Module :2 Flutter – Dart Programming

1. Which inheritance is not supported by Dart?

• Dart does not support multiple inheritance. This is because multiple inheritance can lead to a number of problems, such as the diamond problem. The diamond problem occurs when two parent classes of a class have a common method, and that method is called by the child class. In such cases, it becomes unclear which parent class's method should be called. To avoid such issues, Dart promotes the use of mixins, which allow a class to inherit functionality from multiple sources without creating a hierarchy of classes.

2. Difference between inheritance and encapsulation.

Inheritance	Encapsulation
Inheritance is a mechanism that allows you to define a new class based on an existing class.	Encapsulation is a mechanism that allows you to hide the implementation details of a class from the outside world.
The new class inherits all the properties and methods of the existing class.	This is achieved by making the properties and methods of the class private, so that they can only be accessed from within the class.
Inheritance promotes code reuse and helps you organize your code into a hierarchy of related classes.	Encapsulation helps you to create more robust and secure code, by preventing external code from accessing or modifying the internal state of your objects

3. Difference between inheritance and encapsulation.

Inheritance	Encapsulation
Inheritance is a mechanism that	Polymorphism is a mechanism that
allows you to define a new class based	allows you to use the same interface to
on an existing class.	represent different types of objects.
The new class inherits all the	This means that you can write code
properties and methods of the existing	that works with a variety of different
class	objects, without having to know the
	specific details of each object
Inheritance promotes code reuse and	Polymorphism is typically achieved
helps you organize your code into a	through inheritance, by defining a
hierarchy of related classes.	common interface in a superclass and
	then implementing that interface in a
	variety of subclasses

4. How do you implement multiple inheritance in Dart?

• Dart does not support multiple inheritance. However, Dart provides an alternative to multiple inheritance called mixins. A mixin is a way to reuse a class's code in multiple class hierarchies. we can define a mixin as a class that provides a set of methods and properties that can be added to other classes without the need to extend them

Example

```
import 'dart:io';

class A {
  void inputA() {
    print("Class A invoked");
  }
}

class B {
  void inputB() {
    print("Class B invoked");
  }
}

class C extends A with B {
```

```
void Display() {
   print("Multiple Inheritence Used");
}

void main() {
   var obj = C();
   obj.inputA();
   obj.inputB();
   obj.Display();
}
```

5. How do you restrict a member of a class from inheriting by its subclasses? A In Dart, you can prevent a subclass from inheriting a member by marking that member as 'final' or 'private'. If you mark a member as 'final', it cannot be overridden by any subclass.

```
class BaseClass {
    final int value = 10;
}
class SubClass extends BaseClass
```

// 'value' can't be overridden because it's final. // int value = 20; }

{ // This will cause a compile-time error:

" Int value 20,)

Here's an example:

In this example, 'BaseClass' has a 'final' member called 'value'. When you try to override 'value' in 'SubClass', you get a compile-time error because 'value' is marked as 'final'.

If you mark a member as 'private', it cannot be accessed by any subclass. Here's an example:

```
class BaseClass {
int _value = 10;
}
class SubClass extends BaseClass
{ // This will cause a compile-time error:
```

```
// '_value' is not defined for the subclass.
// int value = 20;
}
```

In this example, 'BaseClass' has a private member called '_value'. When you try to access '_value' in 'SubClass', you get a compile-time error because '_value' is marked as private. By using 'final' or 'private', you can prevent subclasses from inheriting certain members of a class