

### ADDITIONAL TOPICS (3): DIMENSION

Read Section 2.3 of Armstrong's book. We find that a continuous map can map an one dimensional object to a two dimensional plane surjectively. This means that we need to define the dimension of a geometric object carefully.

One of the most important concept in geometry is the notion of a **manifold**. A topological manifold  $X$  is a topological space such that there exists an open covering  $X = \bigcup_{\alpha} U_{\alpha}$  such that each  $U_{\alpha}$  is homeomorphic to  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Then  $n$  is called the **dimension** of the manifold  $X$ . Later in this class, we will prove that  $\mathbb{R}^n$  is not homeomorphic to  $\mathbb{R}^m$  if  $m \neq n$ . Therefore, the dimension of a manifold is well-defined.