

The famous Hungarian mathematician Paul Erdős was particularly renowned for his social practice of mathematics, in which he engaged with more than 500 different collaborators on research papers. His collaboration was so prolific in the mathematics community that it prompted the creation of the “Erdős number”, which describes the “collaborative distance” between Paul Erdős and another person.

The calculation of Erdős numbers can be aided through the construction of a graph, where each node or vertex represents a distinct person, and edges between persons indicate a paper co-authorship. The length of the shortest path between a person and Paul Erdős is that person’s Erdős number.

For this question, you will implement the following parts in the class `ErdosNumbers.java`.

- (a) Implement the constructor for `ErdosNumbers`, which takes as input a list of papers for use in the subsequent parts. In addition, implement
  - The method `getPapers`, which returns the set of papers an author has written.
  - The method `getCollaborators`, which returns the set of unique co-authors an author has written a paper with before.
- (b) In `isErdosConnectedToAll`, implement an efficient algorithm to determine if every author has an Erdős number. Consult the Javadoc for more specific details.
- (c) In `calculateErdosNumber`, implement an efficient algorithm to determine the Erdős number of a given author. Consult the Javadoc for more specific details.
- (d) In `averageErdosNumber`, implement the code to determine the average Erdős number of all the co-authors on a given paper.
- (e) Multiple variants of the Erdős number exist that consider more information about co-authorships. One variant, which we will call here the “weighted Erdős number”, weights each edge in the graph between two authors  $a$  and  $b$  as  $w(a, b) = \frac{1}{c(a, b)}$ , where  $c(a, b)$  is the number of papers the two authors have published together.

Then, the “weighted Erdős number” is the shortest weighted path between a person and Erdős in this graph - and will hence be a real number instead of an integer.

In `calculateWeightedErdosNumber`, implement an efficient algorithm to calculate the weighted Erdős number of a given author. Consult the Javadoc for more specific details.

Notes and Hints:

- A constant has been defined in `ErdosNumbers.java` for you to test against for Erdős’s name in the datasets.
- Authors and papers have unique names (e.g. you can consider authors with the exact same name to be the exact same author).

- It may make more sense to do some pre-processing in your constructor in order to make other methods more efficient (as they may be called multiple times).