

Pre-Requisites

https://wterant.signin.aws.amazon.com/console

Create the Environment in AWS with the Ubuntu AMI (Ubuntu Server 18.04 LTS (HVM), SSD Volume Type) using 3 instances of T2.Medium:

1 Master & 2 Worker Nodes

Create all instances in a new subnet (according Lab Files), then you need to add the following components:

- VPC
- Internet Gateway
- Public IP address for each Instance
- Default Route
 - Check for connection string inside AWS for the AMI
- Security Group allowing all incoming traffic from your subnet

Step 1 - Preparation

Change the hostname for every instance accordingly

sudo hostnamectl set-hostname kubernetes-master sudo hostnamectl set-hostname worker-1 sudo hostnamectl set-hostname worker-2

```
root@ip-10-1-0-85:/home/ubuntu# hostnamectl set-hostname worker-2
root@ip-10-1-0-85:/home/ubuntu# vi /etc/hosts
```

Perform this task in all three instances - Private IP's

sudo vi /etc/hosts

<IP_Add_K8s_Master> kubernetes-master

<IP_Add_Woker-1> worker-1

<IP_Add_Woker-2> worker-2

```
127.0.0.1 localhost

# The following lines are desirable for IPv6 capable hosts
::1 ip6-localhost ip6-loopback
fe00::0 ip6-localnet
ff00::0 ip6-mcastprefix

ff02::1 ip6-allnodes
ff02::2 ip6-allrouters
ff02::3 ip6-allhosts

10.1.0.12 worker-1
10.1.0.35 worker-2
10.1.0.109 kubernetes-master
```



Step 2 - Docker Install

sudo apt update

```
root@ip-10-1-0-85:/home/ubuntu# sudo apt update
Hit:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic InRelease
Get:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates InRelease [88.7 kB]
Get:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-backports InRelease [74.6 kB]
Get:4 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-security InRelease [88.7 kB]
Get:5 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic/universe amd64 Packages [8570 kB]
Get:6 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic/universe Translation-en [4941 kB]
Get:7 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic/multiverse amd64 Packages [151 kB]
Get:8 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates/main amd64 Packages [914 kB]
Get:10 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates/main Translation-en [314 kB]
Get:11 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates/main Translation-en [314 kB]
Get:12 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates/restricted amd64 Packages [43.9 kB]
Get:12 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates/restricted Translation-en [11.0 kB]
```

sudo apt install apt-transport-https ca-certificates curl software-properties-common

```
root@ip-10-1-0-85:/home/ubuntu# sudo apt install apt-transport-https ca-certificates curl software-properties-common
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
ca-certificates is already the newest version (20180409).
ca-certificates set to manually installed.
curl is already the newest version (7.58.0-2ubuntu3.8).
curl set to manually installed.
software-properties-common is already the newest version (0.96.24.32.12).
software-properties-common set to manually installed.
The following NEW packages will be installed:
 apt-transport-https
0 upgraded, 1 newly installed, 0 to remove and 73 not upgraded.
Need to get 1692 B of archives.
After this operation, 153 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] y
Get:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates/universe amd64 apt-transport-https all 1.6.12 [1692 B]
Fetched 1692 B in 0s (0 B/s)
Selecting previously unselected package apt-transport-https.
(Reading database ... 56554 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../apt-transport-https_1.6.12_all.deb ... SUDDOTTED ON MacOS, run the following
Unpacking apt-transport-https (1.6.12) ...
Setting up apt-transport-https (1.6.12) ...
```

curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/gpg | sudo apt-key add

```
root@ip-10-1-0-85:/home/ubuntu# curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/gpg | sudo apt-key add
OK
```

sudo add-apt-repository "deb [arch=amd64] https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bionic stable"

```
root@ip-10-1-0-85:/home/ubuntu# sudo add-apt-repository "deb [arch=amd64] https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bionic stable"
Hit:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic InRelease
Hit:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates InRelease
Hit:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-backports InRelease
Get:4 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bionic InRelease
Hit:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-security InRelease
Get:6 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bionic/stable amd64 Packages [11.0 kB] achdeb cpu features
Fetched 75.5 kB in 0s (175 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
```



sudo apt update

```
root@ip-10-1-0-85:/home/ubuntu# sudo apt update
Hit:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic InRelease
Hit:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates InRelease
Hit:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-backports InRelease
Hit:4 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bionic InRelease
Hit:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-security InRelease
Reading package lists... Done
```

apt-cache policy docker-ce

```
oot@ip-10-1-0-85:/home/ubuntu# apt-cache policy docker-ce
Installed: (none)
Candidate: 5:19.03.8~3_0~ubuntu_bionic
Version table:
   5:19.03.8~3-0~ubuntu-bionic 500
       500 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bionic/stable amd64 Packages
   5:19.03.7~3-0~ubuntu-bionic 500
       500 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bionic/stable amd64 Packages
   5:19.83.6~3-8~ubuntu-bionic 500
500 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bionic/stable amd64 Packages
   5:19.03.5~3-0~ubuntu-bionic 500
       500 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bionic/stable amd64 Packages
   5:19.03.4~3-0~ubuntu-bionic 500 500 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu-bionic/stable amd64 Packages
   5:19.03.3~3-0~ubuntu-bionic 500
   500 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bionic/stable amd64 Packages 5:19.03.2~3-0~ubuntu-bionic 500
       500 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bionic/stable amd64 Packages
   5:19.03.1~3-0~ubuntu-bionic 500
   500 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bionic/stable amd64 Packages 5:19.03.0~3-0~ubuntu-bionic 500
        30 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bionic/stable amd64 Packages
   5:18.09.9~3-0~ubuntu-bionic 500
       500 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bionic/stable amd64 Packag
```

sudo apt install docker-ce

```
root8ip-18-18-8-65i/home/ubuntu# sudo opt install docker-ce
Reading pockope lists:... Done
Beading pockope lists:... Done
Beading stote information... Done
Reading stote information...
Reading dottables...
Reading dottable
```

sudo service docker status

```
root@ip-10-1-0-85:/home/ubuntu# sudo systematl status docker

    docker.service - Docker Application Container Engine

   Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/docker.service; enabled; vendor preset: enabled)
   Active: active (running) since Fri 2020-04-10 21:18:34 UTC; 30s ago
     Docs: https://docs.docker.com
 Main PID: 4082 (dockerd) 1 Validate Virtualizacion Support
    Tasks: 10
   CGroup: /system.slice/docker.service
            4082 /usr/bin/dockerd -H fd:// --containerd=/run/containerd/containerd.sock ac OS run the follow
Apr 10 21:18:33 worker-2 dockerd[4082]: time="2020-04-10T21:18:33.644794507Z" level=warning msg="Your kernel does not su
Apr 10 21:18:33 worker-2 dockerd[4082]: time="2020-04-10T21:18:33.644833919Z" level=warning msg="Your kernel does not su
Apr 10 21:18:33 worker-2 dockerd[4082]: time="2020-04-10T21:18:33.644843454Z" level=warning msg="Your kernel does not su
Apr 10 21:18:33 worker-2 dockerd[4082]: time="2020-04-10T21:18:33.644991417Z" level=info msg="Loading containers: start.
Apr 10 21:18:33 worker-2 dockerd[4082]: time="2020-04-10T21:18:33.940903879Z" level=info msg="Default bridge (docker0) i
Apr 10 21:18:34 worker_2 dockerd[4082]: time="2020-04-10T21:18:34.1326347502" level=info msg="Loading containers: done."

Apr 10 21:18:34 worker_2 dockerd[4082]: time="2020-04-10T21:18:34.1868825212" level=info msg="Docker daemon" commit=afac
Apr 10 21:18:34 worker-2 dockerd[4082]: time="2020-04-10T21:18:34.187001232Z" level=info msg="Daemon has completed initi
Apr 10 21:18:34 worker-2 dockerd[4082]: time="2020-04-10T21:18:34.251250173Z" level=info msg="API listen on /var/run/doc
Apr 10 21:18:34 worker-2 systemd[1]: Started Docker Application Container Engine.
```



Step 3 - Kubernetes Install

curl -s https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt/doc/apt-key.gpg | sudo apt-key add

```
root@ip-10-1-0-85:/home/ubuntu# curl -s https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt/doc/apt-key.gpg | sudo apt-key add
```

sudo apt-add-repository "deb http://apt.kubernetes.io/ kubernetes-xenial main"

```
root@ip-10-1-0-85:/home/ubuntu# sudo apt-add-repository "deb http://apt.kubernetes.io/ kubernetes-xenial main"
Hit:1 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu bionic InRelease
Hit:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic InRelease
Hit:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates InRelease
                                                                               machdep.cpu.feati
Hit:4 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-backports InRelease
Hit:6 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-security InRelease
Get:5 https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt kubernetes-xenial InRelease [8993 B]
Get:7 https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt kubernetes-xenial/main amd64 Packages [34.8 kB] ed), the VT-x feat
Fetched 43.8 kB in 1s (75.1 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
```

sudo swapoff -a

```
root@ip=10=1=0=85:/home/ubuntu# sudo swapoff =a
```

Step 4 - Kubeadm Install

sudo apt-get install kubeadm -y

```
root@ip-10-1-0-85:/home/ubuntu# sudo apt-get install kubeadm -y
F — color machdeo cou features
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
conntrack cri-tools kubectl kubelet kubernetes-cni socat put (should be colored), the VT-x feature is
The following NEW packages will be installed:
conntrack cri-tools kubeadm kubectl kubelet kubernetes-cni socat
0 upgraded, 7 newly installed, 0 to remove and 73 not upgraded.
                                                           ipported on Windows 8 and above, re
Need to get 52.0 MB of archives.
After this operation, 275 MB of additional disk space will be used.
Get:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic/main amd64 conntrack amd64 1:1.4.4+snapshot20161117-6ubuntu2 [30.6 k
```

kubeadm version

```
root@kubernetes_master:/home/ubuntu# kubeadm version
kubeadm version: &version.Info{Major:"1", Minor:"18", GitVersion:"v1.18.1", GitCommit:"7879fc12a63337efff607952a323df90cdc7a335"
```

Step 5 - Initialize Cluster in Master ONLY

sudo kubeadm init --pod-network-cidr=10.244.0.0/16

```
root@kubernetes-master://home/ubuntu# sudo kubeadm init --pod-network-cidr=18.244.8.0/16

Walti 20:44133.659228 6578 configset.goz022] WANING: kubeadm cannot validate component configs for API groups [kubelet.config.k8s.io kubeproxy.config.k8s.io]
[init] Using kubernetes version: vi.18.1
[pref light] Running pro-flight checks

[WANING IslockerSystemdCheck]: detected "cgroupfs" as the Docker cgroup driver. The recommended driver is "systemd". Please follow the guide at https://kubernetes.io/docs/setup/cri/
[pref light] Pulling images required for setting up a Kubernetes cluster
[pref light] This might kake a minute or two, depending on the speed of your internet connection
[pref light] You can also perform this action in beforehand using 'kubedom config Images pull'
[Kubelet-stort] Virting kubelet environment file with flags to file "Yvar/lib/kubelet/Kubeadm-flags.env"
[Kubelet-stort] Virting kubelet configuration to file "Yvar/lib/kubelet/config.yom!"

[Kubelet-stort] Storting the kubelet
[Certs] Generating "or certificate and key Stop 1 Validate Virtualization Support
[Certs] Using certificate of the Web Stop 1 Validate Virtualization Support
[Certs] Generating "opiserver" certificate and key stop 1 Validate Virtualization is supported on macOS, run the following command on your terminal certs? Generating "opiserver-kubelet-client" certificate and key virtualization is supported on macOS, run the following command on your terminal certs? Generating "front-proxy-cal certificate and key certs? Generating "deta/cal certif
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                K8's-LAB #3 - Cluster Install
```



Save the output command to join worker nodes, as the follow example:

```
Your Kubernetes control-plane has initialized successfully! I virtualization is supported on macOS

To start using your cluster, you need to run the following as a regular user:

mkdir -p $HOME/.kube
sudo cp -i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
sudo cp -i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config

You should now deploy a pod network to the cluster. OU SEC VMX in the OUTPUT (Should be Colored)

Run "kubectl apply -f [podnetwork].yaml" with one of the options listed at:
   https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/cluster-administration/addons/

Then you can join any number of worker nodes by running the following on each as root:

kubeadm join 18.1.8.189:6443 --token 0pkqzf.qdozh5j8yae2locm \
--discovery-token-ca-cert-hash sha256:0d22dfcf6325143a834ce80ccb3b57b9c92a3c49e27f56b3702be3e77befeb7c
```

kubeadm join 10.1.0.109:6443 --token bk4qq9.x3irstlsbkn2o5i4 --discovery-token-ca-cert-hash sha256:0d22dfcf6325143a034ce80ccb3b57b9c92a3c49e27f56b3702be3e77befeb7c

mkdir -p \$HOME/.kube sudo cp -i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf \$HOME/.kube/config sudo chown \$(id -u):\$(id -g) \$HOME/.kube/config

```
root@kubernetes_master:/home/ubuntu# mkdir _p $HOME/.kube
root@kubernetes_master:/home/ubuntu# sudo cp _i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
root@kubernetes_master:/home/ubuntu# sudo chown $(id _u):$(id _g) $HOME/.kube/config
```

sudo kubectl apply -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/coreos/flannel/master/Documentation/kube-flannel.yml

```
root@kubernetes-master:/home/ubuntu# sudo kubectl apply -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/coreos/flannel/master/Documentation/kube-flannel.yml ures | voodsecuritypolicy.policy/psp.flannel.umprivileged created clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/flannel unchanged clusterrolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/flannel unchanged serviceaccount/flannel unchanged | volume | volume
```

kubectl get pods --all-namespaces

root@kubernet	tes-master:/home/ubuntu# kubectl get pods -	–all–names	spaces			
NAMESPACE	NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE	
kube-system	coredns-66bff467f8-9lwlb	1/1	Running	0	2m55s	
kube-system	coredns-66bff467f8-mfmfn	0/1	Running	0	2m55s	
kube-system	etcd-kubernetes-master	1/1	Running	0	3m11s	
kube-system	kube-apiserver-kubernetes-master	1/1	Running	0	3m11s	
kube-system	kube-controller-manager-kubernetes-master	S1710	Running	Colving	C3m11s Ul,	you
kube-system	kube-flannel-ds-amd64-rwcxl	1/1	Running	0	20s	
kube-system	kube-proxy-dsxkl SKIDI	11/1	Running	³ 0	2m55s	
kube-system	kube-scheduler-kubernetes-master	1/1	Running	0	3 m11 s	



kubectl get nodes

```
root@kubernetes-master:/home/ubuntu# kubectl get nodes
[NAME STATUS ROLES AGE VERSION
kubernetes-master Ready master 3m13s v1.18.1
```

Step 6 - Add the workers nodes to the cluster

sudo kubeadm join 10.1.0.109:6443 --token bk4qq9.x3irstlsbkn205i4 --discovery-token-ca-cert-hash sha256:0d22dfcf6325143a034ce80ccb3b57b9c92a3c49e27f56b3702be3e77befeb7c

```
root@ip-18-1-8-85:/home/ubuntu# kubeadm join 18.1.0.109:6443 —-token bk4qq9.x3irstlsbkn205i4 —-discovery-token-ca-cert-hash sh a256:0022drcf6325143a034ce80ccb3b73be92a3c49e2775b3702be9e77befeb7c when it is a set in the process of t
```

Check nodes have been added (Run this command on the master node)

```
buntu@kubernetes_master:~$ sudo su
oot@kubernetes-master:/home/ubuntu# kubectl get nodes
NAME
                  STATUS ROLES
                                    AGE VERSION
ib-10-1-0-12 ube-s
                  Ready 110
                           ⊲none>
                                    39m
                                         v1.18.1
                                    66m
                                          v1.18.1
kubernetes-master Ready
                           master
                                   31m
                  Ready
                           ⊲none>
                                          v1.18.1
root@kubernetes-master:/home/ubuntu#
```

Step 7 - Test your cluster

kubectl create deployment nginx-deployment --image=nginx

kubectl get deployments

kubectl get pods

```
root@kubernetes_master:/home/ubuntu# kubectl create deployment nginx_deployment --image=nginx deployment.apps/nginx_deployment created root@kubernetes_master:/home/ubuntu# kubectl get_deployments_ratch, as well as test the compo NAME READY UP-TO-DATE AVAILABLE AGE nginx of 1/1 counter (moud 18 the dep 2m21s ents, pods, port forwarding, and nginx_deployments_c1/1_cs) 1 nd execut 1 a comma 9st from within a pod. In order to build the root@kubernetes_master:/home/ubuntu# kubectl get pods
NAME Kubernetes Clust_READY STATUS IN RESTARTS CAGE ainer runtime, as well as nginx_deployment-5969c7f455-89zrk_ct1/1_nd k Running W0 will then 15st jalize the cluster, add our nginx_f39759699_pj65j 1/1 Running 0 2m27s
root@kubernetes_master:/home/ubuntu#$ to the cluster.
```

Step 8 - Clear the environment

kubectl delete deployments nginx-deployment