

▼ PCA vs CCA

Here we look at an example comparing the classification of some data after projection using PCA and

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import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from sklearn.datasets import make_multilabel_classification
from sklearn.multiclass import OneVsRestClassifier
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
from sklearn.cross_decomposition import CCA

def plot_hyperplane(clf, min_x, max_x, linestyle, label):
    # get the separating hyperplane
    w = clf.coef_[0]
    a = -w[0] / w[1]
    xx = np.linspace(min_x - 5, max_x + 5) # make sure the line is long enough
    yy = a * xx - (clf.intercept_[0]) / w[1]
    plt.plot(xx, yy, linestyle, label=label)

def plot_subfigure(X, Y, subplot, title, transform):
    if transform == "pca":
        X = PCA(n_components=2).fit_transform(X)
    elif transform == "cca":
        X = CCA(n_components=2).fit(X, Y).transform(X)
    else:
        raise ValueError

    min_x = np.min(X[:, 0])
    max_x = np.max(X[:, 0])

    min_y = np.min(X[:, 1])
    max_y = np.max(X[:, 1])

    classif = OneVsRestClassifier(SVC(kernel='linear'))
    classif.fit(X, Y)

    plt.subplot(2, 2, subplot)
    plt.title(title)

    zero_class = np.where(Y[:, 0])
    one_class = np.where(Y[:, 1])
    plt.scatter(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], s=40, c='gray', edgecolors=(0, 0, 0))
    plt.scatter(X[zero_class, 0], X[zero_class, 1], s=160, edgecolors='b',
                facecolors='none', linewidths=2, label='Class 1')
    plt.scatter(X[one_class, 0], X[one_class, 1], s=80, edgecolors='orange',
                facecolors='none', linewidths=2, label='Class 2')
```

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plot_hyperplane(classif.estimateds_[0], min_x, max_x, 'k--',
                 'Boundary\nfor class 1')
plot_hyperplane(classif.estimateds_[1], min_x, max_x, 'k-.',
                 'Boundary\nfor class 2')
plt.xticks(())
plt.yticks(())

plt.xlim(min_x - .5 * max_x, max_x + .5 * max_x)
plt.ylim(min_y - .5 * max_y, max_y + .5 * max_y)
if subplot == 2:
    plt.xlabel('First principal component')
    plt.ylabel('Second principal component')
    plt.legend(loc="upper left")

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))

X, Y = make_multilabel_classification(n_classes=2, n_labels=1,
                                     allow_unlabeled=True,
                                     random_state=1)

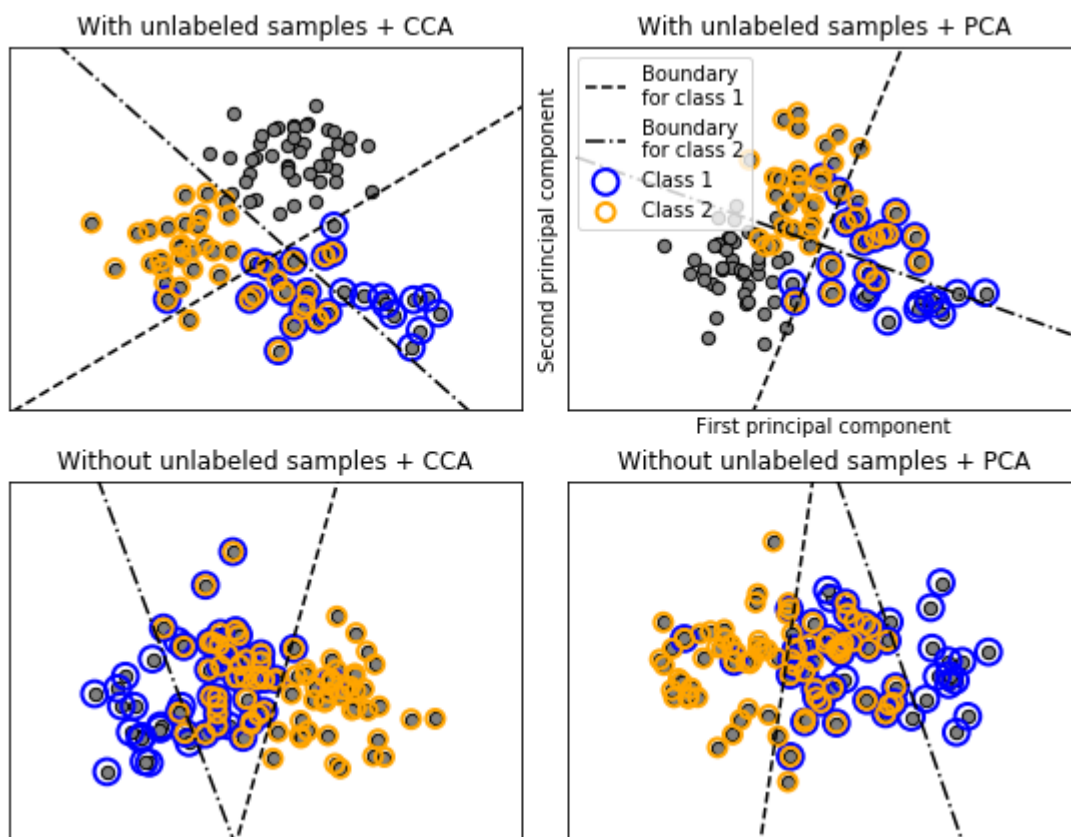
plot_subfigure(X, Y, 1, "With unlabeled samples + CCA", "cca")
plot_subfigure(X, Y, 2, "With unlabeled samples + PCA", "pca")

X, Y = make_multilabel_classification(n_classes=2, n_labels=1,
                                     allow_unlabeled=False,
                                     random_state=1)

plot_subfigure(X, Y, 3, "Without unlabeled samples + CCA", "cca")
plot_subfigure(X, Y, 4, "Without unlabeled samples + PCA", "pca")

plt.subplots_adjust(.04, .02, .97, .94, .09, .2)
plt.show()
```





Source: scikit-learn multilabel classification example