Epoch 14/25
accuracy: 0.5850 - val loss: 1.0639 - val accuracy: 0.6066
accuracy: 0.5896 - val_loss: 1.2446 - val_accuracy: 0.5265
Epoch 16/25
accuracy: 0.5958 - val_loss: 1.1169 - val_accuracy: 0.5766
Epoch 17/25
accuracy: 0.6025 - val_loss: 1.0977 - val_accuracy: 0.5914
Epoch 18/25
accuracy: 0.6013 - val_loss: 1.1357 - val_accuracy: 0.5723
Epoch 19/25
accuracy: 0.6092 - val_loss: 1.1391 - val_accuracy: 0.5741
Epoch 20/25
accuracy: 0.6071 - val_loss: 1.0610 - val_accuracy: 0.6024
Epoch 21/25
449/449 [============== ] - 86s 192ms/step - loss: 1.0280 -
accuracy: 0.6121 - val_loss: 1.0553 - val_accuracy: 0.6115
Epoch 22/25
449/449 [============== ] - 85s 189ms/step - loss: 1.0127 -
accuracy: 0.6172 - val_loss: 1.0463 - val_accuracy: 0.6130
Epoch 23/25
449/449 [============== ] - 86s 192ms/step - loss: 1.0077 -
accuracy: 0.6260 - val_loss: 1.0799 - val_accuracy: 0.5939
```

```
Epoch 24/25
449/449 [================ ] - 241s 537ms/step - loss: 1.0000 -
accuracy: 0.6248 - val_loss: 1.0642 - val_accuracy: 0.6013
Epoch 25/25
accuracy: 0.6293 - val_loss: 1.1285 - val_accuracy: 0.5837
225/225 - 5s - loss: 1.1285 - accuracy: 0.5837 - 5s/epoch - 23ms/step
Test Accuracy: 0.58
VISUALIZATION
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Plot training and validation accuracy/loss
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
# Accuracy
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.title('Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
# Loss
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Train Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.title('Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
                Accuracy
                                                   Loss
                                    2.0
       Train Accuracy
                                                             Train Loss
 0.60
                                    1.8
 0.55
                                    1.6
o.50 کي
                                   Loss
0.45
                                    1.4
 0.40
                                    1.2
 0.35
 0.30
df_accu = pd.DataFrame({'train': history.history['accuracy'], 'valid':
```

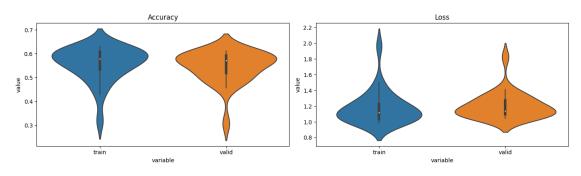
history.history['val accuracy']})

```
df_loss = pd.DataFrame({'train': history.history['loss'], 'valid':
history.history['val_loss']})

fig = plt.figure(0, (14, 4))
ax = plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
sns.violinplot(x="variable", y="value", data=pd.melt(df_accu),
showfliers=False)
plt.title('Accuracy')
plt.tight_layout()

ax = plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
sns.violinplot(x="variable", y="value", data=pd.melt(df_loss),
showfliers=False)
plt.title('Loss')
plt.tight_layout()

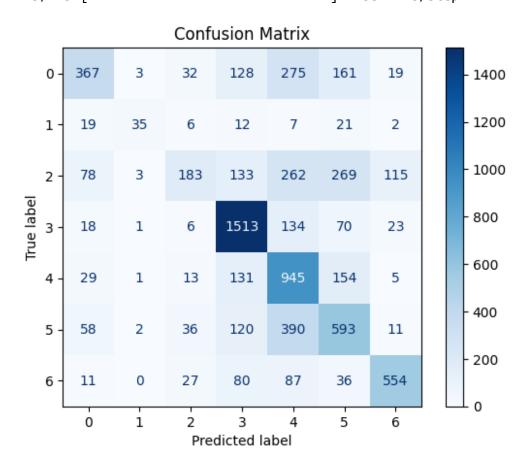
plt.savefig('performance_dist.png')
plt.show()
```



pip install scikit-plot

```
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-plot in
c:\users\91739\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages
(0.3.7)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib>=1.4.0 in
c:\users\91739\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages (from
scikit-plot) (3.5.3)
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn>=0.18 in
c:\users\91739\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages (from
scikit-plot) (1.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=0.9 in
c:\users\91739\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages (from
scikit-plot) (1.7.3)
Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=0.10 in
c:\users\91739\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages (from
scikit-plot) (1.3.2)
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in
c:\users\91739\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages (from
matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (0.11.0)
Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in
```

```
c:\users\91739\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages (from
matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (4.38.0)
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in
c:\users\91739\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages (from
matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (1.4.5)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.17 in
c:\users\91739\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages (from
matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (1.21.6)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in
c:\users\91739\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages (from
matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (23.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=6.2.0 in
c:\users\91739\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages (from
matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (9.5.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.2.1 in
c:\users\91739\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages (from
matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (3.1.4)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in
c:\users\91739\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages (from
matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (2.9.0.post0)
Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in
c:\users\91739\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages (from
scikit-learn>=0.18->scikit-plot) (3.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions in
c:\users\91739\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages (from
kiwisolver>=1.0.1->matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (4.7.1)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in
c:\users\91739\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages (from
python-dateutil>=2.7->matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (1.16.0)
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
print(f"y test shape: {y test.shape}")
y_test shape: (7178,)
import numpy as np
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, ConfusionMatrixDisplay,
classification report
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Predict labels for the test set
yhat_valid = np.argmax(model.predict(X_test), axis=1) # Ensure predictions
are Label-encoded
# Compute confusion matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, yhat_valid)
# Display confusion matrix
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix=cm)
disp.plot(cmap=plt.cm.Blues)
```



Total wrong validation predictions: 2988

Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0.0	0.63	0.37	0.47	985
1.0	0.78	0.34	0.48	102
2.0	0.60	0.18	0.27	1043
3.0	0.71	0.86	0.78	1765

```
4.0
                   0.45
                             0.74
                                       0.56
                                                 1278
         5.0
                   0.45
                             0.49
                                       0.47
                                                 1210
         6.0
                   0.76
                             0.70
                                       0.73
                                                 795
                                       0.58
                                                 7178
    accuracy
                   0.63
                             0.52
                                       0.54
                                                 7178
   macro avg
weighted avg
                   0.60
                             0.58
                                       0.56
                                                 7178
# Save the trained model
model.save("sentiment_analysis_model.h5")
print("Model saved successfully.")
Model saved successfully.
from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model
# Load the saved model
deployed model = load model("sentiment analysis model.h5")
print("Model loaded for deployment.")
Model loaded for deployment.
0: 'anger', 1: 'disgust', 2: 'fear', 3: 'happiness', 4: 'sadness', 5: 'surprise', 6: 'neutral'
import numpy as np
# Example function for prediction
def predict emotion(image path, model):
    from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
    img = image.load img(image path, target size=(48, 48),
color mode='grayscale')
    img array = image.img_to_array(img)
    img_array = np.expand_dims(img_array, axis=0)
    img array /= 255.0 # Normalize
    predictions = model.predict(img array)
    class index = np.argmax(predictions)
    return class_index, predictions
# Predict emotion for a sample image
class index, predictions = predict emotion("Screenshot 2024-09-16
113843.png", deployed_model)
print(f"Predicted class index: {class_index}")
print(f"Class probabilities: {predictions}")
1/1 [======= ] - 1s 627ms/step
Predicted class index: 3
Class probabilities: [[1.0956363e-02 7.9436453e-05 7.5662122e-03 7.8519464e-
01 1.3591272e-01
  5.5589076e-02 4.7016051e-03]]
```