

Consider  $G_<(t, \varphi)$  and auxiliary function  $G_<^{\varphi=0}(t, \varphi)$ .

We would like to exclude the following contributions to  $G_<(t, \varphi)$ :

1) Contributions due to a time-shift;

$$G_<^{(0)}(\omega t - \varphi)$$

2) Contributions that are not  $G_<^{(0)}(\omega t - \varphi)$ , but <sup>are</sup> only because of the pulse envelope.

1. Contribution due to time shift can be easily excluded ( $\varphi \equiv \tau \omega$ ):

$$\frac{\partial G_<^{(0)}}{\partial \tau} = - \frac{\partial G_<^{(0)}}{\partial t}, \text{ thus we should do}$$

the following operation with  $G_<(t, \varphi)$ :

$$\frac{\partial G_<(t, \varphi)}{\partial \tau} + \frac{\partial G_<(t, \varphi)}{\partial t} = G_<^{(1)}(t, \varphi).$$

2.  $G_<^{(1)}(t, \varphi)$  still contains the "linear" contributions, (i.e. contributions that we want to exclude), because of the envelope.

Thus, to exclude them as well we take the difference  $G_<^{(1)}(t, \varphi) - G_<^{\varphi=0(1)}(t, \varphi)$ , where  $G_<^{\varphi=0(1)}(t, \varphi) \equiv \frac{\partial G_<^{\varphi=0}}{\partial \tau} + \frac{\partial G_<^{\varphi=0}}{\partial t}$

$G_<^{\varphi=0(1)}(t, \varphi)$  contains only envelope effects.

Thus, we have the following algorithm:

We calculate

$$1) G_L^{(1)}(t, \varphi) = \frac{\partial G_L(t, \varphi)}{\partial \tau} + \frac{\partial G_L(t, \varphi)}{\partial t}$$

$$2) G_L^{\varphi=0(1)}(t, \varphi) = \frac{\partial G_L^{\varphi=0}(t, \varphi)}{\partial \tau} + \frac{\partial G_L^{\varphi=0}(t, \varphi)}{\partial t}$$

$$3) G_L^{(2)}(t, \varphi) = G_L^{(1)}(t, \varphi) - G_L^{\varphi=0(1)}(t, \varphi)$$

$$4) G_L^{(2)}(t, \varphi) \xrightarrow{\text{2D FFT}} G_L^{(2)}(\omega_1, \omega_2)$$

Note that differentiating over  $t$  we exclude the time-independent background, and if it also does not depend on  $\tau$  (or  $\varphi$ ), then it will completely vanish from  $G_L^{(1)}(t, \varphi)$ .

Then we can also try to use different auxiliary functions, although the effect should be the same. May be using different auxiliary functions and averaging could reduce the "reconstruction error".