Modelling is key to forecast how climate change will impact ecosystems

Credible model projections are critical for natural resource managers

>> Need a thorough model evaluation

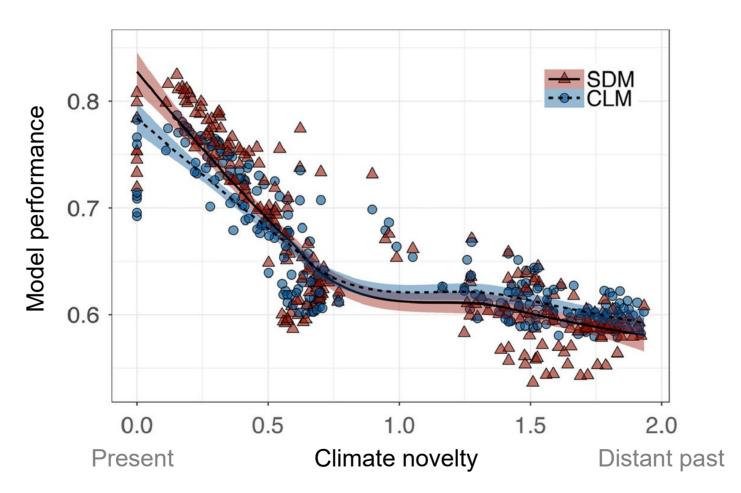
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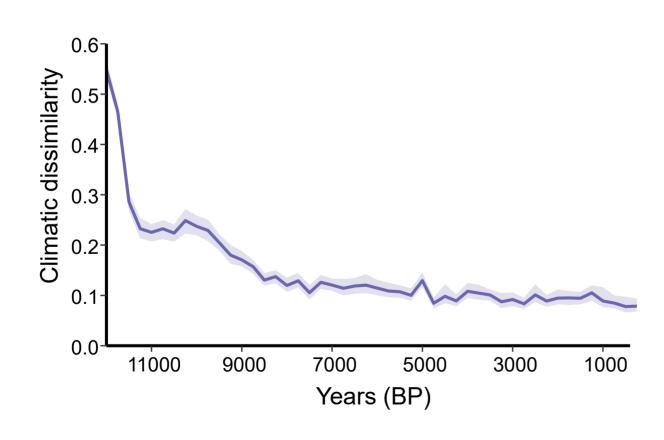
▶ One approach: compare model predictions to observations from previous time periods (hindcasting)

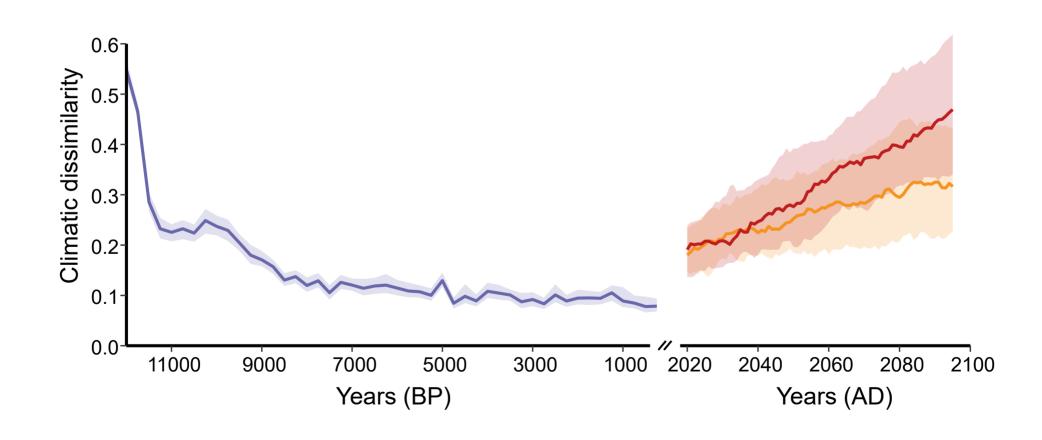
Decrease of model performance in the past



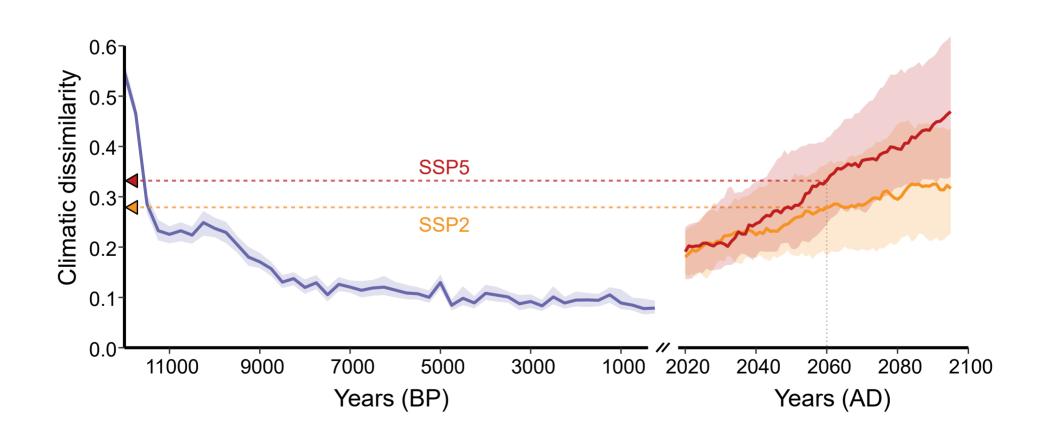
Adapted from **Fitzpatrick et al.** (2018)

Future climatic conditions are expected to be challenging





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Urgency for action?

► Concerns about statistical model transferability into future climatic conditions

Process-based models could provide more robust projections?

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► Concerns about statistical model transferability into future climatic conditions

Process-based models could provide more robust projections?

Yet to be verified!

Correlative models (SDM)

PATTERNS

statistical relationships

► calibrated with current distribution data

Correlative models
(SDM)

PATTERNS

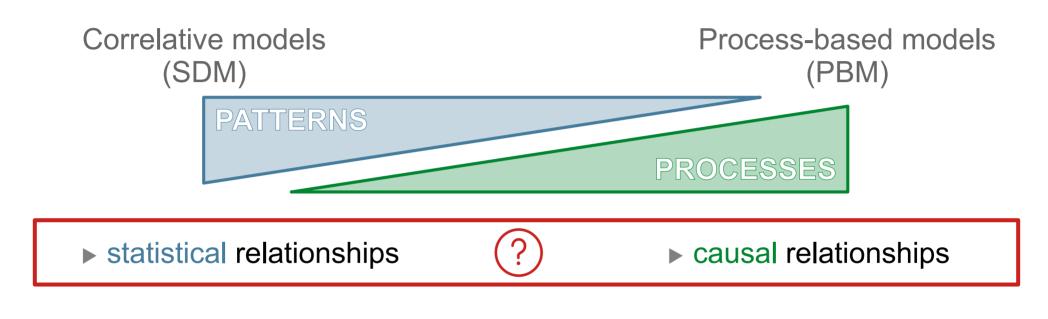
PROCESSES

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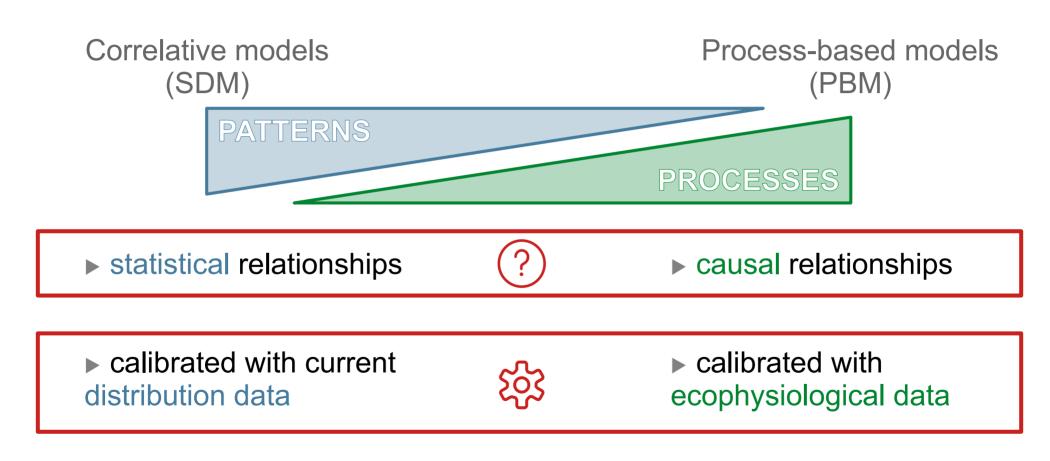
statistical relationships

calibrated with current distribution data causal relationships

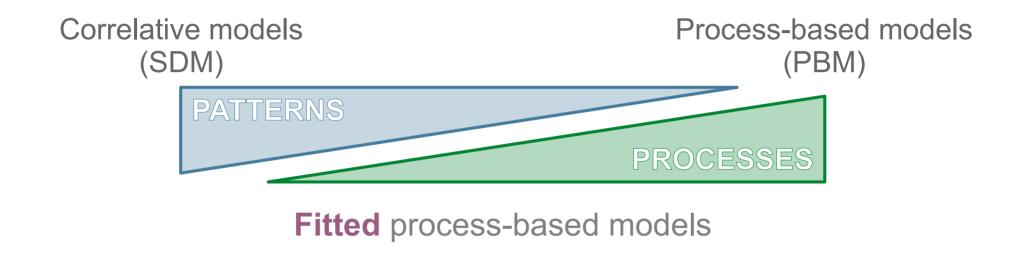
calibrated with ecophysiological data



calibrated with current distribution data calibrated with ecophysiological data



Adapted from **Dormann et al.** (2012)



calibrated with current distribution data causal relationships

Multi-model comparison across the Holocene

- ▶ 5 European tree species (F. sylvatica, A. alba, Q. ilex, Q. robur, Q. petraea)
- ▶ 8 models: 4 correlative models (RF, BRT, GLM, GAM)
 - 2 fitted process-based models
 - 2 process-based models (PHENOFIT, CASTANEA)

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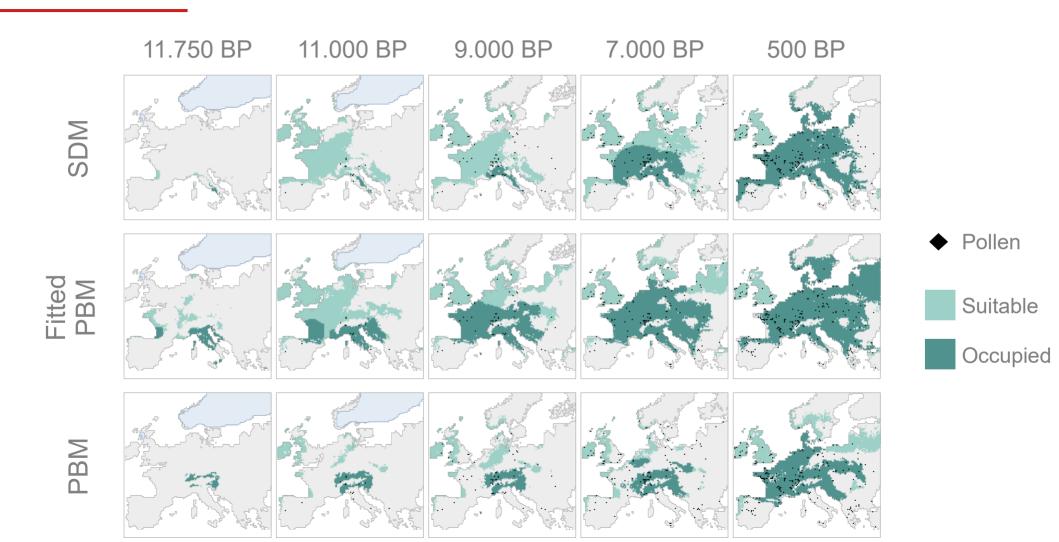
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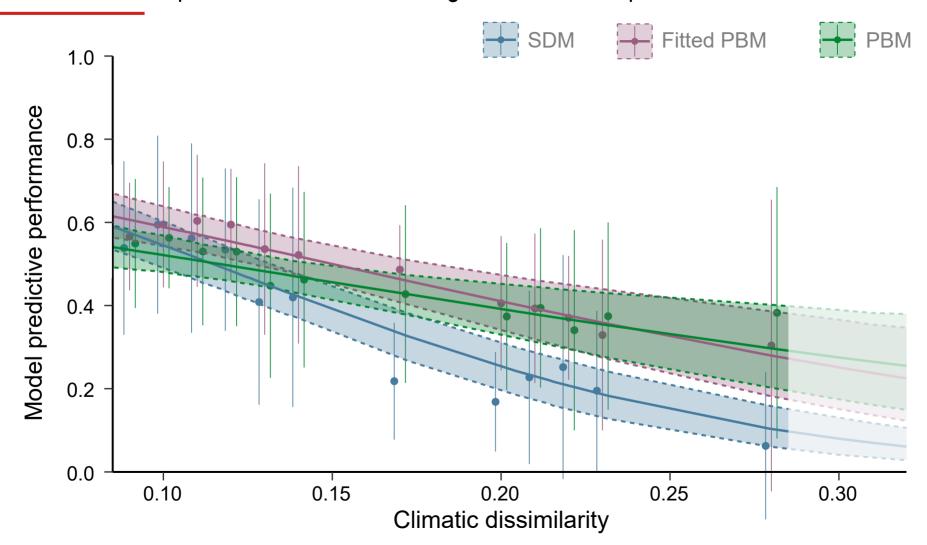
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- ▶ past climate data from HadCM3B simulations (+ daily weather generation)
- model performance evaluated against fossil pollen data

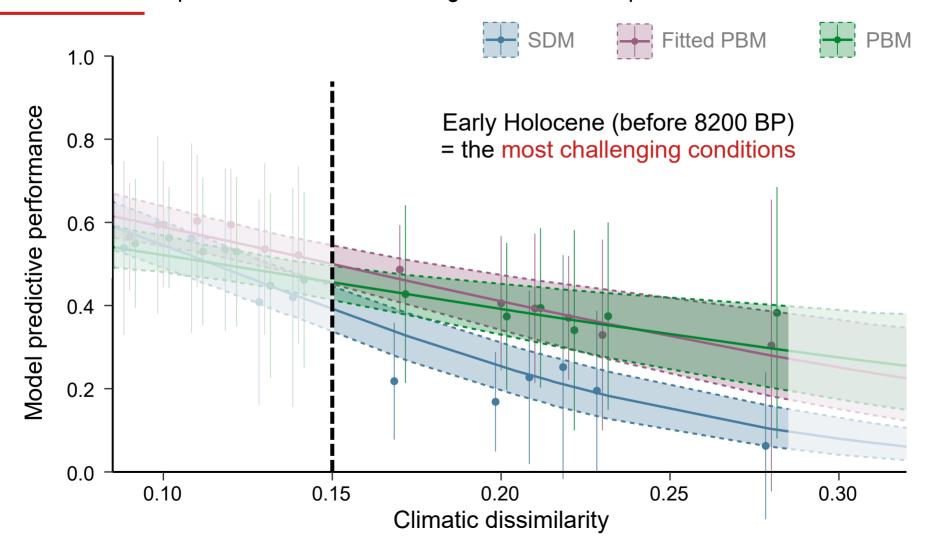
Example of deciduous *Quercus* paleosimulations



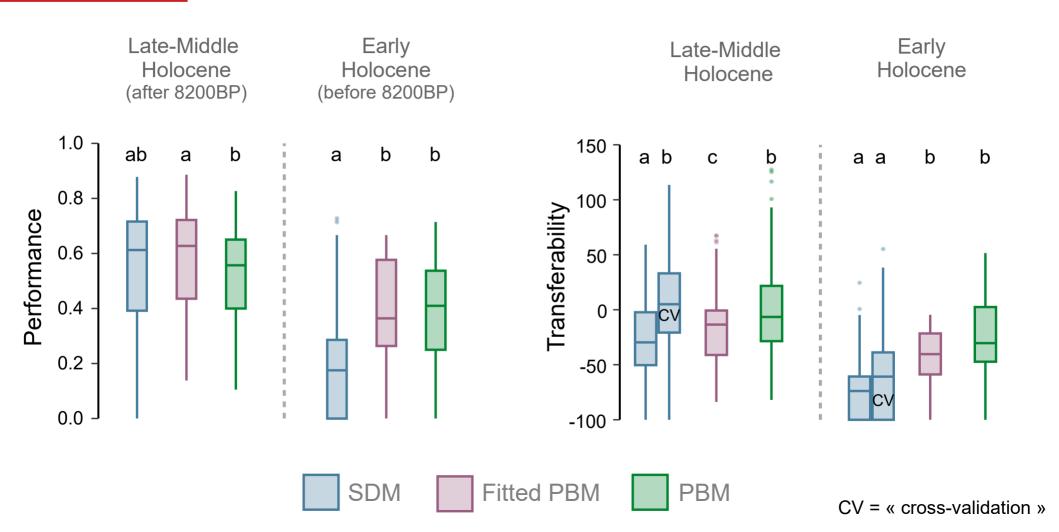
Decrease of model performance when moving further into the past



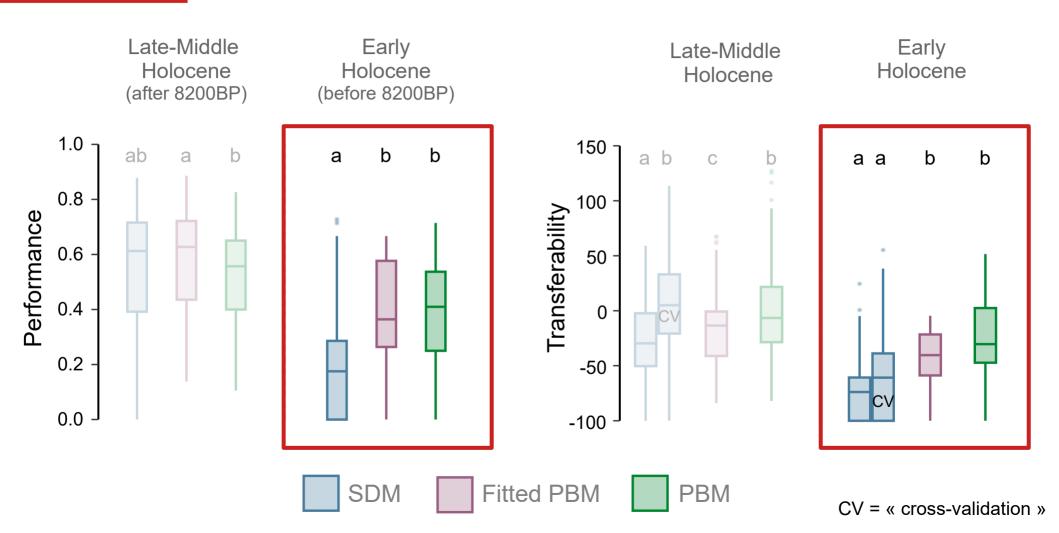
Decrease of model performance when moving further into the past



Process-based models are more performant/transferable?



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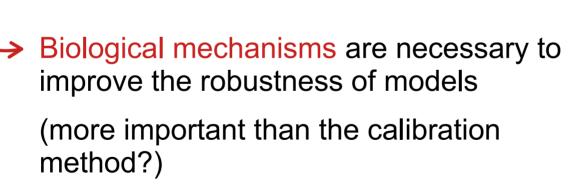


Mechanisms, not calibration method, convey model robustness

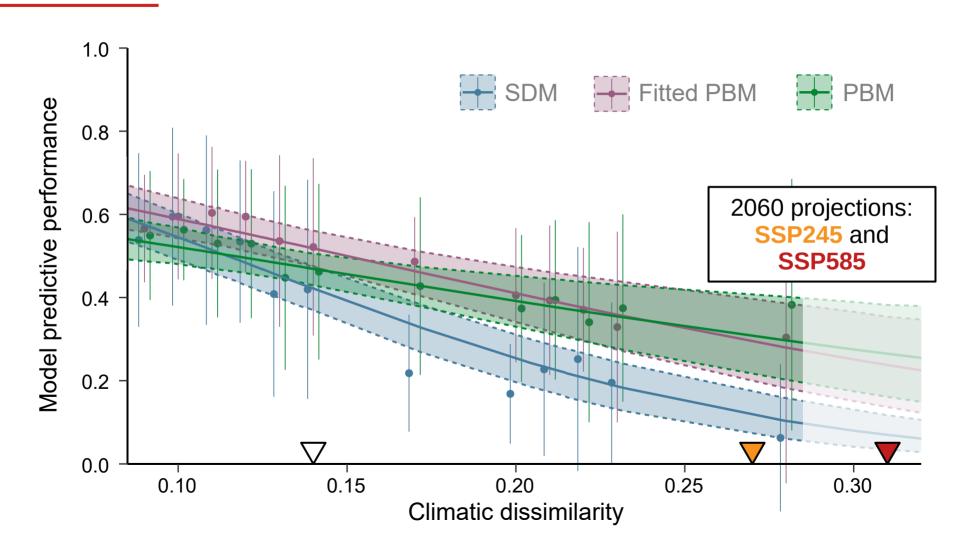
- ► Expert and fitted PBMs less affected by the increase in climatic dissimilarity
- ► Fitted PBMs similar to expert PBMs

Mechanisms, not calibration method, convey model robustness

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A real advantage to increase projections reliability in the upcoming decades?



On our way to scale-up process-based models

- ► Fitted PBMs bring together the strengths from statistical and mechanistic approaches
- ▶ Inverse calibration: an opportunity to improve parameter estimates?

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Spread the use of process-based approches?