

SCALAR PROXY

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1. DF^2 THEORY

The $(DF)^2 + \text{YM}$ theory is given by the following Lagrangian,

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{2}D_\mu F^{a\mu\nu} D_\alpha F_a{}^\alpha{}_\nu + \frac{1}{3}f_{abc}F_a{}^\mu{}_\nu F_b{}^\alpha{}_\mu F_c{}^\nu{}_\alpha - \frac{1}{2}D_\mu\phi^I D^\mu\phi_I + \frac{g}{2}C^{Iab}\phi_I F_{a\mu\nu} F_b{}^\mu\nu + \frac{g}{6}d^{IJK}\phi_I\phi_J\phi_K - \frac{m^2}{2}\phi_I\phi^I - \frac{m^2}{4}F_{a\mu\nu} F^{a\mu\nu}$$

Where of course,

$$\begin{aligned} F_{\mu\nu}^a &= \partial_\mu A_a{}^\nu - \partial_\nu A_a{}^\mu + g f_{bc}^a A_b{}^\mu A_c{}^\nu \\ (D_\alpha F^{\mu\nu})^a &= \partial_\alpha F_a{}^{\mu\nu} + g f_{bc}^a A_b{}^\mu A_c{}^\nu \\ (D_\alpha\phi)^I &= \partial_\alpha\phi^I - ig T_R^a{}_J A_{a\alpha} \phi^J \end{aligned}$$

We also have to incorporate the gauge fixing part,

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{GF}} = -\frac{1}{2}\partial_\mu A^{a\mu}(-\square + m^2)\partial_\nu A_a{}^\nu$$

1.1. quadratic piece. Let us collect all the quadratic pieces,

$$\begin{aligned} -\frac{1}{2}D_\mu F^{a\mu\nu} D_\alpha F_a{}^\alpha{}_\nu &= -\frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu F^{a\mu\nu} + g f_{bc}^a A_b{}^\mu F^{c\mu\nu})(\partial_\alpha F_a{}^\alpha{}_\nu + g f_{ade} A_d{}^\alpha F^{e\alpha}{}_\nu) \\ &= -\frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu F^{a\mu\nu})(\partial_\alpha F_a{}^\alpha{}_\nu) \\ &= -\frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu(\partial^\mu A^{a\nu} - \partial^\nu A^{a\mu} + g f_{bc}^a A^{b\mu} A^{c\nu}))(\partial_\alpha(\partial^\alpha A_{a\nu} - \partial_\nu A_a{}^\alpha + g f_{ade} A_d{}^\alpha A_e{}_\nu)) \\ &= -\frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu(\partial^\mu A^{a\nu} - \partial^\nu A^{a\mu}))(\partial_\alpha(\partial^\alpha A_{a\nu} - \partial_\nu A_a{}^\alpha)) \\ &= -\frac{1}{2}(\square A^{a\nu} - \partial^\nu \partial_\mu A^{a\mu})(\square A_{a\nu} - \partial_\nu \partial_\alpha A_a{}^\alpha) \\ &= -\frac{1}{2}\square A^{a\nu} \square A_{a\nu} + \frac{1}{2}\square A^{a\nu} \partial_\nu \partial_\alpha A_a{}^\alpha + \frac{1}{2}\partial^\nu \partial_\mu A^{a\mu} \square A_{a\nu} - \frac{1}{2}\partial^\nu \partial_\mu A^{a\mu} \partial_\nu \partial_\alpha A_a{}^\alpha \\ &= -\frac{1}{2}\square A^{a\nu} \square A_{a\nu} + \square A^{a\nu} \partial_\nu \partial_\alpha A_a{}^\alpha - \frac{1}{2}\square A^{a\mu} \partial_\mu \partial_\alpha A_a{}^\alpha \\ &= -\frac{1}{2}\square A^{a\nu} \square A_{a\nu} + \frac{1}{2}\square A^{a\nu} \partial_\nu \partial_\alpha A_a{}^\alpha \\ &= \frac{1}{2}A^{a\mu} \delta_{ab}(-\eta_{\mu\nu} \square^2 + \partial_\mu \partial_\nu \square) A^{b\nu} \\ -\frac{1}{2}\partial_\mu A^{a\mu}(-\square + m^2)\partial_\nu A_a{}^\nu &= \frac{1}{2}A^{a\mu} \delta_{ab}(-\square + m^2)\partial_\mu \partial_\nu A^{b\nu} \\ -\frac{m^2}{4}F_{a\mu\nu} F^{a\mu\nu} &= -\frac{m^2}{4}(\partial_\mu A_{a\nu} - \partial_\nu A_{a\mu} + g f_{abc} A_b{}^\mu A_c{}^\nu)(\partial^\mu A^{a\nu} - \partial^\nu A^{a\mu} + g f_{de}^a A_d{}^\mu A_e{}^\nu) \\ &= -\frac{m^2}{4}(\partial_\mu A_{a\nu} - \partial_\nu A_{a\mu})(\partial^\mu A^{a\nu} - \partial^\nu A^{a\mu}) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}A^{a\mu} \delta_{ab}(\eta_{\mu\nu} m^2 \square - m^2 \partial_\nu \partial_\mu) A^{b\nu} \end{aligned}$$

Summing all the contributions, the quadratic piece of the Lagrangian is,

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} &\supset \frac{1}{2}A^{a\mu} \delta_{ab}(-\eta_{\mu\nu} \square^2 + \partial_\mu \partial_\nu \square) A^{b\nu} + \frac{1}{2}A^{a\mu} \delta_{ab}(-\square + m^2)\partial_\mu \partial_\nu A^{b\nu} + \frac{1}{2}A^{a\mu} \delta_{ab}(\eta_{\mu\nu} m^2 \square - m^2 \partial_\nu \partial_\mu) A^{b\nu} \\ \mathcal{L} &\supset \frac{1}{2}A^{a\mu} \delta_{ab} \eta_{\mu\nu} (-\square^2 + m^2 \square) A^{b\nu} \end{aligned}$$

1.2. cubic piece. Now, the cubic piece,

$$\begin{aligned}
-\frac{1}{2}D_\mu F^{a\mu\nu} D_\alpha F_a{}^\alpha{}_\nu &= -\frac{1}{2}(\square A^{a\nu} - \partial^\nu \partial \cdot A^a) g f_{ade} \partial^\alpha (A^d{}_\alpha A^e{}_\nu) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} g f^a{}_{bc} \partial_\mu (A^{b\mu} A^{c\nu}) (\square A_{a\nu} - \partial_\nu \partial \cdot A_a) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} (\square A^{a\nu} - \partial^\nu \partial \cdot A^a) g f_{ade} A^d{}_\alpha (\partial^\alpha A^e{}_\nu - \partial_\nu A^{e\alpha}) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} g f^a{}_{bc} A^b{}_\mu (\partial^\mu A^{c\nu} - \partial^\nu A^{c\mu}) (\square A_{a\nu} - \partial_\nu \partial \cdot A_a) \\
&= -g f^a{}_{bc} \partial_\mu (A^{b\mu} A^{c\nu}) (\square A_{a\nu} - \partial_\nu \partial \cdot A_a) \\
&\quad - g f^a{}_{bc} A^b{}_\mu (\partial^\mu A^{c\nu} - \partial^\nu A^{c\mu}) (\square A_{a\nu} - \partial_\nu \partial \cdot A_a) \\
\frac{1}{3} f_{abc} F^a{}_\mu{}^\nu F^b{}_\nu{}^\alpha F_\alpha{}^\mu &= \frac{1}{3} f_{abc} (\partial_\mu A^{a\nu} - \partial^\nu A^a{}_\mu) (\partial_\nu A^{b\alpha} - \partial^\alpha A^b{}_\nu) (\partial_\alpha A^{c\mu} - \partial^\mu A^c{}_\alpha)
\end{aligned}$$