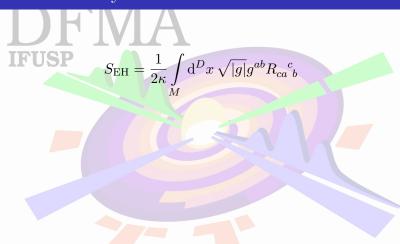
DFMA IFUSP

2+1 Gravity as a Gauge Theory

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II Agorá Meeting — IFUSP

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• Non-polynomial \rightarrow Hard to quantize.



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We know how to quantize a class of theories with redundancies:



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$$S_{\text{YM}} = \frac{1}{g^2} \int_{M} \text{Tr} \left[\mathbf{F} \wedge \star \mathbf{F} \right], \quad \mathbf{F} = \mathbf{dA} + \left[\mathbf{A} \, \, \dot{\gamma} \, \, \mathbf{A} \right]$$

• Polynomial.



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It's possible to formulate GR as YM theory?



Why
$$D = 2 + 1$$
?

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• No local propagating modes:

d.o.f. =
$$\frac{1}{2}D(D-3)$$

Simpler but non-trivial toy model.



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• Change of variables: $\mathbf{g} \to \begin{cases} \mathbf{e}^{\mu}, & \text{Vielbein} \\ \boldsymbol{\omega}_{\alpha\beta}, & \text{Spin connection} \end{cases}$

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Can we write the integrand as a trace?



Recover of dimensionless coupling constant

• For $\mathfrak{iso}(2,1)$:

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left[J_{\alpha\beta}P_{\mu}\right] = \frac{\lambda}{\kappa}\epsilon_{\alpha\beta\mu}, \quad \operatorname{Tr}\left[P_{\nu}P_{\mu}\right] = 0, \quad \operatorname{Tr}\left[J_{\alpha\beta}J_{\mu\nu}\right] = 0$$

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Not standard YM form...



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Match!



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- Offers a bridge between GR and usual gauge theory intuition.
- Pose some suggestions about D = 3 + 1.





References

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- [1] Edward Witten. "(2+1)-Dimensional Gravity as an Exactly Soluble System". In: *Nucl. Phys. B* 311 (1988), p. 46. DOI: 10.1016/0550-3213(88)90143-5.
- [2] Edward Witten. *Three-Dimensional Gravity Revisited*. 2007. arXiv: 0706.3359 [hep-th]. URL: https://arxiv.org/abs/0706.3359.

