

## Tutorial Fiskom 1

### Diferensial Numerik

#### Soal

1. Tentukan turunan dari

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 4x \sin(x^2)}{8xe^x - 5\ln(x)}$$

Di  $x = 1$  dan  $h = 0.01$

2. Buat program 5-titik simetris sebagai tambahan dari program 3-titik simetris!
3. Hitung turunan dari

$$y = \sin(x)$$

Di  $x = 1$  dengan kedua metode (5 titik dan 3 titik simetris) diatas! Bandingkan!

4. Buat program untuk menghitung turunan ke 2 dengan metode di atas!

#### Penyelesaian

1. Metode 2 titik

- maju

Persamaan umum

$$f'(x) = \frac{f(x_{i+1}) - f(x_i)}{h}$$

Dengan  $x_{i+1} = x_i + h$

$$f'(1) = \frac{f(1 + 0.01) - f(1)}{0.01}$$

$$= \frac{f(1.01) - f(1)}{0.01}$$

- $$f(1.01) = \frac{1.01^2 - 4(1.01) \sin(1.01^2)}{8(1.01)e^{1.01} - 5\ln(1.01)}$$

$$= -0.10898843606322459$$

- $$f(1) = \frac{1^2 - 4(1) \sin(1^2)}{8(1)e^1 - 5\ln(1)}$$

$$= -0.10879500768012582$$

$$f'(1) = \frac{-0.10898843606322459 + 0.10879500768012582}{0.01}$$

$$= -0.019342838309877042$$

- Mundur

Persamaan umum

$$f'(x) = \frac{f(x_i) - f(x_{i-1})}{h}$$

Dengan  $x_{i-1} = x_i - h$

$$f'(1) = \frac{f(1) - f(1 - 0.01)}{0.01}$$

$$= \frac{f(1) - f(0.99)}{0.01}$$

- $$f(0.99) = \frac{0.99^2 - 4(0.99) \sin(0.99^2)}{8(0.99)e^{0.99} - 5\ln(0.99)}$$

$$= -0.10852842230384027$$

- $$f(1) = \frac{1^2 - 4(1) \sin(1^2)}{8(1)e^1 - 5\ln(1)}$$

$$= -0.10879500768012582$$

$$f'(1) = \frac{-0.10898843606322459 + 0.10852842230384027}{0.01}$$

$$= -0.026658537628554413$$

Metode 3 titik

- Tengah

Persamaan umum

$$f'(x) = \frac{f(x_{i+1}) - f(x_{i-1}))}{2h}$$

Dengan  $x_{i+1} = x_i + h$  dan  $x_{i-1} = x_i - h$

$$f'(1) = \frac{f(1 + 0.01) - f(1 - 0.01)}{2(0.01)}$$

$$= \frac{f(1.01) - f(0.99)}{2(0.01)}$$

- $$f(1.01) = \frac{1.01^2 - 4(1.01) \sin(1.01^2)}{8(1.01)e^{1.01} - 5\ln(1.01)}$$

$$= -0.10898843606322459$$

- $$f(0.99) = \frac{0.99^2 - 4(0.99) \sin(0.99^2)}{8(0.99)e^{0.99} - 5\ln(0.99)}$$

$$= -0.10852842230384027$$

$$f'(1) = \frac{-0.10898843606322459 + 0.10852842230384027}{2(0.01)}$$

$$= -0.023000687969215727$$

2. Metode 5 titik simetris

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{12h} (f(x_{i-2}) - 8f(x_{i-1}) + 8f(x_{i+1}) - f(x_{i+2}))$$

*“the program is in another application”*

3. Penyelesaian secara analitik

$$y' = \cos(1)$$

$$= 0.5403023058681398$$

Penyelesaian secara numerik

- 3 titik simetris

$$y'(1) = \frac{y(1 + 0.01) - y(1 - 0.01)}{2(0.01)}$$

$$= \frac{y(1.01) - y(0.99)}{2(0.01)}$$

- $$y(1.01) = \sin(1.01)$$

$$= 0.8468318446180152$$

- $y(0.99) = \sin(0.99)$

$$= 0.8360259786005205$$

$$y'(1) = \frac{0.8468318446180152 - 0.10852842230384027}{2(0.01)}$$

$$= 0.5402933008747335$$

- 5 titik simetris

$$y'(1) = \frac{1}{12(0.01)} (y(1 - 2(0.01)) - 8y(1 - 0.01) + 8y(1 + 0.01) - y(1 + 2(0.01)))$$

$$= \frac{1}{12(0.01)} (y(0.98) - 8y(0.99) + 8y(1.01) - y(1.02))$$

- $y(0.98) = \sin(0.98)$

$$= 0.8304973704919705$$

- $y(0.99) = \sin(0.99)$

$$= 0.8360259786005205$$

- $y(1.01) = \sin(1.01)$

$$= 0.8468318446180152$$

- $y(1.02) = \sin(1.02)$

$$= 0.852108021949363$$

$$y'(1) = \frac{1}{12(0.01)} (0.8304973704919705 - 8(0.8360259786005205) + 8(0.8468318446180152) - 0.852108021949363)$$

$$y'(1) = \frac{1}{0.12} (0.8304973704919705 - 6.688207828804164 + 6.774654756944122 - 0.852108021949363)$$

$$y'(1) = 0.5403023056880424$$

Perbandingan dengan error relatif

$$error = \left| \frac{\text{nilai eksak} - \text{nilai pendekatan}}{\text{nilai eksak}} \right| \times 100\%$$

Perbandingan untuk metode 3 titik

$$\begin{aligned} error &= \left| \frac{0.5403023058681398 - 0.5402933008747335}{0.5403023058681398} \right| \times 100\% \\ &= 0.0016666583333957608 \% \end{aligned}$$

Perbandingan untuk metode 5 titik

$$\begin{aligned} error &= \left| \frac{0.5403023058681398 - 0.5403023056880424}{0.5403023058681398} \right| \times 100\% \\ &= 3.3332706430551304 \times 10^{-08} \% \end{aligned}$$

#### 4. Turunan kedua

$$y''(x) = \frac{y(x_{i-1}) - 2y(x_i) + y(x_{i+1}))}{h^2}$$

***“the program is in another application”***

Penyelesain secara analitik

$$\begin{aligned} y''(1) &= \frac{y(1 + 0.01) - 2y(1) + y(1 - 0.01))}{h^2} \\ &= \frac{y(1.01) - 2y(1) + y(0.99))}{h^2} \end{aligned}$$

- $y(1.01) = 0.8468318446180152$
- $y(1) = 0.8414709848078965$
- $y(0.99) = 0.8360259786005205$

$$\begin{aligned} y''(1) &= \frac{0.8468318446180152 - 2(0.8414709848078965) + 0.8360259786005205}{0.01^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$y''(1) = -0.8414639725728978$$