

# Bloch Sphere Representation

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## Proof

A quantum state can be represented on the Bloch sphere as

$$|\psi\rangle = \cos \frac{\theta}{2} |0\rangle + e^{i\phi} \sin \frac{\theta}{2} |1\rangle$$

The outer product yields its density matrix

$$\begin{aligned} \rho = |\psi\rangle\langle\psi| &= \left( \cos \frac{\theta}{2} |0\rangle + e^{i\phi} \sin \frac{\theta}{2} |1\rangle \right) \left( \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \langle 0| + e^{-i\phi} \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \langle 1| \right) \\ &= \cos^2 \frac{\theta}{2} |0\rangle\langle 0| + e^{-i\phi} \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \sin \frac{\theta}{2} |0\rangle\langle 1| + e^{i\phi} \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \sin \frac{\theta}{2} |1\rangle\langle 0| + \sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2} |1\rangle\langle 1| \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} \cos^2 \frac{\theta}{2} & e^{-i\phi} \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \\ e^{i\phi} \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \sin \frac{\theta}{2} & \sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2} \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

The density matrix for a two-dimensional system can be expressed in terms of the Pauli matrices

$$\begin{aligned} \rho &= \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{I} + \vec{a} \vec{\sigma}) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left( \mathbf{I} + a_x (|0\rangle\langle 1| + |1\rangle\langle 0|) + a_y (-i|0\rangle\langle 1| + i|1\rangle\langle 0|) + a_z (|0\rangle\langle 0| - |1\rangle\langle 1|) \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left( (1 + a_z) |0\rangle\langle 0| + (a_x - ia_y) |0\rangle\langle 1| + (a_x + ia_y) |1\rangle\langle 0| + (1 - a_z) |1\rangle\langle 1| \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 + a_z & a_x - ia_y \\ a_x + ia_y & 1 - a_z \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

where  $\vec{a} \in \mathbb{R}^3$  is called the Bloch vector. Assume  $\|\vec{a}\| = a$ , in spherical coordinates, these are

$$\vec{a} = (a_x, a_y, a_z) = (a \sin \theta \cos \phi, a \sin \theta \sin \phi, a \cos \theta)$$

so we have

$$\rho = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1 + a \cos \theta}{2} & \frac{a \sin \theta e^{-i\phi}}{2} \\ \frac{a \sin \theta e^{i\phi}}{2} & \frac{1 - a \cos \theta}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

after simplifying, when  $a = 1$ , it's equal to 1

$$\rho = \begin{pmatrix} \cos^2 \frac{\theta}{2} & e^{-i\phi} \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \\ e^{i\phi} \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \sin \frac{\theta}{2} & \sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{a=1} \begin{pmatrix} \cos^2 \frac{\theta}{2} & e^{-i\phi} \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \\ e^{i\phi} \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \sin \frac{\theta}{2} & \sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

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