

SCHOOL OF SCIENCE

GMIT EXAMINATIONS SESSION: WINTER 2013/2014

PROGRAMME: B.SC (HONS) IN SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT							
	YEAR/STAGE: 4 TIME:						
MODULE:	DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS						
INTERNAL EXAMINERS:	Mr. John Healy						
EXTERNAL EXAMINERS	Mr. Tom Davis Dr. Michael Schukat						
TIME ALLOWED:	2 HO	URS					
INSTRUCTIONS TO CAN	RUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:						
ATTEMPT ANY 4 QUESTIONS							
Attachments: details:	Yes		No	X	If yes, please list		
Special Requirements: details:	Yes		No	X	If yes, please list		
Calculators Permitted:	Yes		No		Not applicable	X	

1. (a) Explain, using diagrams and examples where appropriate, the following terms as they apply to distributed systems:

Heterogeneity (3 Marks)
Transparency (3 Marks)
Marshalling (3 Marks)

(b) "Inter-process communication mechanisms based on synchronous method invocations lack the scalability required from enterprise systems."

You are required to provide a critique of this statement. Your answer should address the limitations of distributed systems based on **synchronous** method calls and discuss how **message queues** can be employed to increase scalability. Illustrate your answer with diagrams where appropriate.

(16 Marks)

2. "Next generation (NoSQL) databases provide a level of distribution and scalability not possible with the traditional relational model."

Discuss this statement. Your answer should provide a critique of the **Relational Model** as a distributed system and address how **Wide Column**, **Tuple Store** and **Graph Database** technologies can be exploited to create a scalable distributed system. Use diagrams, where appropriate, to illustrate your answer.

(25 Marks)

3. (a) "Java Remote Method Invocation provides a robust framework for passing object parameters, both by value and by reference, between remote Java Virtual Machines."

Discuss this statement. Your answer should be accompanied by a diagram illustrating the component parts involved in the process.

(12 Marks)

(b) Explain how **garbage collection** over remote Java Virtual Machines (JVMs) manages references to remote method arguments and return types that are passed by reference.

(8 Marks)

(c) Briefly describe how Java RMI can be used to provide an **object façade** to a suite of server-side objects. Your answer should include a brief discussion of the rationale for applying such an approach.

(5 Marks)

4. "The choice between Web Services and REST is a vital architectural decision for integration projects"

Discuss this statement. You answer should address the intent and the key components of both **RESTful** services and the **Service Oriented Architecture** (SOA). Illustrate your answer with diagrams where appropriate.

(25 Marks)

5. The system architecture depicted in **Figure 1** is used by a web-based messaging application. The application, deployed on Apache Tomcat, allows users to send messages to other users using an Applet-plugin rendered in a web browser.

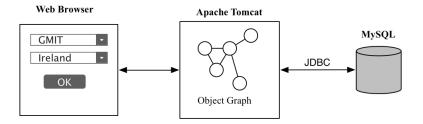


Figure 1

You are required to provide a re-design of the system that provides the following:

- 1. The system should be **highly scalable**. The performance of the current implementation degrades significantly as the number of concurrent users increases.
- 2. The system should **support a diverse range of Tier 1 client types**, including Android, iPhone, Windows Mobile and different desktop operating systems. The system should also be capable of supporting a variety of **different database models** at Tier 3.
- 3. The system should be flexible enough to enable peer-to-peer communication at Tier 2, by **exposing APIs** that are remotely accessible from applications written in different programming languages.
- 4. Where possible, **open or** *de facto* **standards** should be used to increase system flexibility and extensibility.

Your answer should include a fully labelled **diagram** of the new system architecture, along with a description of the role of each constituent technology.

(25 Marks)

6. (a) Using a fully labelled diagram, describe the main components of a **CORBA orb** and their role in the CORBA framework. Include in your answer a description of the services provided by the CORBA object adapter.

(12 Marks)

(b) Figure 2 below describes two Java interfaces that provide a simple abstraction of a message and a messaging system:

```
public interface Message{
    public void setSender(String name, int id);
    public String getSender(int id);
    public void setReceiver(String name, int id);
    public String getReceiver(int id);
    public int getReceiverId(String name);
    public boolean deleteReceiver(int id);
}

import java.util.Vector;
public interface MessagingSystem{
    public void sendMessage(Message message) throws MessageException;
    public Vector getSentMessages(int senderId);
}
```

Figure 2

Show how **Interface Definition Language** (IDL) can be used to represent these interfaces in a CORBA application. You may assume that both interfaces are packaged using the namespace "gmit".

(8 Marks)

(c) Briefly describe the mechanism through which CORBA and Java RMI can be natively integrated together in a distributed system.

(5 Marks)