

Bài tập lần 2,

Đề 1 - K64TT

(Câu 1: $xu_x + (1+y^2)u_y + xu = x^2$ ($x > 0, y > 0$))

a) $\Rightarrow xu_x + (1+y^2)u_y = x^2 - xu$

$\Rightarrow a(x,y) = x, b(x,y) = 1+y^2, c(x,y,u) = x^2 - xu.$

Phương trình đặc trưng

$$\frac{dx}{x} = \frac{dy}{1+y^2} = \frac{du}{x^2 - xu}$$

$\Rightarrow \ln x = \arctan y + C$

$\Rightarrow \ln x - \arctan y = C$

Đặt $\begin{cases} s = \ln x - \arctan y \\ t = x \end{cases} \Rightarrow u(x,y) = v(s,t)$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} u_x = v_s s_x + v_t t_x = \frac{v_s}{x} + v_t \\ u_y = v_s s_y + v_t t_y = \frac{-v_s}{1+y^2} \end{cases}$$

$\Rightarrow xu_x + (1+y^2)u_y = v_s + xv_t - v_s = xv_t = x^2 - xu$

$\Rightarrow v_t = x - u$

$\Rightarrow v_t = t - v$

$\Rightarrow v_t + v = t$

$\Rightarrow e^t v_t + e^t v = t e^t$

$\Rightarrow e^t v = t e^t - e^t + f(s)$

$\Rightarrow v = t - 1 + e^{-t} f(s)$

$\Rightarrow N^o TQ u(x,y) = x - 1 + e^{-x} f(\ln x - \arctan y)$

Thử lại

$$\left. \begin{aligned} u_x &= 1 - e^{-x} f + \frac{e^{-x} f'}{x} \\ u_y &= \frac{-e^{-x} f'}{1+y^2} \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} \Rightarrow xu_x + (1+y^2)u_y &= x(1 - e^{-x} f) \\ &= x(x - u) = x^2 - xu \quad (TM) \end{aligned}$$

h) Ta có $u(x, y) = x - 1 + e^{-x} f(\ln x - \arctan y)$
 Để $u(x, y) = ax + b + 2e^{-x}$ khi $\ln x - \arctan y = 0$.

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} a = 1 \\ b = -1 \\ f(0) = 2 \end{cases}$$

Chọn $f(t) = t + 2 \rightarrow f(\ln x - \arctan y) = \ln x - \arctan y + 2$

$$\rightarrow u(x, y) = x - 1 + e^{-x} (\ln x - \arctan y + 2)$$

Kiểm tra lại $u_x = 1 - e^{-x} (\ln x - \arctan y + 2) + \frac{e^{-x}}{x}$

$$u_y = -\frac{e^{-x}}{1+y^2}$$

$$\rightarrow xu_x + (1+y^2)u_y = x - xe^{-x} (\ln x - \arctan y + 2) = x^2 - ux$$

+) Chọn $f(t) = \cos(t) + 1$

$$\rightarrow f(\ln x - \arctan y) = \cos(\ln x - \arctan y) + 1$$

$$\rightarrow u(x, y) = x - 1 + e^{-x} [\cos(\ln x - \arctan y) + 1]$$

Kiểm tra

$$u_x = 1 - e^{-x} [\cos(\ln x - \arctan y) + 1] + \frac{e^{-x} \sin(\ln x - \arctan y)}{x}$$

$$u_y = \frac{e^{-x} \sin(\ln x - \arctan y)}{1+y^2}$$

$$\rightarrow xu_x + (1+y^2)u_y = x - xe^{-x} [\cos(\ln x - \arctan y) + 1] = x^2 - ux$$