

Step 1

Go to Releases, and copy the link to current recommended release.

https://docs.paloaltonetworks.com/content/techdocs/en_US/prisma/prisma-cloud/20-04/prisma-cloud-compute-edition-admin/welcome/releases.html

You will need an access token like this:

9r3206kjj0gz12esgb8gwlpf5r0czvag - SHOULD HAVE A PRISMA CLUD COMPUTE TRIAL

Step 2

Download the release tarball to your cluster controller.

\$ wget <LINK_TO_CURRENT_RECOMMENDED_RELEASE_LINK>

Example:

\$ wget https://cdn.twistlock.com/releases/f7371a8b/prisma_cloud_compute_edition_20_09_345.tar.gz

```
[root@master-node lcastro]# wget https://cdn.twistlock.com/releases/6e6c2d6a/prisma_cloud_compute_edition_20_04_163.tar.gz
--2020-03-14 21:26:40-- https://cdn.twistlock.com/releases/6e6c2d6a/prisma_cloud_compute_edition_20_04_163.tar.gz
Resolving cdn.twistlock.com (cdn.twistlock.com)... 35.190.81.178
Connecting to cdn.twistlock.com (cdn.twistlock.com)|35.190.81.178|:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 893128120 (852M) [application/x-gzip]
Saving to: 'prisma_cloud_compute_edition_20_04_163.tar.gz'

0% [Download] 0.0/852M 280KB/s eta 49m 43s
```

Unpack the release tarball.

\$ mkdir twistlock

\$ tar xvzf prisma_cloud_compute_edition_<VERSION>.tar.gz -C twistlock/

\$ tar xvzf prisma_cloud_compute_edition_20_04_163.tar.gz -C twistlock/

```
[root@master-node lcastro]# tar xvzf prisma_cloud_compute_edition_20_04_163.tar.gz -C twistlock/
eula_red_hat_universal_base_image.pdf
tar: eula_red_hat_universal_base_image.pdf: time stamp 2020-04-05 10:33:19 is 1859337.52642438 s in the future
linux/twistlock.com (cdn.twistlock.com)|35.190.81.178|:443... connected.
linux/twistcli response... 200 OK
tar: linux/twistcli: time stamp 2020-04-05 10:33:19 is 1859337.17666573 s in the future
osx/prisma_cloud_compute_edition_20_04_163.tar.gz: 1
tar: linux: time stamp 2020-04-05 10:33:19 is 1859337.176565892 s in the future
osx/twistcli
tar: osx/twistcli: time stamp 2020-04-05 10:33:20 is 1859337.864741603 s in the future
prisma-cloud-jenkins-plugin.hpi
tar: osx: time stamp 2020-04-05 10:33:19 is 1859336.864611589 s in the future
tar: prisma-cloud-jenkins-plugin.hpi: time stamp 2020-04-05 10:33:19 is 1859336.539092488 s in the future
twistlock.cfg
tar: twistlock.cfg: time stamp 2020-04-05 10:33:16 is 1859333.538970992 s in the future
twistlock_console.tar.gz
tar: twistlock_console.tar.gz: time stamp 2020-04-05 10:22:00 is 1858651.007903453 s in the future
twistlock-oss-licenses.pdf
tar: twistlock-oss-licenses.pdf: time stamp 2020-04-05 10:33:19 is 1859330.001372996 s in the future
twistlock.sh
tar: twistlock.sh: time stamp 2020-04-05 10:33:16 is 1859327.000718605 s in the future
version.txt
tar: version.txt: time stamp 2020-04-05 10:33:19 is 1859330.000658648 s in the future
windows/twistcli.exe
tar: windows/twistcli.exe: time stamp 2020-04-05 10:33:20 is 1859330.763935653 s in the future
tar: windows: time stamp 2020-04-05 10:33:20 is 1859330.761694312 s in the future
```

On your cluster controller, navigate to the directory where you downloaded and extracted the Prisma Cloud release tarball.

Step 3

Generate a YAML configuration file for Console, where <PLATFORM> can be linux or osx.

The following command saves twistlock_console.yaml to the current working directory.

If needed, you can edit the generated YAML file to modify the default settings.

```
$ <PLATFORM>/twistcli console export kubernetes --service-type NodePort
```

Example

```
$ osx/twistcli console export kubernetes --service-type NodePort
```

Validate **twistlock_console.yaml** contains NodePort as follows:

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  labels:
    name: console
    name: twistlock-console
    namespace: twistlock
spec:
  ports:
    - name: communication-port
      port: 8084
    - name: management-port-https
      port: 8083
    - name: mgmt-http
      port: 8081
  selector:
    name: twistlock-console
  type: NodePort
```

Step 4

Deploy Console

```
$ kubectl create -f twistlock_console.yaml
```

Wait for the service to come up completely.

```
$ kubectl get service -w -n twistlock
```

Get the endpoint address for Console.

```
$ kubectl get service -o wide -n twistlock
```

Validate the NodePort and the Port that is listening for 8083

Example, in this case is port 30960

```
SJCMAC17JJHD4:~ lcastro$ kubectl get svc -n twistlock
```

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
twistlock-console	NodePort	10.109.66.112	<none>	8084:30106/TCP,8083:30960/TCP,8081:32290/TCP	33d

Open a browser window, and navigate to Console.

Get the node IP address

```
$ kubectl get nodes -o wide
```

```
SJCMAC17JJHD4:~ lcastro$ kubectl get nodes -o wide
```

NAME	STATUS	ROLES	AGE	VERSION	INTERNAL-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	OS-IMAGE	KERNEL-VERSION	CONTAINER-RUNTIME
minikube	Ready	master	80d	v1.14.2	192.168.99.101	<none>	Buildroot 2018.05	4.15.0	docker://18.9.6

Example in this case:

Node IP address: 192.168.99.101

<https://192.168.99.101:30960>

Step 5

For example, go to `https://yourconsole.example.com:<NodePort>`

Create your first admin user.

Enter your Prisma Cloud license key.

A screenshot of a web browser displaying the login page for Palo Alto Networks Prisma Cloud. The browser's address bar shows the URL "192.168.99.101:30960/#!/login" and indicates it is "Not Secure". The page features the Prisma Cloud logo at the top, followed by two input fields for "Your email or username" and "Your password". Below the password field is a checkbox labeled "Show password". A "Log in" button is positioned to the right of the input fields. The footer of the page reads "© 2020 Palo Alto Networks".

Install

Step 6

Install the Defender

The following command directs Defender to connect to Console using its service name.

Use it for deploying a Defender DaemonSet inside a cluster.

```
$ <PLATFORM>/twistcli defender export kubernetes \  
  --address https://yourconsole.example.com:<node_port> \  
  --user <ADMIN_USER> \  
  --cluster-address twistlock-console
```

<PLATFORM> can be linux or osx.

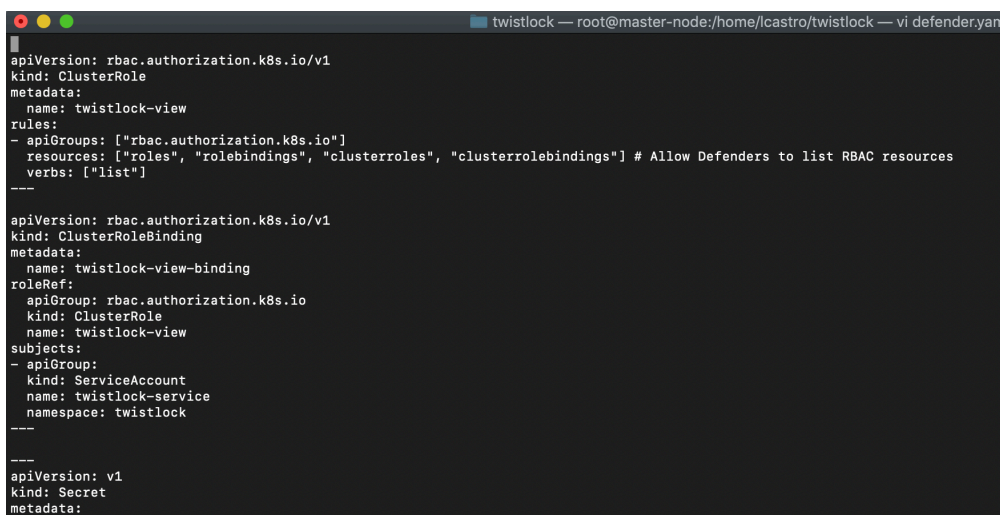
<ADMIN_USER> is the name of the initial admin user you just created.

Example:

```
$ osx/twistcli defender export kubernetes \  
  --address https://yourconsole.example.com:<NodePort:Port> \  
  --user lcastro@paloaltonetworks.com \  
  --cluster-address twistlock-console
```

Deploy the Defender DaemonSet.

```
$ kubectl create -f defender.yaml
```



```
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1  
kind: ClusterRole  
metadata:  
  name: twistlock-view  
rules:  
- apiGroups: ["rbac.authorization.k8s.io"]  
  resources: ["roles", "rolebindings", "clusterroles", "clusterrolebindings"] # Allow Defenders to list RBAC resources  
  verbs: ["list"]  
---  
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1  
kind: ClusterRoleBinding  
metadata:  
  name: twistlock-view-binding  
roleRef:  
  apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io  
  kind: ClusterRole  
  name: twistlock-view  
subjects:  
- apiGroup:  
  kind: ServiceAccount  
  name: twistlock-service  
  namespace: twistlock  
---  
apiVersion: v1  
kind: Secret  
metadata:
```

```
$ kubectl get pods -n twistlock
```

```
SJCMAC17JJHD4:twistlock lcastro$ kubectl get pod -n twistlock  
NAME                                READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE  
twistlock-console-5c8598d74-2rqg8   1/1     Running   12         65d  
twistlock-defender-ds-q87zn         1/1     Running   7          28d
```

