Mathematical Methods for Artificial Intelligence Lab $3\,$

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| 1 | Reading Data | |
| se | t.seed(123) | |

data_original <- read.csv("Arrhythmia_Dataset.csv")</pre>

2 Required packages

```
library(SmartEDA)
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(caret)
library(rattle)
library(partykit)
library(groupdata2)
library(cvms)
# Function for 3 class accuracy from confusion matrix
classAcc <- function(confusionMatrix) {</pre>
  class0 <- round(confusionMatrix$table[1, 1] / sum(confusionMatrix$table[, 1]) * 100, 1)</pre>
  class1 <- round(confusionMatrix$table[2, 2] / sum(confusionMatrix$table[, 2]) * 100, 1)</pre>
  class2 <- round(confusionMatrix$table[3, 3] / sum(confusionMatrix$table[, 3]) * 100, 1)</pre>
  acc <- c(class0, class1, class2 )</pre>
  names(acc) <- colnames(confusionMatrix$table)</pre>
  return(acc)
}
```

3 Parallel processing

```
library(parallel)
no_cores <- detectCores() - 1
library(doParallel)
cl <- makePSOCKcluster(no_cores)
registerDoParallel(cl)</pre>
```

4 EDA, first look at the dataset

```
ExpData(data_original, type=1)
```

```
##
                                               Descriptions
                                                                 Value
## 1
                                         Sample size (nrow)
                                                                175729
## 2
                                    No. of variables (ncol)
                                                                     34
## 3
                         No. of numeric/interger variables
                                                                     32
## 4
                                   No. of factor variables
                                                                     0
## 5
                                      No. of text variables
                                                                     2
## 6
                                  No. of logical variables
                                                                     0
                                                                     0
## 7
                               No. of identifier variables
## 8
                                      No. of date variables
                                                                     0
## 9
                 No. of zero variance variables (uniform)
## 10
                     %. of variables having complete cases 100% (34)
## 11
        \%. of variables having >0% and <50% missing cases
                                                                0% (0)
## 12 %. of variables having \geq 50\% and \leq 90\% missing cases
                                                                0% (0)
               %. of variables having >=90% missing cases
                                                                0% (0)
## 13
```

We have a dataset of 175729 observations with 34 variables, of which are 2 text variables and 32 - numerical. All variables have no missing values.

Let's look at the text variables:

```
data_original %>%
  group_by(record) %>%
  summarise(n = n()) %>%
  summary()
```

```
##
       record
                               n
##
    Length:75
                        Min.
                                :1452
    Class : character
##
                        1st Qu.:1957
                        Median:2323
##
   Mode :character
##
                        Mean
                                :2343
##
                        3rd Qu.:2659
##
                        Max.
                                :3909
```

Our first text variable record has 75 unique values (unique patients). Each patient has on average 2343 observations.

```
data_original %>%
  group_by(type) %>%
  summarise(n = n()) %>%
  mutate(n_prop = round(n / sum(n) * 100, 2))
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
##
     type
                n n_prop
##
     <chr>
           <int> <dbl>
## 1 F
              219
                    0.12
## 2 N
           153546 87.4
## 3 Q
                6
                    0
## 4 SVEB
             1958
                    1.11
## 5 VEB
            20000 11.4
```

The next text variable type is our target variable. It has 5 classes, but there's a huge class imbalance. 2 out of 5 classes takes up to 98.76% of all observations, 1 class has just 6 observations. We are planning to combine F, Q, SVEB classes into one class, as those 3 classes combined only takes up to 1.23% of observations.

N (Normal) - Normal beat.

SVEB (Supraventricular ectopic beat) - Supraventricular Ectopic Beats indicates atrial irritability. Isolated Supraventricular Ectopic Beats are generally not significant in nature but a high frequency can represent more risk. An increasing trend in Supraventricular Ectopic Beats may be an indicator or sign for atrial fibrillation. Atrial Fibrillation is considered to be significant as it can lead to heart attack or stroke.

VEB (Ventricular ectopic beat) - Ventricular ectopics are a type of arrhythmia or abnormal heart rhythm. It is caused by the electric signals in the heart starting in a different place and travelling a different way through the heart. If it happens occasionally, it should not cause any problems but if it happens a lot, you will need to have treatment.

F (Fusion beat) - A fusion beat occurs when a supraventricular and a ventricular impulse coincide to produce a hybrid complex. It indicates that there are two foci of pacemaker cells firing simultaneously: a supraventricular pacemaker (e.g. the sinus node) and a competing ventricular pacemaker (source of ventricular ectopics).

Q (Unknown beat) - Unknown beat.

```
data <- data_original %>%
  mutate(type = case_when(
  type %in% c("F", "Q", "SVEB") ~ "F_Q_SVEB",
  TRUE ~ type
  ))

data %>%
  group_by(type) %>%
  summarise(n = n()) %>%
  mutate(n_prop = round(n / sum(n) * 100, 2))
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 3
##
     type
                    n n_prop
##
     <chr>>
                <int>
                       <dbl>
## 1 F_Q_SVEB
                 2183
                        1.24
## 2 N
               153546
                       87.4
## 3 VEB
                20000
                      11.4
```

We combined the 3 classes into 1 class, which has only 2183 observations (1.24%) which is still low, but still better for our basic models to classify.

We are not interested in the patient record variable, so we'll remove it:

```
data <- data %>%
    select(-record)
```

Let's look at descriptive statistics of each variable:

```
ExpNumStat(data,by ="A",round= 2, gp = "type") %>%
select(Vname, min, max, mean, median, SD)
```

```
##
                Vname
                        min
                               max
                                     mean median
                                                     SD
           XO_post.RR 71.00 506.00 197.20 188.00 61.72
## 2
             XO pPeak -4.21 10.57
## 3
                                     0.04
                                             0.00 0.19
## 9
       X0_pq_interval 1.00 113.00
                                             6.00 7.89
                                     8.71
            XO_pre.RR 49.00 506.00 197.18 188.00 61.70
## 1
## 7
             X0_qPeak -7.11
                              3.13
                                    -0.17
                                           -0.11 0.37
## 8
      X0_qrs_interval 0.00 131.00
                                    17.62
                                           17.00 10.62
        X0_qrs_morph0 -7.11
## 12
                              3.13
                                    -0.17
                                           -0.11 0.37
## 13
        X0_qrs_morph1 -7.11
                              3.47
                                    -0.08
                                           -0.03 0.40
## 14
        XO_qrs_morph2 -7.51
                              4.09
                                     0.28
                                            0.24 0.64
                              4.50
## 15
        X0_qrs_morph3 -7.80
                                     0.61
                                            0.64 0.85
## 16
        X0_qrs_morph4 -7.94
                              4.30
                                     0.17
                                            0.14 0.68
## 10
       X0_qt_interval 3.00 247.00
                                    37.46
                                           30.00 23.64
## 5
                              4.60
                                            0.91 0.87
             X0_rPeak -7.11
                                     0.86
## 6
             X0_sPeak -7.97
                              3.89
                                    -0.59
                                           -0.63 0.80
## 11
       XO_st_interval
                      1.00
                             89.00
                                    11.13
                                             6.00 14.30
## 4
             X0_tPeak -7.96
                              4.63
                                     0.12
                                           -0.04 0.64
## 18
           X1 post.RR 71.00 506.00 197.20 188.00 61.72
## 19
             X1_pPeak -1.10
                              7.63
                                     0.06
                                             0.04 0.11
       X1_pq_interval 1.00 121.00
## 25
                                     7.11
                                             5.00 7.65
## 17
            X1_pre.RR 49.00 506.00 197.18 188.00 61.70
```

```
## 23
            X1_qPeak -6.46
                            1.38 -0.22 -0.12 0.28
## 24 X1_qrs_interval 0.00 128.00
                                  10.59
                                          5.00 9.92
       X1_qrs_morph0 -6.46
                             1.38
                                  -0.22
                                        -0.12 0.28
       X1_qrs_morph1 -4.91
                             2.78
## 29
                                  -0.25
                                         -0.19 0.31
## 30
       X1_qrs_morph2 -3.99
                            4.04
                                  -0.32
                                         -0.34 0.41
## 31
       X1_qrs_morph3 -2.96
                             2.77
                                  -0.39
                                        -0.48 0.49
## 32
       X1_qrs_morph4 -3.13
                             2.76
                                  -0.54 -0.59 0.49
## 26 X1_qt_interval 4.00 290.00
                                         24.00 14.83
                                  28.05
## 21
            X1_rPeak -2.39
                             4.06
                                  -0.11
                                         -0.09 0.40
## 22
            X1_sPeak -3.27
                                        -0.75 0.42
                             2.82
                                  -0.75
## 27 X1_st_interval 1.00 86.00 10.35
                                          9.00 4.83
                                          0.32 0.28
## 20
            X1_tPeak -2.02
                             3.65
                                   0.37
```

```
variables_of_further_interest <- c("X0_post.RR", "X0_pq_interval", "X0_pre.RR", "X0_qrs_interval", "X0_
```

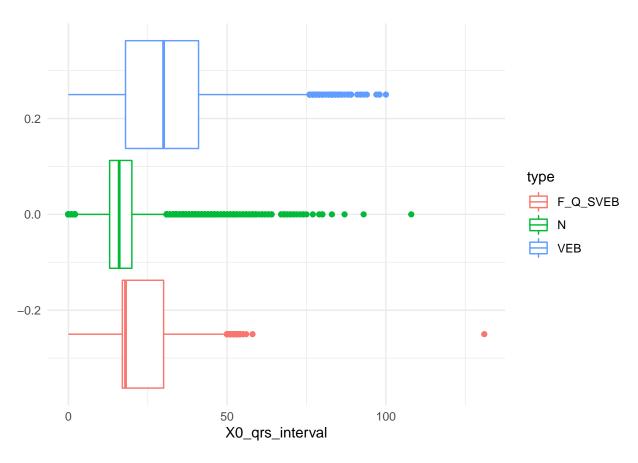
We noticed some variables which should require further analysis, those variables are:

```
variables_of_further_interest
```

```
## [1] "X0_post.RR" "X0_pq_interval" "X0_pre.RR" "X0_qrs_interval"
## [5] "X0_qt_interval" "X1_post.RR" "X1_pre.RR" "X1_qrs_interval"
## [9] "X1_qt_interval"
```

We will look through these variables more closely and report any irregularities.

```
ggplot(data, aes(x = X0_qrs_interval, color = type)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  theme_minimal()
```



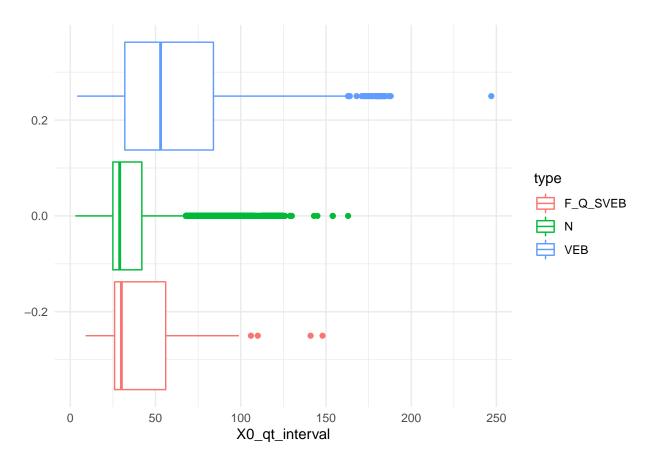
```
data_original %>%
  filter(X0_qrs_interval > 125)
```

```
##
    record type XO_pre.RR XO_post.RR XO_pPeak XO_tPeak XO_rPeak XO_sPeak
                                 115 -0.1446686 1.394598 1.178978 1.178978
## 1
                   335
       I43
             F
      XO_qPeak XO_qrs_interval XO_pq_interval XO_qt_interval XO_st_interval
##
## 1 -0.1450307
                           131
    XO_qrs_morph0 XO_qrs_morph1 XO_qrs_morph2 XO_qrs_morph3 XO_qrs_morph4
       -0.1450307 -0.09808338
                                 -0.04288349 -0.004493709
## 1
                                                               0.01901518
    X1_pre.RR X1_post.RR X1_pPeak X1_tPeak X1_rPeak X1_sPeak X1_qPeak
##
                     115 0.1182595 1.325323 -2.114941 -2.323128 -2.114941
## 1
    X1_qrs_interval X1_pq_interval X1_qt_interval X1_st_interval X1_qrs_morph0
##
                                                                     -2.114941
## 1
                                 8
                                               26
                                                              16
##
    X1_qrs_morph1 X1_qrs_morph2 X1_qrs_morph3 X1_qrs_morph4
        -2.114941
                      -2.114941
                                    -2.306017
## 1
                                                  -2.306017
```

There's quite an unusual observation in $X0_qrs_i$ interval variable, where our new class F_QSVEB has a value of > 125. We also see from the original dataset that this observation was classified as F. We are going to classify this observation as an outlier and remove it.

```
data <- data %>%
  filter(X0_qrs_interval < 125)</pre>
```

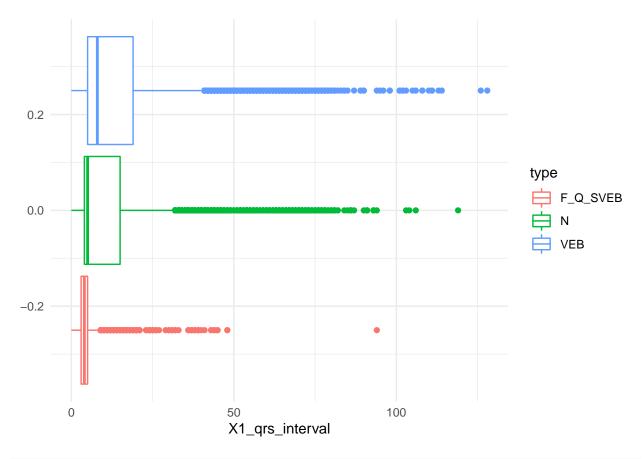
```
ggplot(data, aes(x = X0_qt_interval, color = type)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  theme_minimal()
```



We noticed another outlier, for the $X0_qt_interval$ variable, when the type is VEB, the value is close to 250 which is quite unusual in this dataset. We'll remove this observation.

```
data <- data %>%
  filter(X0_qt_interval < 225)

ggplot(data, aes(x = X1_qrs_interval, color = type)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  theme_minimal()</pre>
```



```
data_original %>%
  filter(X1_qrs_interval > 75, type %in% c("F", "Q", "SVEB"))
```

```
X0_rPeak
    record type XO_pre.RR XO_post.RR XO_pPeak XO_tPeak
##
                                                                      X0_sPeak
## 1
       I05
              F
                      177
                                 367 0.02885405 0.4625619 -0.1868355 -0.2210357
      X0_qPeak X0_qrs_interval X0_pq_interval X0_qt_interval X0_st_interval
##
## 1 -0.1868355
                             2
                                           12
                                                          27
                                                                         13
##
    X0_qrs_morph0 X0_qrs_morph1 X0_qrs_morph2 X0_qrs_morph3 X0_qrs_morph4
       -0.1868355
                     -0.1868355
                                   -0.1868355
                                                 -0.2103347
                                                               -0.2103347
## 1
    X1_pre.RR X1_post.RR
                          X1_pPeak X1_tPeak X1_rPeak X1_sPeak X1_qPeak
                     367 0.08331537 0.3157339 0.1065414 -0.1558735 -0.1257657
## 1
         177
##
    X1_qrs_interval X1_pq_interval X1_qt_interval X1_st_interval X1_qrs_morph0
## 1
                 94
                                22
                                              123
                                                                    -0.1257657
    X1_qrs_morph1 X1_qrs_morph2 X1_qrs_morph3 X1_qrs_morph4
##
    -0.09340949 -0.04265345 -0.01324232 0.006886856
```

Seems like another outlier was detected in X1_qrs_interval variable, where the type is F_Q_SVEB and the value is close to 100. From the original dataset, this observation had F type. We'll remove it.

```
data %>%
  mutate(row = row_number()) %>%
  filter(X1_qrs_interval > 75, type == "F_Q_SVEB") %>%
  select(row)
```

```
## row
## 1 10934
```

```
data <- data %>%
  filter(row_number() != 10934)
```

We should look at the correlation between variables

```
# Correlation
corr_simple <- function(df,sig=0.5){</pre>
  corr <- cor(df)</pre>
  #prepare to drop duplicates and correlations of 1
  corr[lower.tri(corr,diag=TRUE)] <- NA</pre>
  #drop perfect correlations
  corr[corr == 1] <- NA
  #turn into a 3-column table
  corr <- as.data.frame(as.table(corr))</pre>
  #remove the NA values from above
  corr <- na.omit(corr)</pre>
  #select significant values
  corr <- subset(corr, abs(Freq) > sig)
  #sort by highest correlation
  corr <- corr[order(-abs(corr$Freq)),]</pre>
  return(corr)
}
correlation_matrix = cor(data %>% select(-type))
length(findCorrelation(correlation_matrix, cutoff = 0.99))
## [1] 4
length(findCorrelation(correlation_matrix, cutoff = 0.95))
## [1] 6
length(findCorrelation(correlation_matrix, cutoff = 0.9))
```

[1] 8

We have 4 variables with higher than .99 correlation. We have 6 variables with higher than .95 correlation. We have 8 variables with higher than .9 correlation.

5 Pre-process

5.1 Removal of correlated variables

We've found some highly correlated variables. We don't have a lot of variables (32) and because of that, we'll only remove the variables with >.99 correlation.

```
data <- data %>%
  select(-findCorrelation(correlation_matrix, cutoff = 0.99))
```

6 Fitting models

6.1 LDA

```
##
## parameter
                             "none"
                             "0.1569349"
## logLoss
## AUC
                             "0.9660774"
## prAUC
                             "0.8503791"
## Accuracy
                             "0.9682119"
## Kappa
                             "0.8479544"
                             "0.8095788"
## Mean_F1
## Mean_Sensitivity
                             "0.7998741"
                             "0.9366059"
## Mean_Specificity
## Mean_Pos_Pred_Value
                             "0.8271019"
## Mean_Neg_Pred_Value
                             "0.9781875"
## Mean_Precision
                             "0.8271019"
                             "0.7998741"
## Mean_Recall
                             "0.3227373"
## Mean_Detection_Rate
## Mean_Balanced_Accuracy
                             "0.86824"
## logLossSD
                             "0.003783519"
## AUCSD
                             "0.002409343"
## prAUCSD
                             "0.006933635"
## AccuracySD
                             "0.0004901414"
## KappaSD
                             "0.002839515"
                             "0.003479908"
## Mean_F1SD
## Mean_SensitivitySD
                             "0.002722242"
## Mean_SpecificitySD
                             "0.002274744"
## Mean_Pos_Pred_ValueSD
                             "0.005635765"
## Mean_Neg_Pred_ValueSD
                             "0.0006510096"
## Mean_PrecisionSD
                             "0.005635765"
## Mean_RecallSD
                             "0.002722242"
```

```
## Mean_Detection_RateSD "0.0001633805"
## Mean_Balanced_AccuracySD "0.00183603"
```

AUC is 0.96, which is pretty good, the Mean F1 is 0.8 which also indicated quite a good model. The variance for AUC is 0.002, for Mean F1 - 0.003, this indicated a stable model.

```
confusion_matrix <- confusionMatrix(lda.fit)
confusion_matrix</pre>
```

```
## Cross-Validated (5 fold) Confusion Matrix
##
##
  (entries are percentual average cell counts across resamples)
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction F_Q_SVEB
                          N
                             VEB
    F_Q_SVEB
                   0.8 0.2 0.5
##
##
                   0.4 87.0 1.8
##
    VEB
                   0.0 0.2 9.1
##
   Accuracy (average): 0.9682
```

classAcc(confusion_matrix)

```
## F_Q_SVEB N VEB
## 60.8 99.6 79.6
```

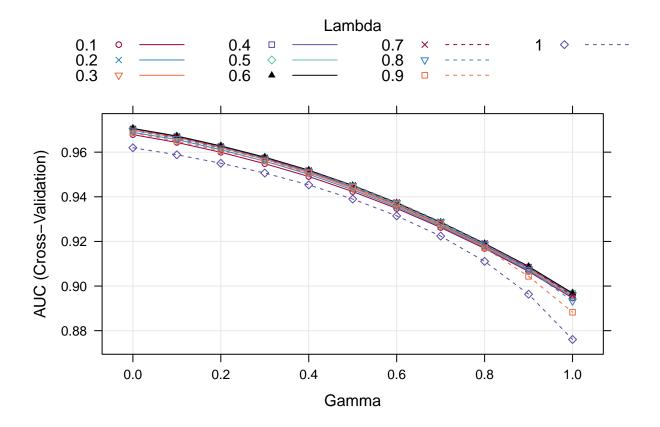
The overall accuracy is pretty good (96.8%), the accuracies for each class are: $F_Q_SVEB = 60.9\%$, N = 99.6%, VEB = 79.6%.

6.2 QDA

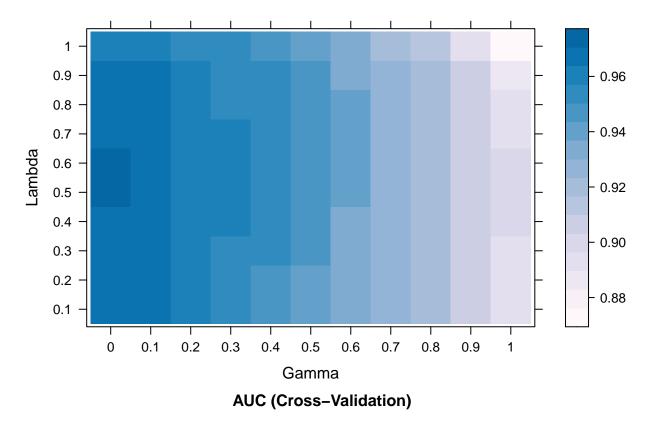
Can't fit a QDA model because of our small class F_Q_SVEB.

6.3 RDA

```
library(tictoc)
tic()
fitControl <- trainControl(## 5-fold CV</pre>
                           method = "cv",
                           number = 5,
                           ## Estimate class probabilities
                           classProbs = TRUE,
                           ## Evaluate performance using
                           ## the following function
                           summaryFunction = multiClassSummary,
                           savePredictions="all",
                           verboseIter = TRUE)
rdaGrid = expand.grid(lambda = seq(0.1,1,0.1),
                        gamma = seq(0,1,0.1)
rda.fit <- train(type ~ ., data = data,</pre>
                 method = "rda",
                 trControl = fitControl,
                 preProcess=c("center", "scale", "pca"),
                 ## Now specify the exact models
                 ## to evaluate:
                 tuneGrid = rdaGrid)
## Aggregating results
## Selecting tuning parameters
## Fitting gamma = 0, lambda = 0.9 on full training set
toc()
## 1989.33 sec elapsed
trellis.par.set(caretTheme())
plot(rda.fit, metric = "AUC")
```



plot(rda.fit, metric = "AUC", plotType = "level")



From those 2 graphs, we can see that the best cross-validation AUC is achieved using gamma - 0 and Lambda 0.5 or 0.6.

```
resamp = rda.fit$pred %>%
    filter(gamma == 0 & lambda == 0.6)
confusion_matrix <- confusionMatrix(resamp$pred, resamp$obs)
confusion_matrix</pre>
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction F_Q_SVEB
                             N
                                  VEB
##
     F_Q_SVEB
                           334
                                  943
##
     N
                   725 150212
                                 2902
     VEB
                          3000 16154
##
                    147
##
   Overall Statistics
##
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.9542
##
                    95% CI: (0.9532, 0.9552)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.8738
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##
##
                      Kappa : 0.794
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value : < 2.2e-16
##
```

```
##
## Statistics by Class:
##
##
                       Class: F_Q_SVEB Class: N Class: VEB
## Sensitivity
                              0.600183
                                        0.9783
                                                  0.80774
## Specificity
                             0.992642
                                        0.8365
                                                  0.97979
## Pos Pred Value
                             0.506187 0.9764
                                                  0.83695
## Neg Pred Value
                             0.994964 0.8477
                                                  0.97542
                                                  0.11381
## Prevalence
                             0.012411
                                        0.8738
## Detection Rate
                             0.007449 0.8548
                                                  0.09193
## Detection Prevalence
                             0.014716 0.8754
                                                  0.10984
## Balanced Accuracy
                             0.796413 0.9074
                                                  0.89377
```

classAcc(confusion_matrix)

```
## F_Q_SVEB N VEB
## 60.0 97.8 80.8
```

Overall accuracy using gamma - 0 and lambda - 0.6 is 95.4%, while accuracies for each class are: $F_Q_SVEB = 60.1\%$, N = 97.8% and VEB = 80.8%.

6.4 CART

##

##

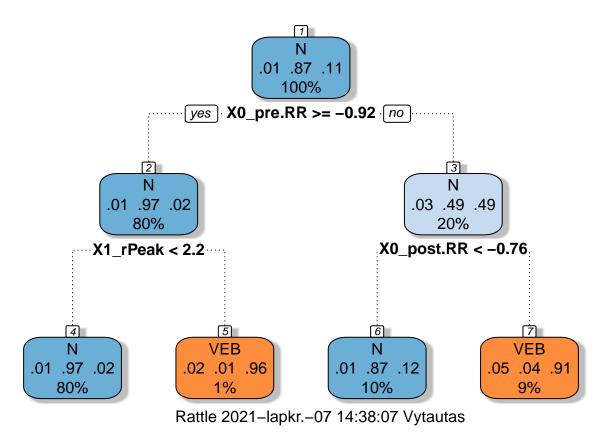
```
fitControl <- trainControl(## 5-fold CV</pre>
                            method = "cv",
                            number = 5,
                            ## Estimate class probabilities
                            classProbs = TRUE,
                            ## Evaluate performance using
                            ## the following function
                            summaryFunction = multiClassSummary,
                            savePredictions="all",
                            verboseIter = TRUE)
cart.fit <- train(type ~ ., data = data,</pre>
                 method = "rpart",
                 trControl = fitControl,
                 preProcess=c("center", "scale"))
## Aggregating results
## Selecting tuning parameters
## Fitting cp = 0.0357 on full training set
cart.fit
## CART
##
## 175726 samples
##
       28 predictor
```

3 classes: 'F_Q_SVEB', 'N', 'VEB'

```
## Pre-processing: centered (28), scaled (28)
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (5 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 140581, 140581, 140581, 140581, 140580
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
##
                logLoss
                           AUC
                                     prAUC
                                                 Accuracy
                                                           Kappa
                                                                      Mean F1
##
    0.04332732 0.1957116 0.8106880 0.21700151 0.9552940 0.7732096
##
                                                                     NaN
##
    0.31169973 0.3345831 0.6220519 0.03361721 0.9051024 0.3017712 NaN
    Mean_Sensitivity Mean_Specificity Mean_Pos_Pred_Value Mean_Neg_Pred_Value
##
##
    0.5953798
                      0.9126904
                                       NaN
                                                           0.9723515
    0.5820672
                      0.9004816
                                                           0.9714621
##
                                       NaN
                                                           0.9696970
##
    0.4291232
                      0.7569596
                                       NaN
##
    Mean_Precision Mean_Recall Mean_Detection_Rate Mean_Balanced_Accuracy
##
                    0.5953798
                                0.3198161
                                                     0.7540351
    NaN
##
    NaN
                    0.5820672
                                0.3184313
                                                     0.7412744
##
    NaN
                    0.4291232
                                0.3017008
                                                     0.5930414
##
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final value used for the model was cp = 0.03566276.
confusion_matrix <- confusionMatrix(cart.fit)</pre>
confusion_matrix
## Cross-Validated (5 fold) Confusion Matrix
## (entries are percentual average cell counts across resamples)
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction F_Q_SVEB
                         N
                           VEB
##
    F_Q_SVEB
                  0.0 0.0
                           0.0
##
    N
                  0.8 86.9 2.4
##
    VEB
                  0.4 0.4 9.0
##
   Accuracy (average): 0.9594
classAcc(confusion_matrix)
                         VEB
## F_Q_SVEB
                  N
       0.0
                        79.1
               99.5
```

Our overall accuracy is 95.9%, but if we would look at each class accuracies: $F_Q_SVEB = 0\%$, N = 99.5% and VEB = 79.3% we could see that our newly created class has 0% accuracy.

```
fancyRpartPlot(cart.fit$finalModel)
```



We can see from the final model, that our simple decision tree is too simple for our data.

6.5 Conditional Inference Tree

```
# Create 5 fold columns with 3 folds each
data_cv <- fold(</pre>
  data,
  k = 5,
  cat_col = "type",
  parallel = TRUE # set to TRUE to run in parallel
) %>%
   mutate(type = as.factor(type))
data_cv %>%
   count(.folds, type)
## # A tibble: 15 x 3
## # Groups:
                .folds [5]
      .folds type
##
##
      <fct> <fct>
                       <int>
             F_Q_SVEB
##
    1 1
                         436
##
    2 1
             N
                       30709
##
    3 1
             VEB
                        3999
    4 2
             F_Q_SVEB
##
                         436
```

```
## 5 2
                      30709
## 6 2
            VEB
                       4000
## 7 3
            F Q SVEB
                       436
## 8 3
            N
                      30709
## 9 3
            VEB
                       4000
## 10 4
            F Q SVEB
                        436
## 11 4
                      30709
            N
## 12 4
            VEB
                       4000
## 13 5
            F_Q_SVEB
                       437
## 14 5
             N
                      30710
## 15 5
             VEB
                       4000
```

We created fold for 5-fold cross validation with somewhat equal distributions of target variable in each fold.

```
ctree_model_fn <- function(train_data, formula, hyperparameters){</pre>
   partykit::ctree(formula = as.formula(formula),
         data = train_data)
}
ctree_predict_fn <- function(test_data, model, formula, hyperparameters, train_data){</pre>
   stats::predict(object = model,
           newdata = test_data,
           allow.new.levels = TRUE,
           type = "prob")
}
formula <- paste("type ~ ", paste(colnames(data %>% select(-type)), collapse= "+"))
ctree.fit <- cross_validate_fn(</pre>
   data = data cv,
   formulas = formula,
   type = "multinomial",
   model_fn = ctree_model_fn,
   predict_fn = ctree_predict_fn,
   fold_cols = ".folds",
   parallel = TRUE
)
```

```
confusion_matrix_all <- ctree.fit$`Confusion Matrix`[[1]]

confusion_matrix <- confusion_matrix_all %>%
    select(-`Fold Column`) %>%
    mutate(N_perc = round(N / sum (N) * 100, 2)) %>%
    select(-N) %>%
    tidyr::pivot_wider(names_from = Target, values_from = N_perc) %>%
    remove_rownames %>%
    tibble::column_to_rownames(var = "Prediction")

class0 <- round(confusion_matrix[1, 1] / sum(confusion_matrix[, 1]) * 100, 1)
    class1 <- round(confusion_matrix[2, 2] / sum(confusion_matrix[, 2]) * 100, 1)
    class2 <- round(confusion_matrix[3, 3] / sum(confusion_matrix[, 3]) * 100, 1)
    class_acc <- c(class0, class1, class2)
    names(class_acc) <- colnames(confusion_matrix)</pre>
```

```
overall_acc <- sum(diag(as.matrix(confusion_matrix)))
overall_acc

## [1] 99.16

class_acc

## F_Q_SVEB N VEB
## 79.7 99.7 97.5</pre>
```

Our conditional inference tree gave us overall accuracy of 99.15%, while the accuracies of each class are: F_Q_SVEB - 78.4%, N - 99.7%, VEB - 97.4%.

7 Comparison of models

```
resamps = resamples(list(LDA = lda.fit, RDA = rda.fit, CART = cart.fit))
accuracies <- data.frame() %>%
   bind rows(
      classAcc(confusionMatrix(lda.fit)),
      classAcc(confusionMatrix(resamp$pred, resamp$obs)),
      classAcc(confusionMatrix(cart.fit)),
      class acc
             ) %>%
   bind_cols(
      model = c("LDA", "RDA", "CART", "Conditional Inference Tree"),
      overall_accuracy = round(c(
         sum(diag(as.matrix(confusionMatrix(lda.fit)$table))),
         sum(diag(as.matrix(confusionMatrix(resamp$pred, resamp$obs)$table))) / nrow(data) * 100,
         sum(diag(as.matrix(confusionMatrix(cart.fit)$table))),
         overall_acc
      ), 2)
      ) %>%
   tibble::column_to_rownames(var = "model")
summary(resamps)
```

```
## RDA 0.9616162 0.9619292 0.9621568 0.9626066 0.9636648 0.9636659
## CART 0.9572059 0.9573481 0.9580038 0.9594482 0.9618438 0.9628397
                                                                      0
##
## AUC
            Min.
                   1st Qu.
                              Median
                                          Mean
                                                 3rd Qu.
## LDA 0.9635871 0.9636174 0.9668114 0.9660774 0.9673088 0.9690626
## RDA 0.9645315 0.9684363 0.9694333 0.9686474 0.9698999 0.9709360
## CART 0.8077285 0.8182562 0.8186461 0.8196115 0.8199856 0.8334413
                                                                      0
##
## Kappa
            Min. 1st Qu.
                              Median
                                          Mean
                                                 3rd Qu.
## LDA 0.8451663 0.8456669 0.8472608 0.8479544 0.8498086 0.8518692
## RDA 0.8170104 0.8174471 0.8192346 0.8212942 0.8263744 0.8264045
                                                                      0
## CART 0.7847392 0.7852633 0.7904257 0.7983500 0.8124632 0.8188587
##
## logLoss
##
                   1st Qu.
                              Median
                                                 3rd Qu.
            Min.
                                          Mean
## LDA 0.1512249 0.1562215 0.1564785 0.1569349 0.1600049 0.1607446
## RDA 0.1526979 0.1527323 0.1568849 0.1574844 0.1577424 0.1673643
                                                                      0
## CART 0.1716706 0.1779383 0.1860728 0.1825564 0.1871610 0.1899393
                                                                      0
##
## Mean Balanced Accuracy
##
            Min. 1st Qu.
                                                 3rd Qu.
                              Median
                                          Mean
## LDA 0.8656041 0.8670207 0.8692831 0.8682400 0.8695879 0.8697044
## RDA 0.8533618 0.8568336 0.8570949 0.8579671 0.8603835 0.8621618
                                                                      0
## CART 0.7457662 0.7473393 0.7503022 0.7540351 0.7612619 0.7655060
##
## Mean_Detection_Rate
            Min. 1st Qu.
                              Median
                                          Mean
                                                 3rd Qu.
## LDA 0.3225592 0.3226161 0.3227104 0.3227373 0.3228435 0.3229573
## RDA 0.3205387 0.3206431 0.3207189 0.3208689 0.3212216 0.3212220
                                                                      0
## CART 0.3190686 0.3191160 0.3193346 0.3198161 0.3206146 0.3209466
                                                                      0
##
## Mean_F1
                   1st Qu.
                              Median
                                          Mean
                                                 3rd Qu.
            Min.
## LDA 0.8066834 0.8069488 0.8076621 0.8095788 0.8123586 0.8142412
                                                                      0
## RDA 0.7891354 0.7916615 0.7964622 0.7957094 0.7973791 0.8039086
## CART
                        NΔ
                                  NΔ
                                                                      5
              NΑ
                                           NaN
                                                      NΔ
                                                                NΔ
##
## Mean_Neg_Pred_Value
            Min. 1st Qu.
                              Median
                                          Mean
                                                 3rd Qu.
## LDA 0.9778328 0.9778440 0.9778449 0.9781875 0.9780785 0.9793374
## RDA 0.9670877 0.9677082 0.9687852 0.9688488 0.9703084 0.9703545
                                                                      0
## CART 0.9712582 0.9714106 0.9728544 0.9723515 0.9729029 0.9733313
## Mean_Pos_Pred_Value
            Min. 1st Qu.
                              Median
                                          Mean
                                                 3rd Qu.
                                                              Max. NA's
## LDA 0.8211892 0.8218708 0.8268752 0.8271019 0.8326699 0.8329045
## RDA 0.8059583 0.8067503 0.8111167 0.8119861 0.8153332 0.8207721
                                                                      0
## CART
                        NA
                                  NA
                                           NaN
                                                                      5
                                                      NA
##
## Mean_Precision
                   1st Qu.
                              Median
                                                 3rd Qu.
            Min.
                                          Mean
## LDA 0.8211892 0.8218708 0.8268752 0.8271019 0.8326699 0.8329045
```

```
0.8059583 0.8067503 0.8111167 0.8119861 0.8153332 0.8207721
                                                                         0
## CART
                                             NaN
                                                        NA
                                                                         5
               NA
                         NA
                                    NΑ
                                                                   NΑ
##
## Mean_Recall
##
             Min.
                    1st Qu.
                               Median
                                            Mean
                                                   3rd Qu.
                                                                 Max. NA's
## LDA 0.7957643 0.7997502 0.7998441 0.7998741 0.8006556 0.8033562
## RDA 0.7798595 0.7836094 0.7847503 0.7869854 0.7926574 0.7940505
                                                                         0
  CART 0.5872881 0.5886834 0.5913900 0.5953798 0.6029916 0.6065460
                                                                         0
##
##
  Mean_Sensitivity
##
             Min.
                    1st Qu.
                                Median
                                            Mean
                                                   3rd Qu.
                                                                 Max. NA's
## LDA 0.7957643 0.7997502 0.7998441 0.7998741 0.8006556 0.8033562
                                                                         0
       0.7798595 0.7836094 0.7847503 0.7869854 0.7926574 0.7940505
                                                                         0
  CART 0.5872881 0.5886834 0.5913900 0.5953798 0.6029916 0.6065460
                                                                         0
##
## Mean_Specificity
##
             Min.
                    1st Qu.
                                Median
                                                   3rd Qu.
                                                                 Max. NA's
                                            Mean
        0.9342911 0.9352099 0.9354438 0.9366059 0.9387532 0.9393316
                                                                         0
  RDA 0.9268641 0.9281097 0.9289170 0.9289489 0.9302731 0.9305804
                                                                         0
  CART 0.9042443 0.9059951 0.9092144 0.9126904 0.9195322 0.9244660
                                                                         0
##
## prAUC
##
                    1st Qu.
                                                   3rd Qu.
                                                                 Max. NA's
             Min.
                                Median
                                            Mean
## LDA 0.8429418 0.8447308 0.8498277 0.8503791 0.8547689 0.8596263
                                                                         0
## RDA 0.8536096 0.8539713 0.8543330 0.8543330 0.8546947 0.8550564
                                                                         3
## CART 0.3038983 0.3045366 0.3070263 0.3064407 0.3071344 0.3096082
                                                                         0
```

accuracies

Conditional Inference Tree gave us the best result, the overall accuracy reaches 99.1%, while the accuracies for each class are: $F_Q_SVEB = 78.4\%$, N = 99.7% and VEB = 97.4%.

Both LDA and RDA models gave very similar results, resulting in $\sim 60\%$ accuracy for F_Q_SVEB, $\sim 99\%$ for N and $\sim 80\%$ for VEB classes.

Decision tree performed worse, the model could not predict F_Q_SVEB class at all. Seems like the decision tree was too simple to capture our new class.

8 References

 $https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/cvms/vignettes/cross_validating_custom_functions.html \\ https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/cvms/readme/README.html\#main-functions \\ https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4980381/$